But does NOT

Tell Him All.

, because it has the worst after effects. The first symptoms, Chills and Fever, Cough, Sore, Inflamed Nose and Throat, Pains in the Limbs,

prevents and cures La Grippe, Pneu onia, Bronchitis, Consumption For sale at all drug stores. Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, 179 King St. W., Toronto.

HYMNS CIRCLE THE WORLD. Wnique Bonor to Be Paid to the Author

Fannie Crosby, the blind hymn writer, is soon to receive an honor that is unique in the annals of womankind as well as in the history of Protestantism. It is nothing more at less than a "day" in the calen-dar of the Methodist Episcopal



PANNY J. CROSBY

Church. 'Fanny 'rosby's Day' is is to be called, and the first observance thereof was set down for Sunday, July 10. On that day English speaking Methodists all over the world did honot to the venerable blind woman who wrote "Sale in the Arms of Jesus," "Blessed Assur-ance, Jesus Is-Mine," "Pass Me Not, O Gentle Saviour," and almost five

aundred other gospel hymns.

She has written in all more than
6,000 hymns, for which she was
paid \$5 each by her publishers, plus

royalty.
Stone blind since she was six Stone blind since she was six weeks old, Miss Croshy a attainment would be remarkable even in a sealing woman. For sixty years she has been busy writing the hymns and gospel songs which have enjoyed a monopoly in the song services of several generations of churchgoers.

Miss Croshy has written other approximately have been suited as ponu-

songs that have been quite as popular as her hymns. Fifty years age aer popular melodies were whistled lar as her hymns. Fifty years age
aer popular melodies were whistled
all over the country. "Proud World,
Goodby, I'm Going Home." "Hazel
Pell" and "Never Forget the Bear
"Ones" were tremendous favorites
when our fathers and mothers were
spoing to singing school. "The going to singing school. "The Honeysuckle Glen" followed and brought its author nearly \$2,000 is royalties, and then came that pheno-menal success "Sosale, the Prairs Flower."

Every possessor of light is debtor o these who sit in the dark.

When a woman marries a man to reform him it serves her right.

Attend the Urban Sale or you will gains your neighbor got.

TOOK A SEVERE COLD.

It Settled In The Kidneys.

Pain In The Back The Result.

Catching cold and having it settle in the back is often the cause of Backache— the primary cause of kidney trouble. When the back aches it is a warning that the kidneys are liable to become affected.

Heed the warning: check the Backeche, and dispose of any chance of further

If you don't, serious complications are very apt to arise. Mrs. E. Williams, Hamilton, Ont., caught cold, and it settled in her kidneys. She used DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS,

end is thankful for the immediate relief they gave her. She writes us as follows: "It is with pleasure that I add my estimony in favor of Doan's Kidney Pills. Some time ago I took a severe cold, which estimony in favor of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Some time ago I took a severe cold, which settled in my kidneys. The soreness and pair in the small of my back bothered me greatly. After suffering for some months, and finding numerous remedies fail, I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, and received immediate relief from was affectness.

my sufferings.

Doan's Kidney Pills may be procured at all dealers, or will be sent direct by mall on receipt of price—

60 cents per box, or 3 for \$1.25.

THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO.,

And the state of t

TORONTO, ONT.

Herd Boy He Jumps to Much Wealth-Born in Banffshire 75

Years Ago-Public Benefactor. Lord Mountstephen, who gave \$1,000, 100 to the King's Hospital Fund, in London, Eng., which will net \$55,000 a year, has had a remarkable career. Born in Banffshire 75 years ago, edu-cated at the parish school, first a herd how then a decarge supporting boy, then a draper's apprentice in Aberdeen, then in 1850 an emigrant to Canada. In Montreal he became a successful woollen merchant.

In Canada George Stephen found his cousin, Donald Smith, now Lord Strathcona, with whom years before



he had bathed in the Spey, and played among the heather. Donald Smith had been in the service of the Hudson Bay Company, and at the time when he be-gan to be associated in business with his cousin, was a member of the Dominion House.

