

A WARM TIME

IF YOU PUT IN ONE OF OUR CAST TOP AIR-TIGHT HEATERS.

We have a Large Stock and will make SPECIAL PRICES for Next Thirty Days.

DAWSON HARDWARE CO., Ltd. SECOND AVENUE. TELEPHONE 36.

FREIGHT ON THE DOCKS

Must Go Into Bonded Warehouse

Prospects of the River Closing and the Steamers Now Coming in.

The Yukon bears today about the same appearance as yesterday and there is no particularly startling news about the steamers now on their way to Dawson or the state of the rivers which have to be passed. Manager Rogers says he does not care when the river closes as the White Pass is out of the navigation business altogether until next season. Wharfinger Ross has an anxiety either, but gives it as his opinion that the river will close up tight between the 5th and the 8th.

Mr. French, of the Calderhead line, says, "Why, look at it. That is nothing but snow, and the flakes are getting softer any minute." He had a telegram this afternoon that the Thistle left Whitehorse last night with eight passengers. The La France, of his line, passed Selkirk on the way to Whitehorse at seven o'clock this morning, and reported all well.

The transportation season just closed has been a satisfactory one in every respect, and on the upper river there has been no lack of either passengers or freight. Of the former the number of people who came in will prove when the returns are made up to be practically the same as last year, but there has not been as many going out. There have probably been as many of the unsuccessful who thought it cheaper to spend the winter on the outside, but this is overbalanced by the larger number who have established their homes here for this and every succeeding season. In this respect it was remarkable that there was no great scramble for passage on the last boats to go out, as there has been in former seasons.

To say nothing of what the independent lines have brought in the way of freight this season, and that coming from down river on the company boats, the White Pass has landed here approximately 18,000 tons. The total tonnage will therefore be larger than last year. The only specific change in the character of the shipments is in that of mining machinery. There have been few small boilers compared with previous years but a very large increase in the number of large plants, and of plants for a specific purpose, principally for hydraulics. Heavy pumps and immense boilers have been the rule, and steam scrapers and shovels. Of the latter several have been ordered for next season's early delivery, and it seems to be the general opinion that this is more suitable for the work of excavating the gravel of this country than the steam dredge.

Of the before-mentioned 18,000 tons of freight brought by the White Pass, there is probably over 1000 tons now on their wharves and warehouses. This will give the waterfront an air of activity for some time, as it all has to be removed within a very short time. The warehouses of the company are only what is known as supply bonded warehouses; that is, for a temporary period for the shippers' convenience. The freight remaining will be seized by the customs officials and removed to the regular government bonded warehouses, and the storage will necessarily be higher.

The following as to the present condition of the Yukon and the position of the boats sighted was received by wire this afternoon:

Five Fingers—The Emma Nutt passed down at 8:15 this morning. The Scout passed up at 11:30.

Lower LaBarge—The Lightning has not arrived here yet.

Hoodlunne—The Wilbur Crimmins passed down at one this afternoon.

Selkirk—The flow of ice is lighter today, and the temperature is 15 above.

Selwyn—The river is full of ice at this point.

Stewart—River jammed with ice.

Galley Slave—Auditorium.

Job printing at Nugget office.

HAD THE JIMMIES

Too Much Hoop Creates a Disturbance.

A patient being removed last night from the Good Samaritan hospital to the police hospital created all sorts of a commotion for a short time. He was suffering from a violent attack of delirium tremens and had to be carried strapped to a stretcher, all the time yelling like a thousand devils and causing pedestrians to wonder if a murder were being committed. After being placed in the police hospital a quieting potion was given the patient and today his mind is much less burdened with fanciful creations than it was last night.

MAKES RESERVES.

British Admiralty Pleased With the Movement

St. John's, Nfld., Oct. 1.—The British admiralty is so satisfied with the result of the naval reserve movement among Newfoundland fishermen that it has decided to double the contingent which has enlisted for a six months cruise this winter in the Caribbean sea. The cruisers Charybdis and Ariadne, the latter the flagship of the station, will each take fifty naval reserves. The admiralty has agreed to station the naval reserve training ship Calypso at St. John's, instead of Placentia bay, because of the superior advantages for enrolling volunteers here.

