

scept the bull fight I had seen on the evious Sunday, when I was suddenly rounded by fierce looking men and in few minutes I was being hurried down rocky path into some dark woods, where tall and dignified man, the chief of the bbers, was lying asleep. He was vakened by our coming and smiled dly at my poor little trembling self nd asked me my name, 'Carmen,' I exmed through my chattering teeth. Well, Carmencita, don't be frightened, nd perhaps I'll let you go home pretty I may tell you that this was he first time I was ever addressed as armencita'-little Carmen-the same as now call myself, so I was christened by

brigand I may say. "Well, I sat down and watched the obbers making omelets out of my fresh ggs and crunching my crisp enions, and now I wished every monthful would hoke them! After a while the chief oked to where I was crouching in a orner and called me to him and made ne drink a big tin eup full of wine and en he demanded to know where I had idden the money for my great-aunt's asses. I was dumfounded 'How do ou know that I have any money? I 'Oh, I know, little one. Let count the shining coins and see if there enough,' and motioning to one of the men of the band I was soon relieved f the treasure hidden in my bodice. I nplored him not to take it and told him ow sure would be the vengeance of the oly saints if he robbed them of their "Like most Spaniards the brigands ere truly religious, and I noticed that ny pleadings in the name of the church as having its effect on the other memers of the band, and then somebody bean playing a mandolin. For a few nutes everybody listened, and whether was the wine I drank or not. I don't now, but I began tapping the ground ith my feet and nodding in tune with 'Ah, you dance,' said the he aria. hief. 'Now come, little one, see if you an't earn back your mass money. "I sent up a silent prayer to the blessed irgin and followed the band to a smooth ece of grassy ground just beyond the Round this the robbers squatavern. ed, tailor fashion, except two of them ho stood at one side strumming guitars. danced, and the good saints must have spired every movement of my body, for on the entire band were clapping their ands and shouting "Bravo, Bravissima! or nearly an hour I continued until I last had to stop from exhaustion. But hen I had finished the robber chief liftme in his arms and kissed me and anded me back the purse with all the hass money unbouched. Then he told ne of his men to bring out my donkey, nd next he took off his hat and went ound among the band saying, 'now oys, let us pay Carmencita for the good reakfast she has brought us.' I heard clink of money falling into his hat. ad in a few minutes he came to me and old me to place my two hands like a ocket, and then he poured into my palms sum far larger than I should have reived from the priests for my farm pro-Then, with two more of his men e escorted me and my donkey nearly to he gates of the Escurial, and before he ft me gave me a small, curioasly bent ce of iron. 'This,' said he 'will save ou from all molestation in this part of pain if you ever have the fortune to eet any more gentlemen of my profes "I told my story to the fathers of the alace and a troop of dragoons was sent n pursuit, but I am glad to say that hey did not catch Antanazio (that Was he bandit chief's name). My uncle was uite content with the amount I brought im for the eggs and vegetables, and here was a few pieces over for me to end at the fair. The robber's piece of on I have still; it is in my trunk at the otel. I think it is my mascot.'

THE VICTORIA WEEKLY TIMES, FRIDAL, JUNE 22, 18: 4.

## KOREAN REVOLUTION.

the Capital Captured-The King Re ported To Have Fled. June 14.-A dispatch to the

Standard from Shanghai says: The ebels have captured Seoul, the capital of Japanese troops have landed to life and property.

shanghai, June 14.-The government apan has sent a large force of troops otect her interests in Korea. The of Korea is reported to have fied to se territory. ollowing are the latest mail ad-

eived from the Orient in connecth events in Korea: Tokio Asahi publishes a telegram

the time of Mr. Barlow's death in 1880, Osaka, dated Monday afternoon, effect that according to statements Mr. Dun had ceased to take any active interest in the association's affairs. Mr. officer of the steamer Kisogawa Dun had an equal interest with him in which arrived on Sunday, the 27th the Staten Island rapid transit scheme at Osaka from Korea, the prog-the Togaku party in Chulfado the jury to-morrow afternoon. en stopped. The government army, t strong, lost 200 men in one engage it and then retired. The Hangyang,

y when he dropped out of it.

esting character.