It was early in the seventies that the

twas early in the seventies that the two Highland boys pooled their energies. Both were directors of the Bank of Montreal, Lord Mountstephen being at one time its president.

But the turning point of the mil-

lionaire philanthropist's career occur-red when, in 1875, he joined a syndicate for the Dutch holders of the bonds of the St. Paul and Pacific Rallway, a road which, when finished, controlled the Canadian Northwest. The taste for railway enterprise, begun in this way soon had the opportunity of develop ment. The entrance of British Colum ment. The entrance of British Columbia into the Dominion carried with it the obligation to build a transcontinental railway, and the work had been begun by the Government.

The Government fell down badly and

in 1880, one year before the Canadian Pacific should have been completed, only 700 miles of rail had been con-

only 700 miles of rail had been constructed. Stephen and Smith offered to build the line.

In return for a subsidy of \$25,-000,000, twenty-five "million, acres—about the total sizes that is, of Ireland and Wales-and the part of the line already completed, an undertaking was given that the Pacific should be linked to the Atlantic, in eleven years. The last spike, promised for 1891, was driven in 1885, 6,000 miles being finished by

ished by the concern.

Lord Mountstephen was the rail-way's first president. For his services be was made a baronet. He left Canada to settle again in the old country in 1888, and soon afterwards was raised to the negrage.

o the peerage.

Lord Mountstephen's gifts have always been princely. In 1887 he gave Montreal \$500,000 for a hospital When he was a boy he broke his arm, and it was set in the Aberdeen Infirmary.

A Pointer for Parsons, In the congregation of a clerical friend were two erring brothers, who troubled him greatly by the habit they acquired of snatching a little repose during worship. Finally the pastor spoke after this wise to one of the wan-dering sheep:

"Brother Park, did you ever notice that Brother Benjamin had fallen into the habit of sleeping during the ser-vice?"

Brother Park had not notice it, but Brother Park had not notice it, but he was pained at the information. "Well, might I ask you to sit beside him next Sabbath and nudge him in case he falls saleep?" Brother Park would most certainly

The clerical brother then sought his esteemed co-worker in the vineyard,

steemed co-worker in the vineyard, Brother Benjamin.

"Brother Benjamin, have you noticed Brother Park's habit of sleeping during the sermon?"

Brother Benjamin had noticed it, and had been pained.

"Well, would you do me the favor of sitting beside Brother Park next Sunday and nudging him in the case of drowsiness?"

Most certainly Brother Benjamin would do se.

The spectacle of the two good men keeping watch en each other in the sanctuary next Sabbath nearly upset the dignity of our clerical friend during his ministrations.

Where China and Spain Parallel. Where China and Spain Parallel.

The Confucian cult in China seems likely to find a parallel in a "Cervantist" cult in Spain. The three hundredth anniversary of the publication of Don Quixote will be honored with ceremonies stretching over the whole year. Every schoolhouse which does not already possess a Cervantes memorial will be ornamented with a bust of the great author. Statues will also be creeted to his memory in all the towns in which he dwelt, and a "national edition" of his masterpiece, Don Quixote, will be published. In Spain everyone who reads is a "Cervantist." Out of 278 different editions of Don Quixota published, 223 are in the Spainish language, and 87 of them were issued in Spain.

Denmark's Rural Landowners.

An Electrical Tree Saw,

An electrical saw for cutting down trees is among recent inventions described in The Scientific American. The trees are felled by burning through the trunk close to the ground with a wire heated by the current. It can be operated at a long distance from the electrical plant.

All medicines for Canadian patients sent from I wildsor, out., outy and transportation prepaid. I wildsor, out., outy and transportation prepaid in the following the first and a bookleton the subject which contains the first and the

THE DIFFERENCE.

