

## DEALT WITH TRADE OF DOMINION

INSTRUCTIVE SPEECH  
BY HON. SYDNEY FISHER

Minister of Agriculture Effective y  
Repelled Conservative Insinua-  
tions—Obstruction Policy

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—Just to show the country what an active lot of fighters they are, the limited little band of politicians who compose the opposition have plainly embarked upon a policy of obstruction. They have up their sleeves amendments galore on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, said amendment consisting of "frustrated" planks of Mr. Borden's Halifax platform, that rare product of constructive statesmanship which was so dexterously handled by the premier in the course of his great speech.

The first amendment which Mr. Cockshutt, of Brantford, introduced with a "blue ruin" and "soup kitchen speech," which also took in the usual election scandal cry and advocated protection as "high as Haman's gallows," was snuffed out by a majority of thirty-nine. The lugubrious wall of the member for Brantford was strongly reminiscent of an equally fearful utterance by Sir Charles Tupper when the Fielding tariff was first brought into being, and it failed to impress the House. It is the inalienable right, a privilege that descended from the father of oppositions, to describe the country as speeding madly to the how-wows.

It is quite patent to gallery spectators that the heavy ordnance of parliament has been fired, as far as the speech from the throne is concerned, and the debate is rapidly nearing the sharpshooting and sniping stage. The last few days have witnessed quite a lengthy discussion regarding rural mail delivery, which has become the basis for amendment No. 2, fathered by Mr. Armstrong, Conservative member for East Lambton.

Among the interesting and instructive speeches delivered thus far, that of Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, should receive special perusal. In dealing with the "blue ruin" observation of Mr. Cockshutt, of Brantford, the minister said:

There is another subject on which I wish to say a few words, and it is a subject which has been dwelt on by the leader of the opposition and the member for Brantford (Mr. Cockshutt). I refer to the old bugaboo of the balance of trade, and I use the word "bugaboo" advisedly. Hon. gentlemen opposite are now trying to make out that because in Canada we have a larger volume of imports than of exports the country is being ruined. Let us point out in a few words—for it is nearly 6 o'clock and I want to finish before adjournment—that the best political economists have for years declared emphatically that the theory that a country which imports more than it exports is doing a bad business, is not in consonance with the facts as shown in the history of Canada, of the United States and of most European countries. I have here the figures of our trade for four five-year periods, starting with 1903 and going back. Between 1903 and 1905 our excess of imports was very large, and in these five years it amounted to \$96,000,000, or an average of \$19,200,000 a year of imports over exports. In the five years from 1896 to 1900 we had an excess of exports to the amount of \$24,000,000, and that is the only one of these five-year periods during which there was an excess of exports. Between 1891 and 1895 we had an excess of imports of \$49,000,000, and between 1886 and 1890 we had an excess of imports amounting to \$115,000,000. I point out, gentlemen, to the fact that from 1886 to 1890, when the national policy was called by them in its full vigor; the national policy to which they still—no, they don't still pin their faith to it, but they used to—when the national policy was in its full growth and force there was an excess of imports in these five years of \$115,000,000.

Mr. Taylor: Will the minister of agriculture read the speeches made by Sir Richard Cartwright, who declared in that that condition was the ruin of the country.

Mr. Fisher: I am making my own speech, and the hon. gentleman (Mr. Taylor) can make his afterwards.

Mr. Taylor: Read Sir Richard's speech.

Mr. Fisher: Let the hon. gentleman (Mr. Taylor) make an original speech of his own and show us what he can do himself. From 1891 to 1895, when every one will admit that the national policy was in its decline, when these gentlemen opposite know that the country was not doing as well as it was during the five previous years, the excess of imports was \$49,000,000, or a great deal less than one half what it was in the previous five years. There was change of government in 1896 and the full effect of that change was not felt in the country for some few years. It did not

THREW AWAY \$175.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 19.—Some hoary-headed philosopher once remarked that there was no such thing as luck. Another misguided thinker stated that money could not buy health. Both of these fallacies have been exploded here in Ottawa. Certainly, when a man loses \$175 and then finds something worth many times that amount—he is lucky. And when a man is suffering from disease, and can get relief by buying a certain medicine, then money buys his happiness as well as health. At least, that is the way Mr. M. Dery looks at it. "Having suffered for over a year with dyspepsia and indigestion, I spent over \$15 for doctors without relief. Hearing of 'Fruit-a-tives,' he continues in his letter, 'I decided to try them. The result is, that I am completely cured after using only two boxes. I cannot praise Fruit-a-tives enough, and I would not be without them in the house.'"

