

MASONIC KNIGHTS TEMPLAR TRIALS.

REGULATIONS RESPECTING TRIALS FOR TEMPLAR
OFFENCES AND PROCEEDINGS THEREON.

OFFENCES.

The following are offences for which a Knight Templar may be tried:—

1. All public crimes and misdemeanors involving moral turpitude.

Drunkenness and profligacy.

Fighting.

Adultery, and all lascivious associations, whether with the relative of a Templar, or with a stranger.

Cruelty to wife or child.

Contempt for God or Religion.

Atheism.

Holding communion with clandestine Templars or irregular Templar bodies.

Improper revelations.

Disobedience to those in authority, or contemptuous language towards them.

All countenance of impostors.

Contemptuous expressions respecting the Order of the Temple.

Wronging a Knight Templar by fraud.

Violation of the secrecy of the ballot.

Unseemly conduct in the Preceptory.

Any intentional violation of the technical parts or points of the several Templar obligations.

Any violation of the particular injunctions of the ritual.

Any violation of the statutes, laws, edicts, rules, or regulations of the Sovereign Great Priory.

Any violation of the By-laws of a Preceptory by a member thereof.

JURISDICTION.

2. For any offence against the By-laws of his Preceptory, a Templar must be tried by the Preceptory to which he belongs.

3. For any other Masonic offence, a Templar may be tried either by the Preceptory to which he belongs, or by the Preceptory nearest to his place of residence.