A Cup of

Good Health

Armour's Extract of Beef

It's bracing, invigorating, stimulat-ing. Relieves fatigue. Keeps up the glow of health. Just one quarter teaspoonful of Armour's Extract of Beef to a cup of hot water. It's concentration.

At all grocers and druggists.

ARMOUR LIMITED, TORONTO
Sole Packers & Shippers for Canada.

Liquozone Free!

The Charm of Victoria Falls.

tor is recorded in Miss C. W. Mackin-

tosh's journal of a tour in South Africa Miss Mackintosh says: "We perceived

no hint of the falls, only seeing before as a screen of rocky based, bright green

torest, apparently closing in the river.

like a lake. Ten minutes' walk brought

as to the camp, on a cliff which liter-

ally overhung the gorge, and we saw the cataract thundering down into the boiling pot at our feet. The walls of

the chasm, 400 feet high, were spanned

by a rairbow. The charm of these falls

lies not in the one overwhelming crash as at Niagara, but in the cumulative ef-

fect of various glimpses, the matchless

heauty of the surroundings and the strangeness of the whole setting, but

chiefly in the columns of spray, called

ever changing rainbows. The mile wide

river suddenly drops into a yawning crack in the ground, stretching right

across the stream at right angles to the banks, a foaming trough, quite narrow, of which the walls rose 400

feet above the surface of the water.'

The method of introducing forbidden

documents onto the czar's country is

described by Carl Joubert, author of "Russia as It Really Is." The purvey or of undesirable literature, having arrived on the frontier, at a point some distance from the railway, approaches

the rittmaister and arranges matters

with him. The rittmaister sees him

and his cart load of books safely across the border and directs him to some

small town near the frontier. Then the rittmalster raises the alarm and

calls his men to horse, and they start off in pursuit of an imaginary smug-gier in another direction, Oring into

the air to show their zeal in the dis-charge of their duties. "A ruble on

either eve and ruble across the month."

says Mr. Joubert, "will effectually pre-vent the Russian official from seeing

The girl who marries in haste sometimes obliged to walk home.

TAKE MY CURE,

The fear that you could not be cured may ave deterred you from taking homest reatmen you may have been one of the unfortunate he have been treated in vain by inexperience hysteian. Free treatments, free trial sample attent medicines, electric belts and other similar to the country of the co

or speaking."

"thundering smoke" and in the

Cleon is a slave of grandeur.

Free as thought am I;
Cleon fees a score of doctors,
Need of none have I
Wealth-surrounded, care - envir

oned, Cleon fears to die.

Who would change? Not I.

—Charles Mackay.

TO RESTORE SIMPLICITY. Nature Study Promises to Offset Some Artificial Conditions.

plause. He is, nowever, so them also charming a speaker, and so able to communicate the ardor of his convictions, that the event could hardly have been otherwise.

Nature study, he sid, was of particularities and the study of the study of

lar interest to everybody. It was condition, and nature study promised to restore to us the simplicity we had lost.

where was the place to study? Here when was the time to begin? Now The one handicap was the nomenclature, which, unfortunately, was in an an incompany of the begins of th ture, which, unfortunately, was in an unfamiliar language. In teaching this might be surmounted with children by attracting their interest with beautiful objects, or enlisting their help, as had been done in the schools of Manitoba, where they had been taught to recognize noxious weeds on sight and to destroy them everywhere, on the farm, and by the wayside and so assist in a work of vital meanomic importance to the country.

WHEN CURED YOU PAY ME

One on the C. P. R. Office. One on the C. P. R. Office.

At Montreal the advertising manager of the Canadian Pacific is George Ham, and the city ticket office is in charge of a man named Egg. The two are fast friends, and if both happen to be out of town at once enquiries for Ham and Eggs are frequent. By a coincidence, both report to an official named Bacon, whose chief clerk is named Brown. Recently Ham and Egg were both in Bacon's office, The telephone rang, and Brown answered. He caught an enquiry for the Canadian Pacific Office, and said:

"This is it."