APPARATUS ARRIVES

New Fire Hose Nozzles and Suction Pipe

The fact that the morning joke rarely has a representative at the meeting of the city council on Monday evening will probably account for the brilliantly scintillating piece of alleged information contained in a squib headed "Malicious Information" that appeared in this morning's issue referring to the arrival of the fire apparatus. At the last meeting of the council on Monday evening the query was put by one of the members whether or not the consignment had arrived or been heard from. Both Chief Lester and his worship replied that no trace of it had been received except the draft that was drawn against the city in payment of the order and the bill of lading. The mayor had wired Whitehorse two days before to ascertain if the shipment had arrived there or not and had not received any reply, and he expressed the gravest doubts about the hose, etc., arriving before the close of navigation. Had the editor of the joke's sordid department been on hand at the meeting that startling information would have been imparted to him as well as the other reporters.

It fortunately happened, however, that the consignment of the arrival of which was so worrying the city fathers was received that very evening on the Dawson and is now safely stowed away in the fire halls, a part of it being already in use.

The shipment embraces a new Hale collar and hames for each of the fire hoses, new hangers for the same, an automatic valve, Siamese which throws two streams into one, two of the best Eastman nozzles with holders, two lengths of suction hose for No. 3 engine with 4 1/2 inch suction and ten feet in length, 1000 feet of the best Eureka hose 2 1/2 inches in diameter, and fatigue caps for each member. The hangers have been fitted to the hoses, and the men look quite jaunty in their fatigue caps. There are at present 19 members in the fire department, consisting of Chief Lester, a crew of two men in each of the three engine houses, five men at No. 1 hall and seven at No. 2. The equipment is in the best of condition for the winter.

LOOK AT THE NAMES

Gentlemen Interested in Ross' Success

Additions to Central Committee. Committee to Arrange Public Meetings.

The Ross campaign may now be said to be thoroughly organized. More was done to this end at the meeting of the central committee last night than at any previous meeting. It was, in fact, the best meeting of the committee since it was appointed. Every member was present who is in town, and the meeting was enthused by the splendid accounts of new accessions to the Ross ranks from all parts of the territory.

It was determined last night to materially strengthen the central committee, and the following names were therefore added to it: Aug. Noel, Steve LeBlanc, Joe Cadeaux, Victor Geroux, Gustave L'Heureux, F. Boredeau, Max Landreville and Frank Buteau.

Then a strong committee was appointed to conduct the election affairs so far as the town is concerned. This is composed of: A. J. Banerman, J. D. McMurray, Dr. Z. Strong, J. A. Aikman, H. G. Wilson, H. A. Stewart, A. L. Macfarlane, Jas. F. McGillivray, James F. Macdonald, John Murray, John F. Sugrue, Frank Johnson, S. Pellant, J. E. Binet, E. L. Orr, J. A. Chute, A. Donnelly, Harry Cribb, J. Boorman, A. A. Jones, F. T. Congdon, LeBlanc, Joseph Cadeaux, Aug. Noel, C. V. Anthony, Victor Geroux, Frank Buteau, and Frank Powell.

This committee presents an array of names of active workers for the election of Mr. Ross that any voter may seek information from the member personally known to him as to getting his name on the voters' list, or becoming naturalized, or the many and one questions an intelligent voter may desire to have answered, at any and all times. But a special room has been added to the campaign headquarters devoted to the use of its members, and some of them will be on duty there from now until the election of Mr. Ross.

Another important committee was also appointed last night. It was one to take entire charge of the campaign meetings and to provide speakers for the meetings. This committee will see to the securing of proper halls in which such meetings will be held, arrange a list of the prominent speakers, and see that the meetings do not clash. Out of town campaign committees will please notify the secretary of their proposed meetings, and explain their wishes in regard to the speakers they would prefer. Speakers who are willing to volunteer their services would do well to notify this committee, so that a list may be made of their engagements, and there can be no possible clash either in the date of the numerous meetings and no disappointment in the appearance of the expected speakers at such meetings.

This committee is composed of F. T. Congdon, J. C. Noel, Geo. Vernon, A. Macfarlane and Max Landreville.

