

MR. WRIGHT'S STATEMENT

Position of B. A. C. Affairs from his Point of View.

Review of its Relationship with the London and Globe.

Following is a full report of the speech by Mr. Whitaker Wright at the meeting of the B. A. C. shareholders in London:

Mr. Whitaker Wright: It appears to me that this meeting is constituted to a very large extent of creditors of the Stock Exchange, as well as the shareholders of the company. I see here a number of members of the House who have not a share of the British America Corporation on the register. As soon as the settlement came up on this question of liquidation arose I opposed the calling of this meeting with all the influence I have. I said, if our affairs cannot be settled by meeting the claimants of the Stock Exchange amicably, let the petitioners go on, state the facts of the case in the court, and let the company be wound up. I want you distinctly to understand that I have retained Mr. Hawksley to support me in my application in favor of the petition of Mr. Paul. I am personally going to support the petition for official liquidation. (Hear, hear.) My colleagues said: "You must not do that! It is in the interest of the shareholders that they should be called together; we owe it to them to place the facts before them." Now what are the facts? ("Hear, hear," and interruption.) If you do not want to know them it does not matter to me at all; my hands are clean. The reason that this meeting is called is owing to the Globe default last December. The conditions have not changed at all from that time to this. This corporation has made several issues of a good and satisfactory nature. It is all very well to take up the position against it, which some of you do today; but the business of the British America is about as good as that of most pioneer and exploration companies. He pleased to understand that I am in no way the promoter of the British America Corporation. There is a great misunderstanding with regard to this. The Hon. C. E. Mackintosh (the Governor of the Northwest Territories of Canada) came over here on the discovery of the Yukon, and he proposed the formation of a pioneer or exploration company, in which he said that, in all probability, there would be great profit to the subscribers. He met Lord Dufferin, his lordship having known him when he was mayor of Ottawa, during the time the former was the Governor-General of Canada. He met Lord Loch and myself and one or two others. He said his proposals before us, and the upshot was that this company was formed, and five of us became directors. Not one of us had any share in the promotion, or profit of any nature or kind in the undertaking. The only man who had any vendor's shares gives to him for the properties was Governor Mackintosh, and he will come here and state what did happen when the necessary time comes. Unfortunately the three brokers of the Globe were also brokers of the British America Corporation. Their shares were closed down through the Globe default, and, of course, they cannot deliver those shares to us now; but the British America Corporation has liability at all at this moment, except to the extent of £100,000 or £150,000 which they owe to the bankers apart from the liability that may be determined on investigation as to this special settlement. If we have to pay the difference between the hammer and the contract price we want to have the shares to represent them, because like Le Roi No. 2, they would have been at a premium if the settlement had gone through all right.

THE ROSSLAND SETTLEMENT. We found that about £125,000 worth of shares could be delivered by five jobbers and brokers in the "House," and I made provision for that money. I got four or five gentlemen to join and take up to 200,000 of these shares. In the meantime Douglas & Co., who are the jobbers who failed, and who dealt with these brokers, sent out a circular to the press and posted up notices in the "House" asking for deliveries through them. The result was that the complications became so great that the directors printed a notice, and put it up, to the effect that until the matter was settled by arbitration or reference to a competent tribunal they could not deal with any shares in respect of the Rossland and Kootenay settlement. That is the position and they cannot deliver those shares to you. As British American shareholders you want to know what your interests are. We have the highest opinion in the world that no damages can be claimed from us on account of the accidents which happened in the "House" during the Globe default. The probability is that when the matter is decided you will find that you will have no liabilities beyond the amount due to the bank of £150,000. I am talking in the interests of the shareholders, and not of the creditors. I will tell you what the creditors have to do. It is beyond our power. But we will put the creditors in the hands of two trustees to be named by the committee of the Stock Exchange, and two by the directors, and you may appoint the fifth as the chairman, and when the matter is settled if we do not pay we will liquidate the company. That proposal was rejected, because it would not benefit the people who had been hammered, but only the shareholders of the British America Corporation. It was an infamous thing for some of those gentlemen to go out and say we had been trying to compromise with them. (Applause and a voice: "So it was.") We did not try to compromise with them. I have told you why we are here today in this position. The Globe was in this position through the treachery and default of the members of the Stock Exchange. (Applause, and Mr. Flower: "It is not true.") I am extremely sorry for Mr. Flower; no one can be more so. I am also sorry for the three brokers of the Globe and the British America Corporation who failed. I am sorry for you and for myself; but that does not meet the situation. I am telling you something which Mr. Flower would be too honorable to join in. A syndicate was formed to sustain certain operations of the Globe, in which there was the grossest treachery, and one member of the syndicate has admitted that if that matter had been carried through loyally, and without treachery, these would have been no Globe default. It would have been £1,000,000 sterling, and you would not have been brought here today. The Globe liquidators have brought a suit against that group, and it is being pushed as far as legal process will allow and I ask you to withhold your judgment in regard to the Globe default until that matter has been investigated by the courts. ("Hear, hear," and applause.) We cannot go into it now, because the matter is sub judice, and it is not necessary that we should do so.

