

C 65689

Second Revise

there is what may be described as the natural preference, voluntary in its character, which is ever latent as between peoples of like stock, of kindred ties, and of a common political allegiance - a kind of preference <sup>in good-will</sup> which owes everything to a right attitude and a right atmosphere.

He forgets also that preferences may be granted through administrative acts, apart from tariffs altogether - that governments have it within their power by administrative acts to confer favours in one direction and to withhold them in another. The determination to purchase certain commodities, or to purchase up to a certain point, only from, or on terms more favourable to, those who are of the same Empire than from foreign nations, are preferences of this character. What is termed bulk purchase, or what is known as the quota, might be cited by way of example. By special agreement innumerable preferences, other than tariff preferences, may be given in a manner which serve to further trade.

Difference in Liberal and Conservative  
points of view on preference

The difference between the leader of the government and ourselves on this matter of preference first of all is that he believes there must be preference for

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