

HEARTH AND HOME HINTS

To take pain away from a cut finger, before binding up dig the finger in turpentine. This takes away all soreness, and causes the cut to close and heal rapidly.

You can make your sandwiches much more satisfactory if you pound the meat, instead of cutting it into slices. Add the seasoning before spreading it on the bread and butter.

Do not forget to wash the outside shutters, for if they are neglected the first storm will wash the mud from the blinds on to the glass, and the windows will have to be washed over again.

Blotting paper placed between fine china plates when it is necessary to pile them together will be found useful. Cut the paper in circles large enough to cover the insides of the plates.

Eggs covered with boiling water and allowed to stand for five minutes are more nourishing and easier digested than eggs placed in boiling water and allowed to boil furiously for three and a half minutes.

A sauce for fruits of all kinds.—Equal parts of fresh butter and good brown sugar beaten together until quite light and white, flavored with a little lemon juice, and, if liked, a tiny grating of nutmeg.

Fried apples.—Wash and wipe large tart apples. Slice in thick rounds. Have a skillet with hot butter in it. Put the apples in and sweeten them. Cover and cook slowly until brown. Watch carefully or they will burn.

Sweetbreads a la Creme.—Parboil, drain and cut up, but not too fine. Make a cream sauce and put the parboiled sweetbreads into it. Sweetbreads a la creme are frequently combined with chopped mushrooms, chicken, oysters, lobster, crab, shrimp or green peas.

You can make nothing more delightful, writes a housewife, than a baked apple pudding. The crust is made the same as for boiled pudding. Grease a basin and line it with the suet paste and fill it well up with apples, cut in small pieces. Sprinkle a pinch of salt over them, add three or four teaspoonfuls of sugar and a tablespoonful of water. Cover the top with paste and put into a moderate oven until it is nicely brown.

Many delicious dishes are made with maple sugar, among them maple mouse. Whip a pint of cream to a stiff mound, with a tablespoonful of powdered sugar, which will help to thicken the cream. Add a cupful of maple syrup, made in the house from pure sugar, and flavor with lemon. Beat well, put in a mould with a sheet of paraffine paper over the top before the cover is put on, pack in ice, and salt and freeze. Serve in sherbet glasses.

Banbury tarts.—One cup raisins, one cup sugar, one egg, one cracker, juice and grated rind of one lemon. Stone and chop raisins, add sugar, egg slightly beaten, cracker finely rolled, and lemon juice and rind. Roll pastry one-eighth inch thick and cut pieces three and one-half inches long by three inches wide. Put two teaspoonfuls shrdlu shrdlu shrdlu shrdlu spoons of mixture on each piece. Moisten edge with cold water half-way round, fold over, press edges together with fork. Bake twenty minutes in slow oven.

FOR NEURALGIA

Boil a handful of lobelia in half a pint of water, strain and add a teaspoonful of fine salt. Wring cloths out of the liquid, very hot, and apply till the pain ceases, changing as fast as cold, then cover with dry cloths for a while to prevent taking cold. Two large tablespoonfuls of cologne and two teaspoonfuls of fine salt, mixed in a bottle, makes an excellent inhalant for facial neuralgia. Horse radish, prepared the same as for the table, applied to the temple or wrist, is recommended.

SPARKLES

Christian Science Mother—"Eleanor, what is the matter?"

Christian Science Child—"Oh, mamma, I got a terrible error of the mind in my stomach."—Medical Journal.

Papa—Are you sure that you and mamma thought of me while you were away? Gracie—Oh, yes! We heard a man kicking up an awful row about his breakfast at the hotel, and mamma said: "That's just like papa."—The Tattler.

Teacher (to smallest boy in class)—What well-known animal supplies you with food and clothing?

Smallest Boy (after some thought)—My father.—Judge.

A little girl who was spending her first month on a farm in the country, was asked: "What do you like best in the country?"

The child replied: "I like the country because there are no corners. When I am at home, mother tells me not to go farther than the corner of the street; but don't you see, there are no corners here, and I can go anywhere."

Judge Davidson, of Montreal, is following in the footsteps of Mr. Justice Longley, of Nova Scotia. He is likely to become an expert on love. He had a forcible-kissing case before him the other day and remarked that the only thing with which the young man could be reproached was that he pressed hard on the lips twice instead of gently and once. The judge is wrong. Not a boarding school girl in Toronto would endorse his finding.