LONDON AND GLOBE AFFAIRS.

Now, there is only one word I want to say with regard to that default. At the Globe meeting the Stock Exchange was with us to a man, because they knew what we had gone through, and they knew what treachery we had been subjected to with regard to the syndicate to which I have referred; but at that meeting we stated we hoped to bring forward a reconstruction, and go on again successfully; that practically we had sold the railway for £500,000, which would settle the obligations of the company. The draft agreement was in the board-room at this hotel awaiting our signatures, but we could not get the business through before the meeting and it was taken back, and within a day or two the question of the vibration of the Tube railway arose, and the people called the matter off until they could investigate it. Within the last week or two their representatives came over from New York; they have examined the line and they are of opinion that they can overcome the question of vibration, and the matter may be concluded any day. Another thing is that a delegate of that syndicate came to our board-room and said, "We will find £500,000 for the working of the Globe," and upon that I came to the meeting and said that my debts would be settled at a very early date, and we should be able to reconstruct. The matter has dragged on. It is all very well to blame us; but we are not the liquidators of the company. If we were we should move quite as fast as some other people; any way, these proposals for the Globe reconstruction are to be presented to the shareholders to be voted on. It is fortunate, perhaps, that we did not reconstruct earlier, because at that time we could not see our way clear to rehabilitate without making a call of 5s., and the probability is now that the reconstruction proposals will call on the shareholders for nothing. At any rate, do not, or if proposals are put forward involving an assessment, I shall not support them in any shape or form. Moreover, the Globe shareholders will elect their own directors. I may say that nothing would induce me to be a director again in any company whatever in the city of London. I was successful in the early days of West Australian mining, and I made hundreds of thousands through founders' shares and the purchase of shares in things which were good; but since the Globe and the British America Corporation and all the other companies were formed I have not made one solitary sovereign of profit in any shape or form. Therefore I court investigation, but I cannot give me too much of it. (Applause.) Now, with regard to your assets, you have heard read out to you a long list of securities in various mining enterprises. We were formed as a pioneer or exploration company, and if we have failed, it is no disgrace to us. Now, it seems that if directors fail they are considered to be almost high treason; but if they succeed they get no credit. Never mind, we have all these various issues, and subject to the settlement of the stock exchange question of liability, we can turn the whole of those over to a new company, which must be a mining company, with ample working capital, provided by the sale of the same shares. You may see those shares, as in the case of Le Roi and others, at a very handsome premium. A gentleman has referred to our having made £300,000 on Le Roi.

THE PROFIT ON LE ROI.

Le Roi was issued for £1,000,000 sterling, including working capital, and by the time everything was settled, the outsiders paid up, and after a long and tedious litigation the net result to the British America Corporation was £15,000; but these shares have repeatedly sold at a premium of from £4 to £5. The shareholders were allotted one share of Le Roi to every five shares of British America, and therefore in that one thing alone, if the British America shareholders had subscribed pro rata to its first issue, which was the Le Roi, they would have made on that premium all it cost them for their shares in that company. Therefore it is not fair play to attack the directors because they cannot hold up things on the market, as everything, in times of depression like this, have fallen, and even Consols have declined from 1s to 8s. The resolution will have to be put to the meeting, and you will either vote for or against it. We do not care which you do; only it has been our duty to put the matter before you to give you the opportunity of conserving your assets. (A voice: "What are they?") The chairman has read them out to you. I ought to say that those shares he read out concern properties all through Rossland, and they are the best that the country possesses. When Le Roi No. 2, the Rossland and Kootenay, and those other companies were formed one half the property that the company controlled was given to them and the other half was held back; and these shares, representing

the adjoining properties, would give you a handsome surplus; so that you get your own shares. That is the position, and it would not be wise to rush hastily at conclusions which you might regret afterwards.

