POOR DOCUMENT

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B. AUGUST 2, 1902.

form of dictation which the compan



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CORONATION OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED FOR AUGUST 9; KING PROGRESSES WELL.

Able to Walk a Little; Restrictions of Diet Withdrawn and Sensational Stories of Another Postponement Are Refuted -Public Holiday Throughout Canada.

thion indicates that Kind Edward's doctors were not mistaken in fixing August 9 as the date upon which his majesty could be crowned. The sinister rumors which have pervaded all classes for the last few days now appear to have lost that semblance of probability which made even the members of the cabinet nervous lest another postponduent of the corona.

While the king was testing his ability While the king was testing his ability to walk, two stalwart jackies stood at his side. After this experiment, which boded well for his fulfilling the necessary coronation functions at Westminster Abbey, King Edward sat smoking on the deck of the royal yacht and watched the races of the small yachts off Cowes.

These who draw inferences from the Those who drew inferences from the fact that the invitations to Westminster was changed today.

London, July 29—The Gazette tonight Abbey were not dated, have had their contains a Royal proclamation fixing August 9 as the date for the coronation, which says:

which says:

"We were constrained to adjourn to a day in August," and adding "which we have resolved by the favor and blessing of Almighty God to celebrate on the aforesaid date."

The latest and most reliable information indicates that Kind Edward's doctory and the control of the present arrangements. King Edward and Queen Alexandra will leave Cowes either August 6 or 8, for Buckingham palace and will return to the arrangements of the latest and will return to the control of the present arrangements. royal yacht August 18, when the entire fleet will pass before King Edward and salute him, thus making a second naval review. After his return to the yacht the king is expected to take an extended cruise to the northward and subsequently

that semblance of probability which made even the members of the cabinet nervous lest another postpocement of the coronation might be necessitated.

The apprehension that King Edward would be unable to stand the strain of the coronation ceremony has been greatly lessened by the announcement that his majesty is now permitted to use his feet and with the aid of a stick has done a little walking.

Another telegram from Cowes, saying that nearly all the restrictions upon the king's diet have been without due be relied upon, the king's coronation for beautiful to spend some weeks at Balmoral, where the closing per day.

Within a year from now these mines preparations for the arrival of their majestics have already been commenced.

Sir Joseph C. Dimsdale, the lord mayor of London, expects King Edward to visit London the week ending October 11, when a great luncheon will be held in the Guild Hall, to be followed by a royal procession through the south of London. All these plans may not be carried to the letter, but their arrangement, combined with the emphatic optimism of the king's physicians, is generally taken as insuring, so far as human foresight can be relied upon, the king's coronation for the deplorable accident of May 22 was due to greed of gain on

deductions were drawn without due be relied upon, the king's coronation for August 9. Alexandra, the Prince of Wales and other members of the royal family were all ashore today playing lawn tennis and

> Ottawa, July 29-(Special)-Ottawa wi celebrate the corenation August 9, as the dominion will declare a public holiday on that day. It was arranged last night to hold the celebration on the 11th, but this

MANAGING DIRECTOR ROGERS OF CROW'S NEST MAKES STATEMENT.

Argues Against Criticisms Which Have Been Made, and Presents Interesting Information of Work Development--The Recent Disaster-The Fernie Strike.

Toronto, July 30.-Elias Rogers, managing director of the Crow's Nest Pass oal Company, made an interesting statetion at Fernie (B. C.) Mr. Rogers had of them criticizing the company in connection with the recent strike, and suggesting that the government should have any mining district, and he thought that mines opened in competition with the better judgment of the majority of

Mr. Rogers expressed the opinion that the opening of other mines would have no effect in increasing or minimizing strikes, and instanced the present great rouble in the anthracite coal regions Pennsylvania, where strikes against arge number of companies at several hun-dred different mines had been in progress or nearly three months. There could be no assurance that an increased number of companies operating in the Crow's Nest would prevent a similar condition of af-