blow to this great industry. The sheep

raising and wool growing industry was

common to a greater or less extent to every state and territory. It was cer-

tain, he said, that the United States

could not compete in the production of

ng than for any other purpose.

nihilatory competition from Australia. Mr. Lodge characterized the proposi-

tion to place wool on the free list as "sel-

fish, unfair, purblind and short-sighted

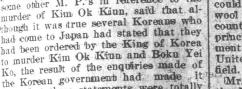
He was followed by Mr. Teller, wh

expressed his conviction that he might

to the last degree.'

the steamers which carried the roops from Chemulpo, was seized he insurgentis, who ran her ashore. he captain (Japanese) and the purser were seized. The Japanese (horean), while the proceeded to Nanwan for the protection of Japanese subjects in Seoul. The corvette Oshima was at Fusan. The stock of export commodities at Jinsen was very scarce, but the farmers in the undisturbed provnces have begun to dispose of their rice. A short time before this the charge d'affaires for Japan at Seoul had issued structions to the Japanese consuls at he various Korean ports to prevent any

apanese subjects proceeding for the purof trade or otherwise to the disturb-Mr. Mutsu, minister of foreign affairs, n replying to the question put to the overnmen't by. Mr. Suzuki Jubi and ome other M. P.'s in reference to the



clear that these statements were totally With reference to the case of Itsu Shoku, the Korean government held that his action in evading the execution of the royal decree, and taking re fuge in the dominions of a friendly naion were inexcusable. He is now undergoing trial in the courts, and it is im possible to say at present whether it will necessary for the Japanese government to take any further steps, after

the conclusion of his trial. Letters from Korea received in Shang hai state that the head of Kim Ok Kiun which was exposed at Seoul, has been Democratic majority to subject every farmer in the United States, whether he fed his sheep six months of the year as stolen, probably by one of the dead man's friends. His widow and daughter, who barely keep themselves alive by doing in Maine or allowed them to run all the laundry work during his exile, have been year round as in Texas, to such an an-

brought to Seoul and beheaded. His father, who has been blind for half a dozen years, has also been beheaded. A Chinaman, who has assumed the Japanese name of Nakamura Ichiro is reported to have arrived in Osaka a few days ago. A telegram from Osaka to the Tokyo papers stated that the China man in question is the editor of a Chi

as well speak to the northeast wind as nese paper of Shanghai, the Jirin Koho, named Yo Bon So. It is said that he o talk to Democratic senators on the subject of free wool. He said that the wool growers would understand that putstrongly criticized the action of the Tao tai of Shanghai in connection with the murder of Kim and that the Toatai at tempted to arrest him, but he concealed himself in the English settlement for a placate the woollen manufacturers. Mr. Hoare characterized the offer of time and then escaped to Japan. WIMAN'S TRIAL. but which they resented and Prisoner's Evidence-Profits Raised to WASHINGTON MASONS. Half a Million. The Grand Lodge Meets-Officers New York, June 14 .- Evidence for the Next Term. prosecution in the case of Erastus Wiman, accused of forgery in the secon Everett, June 14.-The grand lodge of degree, was all in when the court took Masons installed the following officers its noon recess to-day. The witnesses last night: examined were in the main to corrobor ate the evidence submitted yesterday, and no new points of consequence we scored. The letter from Wiman to Mr. Dun, making full confession of the forgery of E. W. Bullinger's name as endorser of two cheques was offered in evidence, to which the defence objected on ground that it was procured on a promise of indemniity. It was admitted. The counsel for Wiman entered excep tions. In stating the case for the defence Seneral Tracy took the position that as Mr. Wiman was a partner in the firm of R. G. Dun & Co. his actions were strictly legal, "if at times somewhat roundabout." General Tracy argued that each partner had the same rights and powers in the firm as had the combined firm. He was still on this line of argument when he court took a recess. Judge Ingraham ruled that it was im naterial whether Wiman was or was Olympia not a partner of Dun, but it was entirey clear that as between themselves it was not a partnership. The articles of association were upon their face merely an employment of Wiman, King and Jouglas as managers. All power of enorsement was expressly withheld from them, except the power to endorse for deposit cheques payable to the concern. Wiman had been allowed to endorse for other purposes, and to that extent the articles were virtually modified. The act of Wiman, however, as far as shown, was one which plainly brought it under the provisions of the statute relating to orgery, and was plainly an act which had no authority under the agreenent to perform. Mr. Boardman then began his op address for the defence, claiming Wiman was the head and front of the firm of , Wiman & Co. He conceded that Wiman had signed Bullinger's name to the two cheques and deposited them to his own account; he also conceded Wi man's indebtedness to that firm. The letter of confession was admitted to show the relations of Wiman towards Dun. concern made more than \$1000 a day Dun, who never bothered himself about its affairs, but let Wiman do, Mr Boardman dillated upon what he alled the extraordinary character of prosecution in the case. The proseon of Wiman dates back to the year 1866.when Wiman came to take the management of the New York office at