Send a copy of Goetzman's Sovereign to outside friends. A complete pictorial history of Klondike. For sale at all news stands. Price \$3.50.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

APPEAL IS SUSTAINED

M'lles Benoit and Barge Discharged

His Lordship Finds That the Allegations Charged Are Not Sustained.

Mr. Justice Craig this morning rendered his decision in the cases of Paulette Barge and Marguerite Benoit who had appealed from the judgment of the lower court. His lordship sustained the appeal without costs and the accused were liberated from the jail under which they had been at liberty since their first trial. The salient points in the judgment of his lordship was that the accused must be proven to be prostitutes, it must be shown that at the time of the arrest they were engaged in street walking and were soliciting, all of which allegations the crown failed to substantiate. Hence the sustaining of the appeal.

The accused are a couple of French women who live one in South Dawson and the other in Klondike City. At the time of their arrest they were accused of soliciting on the streets, a policeman in civilian's clothes laying the information and swearing he had been approached by the females who had made him an improper proposal. They were tried before the police magistrate, found guilty and sentenced to the payment of the usual fine in addition to a month's imprisonment. The latter part of the sentence did not suit their fancy and they appealed from the decision of the police court with the result just stated. In their last trial both declared their innocence of the charge and that on the evening in question they had left their home for the purpose of taking a Turkish bath which they secured at the Gymnasium and were on their way back to their peaceful domicile when intercepted by the man with the striped legs.

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Fire Department Well Equipped for Winter—Why the Joke Had a Fit.

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THIRTEEN MILLIONS

Total Output for the Year 1902

Figures Become Available With the Close of River Navigation.

The croakers of the territory will be surprised when they learn that the output of gold from the Yukon, or rather from this immediate portion of it, for the year 1902 amounts to \$13,191,322.66, a sum about a million and a half in excess of the estimate of the most sanguine. With the close of navigation it becomes a comparatively easy matter to ascertain almost to a dollar what has come out of the ground during the past year, as exportations cease with the stoppage of steamboat operations, no one caring to incur the risk, expense and danger of shipping out overland. Then, too, since gold dust has gone almost wholly out of circulation little or none will be carried over by the banks or large companies unless forced to, in consequence of which the export stubs in the comptroller's office will usually show within a few dollars of what the output is. This year, however, there is still about a half million dollars left on hand in the city which it was intended should not have remained here. All of the heavy shipments anticipated the departure of another boat yet, this season which will account for the quantity yet remaining on hand which was not intended should be the case.

In ounces the comptroller's office shows the following to have been exported during the past five months including October to date:

May	1,326.06
June	236,674.44
July	154,208.38
August	145,932.83
September	146,134.68
October	85,464.41
Total ounces	769,159.85

This computed at the rate of \$15 an ounce; the value placed upon it when computing the export tax, gives a valuation of \$11,537,583.89. That, however, lacks a great deal of being the true valuation of the gold and the amount realized from its sale. It is a well-known fact that much of the gold mined in the Klondike will assay in the dust as high as \$75.50 and even \$17. The general average of the returns received by one of the banks last season on the dust shipped out was \$16.10 and this season it will go much higher on account of the banks and many others of the heavy-shippers melting their dust into bars and shipping them instead of the dust. In that way the value is greatly increased as all the black sand and other impurities in the dust are eliminated in the melting process which usually amounts in shrinkage to two per cent. One of the largest shippers in the territory has stated that he expects his shipments this season to realize \$16.50 an ounce. If all the dust should do that well it will give an additional \$1,153,738.77 to be added to the computation according to the \$15 an ounce standard.

It is also estimated that there yet remains in the city \$500,000 ready for export in the possible event of another boat leaving, dust upon which the export tax has not been paid. At the Bank of Commerce there is \$100,000 in dust while at the Bank of British North America there is almost \$300,000, and the big companies unquestionably have more than make up the half million. The estimate of the season's output made by Gold Commissioner Senkler some time ago was \$12,000,000, but there can be but little doubt that the actual value of the gold mined in the Klondike during the year 1902 will exceed by quite a considerable sum \$13,000,000.

DISCOVERED GOLD

Pioneer in the Coeur d'Alenes Dies At the Age of 72.