The Crow's Nest Company are doing everything that could possibly be done to provide against any possible interruption of the supply of the coal requirements of British Columbia within reach of its mines

Mr. Rogers explained that the Crow's Nest Company had mines at Michel, 24 miles this side of Fernie, where they had been pushing development work for more han a year past. These mines were no in operation, producing about 500 tons per day, and the output was rapidly increasing. The company had also opened mines at Morrissey, 10 miles west of Fernie, and coal shipments were now being made from that point at the rate of about 150 tons per day.

of May 22 was due to greed of gain on the part of the company in not supplying It is perhaps significant that Queen proper appliances was most unjust and untrue. The company have had in their employ in charge of the mines for a long time parior to the accident the most skilled nen that could be obtained in British Columbia, and every suggestion that would the workings of the mines had been adopted; the mine manager at the in quest Having stated in his evidence that ne had never asked for or suggested anyblied. Expense had never been considered in this connection; the company had DISCOVERY OF A WHITE RACE. he 1st of January this year prior to the secured since the first opening of the mines. The expenditure on permanent improvements last year alone was over \$830,000.

had accrued to British Columbia and the country at large through the operations of the coal company, Mr. Rogers said that the wages alone paid by the company had been \$54,588.66 in 1898, \$258,211 in 1899, \$431,320.59 in 1900, \$911,407.15 in 1901 and \$484,837.81 paid during the first five months of this year. The direct revenue accruing to the government of British Columbia in royalty and tax was also a very im-

Mr. Rogers said that the company had rigidly held to their agreement with the government to restrict their price to \$2 per ton for run of mine on cars at the has been heard of this isolated nation, and outside of a small and official circle, noth-

Columbia, where the mining conditions were no more expensive or difficult than tive of high standing, was corroborated by the local priest and by the president of the province. "Here in Mindoro," he 1,000,895 tons. In view of this, and after the expenditure of these vast sums in the development of mines, he did not think it possible that any honest-minded person

> ment think of asking the government to break its agreement. Referring to the Fernie strike, Mr. Rogers said that after the accident the company had made a change in the system of working that was undeniably to the advantage of the miners, as well as tending to promote safety in the mines. This change, however, involved eight hours work per day on the part of the thus change, however, involved eight hours work per day on the part of the day men, or, in other words, eight hours "face to face." "This," said Mr. Rogers, 'although not previously the practice. although not previously the practice a this mine, I am informed, has been and is the practice at all coal mines in the northwestern states, as well as in Alberta. Personally I have always had the greatest sympathy with the workers and, although I have been employing labor for more than 30 years, I have never had a

strike in my own business. Upon information in my possession, I believe that this trouble would not have occurred but or interference from outside parties and Wilson's This

wil kill n room in a few hours. Avoid

Imitations.

ould not afford to permit. It is the con labor at these mines as favorable as s possible to make them, and to mak every effort to induce the better class of miners who desire to make and save

noney to come to the district and settle Referring to the two carloads of mer ecently sent forward from Toronto, Mr. Rogers said that these men had not been asked to go to Fernie; that the situation had been fully explained to them; that they had gone to Michel and Morrissey as originally arranged and none of them had stopped off at Fernie, as far as he

knew, as reported by some of the western When asked about the coke supply, Mr. Rogers said that the latest informatio he had this week was that there were no smelters closed in British Columbia on account of any shortage of coke. He thought that the trouble at Fernie would Alt soon end. The company had at that poin some of the best men he had ever met i

CARDINAL GOTTI.

APPOINTED BY POPE, PREFECT OF PROPAGANDA.

Selection for Most Important Post in Pontiff's
This good city of ours may be said to have then established the precedent of Gift, Taken as Index to His Wishes as to Personality of His Successor on Papal

Rome, July 29—Cardinal Gotti has been appointed prefect of the propaganda, in succession to the late Cardinal Ledochow-

Gotti as prefect of the sacred congrega-tion of bishops and regulars, and of regular discipline.