earnest wish of Dun.

BRITISH ESTATE DUTIES. bought enormous supplies for that plant, and how, soon afterwards, he was taken into the association. He added that he had compiled the reference book contain-The Imperial Parliament Debates This and Other Questions.

ing more than a million names and had created many new features. "The agency at that time was on

London, June 14.-The house cf com mons debated this evening the estates duties, as proposed in the budget. Sir G. Baden-Powell, Conservative for the mercantile spy system," added Mr. Wi-man, "but I abolished many objectional ble features and raised the tone of the Kirkdale division of Liverpool, moved an amendment to the effect that in case of During his time of the management of property held abroad the amount of any the firm the firm's profits increased from nothing at first to \$50,000, then to \$100,leath duties paid in the country in which the property was situated should be de-000, then to \$250,000, and by successive ducted from the duties payable in Great jumps to half a million, which, in round Britain; this arrangement to be effective, numbers, was the net profits of the agen however, only with such countries as make similar exemptions in the convers Mr. Wiman went on to say that from

case. Sir George rebutted Sir William Harcourt's contention that taxing pro-perty held in the colonies did not interfere with autonomous rights of the colonies. He argued that such taxation of 1880. The case will probably go to was likely to cause friction end eventu-

ally retaliation. Robert T. Reid, solicitor-general for Scotland, defended the budget on the part of the government. FREE WOOL. He said that Sir William Harcourt, Remarkable Utterances of Certain Am chancellor of the exchequer, was about to confer with the colonial agents "onerican Representatives in Congress.

cerning the estate duties and he appealed to the house not to press the matter any Washington, June 14 .- No progress further at present. The question was a was made in the senate to-day on the mixed one of both law and expediency. woollen schedule of the tariff bill. The and would be better discussed after the discussion in the early part of the day conference. was kept closely confined to the question Rt. Hon. Henry Fowler, secretary

actually before the senate, whether raw state for India, said he did not doubt wool shall be placed on the free list or that the chancellor of the exchequer and on the dutiable list, and was of an interthe colonial agents would reach an agreement. At all events the question brought Mr. Sherman said that free wool was up by the hon, member for Liverpool the culminating atrocity of this bill. He could be discussed fully in the report appealed to the Democrats to put aside stage. The proposed amendment was then politics and put aside this destructive

withdrawn.

## AN AWFUL PROSPECT.

Horde of Soupes Going to Hold Up San Francisco.

wool with Australia, Argentine and other New York, June 13 .- Manager Haycountries where sheep raising was the principal industry. Unless some governman is to make another attack upon the intelligence of the people of San Francisment aid was given the farmers of the co. He is to send out on Monday Harri-United States they must abandon the gan's company to tour the coast with a lot of understudies in the principal char-caters. When "Reilly and the 400" opens Mr. Mitchell of Oregon argued that the Pacific coast would be more injuri-ously affected by free wool than any at the California next week, ballet girls, stage carpenters, song and dance men, and amateurs will undertake to play the other part of the country. Free wool ment absolute destruction to the wool parts taken in the east by such artists growing industry of Oregon, an industry as Mrs. Annie Yeamans, John Wild, Ada Lewis, R. J. Ratcliffe, Richard which had grown to be of vast importance to the state. A large portion of Quilter and a half dozen others. Oregon was more useful for sheep rais-Harrigan's company without Mrs. Yea-

mans is like a violin solo without the Mr. Frye declared that Australia could fiddle. It was she who made the artisproduce wool enough to supply the entire tic hit during Harrigan's previous visits onsumption of the United States. Austo the coast. John Wild is also a great tralian wool, he said, could be laid down favorite, and both of these will be missin New York for five cents a pound, yet ed more than would Hawigan himself, was the deliberate intention of the as clever as he is.