Mr. Heiron: Where are the profits on the liquidations of Rossland and Kootenay? The liquidators of Rossland and Kootenay are accounted for on the books. We should have held our meeting in February, but we have been waiting for the Rossland and Kootenay settlements in order to ascertain where we stand. This has delayed us presenting to the shareholders the usual balance sheet; but the moment a petition was filed by a creditor it was the duty of the directors to call you together. You now know the facts. There is not a member of the board who will not welcome an official liquidation, if it is your pleasure to have it; but this must be recorded by your votes. If, as a body of shareholders, you vote for voluntary liquidation, and want to know as to the past year's transactions, you had better appoint a committee of six or eight of your number to investigate them, and also obtain legal advice if you like; and then you can call a meeting of shareholders and lay the facts before them. Then, if you do not like the facts, you can decide upon an official liquidation. If you do not wish that, your best course is to support the petition of Mr. Paul.

TRANSVAAL MINING.

The Reopening of the Mines at Johannesburg. The Johannesburg "Gazette" describes the opening of the mines at Johannesburg. Of its description the following is a summary: It is now about eighteen months since the mines were closed down, and on Saturday the touch was given which once more set them in motion. The Meyer and Charlton mines were re-opened, and it is hoped that the others will soon be following the example set by them. Lord Kitchener, Commander of the forces in South Africa, was present, accompanied by his staff. Mrs. Wybergh, wife of the Mining Commissioner, performed the opening ceremony. Mr. Albu gave the opening speech, welcoming all who had attended to participate in the pleasing ceremony, which he stated marked an epoch making period in the history of South Africa. Lord Kitchener next spoke, saying: "Ladies and gentlemen. I am very much obliged to Mr. Albu for the kind terms in which he proposed my health and the health of the field force. In the name of the troops I am obliged to you for the wish in which you have drunk our health."

He then proposed the toast of the Mining Industry, coupled with the name of the President of the Chamber of Mines, Mr. Rouillot. Continuing, he said: "You know how closely this mining industry has been connected with the beautiful town of Johannesburg. It was created by the mines, and I feel sure that we all hope that in the future an even greater measure of prosperity may be in store for South Africa. And I am sure that if it is the case it will be through the advance and development of the mining industry in this country. I am glad to take this opportunity of the giving of Mines for the very best way in which they have supported me throughout the whole of these operations. They have had a very difficult time. Most vital interests of theirs have been interrupted and interfered with, and I am afraid some of the regulations I have had to introduce have been very irksome to them. All I can say, and I really do not know how I can express it better than by saying that all through they have played the game, and I am very much obliged to them for it." (Cheers.)

Mr. Rouillot thanked those present for the kind manner in which they had responded to the toast proposed by Lord Kitchener. He said that it was true that this was a commencement only on a small scale, but he hoped that after these seven mines, for which Lord Kitchener had granted permission, were in full working order and it was seen that the arrangement would be given to extend the circles of operations, and that things will gradually work back to their normal state. On the completion of Mr. Rouillot's speech Lord Kitchener invited Mrs. Wybergh to perform the opening ceremony. This she did by pressing an electric button provided for the purpose, and the bottle of champagne attached to the cord was smashed against the stamps. Cheers were raised and simultaneously the 50 stamps were set in motion. A tour of inspection of the works was then made by those present.

THE NEW CAMP.

Meteor's Prospects Are Attracting Favorable Attention. There is considerable excitement over the new mining camp of Meteor, on the south half of the Colville reservation. There is quite a rush into that section and claims are being staked for many miles around it. Capitalists are being attracted thither by the richness of the ledges, and recently a number of properties have changed hands at good figures. It is declared by people who have visited the vicinity of Meteor that it will make what its mines are developed, as big a camp as Republic, as the ledges are both large and rich. The only available townsite in the vicinity of the new eldorado is owned by residents of Rossland. It is level and sightly, and a large stream which runs through it will furnish ample water for a large number of residences. The townsite will have to be put to the meeting, and you will either vote for or against it. We do not care which you do; only it has been our duty to put the matter before you to give you the opportunity of conserving your assets. (A voice: "What are they?") The chairman has read them out to you. I ought to say that those shares he read out concern properties all through Rossland, and they are the best that the country possesses. When Le Roi No. 2, the Rossland and Kootenay, and those other companies were formed one half the property that the company controlled was given to them and the other half was held back; and these shares, representing

LONDON AND GLOBE.