"This is it."
"Who's this talking?" asked the

Cleon hath a million acres,
Ne'er a one have I;
Cleon dwelleth in a palace,
In a cottage I;
Cleon hath a dozen fortunes,
Not a penny I;
Yet, the poorer of the twain is
Cleon, and not I.

Cleon, true, possesses acres,
But the landscape I;
Half the charms to me it yieldeth
Money cannot buy.
Cleon harbors sloth and dullness,
Freshening vigor I;
He in velvet, I in fustian,
Richer man am I.

Death may come, he'll find me ready, Happier man am I.

Cleon sees no charm in nature,
In a daisy I;
Cleon hears no anthems ringing
In the sea and sky;
Nature sings to me forever,
Earnest listener I;
State for state, with all attendants
Who would change? Not I.

A classroom in the Toronto Univer filled with an attentive audience on a recent Saturday afternoon, when Dr. J. Fletcher, Dominion Entomologist, Ot-tawa, lectured on "Nature Study," or, more accurately, gave an exposition of the educational value of nature study, its relation to natural history, and the methods of enlisting the interest and methods of enisting the interest and sympathy of young people in "the com-mon sense of common things." Dr. Fletcher, who was introduced by Prof. Ramsay Wright, throughout an hour and a half, held his audience closely, meeting several times with warm ap-plause. He is, however, so fluent and

lar interest to everybody. It was not the fad of the few. Its yalue had been recognized in the Public Schools during the last decade, where it would take the place of natural history, from which it differed as the foundation from the superstructure, natural history developing out of the studious habits and careful personal observation recombination from paying study. Sciences bits and careful personal observation resultant from nature study. Science was a bugbear to many people. But why? Was not science merely accurate knowledge? Nature study was its handmaid, and might be defined as a careful personal observation of some common natural objects, together with a conscious mental effort to find out all about it. It was possible thus to open up a new and intense pleasure in this glorleus and exquisite world, through which the major portion of humanity was passing without seeing it. We were to-day in an exceedingly artificial condition, and nature study promised

sist in a work of vital menomic importance to the country.

The second part of Dr Tetcher's address was illustrated with a number of beautiful stereopticon views of plants and insects and their habitat. The ecology of such objects was a profoundly interesting part of nature study. Ecology, Dr. Fletcher paused to explain, dealt with environment, with the relation and adentation of plants. plain, dealt with environment, with the relation and adaptation of plants and animals to their surroundings—everything having its own special locality. Passing rapidly over the several forms of the more common insect pests, he dwelt particularly on the ravages of the codling worm, which destroys half the apples in the world, and of the tussock moth, which is ruining our shade trees. In very emphatic terms he advised that steps be taken during the winter months to destroy the eggs of the moth on our trees, and that the trees be thoroughly sprayed in the early spring. "The effects of nature tsudy," he concluded, "are farreabling: they extend into every line of work, and bear fruit in quickened thought and accuracy of statement."

"Who's this talking?" asked the voice.

"This is Brown. Do you want Bacon?"
"No, I don't want Bacon, brown or any other way. I want one of the Canadian Pacific officials."
"Well, will Ham or Egg do? They're both here."
"I don't want any of them! Central, switch that cheap hash house off this wire!"

Consults A Physician



Few women confide fully in a physician. They simply will not tell him all. That's why many doctors fail to cure female diseases.

23

2

Every woman dreads the ordeal of the physician's consulting room. A sensitive, refined woman shrinks from the searching questions and the physical examination.

It is not so in writing to Mrs. Pinkham. Thousands of women owe their present health and happiness (yes, and their good looks, too) to the fact that they have told all their physical troubles to Mrs. Pinkham and followed her advice and been cured of female diseases.

Lydia E.Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Cures more women every year than any other medicine in the world. If you are in doubt about your case, write in perfect confidence to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. You will receive in reply a personal letter of advice free.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: -I suffered intensely with suppressed menstruction and pain every month for years, and could get no relief from physicians' prescriptions or other medicine. I was advised to try Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and did so, and in a very short time the flow was regular,

natural and without pain. I am, indeed, a grateful, happy woman for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me

ELLEN WALBY, Wellington Hotel, Ottawa, Ont.