The cause of this great exodus in Harrigan's company is said to be on account of Mr. Hayman's terms with the company. The arrangements were such that the prominent players were subjected to a reduction of one-third salary, and they would not consent to this. About twelve prominent members of the company will not go to San Francisco.

AN EMPEROR'S SON. Strange Experiences of a Prince of the

Hapsburg Line.

New York, June 13 .- A complaint was ting wool on the free list was an attempt. New York, June 13.—A complaint was on the part of the Democratic party to made at sanitary headquarters a few fifty-five minutes, made September 28 days ago that No. 236 East Fourth street of last year over the shorter northerly basement was being used for lodging pur- route.

as the apple of Sodom held to their lips, poses in violation of the law. Major Yokohama, June 14-A fire at Yama-Bullard, chief of the sanitary police, gata, province of Usen, has destroyed

in

Monday morning and had been in it but AFFAIRS OF a few moments when, to the astonished bystander who asked, "Where is the drinking can?" the woman answered "It has fallen into the well." Her com

panion says she felt fit to fall in herself so great was her surprise. During the remainder of her stay in Holywell she talked almost all day. Whether this will improve her chance of marriage St. Wine-Whether this will fride gave no information .- London Telegraph

DEATH OF A BISHOP

Anthur Charles Hervey, Son of the Marquis of Bristol.

London, June 13 .- The Right Rev. Lord Charles Arthur Hervey, bishop of Bath and Wells, died to-day. He was fourth son of Frederick William, fifth Earl and first Marquis of Bristol, and incle to the present marquis. He was

born 'August 20, 1808, and educated at Eton and at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he procured M. A. in 1830, being placed sixth in the first class of classics. Having held a country curacy for a year, in 1832 he was appointed rector of Ickworth, Suffolk, a living in the gift of his father, to which was added in 1833 the adjacent living of Horningsheath, in the same patronage. In 1862 he was promoted to the archdeaconry of Sudbury, and in November, 1869, he was nominated by the crown, on the recommendation of Mr. Gladstone, to the bishopric of Bath and Wells, vacant by the resigna-tion of Lord Aucland. He was conse-crated on December 21st in Westminster Albbey. He is the author of many sermons and treatises on religious subjects and open letters addressed to influentia

At one time he opposed the high men. church party. He married in 1839 Pa-tience, daughter of John Singleton.

## GENERAL NEWS

Dispatches by Cable From All Parts of the World.

Naples, June 14 .- The rumor is current that the Duke of Orleans, the eldest son of the Count de Paris, is betrothed to the Princess Henrietta of Flanders, eld est daughter of the Count of Flanders. London, June 14 .- Lord Chief Justice Coleridge died to-day. He had beenfailing for several weeks and had been in a dy ing condition for two weeks. He was son of John T. Coleridge and was born in 1821. He was called to the bar in 1846, was in parliament from 1864 to 1873 as a Liberal, became chief justice of the Court of Common Pleas in 1873 and chief justice of England in 1880. Colon, June 14.-Reports of the conflagration at Panama have been grossly exaggerated. Only 150 cheap buildings were burned. Instead of a loss of \$500, 000 it is estimated at \$350,000.

City of Mexico, June 14 .- The secreta ry of war charges fifty prominent offi-cials in his department with wilfully destroying documents to conceal serious offences, the nature of which were not made public.

Peking, June 14.-The rebellion in Co rea is subsiding.

Southampton, June 14.-The Ham burg-American line steamer Normannia, which sailed from New York on June 7 made the trip in six days and twelve hours, which is the best time on record over the long course. The record of the Furst Bismarck from New York to

blamed the architect.

Atty.-General Davie Says S. S. Yates is Entitled to His Seat on the Board.

THE SCHOOLS.

Two Letters on the Incomplete State of the New North Ward Building.

