

ARTICLE III

General Definitions

1. In this Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) (i) the term "Canada" used in a geographical sense, means the territory of Canada, including any area outside the territorial waters of Canada which under the laws of Canada is an area within which the rights of Canada with respect to the sea-bed and sub-soil and their natural resources may be exercised;
- (ii) the term "Jamaica" means the island of Jamaica, the Morant Cays, the Pedro Cays and their Dependencies; and when used in a geographical sense the term "Jamaica" includes the territorial waters thereof including any area outside such territorial waters which in accordance with the laws of Jamaica is an area within which the rights of Jamaica with respect to the sea-bed and sub-soil and their natural resources may be exercised;
- (b) the terms "a Contracting State" and "the other Contracting State" mean Canada or Jamaica, as the context requires;
- (c) the term "person" includes an individual, an estate, a trust, a company, a partnership and any other body of persons;
- (d) the term "company" means any body corporate or any other entity which is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes; in French, the term "société" also means a "corporation" within the meaning of Canadian law;
- (e) the terms "enterprise of a Contracting State" and "enterprise of the other Contracting State" mean respectively an enterprise carried on by a resident of a Contracting State and an enterprise carried on by a resident of the other Contracting State;
- (f) the term "competent authority" means:
 - (i) in the case of Canada, the Minister of National Revenue or his authorized representative;
 - (ii) in the case of Jamaica, the Minister responsible for Finance or his authorized representative;
- (g) the term "tax" means Canadian tax or Jamaican tax, as the context requires;
- (h) the term "national" means:
 - (i) any individual possessing the nationality of a Contracting State;
 - (ii) any legal person, partnership or association deriving its status as such from the law in force in a Contracting State;
- (i) the term "international traffic" includes traffic between places in one country in the course of a voyage which extends over more than one country;
- (j) the term "member country of the Caribbean Common Market" means Antigua, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Montserrat, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and Trinidad and Tobago and such other countries as may be admitted to membership of the