Some of the statements in the Liquidator's Report.

Strange to say the first report of the liquidators of the London & Globe Finance Corporation was presented on the same day as the meeting of the British America Corporation. As was generally expected, the report shows some rather startling facts. The liquidators state that when they took over the affairs of the Corporation, they found practically the whole of the securities were pledged as security for advances made by various parties, which amounted to nearly £200,000. Since taking charge the liquidators have reduced these loans by, roughly, £175,000, leaving still £225,000 outstanding. In the Baker Street and Waterloo railway, the corporation has a sum of £700,000 locked up. Negotiations are in progress for the sale of this interest, but so far have not been concluded. Work is, meanwhile, being carried on, the money for paying the contractors being provided out of funds in the railway company's possession. In Le Roi No. 2, the corporation held 48,242 shares but these were pledged for advances made. Some have been sold at satisfactory prices, and the balance (with the exception of 3,500) have been redeemed. In the Nickel Corporation the holding was 83,000 shares, which were also pledged, but have since been redeemed. The shares in these two companies, the liquidators consider to be valuable assets. Other shareholdings were 44,000 California Copper, whose value at present is uncertain, and which are still pledged, and 100,000 shares in the British America Corporation. Of the last named 20,000 shares have been sold at prices of between 4s and 5s each. Shares are also held in the Standard Exploration company and the London Valley Goldfields. The London offices of the corporation have been put up for auction for £31,300, but out of this sum a mortgage of £25,600 had to be paid. The corporation claims £50,000 from the British America Corporation and £46,000 from the Standard Exploration company. Various legal actions for the recovery of money due are also pending. On the other side there are unsecured creditors to the amount of considerably over £1,000,000, the majority of whom are members of the Stock Exchange. It will be noticed that from the liquidators' report the Globe Corporation at the time of its collapse, did not own a single Le Roi share.

THE PRICE OF LEAD.

London, June 24.—Lead, twelve pounds eight shillings nine pence.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. Agnes mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Lake mountain. Take notice that I, E. Pavier, F.M.C. No. B 41106, for myself and as agent for Peter Kennedy, Free Miner's Certificate No. B 31299, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. Republic, Democrat and Morning mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: West Fork of Big Sheep creek. Take notice that I, F. R. Blochberger of Rossland, free miner's certificate No. B 31190, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. Amen, Umatilla, Bannock and Blackfoot mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On northeast slope of Sophie mountain. Take notice that I, F. R. Blochberger, of Rossland, B.C., free miner's certificate No. B 31190, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. Olive and Victor mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Sullivan creek, about three miles from the Columbia river. Take notice that I, R. Smith, free miner's certificate 31,334 B, acting as agent for T. A. Cameron, free miner's certificate 31,105 B, and Wm. Griffiths, free miner's certificate No. 31,302 B, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. Minnetonka, Red Cap and U. P. mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On the east side of the North Fork of Murphy creek. Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Mary Annie Owens) free miner's certificate No. B 42,554, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. "Tule Boys" mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Malde mountain, south of and adjoining the Gold Bar mineral claim. Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for S. G. Thompson, free miner's certificate No. B 31102, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. "Tule Boys" mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Malde mountain, south of and adjoining the Gold Bar mineral claim. Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for S. G. Thompson, free miner's certificate No. B 31102, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. "Tule Boys" mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Malde mountain, south of and adjoining the Gold Bar mineral claim. Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for S. G. Thompson, free miner's certificate No. B 31102, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies Act, 1897."