The board of school trustees met at the city hall last evening and disposed of a large amount of business. Chairman Hayward presided, and Trustees Mar-

chant, Glover, Saunders and Lovell were present The following letter from the attorney. general dealing with the standing of J Stuart Yates was read:

Vcitoria, June 9, 1894. Secretary School Trustees: Sir,-Replying to your two letters of April 12 and June 7, and to the question which you ask whether the term "actual resident" employed in the second line of section two of the public school act amendment act, 1894, can be applied to James Stuart Yates, who is a member of your board, and who resides some three hundred yards outside the limits of Victoria, but has his place of business withn the city limits. He is also a property holder within the city and his name appears upon the list of voters for mayor of the city. I beg to confirm the opinion which I already gave verbally to a deputation of your board, and to state that in my opinion Mr. Yates is fully within the definition of actual resident contained in the enactment referred to. THEODORE DAVIE,

Attorney-General Trustee Lovell said he was glad to Mr. Yates would now resume his seat at the board. He moved that the letter be received, spread on the minutes and a copy sent to Mr. Yates. It was so

voted. The following letter from A. B. Mac-Neil was read, as was the one following it:

Victoria, June 13, 1894.

Board of Trustees: Gentlemen,-Having visited the North ward school, I find the absence of a number of conveniences which I believe are mecessary to the well being of teachers and pupils. First, there is no provis-ion for drinking water made except in the basement. It will be necessary to have a tap and waste pipe at each end of the building on the second flat and in the basement. I think it wise to have wash bowls in the basement. Second, there are no conveniences for hanging maps. Third, on accout of the smallness of the windows the rooms and halls are very dark, especially so on cloudy days. This defect could be somewhat

relieved by whitening the walls. Fourth, in each cloak room shelving on one side would be very convenient for lanch bas- Government, Pandora, Blanchard, Chatkets, etc. Hoping the above wants will ham, Cook and Bay streets, the Cedar be attended to, I am Yours respectfully.

ANGUS B. MCNEILL. Victoria, June 13, 1894.

Secretary School Board: Dear Sir,-I wish to suggest to your board the desirability of placing a basin in the principal's room and in each of the teachers' rooms in the North ward school building.

Yours faithfully. C. J. SOULE. Trustee Saunders said he was surprised to hear that the water had not cised to hear that the water had and The board considered a large number of applications for the position of janitor,

Trustee Lovell said that he regarded and after repeated ballots appointed Ed. contract as unfilled.

tered an appearance for the board in the suit of the Globe Furniture Co. Trustees Marchant and Saunders said

17

Mr. Muirhead had said that there was every prospect of the suit being settled. The supply committee wrote favoring the covering of pipes in the schools with mineral wool or asbestos, providing the funds are available. The report was adopted and the matter was left in the hands of Trustees Glover, Lovell and the chairman, who have power to act and will call for tenders.

A number of applications for positions as teachers, for promotions, and also for janitorial places were received and laid on the table.

Trustee Marchant moved that the children of the city be granted permission to play on the upper portion of the grounds of the Central school between the hours of 4 and 9 o'clock in the evening during the summer months. He explained that there was a resident janitor and the chief of police had primised to detail an officer for duty there. The motion carried. On motion of Trustee Marchant it was decided that when the old schools are abandoned all the old desks be taken out and held as a reserve to replace the stock of the other schools from time to

Trustee Marchant moved that a committee be appointed to see if another room can be procured in Victoria West to relieve the pressure there.

Trustee Lovell seconded and it was carried. The mover and seconder were made a committee.

Trustee Lovell moved, seconded by Trustee Saunders, that the supply committee be instructed to look into the matter of securing a supply of wood for use

next winter. Carried. Trustees Glover and Lovell, the com-mittee appointed to look into the matter of the quarrel between the janitor and hear the letter read, and hoped that a teacher at Victoria West, and the fail ure of the janitor to do his duty, reported. They gravely reported that the quarrel was a private one and one that the board could not settle. They also found that there was an unusual length of stove pipe to be cleaned, and the janitor should have \$1 a month more. He was, however, condemned.

Trustee Marchant said something that sounded like "whitewash." He criticized He criticized the report and the framers of it defended it. Trustee Marchant said the other janitors should have their salaries raised. The report was finally adopted, with the understanding that the Spring Ridge janitor should get an extra dollar as well.