A London clergyman tells of preaching one day about God's wisdom being superior to man's, dwelling at length upon the fact that He knows best what we need, and provides what is best for us. "It is just as you do with flowers," he said. "You plant geraniums and heliotrope in the sunshine, because you know they will grow better there. But you provide a shady nook for the fuchsia. He was about to express his pleasure at having a woman came up to him and said: "Oh, doctor, I am so glad of that sermon." He was about to express his pleasure at having helped her when she added: "I never knew before what was the matter with my fuchsias."

One day, when there was an extraordinary fog in London, an old gentleman in his walk home lost the way completely. He bumped against a stranger, and after apologizing deplored his difficulty. "Where do you live?" asked the man. The other gave his address. "Oh, I know the house quite well," said the stranger. "I'll take you there." It was a long distance, but the guide never for a moment hesitated. "This is your door," he said at last, as a house loomed dimly before them. "Bless my soul!" said the old gentleman. "So it is. But how on earth have you managed to make your way through this fog?" "I know every stick and stone in this part of London," said the stranger, quietly. "I am blind."

Encouraging.—A young-fledged divine of rather high tendencies, was taking the place of the pastor in a rural Scotch church. His sermon was very flowery, delivered with a great gusto of eloquence, and he seemed greatly pleased with himself. Immediately after the benediction was pronounced he knelt down and very consciously covered his face with his hands. In a minute or so he felt a kindly touch on his shoulder. One of the elders whispered to him. "Dinna tak' it sae sair to hert, lad. You'll mabee dae better the next time!"—T. D. B.

BLOOD DISEASES

Can all be Cured by the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

More than half the disease in the world is caused by bad blood—weak blood, blood poisoned by impurities. Bad blood is the one cause of all the headaches and backaches, the lumbago and rheumatism, the neuralgia and sciatica, the debility and biliousness and indigestion, the paleness and pimples and all the disfiguring skin diseases like eczema, that show how impure the blood actually is. It is no use trying a different medicine for each disease, because they all spring from the one cause—bad blood. To cure disease you must get right down to the root of the trouble in the blood. That is what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do. They make new, rich, blood. Common medicines only touch the symptoms of disease. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills root out the cause. That is why these pills cure when doctors and common medicines fail. Here is positive proof: "I suffered agony from indigestion," says Mr. Fred. Fillis, of Grand Desert, N.B. "I had no appetite for my meals and no energy for my work; my stomach caused me constant distress, and everything I ate lay like lead on my chest. At times I felt my life a burden. I was always doctoring, but it did me no good. Then a little book came into my hands, and I read that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would cure indigestion. I got them and began taking them, and I soon found they were helping me. My appetite began to improve, and my food to digest better. I used the pills for a couple of months and I was well. Now I am always ready for my meals and I can eat anything, and all the credit is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I keep the pills in the house all the time, and I occasionally take a few as a precaution. I can honestly advise all dyspeptics to use this medicine, as I am sure it will cure them as it did me."

Give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and they will cure you, simply because they make that rich, strong blood that disease cannot resist. See that you get the genuine pills, with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around every box. You can get them from your medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

INTERESTING FACTS

Algebraic symbols were first used by Vieta, 1590; logarithms by Napier, 1614, and the decimal fractions, 1617. A precise measure of length was first suggested by Huygens, the Dutch astronomer, 1658, upon the basis of the length of a pendulum vibrating seconds of mean time. Bacon's Inductive Philosophy appeared in 1616; Harvey discovered the circulation of the blood in 1618; Snellings proved the law of refraction, 1624; Torricelli demonstrated the pressure of the atmosphere, 1645; and Otto Guericke invented the air pump, 1650. The quadrant for measuring angles was invented in 1600; the pendulum for clocks at about the same time; the telescope, 1610; microscopes in Italy, 1619; and Holland 1621; the thermometer by Drebbel and Sarsi, 1609; the barometer, 1629; the micrometer, 1622-40; and the camera obscura in 1650. In 1635 Richelieu founded the French Academy, and opened that path of distinction to science which hitherto had been reserved only for valor.—Del Mar's "History of Monetary Systems"

She is not sent away, but only sent before; like unto a star, which, going out of our sight, doth not lie and vanish, but shineth in another hemisphere; ye see her not, yet she doth shine in another country.—Samuel Rutherford.