- (2) If several persons form a common intention to contravene any of the previsions of these regulations, and to assist each other therein, each of them is a party to every offence under these regulations committed by any one of them in the presecution of such common purpose, the commission of which offence was, or ought to have been known to be a probable consequence of the presecution of such common purpose.
- (3) Every one who counsels or procures another person to be a party to an offence under these regulations of which that person is afterwards guilty, is a party to that offence, although it may be committed in a way different from that which was counselled or suggested.
- (4) Every one who counsels or procures another to be a party to an offence under these regulations is a party to every offence which that other counsels in consequence of such counselling or procuring, and which the person counselling or procuring knew, or ought to have known, to be likely to be committed in consequence of such counselling or procuring.
- tions, any officer or director of the corporation who assented to or acquiesced in the commission of the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence.

 The second in the commission of the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence.

 The second in the commission of the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence.

 The second in the commission of the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence.

 The second is a party to and guilty of the offence is a party to and probable grounds, believes that any of the provisions of these regulations has been committed, whether it has been committed or not, and who, on reasonable and probable grounds, believes that any person has committed such offence, is justified in arresting such person whether such person is guilty or not.

 The second in the complaint shall be made, or the information laid, within
- (2) Notwithstanding the previsions of Part XV of the Criminal Code, a complaint or information in respect of any contravention of these regulations may be heard, tried or determined by any Police or Stipendiary Magistrate or any Justice or Justices of the Peace if the accused is found or apprehended or is in the custody within his or their territorial jurisdiction although the matter of the information or complaint did not arise within his or their territorial jurisdiction.

three years from the time when the matter of the complaint or information arose.

W.L.M. King Papers, Memoranda and Notes, 1940-1950, MG 26 J 4, Volume 362, pages C250083-C250836