In committee of the whole with closed doors the report of Chairman Lovell of the boundary committee was discussed. The boundaries were decided upon as follows:

Victoria West ward-The whole of the city on the west side of the harbor and arm.

North Ward-All the district lying north of the following: Commencing at the water along the centre of Johnson, Hill road to the south boundary of Oakland estate; thence east to the city boundary.

South Ward-All the district lying south, commencing at the custom house, along the centre of Wharf, Humboldt, Maclure, Collinson, Franklyn and Cook streets, southward to the sea. Central Ward-All the portion of the

city between the north and south wards to the city boundary eastward. All the children of school age living in these districts will be required to attend

their district school.

mond Collis to be janitor of the south ward school and Joseph Robertson, for

The soldiers of the new sultan of Moreco are pillaging villages. A French urier has been attacked and wounded. The British gunboat Bramble has arived at Tangier.

government style him as suh. Grand 'Master, Joseph M. Taylor, Seat-Franz Stanislau Ritter Von Hrubizele; Deputy Grand Master, William W. Witherspoon, Spokane; Senior Grand Warden, Yancy C. Blalock, Walla Walleni. "I was born," said he, "in 1849 la; Junior Grand Warden, Archibald W. Maximilian, Emperor of Mexico, and son Frater, Snohomish; Grand Treasurer, of Archduke Karl of Austria and brother Benjamin Harned, Olympia; Grand Secof the present emperor. My mother was etary, Thomas M. Reed, Olympia; Grand Chaplain, Rev. Harrison W. Eagan, Walla Walla; Grand Lecturer, John W. estates at Koeniggratz. She was one of the court ladies at the court of Arch-Hugden, Waitsburg; Grand Orator, W. H. Upton, Walla Walla; Grand Marshal, duke Karl at Vienna. There my father, George D. Shaver, Tacoma; Senior Grand Deacon, W. H. Seeman, Puyallup; Junior Grand Deacon, L. L. More, Seattle: Grand Standard Bearer, A. P. Tassett, Spokane; Grand Sword Bearer, J. E. Frost, Ellensburg; Grand Bible Bearer, E. Blackman, Snohomish; Grand Steward, Wesley O. Stone, Ohei ey; Junior Grand Steward, William A. Lathrop, Spokane: Grand Tyler, William H. Maxwell, Shelton. The next annual session will be held in SALUTARY SHOWERS. The Gentle Rain Descends in Time to Do Crops Good. Fargo, N. D., June 14 .- A gentle rain s falling over Northern Minmesota and North Dakota to-night. The grain had begun to suffer seriously from the three weeks' drought and intense heat. and coal. Aberdeen, N. D., June 14 .- The proonged drought which threatened the entire destruction of the crops of this section was broken early to-day by a series of heavy rains, which have covered the country for miles in every direction. Pierre, S. D., June 14.-A big rain vie ted this section of the state last evening, breaking the drought which had lasted for a month. A few more days' hot weather would have destroyed the crops Coxevites Drowned. Denver, June 13.-The number names of the Coxeyites drowned while trying to navigate the Platte river will never be known. Five bodies have been found. Two were identified as Charles Duplessis of Denver and John P. Mc-Quown of Utah. Coroner Martin, from the stories he has heard, thinks possibly 16 were drowned. Carter's army is badly disorganized. How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture. Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrap-pers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sconer Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost ic postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address care-fully. The defendant took the stand and gave sketch of his career in Canada; said came to New York in 1866 to take management of the New York branch solicitation of Mr. Dun. Wiman went on to describe how suggested the establishment of the irm's priniting establishment; how he

Maximilian, met her. After I was born my father wanted to marry the woman, but the Archduke Karl was opposed to Maximilian making my mother his wife and subsequently my father married Princess Charlotte of Belgium, afterwards Empress of Mexico. "I was sixteen years old when my fa ther, Maximilian signed away his rights to the throne of Austria and became ruler of the empire of Mexico. I accompanied my father and his wife, Princes Charlotte to Mexico. Maximilian was there placed on the imperial throne. I was there when the monarchy was overthrown and my father was shot. "I was made a prisoner, but was re leased several months later, and then J went back to Austria. My father being dead, no one recognized me. I became a commercial traveller, and followed this vocation for twelve years." He travelled around this country unit his money was all gone, and now he has to eke out an existence by peddling wood

THE DUMB SPEAKS.