The selection of Cardinal Gotti to su

read selection of Cardinal Cotto to succeed the late Cardinal Ledochowski in the most important post in the gift of the Pope, is universally regarded as indicating the pontiff's personal wishes as to the personality of his successor.

Cardinal Gotti has long been considered the most likely of the cerdinals for successor.

ession to the papal throne.

Will Cost \$65,000 to \$70,000 to Fix the Eastern Steamship Company's Damaged

Boston, July 29.—It is estimated that it will cost between \$65,000 and \$70,000 to teamer Cumberland, which was in collision a short time ago in the harbor with Cumberland's fittings have been practically destroyed, and portions of her hull wil have to be almost rebuilt. The steamer is lying at East Boston, and when repaired the work will be done there. Not long ago she was fitted with new boilers and had other repairs made on her at a cost of \$35,000. But for this expenditure accident than the entire profits they had it is likely that the vessel would be con demned and a new boat built to take her place on the route between yoston and St. John (N. B.) via Maine ports.

The owners of the Admiral Farragu aving libelled the Cumberland, the Eastern steamship people will fight the libel in the courts. Until the matter is settled there it will probably not be definitely de aided which steamer was to blame for the ng estimates of the cost of repairing th Cumberland, and within a short time is expected their estimates will be sub mitted to the Eastern Steamship Com

TWO BUSHELS OUT OF ONE. Invention of Chicago Man Converts Corr

Into Food for Cattle.

Chicago, Ill., July 30.—The promoters of the invention of John Kammer, for the onomical feeding and fattening of cat le, say it will make a bushel of corn of as far as two bushels now go. Kammer device consists of a large gelvanized ironase, inclosed in compresser moss. The moss is designed to act as a huge spong moss is designed to act as a nage sponge for the retention of water. It is thor-oughly dampened, and in this moist at-mosphere the corn begins to sprout al-most immediately. In four days the hard

grain is converted into a mass of tende sprouts, fed by the softened pulp. It is claimed that this process increase the weight by the growth of the grain in to 100 per cent.; renders the grain wholly digestible and nutritive; brings to the grain by chemical changes valuable food elements, not otherwise plantaged.

tures of summer.

Actual tests are said to have prove that a saving of \$125 is effected in the fattening of 10 steers by this process, 250 bushels of grain going exactly as far as 500 by the existing method of feeding

CONTRACT FOR SYDNEY WORK.

Rhodes, Curry & Co. Will Build Fifty Houses at Sydney Mines--Other Important Contracts.

Amherst, N. S., July 29—(Special)—Rhodes Curry & Co., of Amherst, have fust received the contract for building 50 houses at Sydney Mines for the Nove Scotia Steel Company; also a contract fo finishing the interior of A. Hobrecker' ouse at Halifax at a cost of about \$13 ooo, and Harvey Graham's, at New Glasgow, both of these to be finished in very handsome and high-priced natural woods.

Hanged and Riddled With Bullets. Ocala, Fla., July 30.-An unknown occupity, last night, for criminal assault upon a white woman. He was identified by his victim after which he was strung p on a tree in sight of the railroad sta-on and his body riddled with bullets.

OLD-TIME CELEBRATION.

WHAT ST. JOHN DID WHEN GEORGE IV. WAS CROWNED.