CANADA: Province of British Columbia. No. 218.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that "The Binetell (Rossland) Mine, Limited," is authorized and licensed to carry on business within the province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the company to which the legislative authority of the legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the company is situated in England. The amount of the capital of the company is £120,000, divided into 120,000 shares of £1 each. The head office of the company in this province is situate at Rossland, and John Llewellyn Morris, mining engineer, whose address is Rossland aforesaid, is the attorney for the company.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at Victoria, province of British Columbia, this 22nd day of May, one thousand nine hundred and one. (L.S.) S. Y. WOOLTON, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies. The following are the objects for which the company has been established and licensed:—

(a) To apply for or to acquire and hold any gold mines, gold mining rights, leases or grants, and to peg out and secure by payment or otherwise, the right to peg out any gold mining claims or leases, or to search for, prospect, examine, explore and work any property or ground supposed to contain gold or minerals in the Australasian colonies, Dominion of Canada, America, Africa, or elsewhere, whether private or government lands, or proclaimed as a public goldfield or not, and to search for and obtain information in regard to gold mines, mining districts and localities, and generally do all such things and conduct all such businesses, as are contemplated by and permitted under the gold laws and regulations of the Australasian colonies, Dominion of Canada, America, Africa, or elsewhere:—

(b) To enter into and carry into effect, with or without modification, the agreement referred to in clause 2 of the Company's Articles of Association. (c) To work or contract for the working by other persons or companies of the mines, claims, leases, rights and property in the said agreement mentioned, and any other mines, reefs, claims and rights which may from time to time be purchased, leased or otherwise acquired by the company, and to crush, wash, reduce, smelt, concentrate and amalgamate the ore, and render marketable the produce, and develop the resources of the said mines, and to crush, wash, reduce, smelt, concentrate or amalgamate the produce of any mines, whether belonging to the company or not, and to sell, barter, or otherwise dispose of or deal with the ores, metals, minerals, and other products to be raised from the property of the company, or otherwise acquired:—

(d) To erect, establish, construct, or acquire by purchase all works, buildings, machinery, apparatus, and other things which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company, and to stock and carry on any shops or stores for the benefit of the servants of the company or others:—

(e) To construct and maintain, or aid in, or subscribe towards the construction and maintenance or improvement of any roads, railways, reservoirs, wells, canals, aqueducts, telegraphical, electrical works, and other works which may be deemed expedient for the purposes of the company:—

(f) To employ and pay mining experts, agents and other persons, partnerships or companies for prospecting, exploring, reporting on, working, and developing the property of the company, or any property it is proposed to acquire for or on behalf of the company, and to make advances to and pay or contribute to the expenses of any persons desirous of settling on, working or developing the company's property:—

(g) To acquire, register and use any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, licenses and trade marks or privileges of a like nature, and to grant licenses thereunder, and to dispose of the same in whole or in part, and at any time or times:—

(h) To render all or any part of the property of the company productive by carrying on any of the operations hereinbefore mentioned, or by letting, selling, developing, mortgaging, dealing with or otherwise disposing of the same, or any part thereof:—

(i) To carry on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company:—

(j) To borrow or raise money by the issue of or upon bonds, debentures, debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes or other obligations or securities of the company, or by mortgage or charge of all or any part of the property of the company, or of the whole or any part of its uncalled capital for the purpose of securing debentures or otherwise:—

(k) To make, accept, indorse, issue, discount and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, letters of credit, and other mercantile instruments:—

(l) To establish or maintain agencies for the purposes of the company in any part of the world, and to discontinue or regulate the same:—

(m) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the good-will, business, property and liabilities of any other company, or of any partnership or person carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on:—

(n) To pay for any purchase by the company, or for any work performed for or service rendered to the company, in cash or by bills of the company, or by ordinary, preference, guaranteed, or deferred shares in the company fully paid up, or partly paid up, or by the stock, debentures, bonds, mortgages, or other securities or acknowledgments of the company, or by any one or more of such methods or otherwise:—

(o) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests or co-operation with any person, partnership or company carrying on or about to carry on business which the company is authorized to carry on, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company, and to take or otherwise acquire or hold stock or shares in such company:—

(p) To make donations to such persons and in such cases, and either of cash or other assets, as the company may think directly or indirectly conducive to any of its other objects, or otherwise expedient, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to subscribe or guarantee money for any exhibitions or for any public, general, charitable, benevolent, or useful object or institution:—

(q) To lend money to such parties and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by persons or companies having dealings with the company:—

(r) To sell the undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, from time to time, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to divide such shares, debentures or securities among the members of the company in specie:—