Good digestion requires strong stomach muscles and plenty of gastric juice. This dissolving fluid is taken from the blood. If blood is poisoned by constipation—sick kidneys—or weak skin action—then gastric juice will be weak. "Fruit-a-tives" act on the three great blood purifying organs—kidneys, bowels and skin—keep these organs healthy—rid the system of impurities—and thus insure sound digestion.

Take "Fruit-a-tives" and you can eat and digest anything your appetite craves. Made of fruit juices and tonics, 50c. a box; 6 for \$2.50. At druggists or from "Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa, Ont."

take five years of Liberal rule to make the country prosperous, but still during the first five years of our regime there was an excess of exports, although the development of production in Canada came quickly and effectively under our policy. During the first few years after we put our policy in force the farmers of Canada began to be better off, and the result was an excess of agricultural exports, and only during these five years out of the last 20 years in Canada was there an excess of exports over imports.

Mr. Armstrong: Might I ask the hon. gentleman a question?

Mr. Fisher: I have only a few minutes and I want to finish: the hon. gentleman (Mr. Armstrong) can make his speech afterwards whenever he likes. The full effect of our policy came into force; then the country began to feel the full tide of prosperity; then began enormous railroad building in Canada to meet the demands of a prosperous people; then began the investment of United States capital, British capital, Belgian capital and French capital to take advantage of the prosperity which had arisen under our policy and administration.

What was the result? That in the last five years there was an excess of imports of \$96,000,000. Hon. gentlemen opposite say that is all wrong; that it is bad for the country, and that the country must be going to the dogs because of it. How was it under the glorious regime when Sir John Macdonald was at the head of the government of this country and the national policy was in full force? That in five years there was an excess of imports of \$115,000,000, what is the meaning of these excesses of imports? I have not the exact figures, but everybody knows that the large balance of trade between Canada and the United States is against us, and that these imports are largely from the United States, and they are largely the raw material of our manufacturing industries, which are prospering in a way which they never did before under any protective policy with the hon. gentlemen opposite in power. In 1900 the industrial productions of Canada, manufactured articles, amounted to \$481,000,000; in 1905 they amounted to \$796,000,000, an increase of \$315,000,000 in those five years, an increase under the Liberal policy which was never dreamed of under the national policy. But notwithstanding that enormous increase, the consumptive demand of the prosperous people of Canada is more than the manufacturers can meet, and the result is that we have to import goods from abroad, and, besides, these same manufacturers have to obtain a large quantity of raw materials from abroad or they would not be able to make that magnificent showing.

LOCATED MAGNETIC NORTH POLE  
Washington, Dec. 14.—With a notable array of guests, including Vice-President Fairbanks, Mr. Bryce, the British ambassador, Mr. Juissend, the French ambassador, and a host of other members of the diplomatic corps, senators, representatives, prominent officials, distinguished scientists and others, the National Geographical Society, the largest organization of its kind in the world to-day, held its annual banquet in the Willard hotel here. The dinner was featured by the presentation of the Hubbard gold medal of the society to Captain Ronald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, for his success in first making the Northwest Passage, and for definitely locating the magnetic North Pole. The medal is awarded annually for the greatest geographical achievement of the year.

Dr. William L. Moore, the president of the society, and chief of the United States weather bureau, presided and introduced the speakers.

## MANY EXILED TO SIBERIA

DRASTIC PUNISHMENT  
OF SOCIAL DEMOCRATS

Russia's Supreme Tribunal Condemned Noblemen and Mob Orators Alike for High Treason.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 14.—Sentence was pronounced this afternoon on the Social Democrat members of the lower house, whose arrest was the indirect cause of the dissolution of the second duma. The punishment inflicted is unexpectedly heavy.

Eight deputies, including Annikin, Annisimov, Dzharapardze and Cornezevskis, are condemned to five years' labor in the mines and subsequent deportation to Siberia.

Nine others, including Batasheff, Blizloff and Kirtengo, are sent to the mines for four years and will be deported. Ten deputies are sent into perpetual exile in Siberia. The leader in the military organization, Tapanin, and two women, Madame Morzinav and Madame Subbotina, shared the heaviest sentence, five years in the mines, and deportation.

Six soldiers who were accused of agitating among their comrades are given four years in the mines and deportation. Ten deputies who succeeded in proving that they were not connected with the Socialist organization were acquitted.

Among the men condemned are three noblemen, and their sentences must be approved by the Emperor. The deputies were accused of forming an organization, the aims of which were to overthrow the existing government and the institution of a republic. The specifications declared they had incited the soldiers to mutiny and the public to insurrection.