Glorification Was Some Weeks Late, But It Was Hearty --- Interesting in Light of Ceremony Soon to Be at Westminster

The Saint John City Gazette of the 1st October, 1821, contains an interesting de scription of the "Celebration of the Cor onation of His Most Excellent Majesty George the Fourth, in the City of Saint

since the founding of this province by the Loyalists, no opportunity had occurred till then for such a celebration. Eighty years ago the reign of George the Third was as unparalleled for its length as is the reign of Queen Victoria today. When George the Third died, scarcely an individual could remember his predecessor. The concepts of George the Fourth took place onation of George the Fourth took place with great splendor and magnificence at Westminster Abbey on the 19th July, but owing to the uncertain communication with the old country by sailing vessel it was not until some seven weeks late that English newspapers containing th letails of the event arrived in America not being in a hurry about having a cele oration. Four more weeks were suffered o elapse before things were in readines However, the little community (for St John had then but 8,000 people) proceeded upon the motto, "Whatever is worth doing is worth doing well," and the cele bration was a grand success. True, the city had certain advantages at that time Cardinal Aglardi was appointed prefect of the economy of the congregation of the propaganda in place of Cardinal Vincent Vannutelli.

among which may be mentioned the presence of the lieutenant-governor, Major-General Geo. Stracey Smyth, then a resident of the city. There was also the presence here in garrison of the gallant

Three days were set apart for the cele bration, beginning with Tuesday, the 2nd the sons of Mars, the gallant 74th and four of the best disciplined companies of nbled under arms in King square. From the square they were marched to the sands, commonly called the race ground, where they were inspected by his excellency the lieutenant-governor, who ap peared in full uniform accompanied by his suite. After having gone through the usual field exercises, firing, etc., they were dismissed; but the rifle company remain ed upwards of an hour after and dis-

which were very amusing to those wh were spectators. "Among the amusements of the day was the parading of the three oxen that were just about to be offered as victims to joy and mirth. These animals were adorned on the occasion with ribbons on their backs and on the tips of their horns in imitation, we suppose, of the ancien one or two of the militia music bands playing something suitable to the occa day and at an early hour in the evening fires that were made for the purpose a little way to the east of the Poor's house (King street east.)
"The National School Room (on the

orth side of King square) being the largest and most commodious in the city, was fixed upon for the coronation ball gan all gilded anew, upon which was placed the large and elegant globe which his excellency had presented to the na-tional school. Behind this and on each ide were suspended the colors of the gal lant 74th upon which were fixed the all, at which they had been present and at which some of them heroically fought fixed the coat of arms of the regiment. At the other end, the colors of the city presented a show of arms, and between every two windows upon the walls was all stretching to a centre. Besides, the room was well illuminated with wax

"At 8 o'clock in the evening the rifle company was present at the ball room door and a number of men with flambeaux, who saluted the governor as he entered with three vollies, which, with the nusical honors within, had a very fine effect. By 9 o'clock the ball room pre-sented a very gay scene. The ladies ex-hibited an elegance and taste in their dress which have not been surpassed in this province on any former occasion. of the company retired to an adjacent building (the house appropriated for the girls of the National school) which was connected with the ball room by a booth vas conducted with the greatest decorum and the ball broke up at an early hour

n the following morning. "On Thursday at 1 o'clock the oxen were carried down and placed upon stands erected for them in King square; at the same time a salute was fired from the risng ground on the eastern side of the square (the rocky elevation near the Hotel Dufferin, long since removed). Immediately after, the carvers, without cereously dealt out well cooked slices of beef with lumps of bread to he surrounding

forms of Set of Prezents, he had on Optur

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pleasantly and some no doubt made a having brought us together on this happy most excellent meal of it. After this day—Three times three.' ast the king's anthem was heartily sung ollowed by a royal salute.