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His wife and two sons, J. A. Pritchard of Marshall County, Kansas, and George J. Pritchard of Spokane, Washington, were at his bedside when he died. Other relatives are two daughters, Mrs. H. A. Chamberlain of Woodland, Washington, and Mrs. Mary A. McMahon of Marshall County, Kansas. His real name will be interred in the local cemetery at Murray and the funeral will be under the auspices of the G. A. R. He enlisted in the army in 1863 and drew a pension of \$12 per month. He was 72 years old and was born in Connecticut. But a few years later his father moved to Ohio, where Mr. Pritchard received his education.

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Burke, Idaho, Oct. 10.—A. J. Pritchard, discoverer of gold in the Coeur d'Alenes twenty years ago, died at his log cabin in Murray on the evening of October 3, after a long illness, the direct cause of death being heart failure. For some time past he was confined to his bed in an unconscious state.

His wife and two sons, J. A. Pritchard of Marshall County, Kansas, and George J. Pritchard of Spokane, Washington, were at his bedside when he died. Other relatives are two daughters, Mrs. H. A. Chamberlain of Woodland, Washington, and Mrs. Mary A. McMahon of Marshall County, Kansas. His real name will be interred in the local cemetery at Murray and the funeral will be under the auspices of the G. A. R. He enlisted in the army in 1863 and drew a pension of \$12 per month. He was 72 years old and was born in Connecticut. But a few years later his father moved to Ohio, where Mr. Pritchard received his education.

During the past few weeks if he was not watched closely, he would leave his bed, run into the street and yell at the top of his voice, at the same time running madly about cursing his wife, sons, the doctor and many other people.

Although Mr. Pritchard was not a wealthy man, he had large areas of land, some of it mineral, and considered quite valuable. He lost much land through litigation in the years he lived in the Coeur d'Alenes.

The life history of A. J. Pritchard in the Coeur d'Alenes dates back to 1882, just twenty years ago. From then on he was connected with prospecting and mining. It was in 1882 that he discovered gold in the Coeur d'Alenes. His first discovery of gold was on Pritchard Creek, where Murray is now situated. In the early days controversy arose as to whether Pritchard should have the credit of the discovery or his companions, but it appears that Pritchard deserved the honor. In the early '80s came the first prospect in the Coeur d'Alenes. Tom Irwin, who antedated Pritchard by about six months. Irwin claims that he had in 1879 discovered a quartz claim at an old lead mark on the Mullan road known as Miner's Cabin, six miles east of Wardner.

Pritchard made his appearance at the cabin late in the fall of 1887 with William Gerrard. Pritchard at the time had no idea of prospecting, but sought lumber contracts in the interest of Cannon, Gardner & Co., of Spokane Falls. Some time after that Irwin went to Fort Sherman, where he found Pritchard and Gerrard. He, with Pritchard and Dawson, man working for Pritchard, went prospecting in 1889. They did not make any headway for some time. In 1881 the expedition to the north occurred. Pritchard, W. Edson and Bob Fanning got as far as Beaver Creek, now famous for its placer grounds. Beaver Creek empties into the north fork of the Coeur d'Alene river about one mile south of the mouth of Pritchard Creek. They found nothing and returned to the "Sabin" about twelve miles distant. They made a trip up Canyon Creek, called Miller Creek, which has since become famous on account of its great lead-silver mines. The miners did not find anything, for they were looking for placer grounds. Fanning and Edson, disgusted with the hard luck, left the country, leaving Pritchard at the cabin.

At this point of his career he wrote a large number of letters to the outside world which brought in a large number of gold seekers. When Pritchard could not show them any placer grounds, they threatened to lynch him, and came near carrying their threat into execution. Conservative council, however, prevailed. Most of the stampedes returned home or went elsewhere.

In June, 1882, Pritchard, accompanied by Gellat and Markson, left the cabin and went into Beaver Creek, landing at Delta. Here they found an old placer hole, afterwards learned to have been made by Dawson, Kirby, Dempsey and Perry. The color of gold was found. The party left and cut their way through to the north fork. On this trip Gellat was lost. By continuing the trip Pritchard and Markson discovered Pritchard Creek. They were out of provisions, half the time subsisting on vegetable growth. They found placer gold near Eagle City, several

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