They were tried by the judicial section of the senate, the highest supreme tribunal in Russia, the gist of the formal trial charge being high treason. The counsel for the defense concentrated his arguments to prove that Social Democracy is a legitimate political party organization. Professing its tenets throughout the civilized world and expecting to see them realized through the ballot, did not mean conspiracy. The procurator, however, successfully maintained the original accusation.

A committee of the second duma, composed of leading lawyers, who investigated the charges, was given no opportunity to submit its report, the dissolution of the duma abruptly closing its labors. The committee vouched, however, that the charges were unsubstantial in character.

The present trial proceeded in secret, neither the accused Social Democrats nor their attorneys being present, and the public was refused admittance. No reports were issued, and ingenious fiction was resorted to. In order to comply with the requirements of the law that sentence be pronounced with open doors, the doors were opened, but the police kept everybody out of the room, with the exception of the trial board and the prosecution.

Deputies Alexinsky and Ozel, and a number of others who were included in the original indictment, fled the country, so that they are not among those who have been sentenced.

During the progress of their trials, the impeached deputies have received telegrams from their colleagues, from members of the British House of Commons and the French Italian and German chambers.

The severity of the sentence has created a bad impression. It is taken for granted, however, that some of those convicted will ultimately manage to escape from Siberia.

## WAS GERMAN CONSUL AT VANCOUVER

Johann Wulffsohn, Who Has Resigned, May Be Succeeded by Carl Lowenberg.

Vancouver, Dec. 14.—The resignation of Johann Wulffsohn as Imperial German consul in this city, tendered six months ago, has just been accepted by the German Foreign Office. Mr. Wulffsohn has filed the position for nearly fourteen years. In accepting the resignation Prince Von Buelow, the German chancellor, wrote a felicitous letter, thanking him for his valuable services.

Mr. Wulffsohn will devote all his time to his private business affairs. It is understood that Carl Lowenberg, German consul at Victoria, will shortly administer the affairs of the Vancouver consulate pending the appointment of a permanent official. Meantime Mr. Wulffsohn is acting consul.

"I have been trying to be relieved of the duties for nearly six years," said Mr. Wulffsohn to-day. "My application was always pigeon-holed. Six months ago, owing to the large increase of my private business affairs, I again sent in my resignation and pressed for its acceptance before the beginning of the new year. Recently it was accepted, and with the formal notification came a letter from the German chancellor thanking me for my services. I have recommended that Carl Lowenberg, the German consul at Victoria, be acting consul here until my successor shall have been appointed."

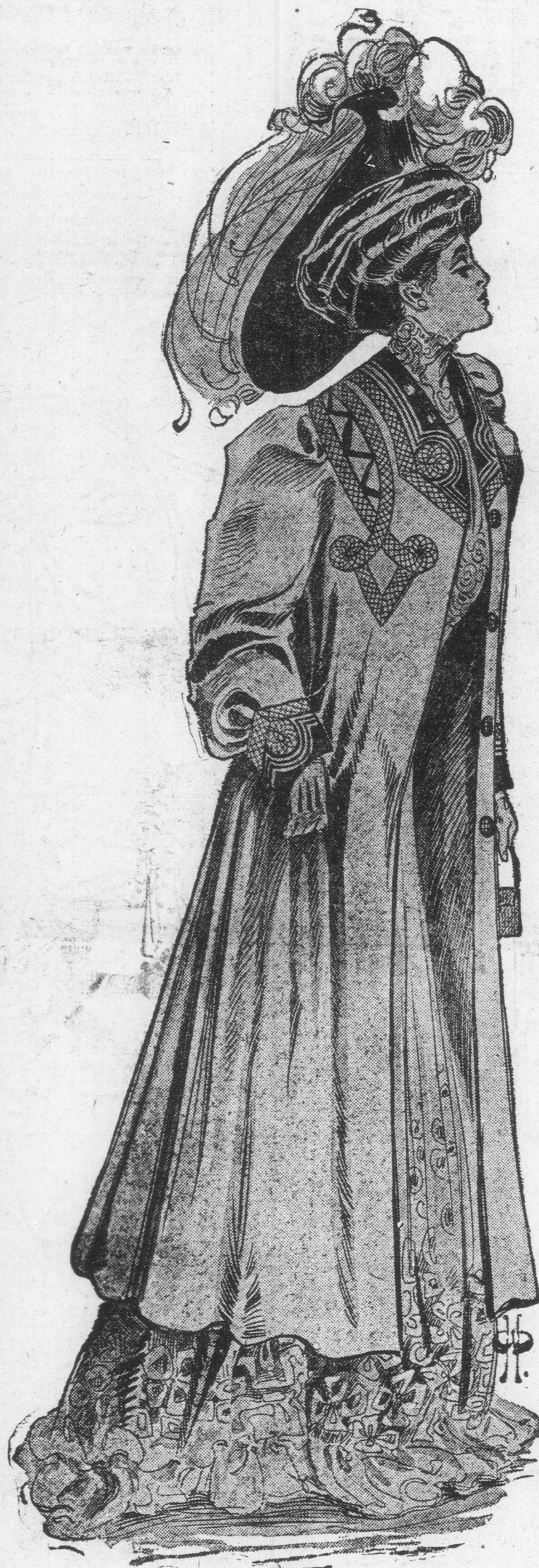
"I intend to devote all my energies to my large mining and real estate and industrial interests. I am also projecting a railway enterprise which will largely contribute to the develop-