A Miracle of St. Winefride's Well i North Wales.

Any of our numerous metropolitan re alistic novelists who wish to be beforehand with M. Zola and his new romance about the miracles of Lourdes had better run down to St. Winefride's well in North Wales, where they will find that in the matter of cures England is not to 205,647.64. The amounts received are be beaten by any continental marve's as follows, the first item on the list being The place is in a state of great excitement over a dumb woman, who has re-

ing in the fountain. She is a Preston houses, \$16,500; merchants, \$50,000; new girl, and she berself and her frien ls vouch for the fact that after three at- tal income, \$15,205,647.64. tacks of influenza she, in 1892 completely lost the power of speech. She tried tragedy to-night startled Cramer Hill, a many doctors and spent over £20 in following their prescriptions which for a Bavarian, 50 years old, cut the throats mill girl, is a large enough sum. At of his wife Rosina and three children, the Preston Infirmary she was treated twin boys aged five years and a month daily for six weeks with the electric bat- old infant. He then deliberately hanged tery, the current being applied to her himself. The crime must have been comface, mouth, tongue and teeth, but the mitted between 6 a.m. yesterday and

Well.

reatment had to be given up as useless the same hour this morning, but it was n December. What the doctor and bat- not discovered by the neighbors until tery could not do was done instantan- this evening. Kauffman is thought eously by the water of St. Winefride's have committed the deed out of sheer de-She entered the bath early on spondency.

twelve hundred houses. Thirteen people sent one of his inspectors to investigate lost their lives during the conflagration. the complaint. The tenant proved to be, Berlin, June 14 .- The Cologne Gazette as he says, an Austrian noble, none othyesterday published a dispatch from Coner than the natural son of Maximilian, stantinople that the Khedive of Egypt Emperor of Mexico, and a brother to has abandoned his proposed tour of Eurthe present Emperor Franz Joseph of ope, owing to pressure brought to bear Austria. That he is a knight of the Ausupon him by the sultan, and instead will trian empire there can be no question, for official passports he bears from the pay a visit to Constantinople. London, June 13 .- The telegraph wire He is specially run to announce to the officials

at Whitehall to attend at White iodge, to the new building, as that is not yet Richmond Park, at the accouchment of taken over. It might nullify the con-Koeniggratz, Behemia. My father was the Duchess of York, wife of the heir tract. The latter very strongly opposed granting the use of any building for compresumptive of the throne, was cut three mittee meetings, but believed that both times on Sunday and Monday at Richmond. Dr. John Williams, of London parties should be allowed the use of school buildings for public meetings. the daughter of a nobleman who owned has been in attendance upon her royal highness since yesterday.

Bangkok, June 13 .- A serious dead lock has arisen betwen the French and to deal with. It was finally voted to give the Vic-The latter refuse to produce Siamese. Phrayot before the tribunal for judgtoria Political Organization permission to hold public pollitical meetings in the ment to-day in order to prevent French from seizing and conveying him old ward schools, but not committee meetto one of their gunboats. The French inings. An estimate of \$148 for extras at the sist on his production and fheir attitude is mentacing. Prince Devawongse left here to-day to consult with the king. The tribunal is dissolved.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

> should be inflicted on the boys. Valejo, June 14 .- The officers of the United States steamer Marion report an uneventful trip from Japan. They left punishment. Yokohama April 10 and Honolulu May 24. After a week's stay there they arrived here June 12, sailing all the way. During the first ten days out heavy whipping. blows were encountered, but not such as not whipping machines. to endanger the ship. While the ship was at Hanckow, six hundred miles up the river, Joseph Burns, a fireman, wandered outside the treaty limits of the town, and it is presumed was killed by the natives. The body was found the next day. An autopsy showed death to have been caused by clubbing. New York, June 14 .- An afternoon pa-