Mrs. Hayes also profited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Sometime ago I wrote you describing my symptoms (fibroid tumor) and asked your advice. You replied and I followed all your directions carefully and to-day am a well woman.

22 Ruggles St., Rosbury, Mass.

MRS. E. F. HAYES.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Where Others Pail

ABUSE OF ATHLETICS.

Building Does Not Noccasarily Athletics may be good or evil and in

the same manner as a two edged The prime object in athletics is in provement of the general health. One writer has said that health, like happiness, does not exist. He said the body consists of a number of mechanwhich have the closest and mos exact relations, and as they approxi mate to harmony there is health, but when disordered there is ill health.

To obtain good health muscle building is not a necessity. One cannot judge of the person's health by the size and hardness of the muscles. The converse may be true.

To obtain health one must not be fit rfectly trained condition owing to

the effects of severe training on the nervous syste.

There is meetidence to prove that athletics and muscle building improve the constitution. the constitution.

One should always keep in mind the

One should always keep in mind the fact that built up or hypertrophied muscle has a tendency to degenerate. The heart, being a muscular organ, shares in this tendency.

In regard to the moral side of the question, it remains to be proved that athletics per se corrupt the morals. Dr. F. R. Sturgis is concident that athletics improve the morals of a community.

Although the evidence for and Although the evidence for and against athistics is contradictory, the whole subject may be aummed up by stating that athletics are beneficial when properly and judiclously applied and very injurious when the precautions above mentioned are ignored or carelessly regarded. carelessly regarded.

It will take more than gold-loving learts to make a golden age.

When the little folks take colds and coughs, don't neglect them and let them strain the tender membranes of their lungs, Give them

Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung

It will cure them quickly and strengthen their lungs.
It is pleasant to take,
Prices, 28c., 80c., and \$1.00. 300

Minard's Liniment - Lumberman's

She Simply Couldn't Help It mheant, hen she wanted things straight was always her faight was always her faight somehow be getting them bhent. —Chicago Record-Herald.

Out of His Class.
Tom-I don't think Jack will do in

inclety. Harry-Why not? Tom-He can't talk and eat at the ame time.—Philadelphia Caricati

The Hero and His Valet. The Hero and His Valet.
A hero once said to his valet:
"If a awfui how you dilet dalet;
You'd not make a chauffeur—
You're such a great lauffeur."
The hero then laughed at his salet,
—Chicago Tribune.

Benham-My heart was in my mouth when I proposed to you.

Mrs. Benham—Thet wasn't large enough to cause any impediment in your speech.—New York Tribune.

Playing the Races Lose, and your wife jaws at you—
Win, and she'll chauge her tona.
She wants full measure of all your
treasure;
Tou can bear your losses alone.
Louisville Courier-Journal.

There's nothing so foolish in this world as one half of a telephonic conersation."
"Except the other hair."—St. Louis A. A. JORDAI

Wishes to call the atten tion of his many customers that he intends to make 1905 one of the largest and most pros-perous years in the business of the REPAIR DEPARTMENT. I've employed more workmen and my son has returned from the Horological School of Toronto, so I can now keep pace with my work and have all work done promptly.

CHRONOMETERS and HIGH-CLASS TIME-KEEPERS a specialty. Don't forget the place, at the SIGN of the BIG CLOCK.

THE T. H. TAYLOR COLY

Selling 1 1/2 Yards Wide All Wool DRESS GOODS at 50c, Yard

CARDIGAN JACKETS at reduced prices.

SHAWLS

all wool, was \$3.00, to clear at \$2.50 each

HORSE BLANKETS

all wool, at \$2 and \$2.25 each. Call and inspect the bargains now going on

The Woollen Mills.