Beautiful Belts  
and Furs for  
Christmas Gifts

CAMPBELL'S

Dainty Neckwear  
for Christmas  
Gifts

# Christmas Display



OUR CHRISTMAS DISPLAY is ready for you, resplendent with novelties, utilities and fascinating gift goods, gathered together from the fashion marts of the world; to inspect which we extend to you a cordial invitation:

## GLOVES

We have a reputation for selling the best gloves, every pair sold by us this season will increase that reputation. Here are seven of our specialties:

DENTS "Ladies' Special," kid walking gloves ..... \$1.00  
THE WARWICK "Ladies' French kid glove ..... \$1.25  
THE CELEBRATED "MAGGIONI" Ladies' Kid Glove ..... \$1.50  
GENUINE MOCHA Gloves, light, dark and black ..... \$1.50  
DENTS "PIQUE" 12 button gauntlet Gloves ..... \$2.50  
POWNE'S 12 button, seque gauntlet Gloves ..... \$2.75  
EVENING GLOVES, all shades, all sizes, all lengths.

## Dainty Neckwear

Space will not permit of our adequately describing these beautiful neckties, but we give a few of the leading items and cordially invite inspection.

Lace Bretelles, from \$7.50 down to ..... \$1.25  
New Lace Fichus, in exclusive ideas, from ..... \$1.75  
Dainty Lace Kimonos, from \$2.75 down to ..... \$2.50  
Lace Scarves, in choice new designs from ..... 25c.  
Puritan Collars, in lace and muslin, at 25c, 20c, and ..... 15c.  
The New Lace Rabats, at \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c, and ..... 50c.  
Fashionable Lace Jabots, from ..... 75c.

## Beautiful Belts

OUR BELT SECTION was never better prepared to meet your demands. It is full of novel ideas, fresh from Paris, London and Vienna, in leather, silk, elastic, etc., both plain and ornate, at 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and up. See the new Dresden Belt effects.

## Gift Handkerchiefs

It is with great pride we draw attention to our gift handkerchiefs, they are the very latest in style, of unsurpassed quality, and most reasonable in price. Amongst a vast assortment we select the following novelties as worthy of special mention:

New, narrow colored border, spot and check centers ..... 10c.  
Very pretty white embroidered, each ..... 10c.  
Sheer linen, extremely modish, each ..... 15c.  
Beautifully embroidered handkerchiefs, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.  
Embroidered handkerchiefs, at 25c, 35c, 50c, and ..... \$1.25  
Very dainty REAL lace edge handkerchiefs, at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and up ..... \$1.50  
Exquisite REAL lace handkerchiefs, most beautiful and most dainty, prices upwards from ..... \$1.75

## Gift Umbrellas

Our Special Christmas Gift Umbrellas are revelations in most fashionable and artistic workmanship. The tubes are finest wire drawn steel; the frames are Paragon; the handles are exclusive designs, in white, pearl and gold, smoked pearl and gold, sterling silver, gunmetal, natural wood, etc. The smallest folding, most fashionable and most useful Gift Umbrella in the world. Special prices are \$3.75, \$4.50, \$7.50 and \$8.00.

Ladies' every day Gloria Silk Umbrellas, from \$4.75 to ..... 75c.  
Campbell's Children's Umbrellas ..... 75c.

## Gift Handbags

A large consignment of new Handbags, Satchels and Ladies' Shopping Bags has just arrived, comprising the very latest modes in Seal, Crocodile, Alligator, Russian, Morocco, etc. With and without purse attachment, at 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and up to ..... \$25.00  
Parisian Fans, at 35c, 75c, \$1, \$1.75 and up.  
Hair Combs, Necklets, Corsets, Underwear.