"At 6 o'clock in the evening a company f nearly 200 gentlemen had assembled in he National school room, where Mr. Cody had prepared a very excellent din-ner for them. The chair was occupied by the governor, who proposed as the first toast of the evening 'His Majesty King George the Fourth and the glorious day we have met to commemorate—God Save the King.' This was accompanied with cheers, three times three; a royal salute was fired from without, every seven guns being followed by three sky rockets this place ever remember of having seen that of members of the royal family and a number of others, including the follow-

"'New Brunswick and her sister colonies in North America-may they ever flourish under the powerful protection of

the parent state.'
"'The Fair Daughters of this Land.' "The City of Saint John and Prosperity to the Trade and Fisheries of British "Success to the institution which rear

ed this building (the Madras or Nationa with the loyal feelings which give rise to our present meeting be ever inculcate within its walls."
"The Militia of New Brunswick-may

it become our bulwark in time of need "The Agricultural Society of New Brunswick-may the industry of the farmer be crowned with success."
"The Duke of Wellington, the first captain of the age.'

and fallen heroes of the nation.' "The memory of William Pitt and all patriot statesmen. "Britain's glory-ships, colonies and

"Every toast was followed by musifrom the band, which contributed greatly to the general enjoyment. His excellent honored the company with his presence until a late hour. On his departure Major Drury, commandant of the St. John militia, took the chair and gave the folwing toast which was drunk by the whole company standing, with a degree of nthusiasm and delight expressive of the

highest respect and esteem:—
"'His Excellency Major-General Smyth,
our virtuous and much respected lieutenof our laws, the friend of the distressed, and the supporter of all our useful insti-

of the city (Hon. John Robinson) was then drunk and several other popular the Hon. General Coffin, who left the room amid the loud and reiterated plaud-"While joy and universal harmony

reigned within, festivity and mirth prevailed without. And, be it spoken to the praise of the vast concourse of the people assembled under the vaulted azure sky, that they all retired in quietness to were seen in our streets, the entire day creditable to the good sense of this community. We have since learned that at past of roast beef and plum pudding with a goblet of good liquor was furnished by Mr. Nowlan, the jailer, for the individuals under his protection who did not find it

The latest returns of the population of Japan, including Formosa and the Pescadores, give a total of 46,444,524.





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Interesting Report Brought by Officer from Philippines.

San Francisco, July 29.-Lieutenant Lorenzo Declairment, late of the Philip ory of the existence in the interior of Mindoro Island of a perfectly white race emi-civilized and partly Christianized, but cruelly hostile in their discouragement The favored few who have penetrated the astnesses of these exclusive Caucasia and mineral wealth, and speak of a per ple skilled in the various domestic crafts orderly, gentle and hospitable, but well enough satisfied with their little world to resent the intrusion of the strenuous civ-

ilization of the outside. . Although discovered 25 years ago, little ing is known. Lieutenant Declairment was stationed at Pagbilao, Taijabas Prov-ince, Mindoro Island, and the story as said, "we have one race that is perfectly white. They are located in the interior, having at their headquarters a city of more than 20,000 inhabitants." "I investigated Castro's story." said Lieutenant Declairment, "and satisfied myself that a race of whites really exists on Mindoro Island. I had an opportunity to go in with an exploration party, but the state of my health forbade."

NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERMEN.

Colonial Government Surprises Frenchmen by Action Against Smuggling and Liquor

St. John's, Nfld., July 30.-The colonial overnment has enforced the local laws gainst a number of French fishermen against a humber of French ishermen along the treaty coast for snuggling, sell-ing liquor and committing other offences of a similar character. The Frenchmen refused to pay the fines imposed but detachments of armed police compelled payments in most cases. Two of the offenders fled to the French Island of St. Pierre. This vigorous action on the part of th Newfoundland government has amazed the Frenchmen, but up to the present time there has been no official friction.

Wooden Houses 800 Years Old. Buildings called "staburs," are to Buildings called "staburs," are to be seen in Telemark, in Norway. They are built of pine wood, and most of them date from the 11th or 12th century. They are storehouses for provisions to be used during the long winters, and contain among other things quantities of the peculiar hard, flat, Norwegian bread or biscuit, which is as thin as a pancake and 30 inches in diameter. Many of these buildings are adorned with artistic wood carving and painted bright red. There carving and painted bright red. There hurches of equal antiquity. New York World.

Stockholm has practically one telepho for each 10 inhabitants.