the law. He strongly condemned the per, supposed heretofore to be favorable practice of boys writing obscene words to Tammany Hall, figures on the basis of on walls, fences and blackboards. testimony already presented to the Sex-Trustee Lovell agreed with him as ow committee the amounts received by the datter. the police department annually is \$15,-Trustee Glover said if these boys were incorrigible they should go to the relegitimate: From the city for salaries, formatory. A select committee, consisting of the chairman and Trustee Lovell was named etc., \$5,139,147,64: disorderly houses covered her power of speech after bath- \$8,120,000; saloons, \$1,820,000; gambling to see the parents and seek some settlement of the matter. members of the force, \$60,000; grand to-It was decided to have the closing ex-

amination this year in the South ward Camden, N. J., June 14 .- A quintuple building. Principal Netherby wrote saying that suburb of this city. John Kauffman, he was unable to find the boy complain-ed of by Ald. Ledingham of having thrown a rock at a Chinaman, causing his horse to run away. The May report on the attendance was as follows: Average daily attendance, 1702.57; average actual attendance 1681.27; pupils actually attending, 1948; average per teacher, 47. It was accept-

Trustee Marchant strongly condemned the north ward. They will begin their the showing made by the two letters. duties on July 1. The board sat till af-His motion to refer to the supply comter midnight considering changes in the mittee and chairman, with power to act, was carried.

extra work found necessary done.

teaching staff necessitated by the new schools, and finally adjourned to meet R. F. Tolmie, secretary, wrote asking again this evening at eight o'clock. for the use of the North ward school building for committee meetings.

MEXICO INVITES CHINESE. Chairman Hayward and Trustees Lovell and Marchant believed that the re-

An Important Treaty Arranged-No Request could not be granted if it referred striction of Any Kind.

San Francisco, June 14 .- Lai Yung You, late Chinese consul-general at this city, is in receipt from the Tsung Li Yamen, of the foreign office of the Emperor of China, a notice of his appointment as ambassador, with full powers to ratify Trustees Saunders and Glover said the treaty between China and the United they had but one application before them Mexican States. Upon the arrival of the representative of the Chinese minister, Yung Yue, who is to accompany the party, the ambassador and his suit will proceed to the City of Mexico. This is expected to occur during the next ten days.

The treaty in question was prepared South ward school was referred to the by a San Francisco lawyer and has alsupply committee and chairman. Trusready been submitted to both powers. tee Saunders suggested that the flags and It is now certain that the ratification of bells be bought, and on his motion the the treaty by both nations is only a matcommittee was empowered to have any ter of form, and within a short time it will be in full force and effect. It is Principal Hawkey wrote giving the deunderstood that Lai Yung You, who will tails of the recent robbery at his school. negotiate the treaty, will, upon its ratifi-He believed that some punishment cation, receive the appointment of minis ter to Mexico, and will also enter upon Trustee Lovell said that he believed the duties of his office, making his head the parents should administer the proper quarters at the Mexican capital. It is for this purpose that he has remained The chairman said he regretted to in this country since the arrival of his have boys of any such age brought up successor, Cheung, the present consulin court. He favored a good, practical general at this port.

The treaty provides that the Chinese residents of Mexico shall have the right Trustee Lovell said the steachers were of becoming naturalized citizens, with all Trustee Marchant said he came from the rights which belong to the native citia district infested by hoodlum boys, and zens.

was strongly in favor of administering There will be no laws of registration or severe punishment. There were certain exclusion of Chinese laborers, but on the things which they could not condone, contrary the doors are to be thrown open and he believed that in this instance it and a cordial welcome extended to the was their duty to see that punishment Mongolians to come and go as their busiwas administered by parent, teacher or ness or pleasure may require.

In all matters of commerce, the Chinese will be permitted to enjoy the same privileges granted to all other foreign nations, in fact in all things they are to be treated alike.

As a return for all these favors to be enjoyed by the Chinese who settle in Mexico the Chinese government will extend the same privileges and courtesies to the citizens of Mexico, who may go o China or engage in commerce in that The treaty is liberal in every country. respect and no favored nation could ask for more.

It is reported that the adoption of the treaty will result in a large exodus from San Francisco's Chinatown to Mexico, and that Chinese of this city and China are already organizing and preparing to take advantage of their opportunities in Mexico. There is talk of an Asiatic steamship line from Mexico.

Malaria is one of the most insidious of health destroyers. Hood's Sarsaparilla counteracts its deadly poison and builds up the system.

The secretary reported that he had en-