## Silk Underskirts

Our stock of Silk Frillies and smart Silk Blouse wear is replete with new goods, including a wealth of choice samples at specially reduced prices. Every lady should see these seductive Silk bargains.

VERY HANDSOME BOXES SUPPLIED  
FREE FOR GLOVE AND HAND-  
KERCHIEF GIFTS

# ANGUS CAMPBELL & CO.

The Ladies' Store  
Promis Block, Government St., Victoria

Handkerchiefs  
For Christmas  
Gifts

Gloves For  
Christmas  
Gifts

## CAREFULLY PLANNED DEATH BY HANGING

With Noose Around His Neck Unknown Winnipeg Suicide Jumped Through Trap Door

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 16.—An unknown man committed suicide yesterday morning in a barn at the rear of 824 Aberdeen avenue. No one in the vicinity was able to recognize the victim.

The man had made careful preparations before taking the drop. He had tied a heavy wire to one of the beams

of the barn. To this he had attached a length of stout clothes line. After placing a noose around his neck it appeared that he jumped through a trap door getting a fall of several feet before the rope tightened.

When found he had been dead for several hours, for rigor mortis had set in. Whether he had died late on Saturday night or some time on Sunday morning could not be told.

A careful search of the clothing of the dead man revealed nothing that would serve as a clue to his identity. A knife, tobacco pipe, and several trinkets were all that remained.

WINNIPEG LAWYER PARALYZED.

Winnipeg, Dec. 14.—Harold Turnbull, a well-known city lawyer, has had a stroke of paralysis, and much anxiety is occasioned by his many friends. The stroke was unexpected, and he lies in a precarious condition. His many friends wish Mr. Turnbull a speedy recovery.

The funeral of the late Arthur Francis took place Saturday afternoon from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Company, Bishop Parrish conducted the services. Many floral offerings were laid on the casket. Among them was a wreath from the Oak Bay Cricket Club, and others from D. M. Eberts, T. D. H. Warden and others. The pallbearers were: Hon. D. M. Eberts, H. Mason, George Barraclough, Dr. J. Howitt, P. Richardson and L. E. Trinen.

## FOR CHRISTMAS YOU NEED THE BEST

We provide the best that you can buy cut to your pocketbook.

FIGS (large table fruit), per lb. .... 25c.  
RAISINS (large table fruit) per lb ..... 25c.  
DATES (just fresh), 2 packages for ..... 25c.

HUNTLEY & PALMER'S Reading Biscuits are famous the world over; large new consignment just received, price, per lb. 15c. to ..... 35c.

## W. O. WALLACE

CORNER YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

Phone 312 The Family Cash Grocery Phone 312

## THE JUNGLE DOCTOR.



THE JUNGLE DOCTOR.

Mr. Monk, of the Monksdown firm, cooled the burning brain of Mr. Gimble.

FREDDIE'S FISH

Keep still these kids, don't make a noise! I surely got a bite. I watch me pull a big fish out! It'll be a pretty sight.



ha, he's comin'! ee, how big! a summer shore; ut-land! what's that? fish at all! piece of old boat car!"



CONUNDRUMS.

are leaves like debutantes? coming out.

are boots like an ocean? arctic.

is a lady like a locomotive? drawing a train.

is a bogus wife like a sick person? as it is invalid.

is a lady's gown like a river? flowing.

## MADE OVER NURSERY RHYME.



diddle-diddle; he plays the fiddle; little Dan dances, you know, and he swings, his pigeon wings, as music now fast and now slow. TIM TURNIPS.

## Country House Tipping.

(Rochester Herald).

Potter Palmer, while entertaining national Civic Federation in Chicago, story about English country house

"know," she said, "how huge these houses are, how many servants must be reared—how, indeed, some people are refused to visit large country houses because they can't afford the ex-

penditure, there is a story in this line about Hanway.

Hanway was starting from the house of a duke, a string of servants to waylay him.

said one, "your overcoat." Hanway put on the overcoat and a man a sovereign.

or umbrella, sir," said another, taking the umbrella, Hanway put on another sovereign.

er hat, sir," said another, taking her sovereign.

your gloves," said Hanway, "you may have my gloves. They are not worth a sovereign."

the breaking into a house one night to find a man at the other end of the door. Taken aback, he said, "—does Herr Mayer live here?"

I can't tell you," said the other, the first time I have been here myself. Blue—"

concluding a visit to his nephew, a well, good-bye, my boy, and if you money let me hear from you."

"Thank you, uncle, I've got the reply written; you wouldn't like to with you, I suppose—Stegendorfer