(s) To promote and form any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any part of the property and liabilities of the undertaking generally of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company, and to underwrite or hold shares, debentures, or other securities in or of any company, and to provide or contribute towards the preliminary expenses, and to pay any brokerage or commission for guaranteeing or obtaining capital for this company, or any other company promoted by this company:—

(t) To establish in the Australasian colonies, Dominion of Canada, America, Africa, or elsewhere, a register or registers of shareholders, and to take such steps as may be necessary to give the company, as far as may be, the same rights and privileges in the Australasian colonies, Dominion of Canada, America, Africa, or elsewhere as are possessed by local companies or partnerships of a like character, and, if required, to register the company in the Australasian colonies, Dominion of Canada, America, Africa, or elsewhere:—

(u) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. Empress mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: About two and one half miles south of the city of Rossland, on the north slope of Deer Park mountain. Take notice that I, Thomas Scott Gilmore of Rossland, B.C., acting as agent for A. D. Froward, free miner's certificate No. B 30,880, and G. H. Bayne, free miner's certificate No. B 30,831, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated at Rossland, B.C., this 23rd day of May, 1901. THOS. S. GILMORE.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

Notice. Last Chance and Prince of Wales mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of Kootenay district. Where located: On Lookout mountain. Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for John Ryan, miner's certificate No. B 29,433, and Gust M. Paterson, free miner's certificate No. B 21,538, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this 29th day of April, A.D. 1901. J. A. KIRK.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVE

MENTS. Notice. Minnetonka, Red Cap and U. P. mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On the east side of the North Fork of Murphy creek. Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Mary Annie Owens) free miner's certificate No. B 42,554, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this thirteenth day of June, A. D. 1901. KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice. "Tule Boys" mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Malde mountain, south of and adjoining the Gold Bar mineral claim. Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for S. G. Thompson, free miner's certificate No. B 31102, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this 2nd day of May, A. D. 1901. N. F. TOWNSEND.

THURSDAY... OUPPU... The Shipmen... Because... Developme... ceeds in... The ore shipme... last night agree... total is below the... but the reason th... the ore from the... ern properties of... sufficient expedie... end of the line. I... ber of cars to b... some 28 cars to... yesterday awaiti... sorters and the d... ing at the Rossla... ties have been... clearing of the l... out of work, but... in the various m... continued as usu... the crews is not... The output fro... War Eagle is ab... The I. X. L. di... will probably s... course of the we... THE... The figures for... 21 and the year t... Le Roi No. 2... mitter Star... War Eagle... Rossland G.V... Iron Mask... I. X. L... Monte Christo... Velvet... Evening Star... Spitzee... Giant... Portland... Total... It will be note... passed the 100.0... cent of tonnage... for the camp is... mark for the pre... totals speak volu... capacity of the... backbone of R... tre... The week's wor... camp has been... In all the prop... of mining and... under way with... Roi and affiliate... has been discont... days for reasons... ducted. If the m... ore mined can... port terminal m... resumed at an e... sional as ore cars... handle the ore... I. X. L.—At the... work has been p... tunnel and god p... been the extract... in the pocket on... is well under w... that the shipment... the present... splendid quality... at \$50 per pound... shipment from the... net \$4,000 per ton... observed in sacki... grade ore. Along... of lower gra... average \$40 per... for shipment at... Douglass-Hunter... couraging charac... tunnel is now in... shoot of one wa... week and has be... ten feet. It is b... has been so far... averaging about... lower tunnel five... shoots have been... from 50 to about... ore has been re... found that it can... into one. It is... when some work... has been disc... New St. Elmo... during last week... tereed during the... north drift. The... out range from 8... the lowest retu... is almost sol... epyrite, mixed w... ter. The vein is... width and the be... the foot wall. It... has also been co... and the drift is... 497 feet from the... Le Roi.—The de... is being followe... der way for some... interest in come... gramme for open... about the shaft... to the 1200-foot... being made with... step in connectio... cutting of the st... level. In other r... work is going ab... Le Roi No. 2.—... ment is going ab... stoping has been... sation in other d... made. On the 40... the drift have b... by. In the Josie... carried on witho... progress is report... Big Four.—The... Four states that... on the property... ang has been obt... nel. Work is exp... on a four-drill com...