12'.

134.

14'.

287:25

292.53

288.25

and published in the "Philosophical Transactions" for that year. The results of those experiments give what is called the relative volume of steam; that is, the ratio which its volume bears to that of an equal weight of water at the temperature of greatest density, 39°.1 Fah.; but in the following table of comparison, each of those relative volumes is divided by 62·425, the weight of a cubic foot of water at 39°.1 in lbs., so as to give the volume of one lb. of steam in cubic fect. The numbers of the experiments are the same as in the original paper; those made at temperatures below 212° being numbered from 1 to 9, and those made at temperatures above 212° from 1' to 14'.

Volume of 1 lb. of Steam in

7:340

6.938

7.201

		Ouole Feet.			
No. of Ex- periment.	Temperature Fahrenheit.	Ey Thory.	By exper.		
1.	136.77	132.20^{-3}	$132\ 60$		
2.	155.33	85.10	85.44		
3.	159.36	77.64	78.86		
4.	170.92	60.16	59~62		
5.	171.48	59.43	59.51		
6.	174.92	5 5·18	55.07		
7.	182.30	47.28	48.87		
8.	188.30	41.81	42.03		
9.	197.78	$33\ 94$	34.43		
1.4	0.10.00	17.01	15.11		
1′.	242 90	15 61	15.11		
27.	244.82	14:77	14.55		
3'.	245.22	14·ú7	14.30		
4'.	255.50	12.39	$12\ 17$		
5′.	$263 \cdot 14$	10.96	10.40		
6′.	567·21	10.29	10.18		
7'.	269.20	9.977	9.703		
8′.	274.76	9.158	9·36 L		
9'.	273.30	9.367	8.702		
10'.	$279 \cdot 42$	8.539	8 249		
11'.	282.58	8.145	7.964		
	307.05	₩ 200	■ 0.10		

DISCHARGE OF WATER OVER WEIRS.

7 603

7.041

7.494

Table,—containing the Quantities of Water, in cubic feel, that will be discharged over a Weir per minute for every inch in its breadth, when the depth of the Water from the surface to the top edge of the wasteboard do not exceed eighten inches.

Depth of the Wa- ter in inches.	Cubic feet per minute, accord- ing to Du Euat's formula.	Cubic feet per minute, according to experiments made in Scothard	Depth of the Wa- ter in inches.	Cubic feet rec minute, according to Du Erau's formula.	Cabic feet per minute, according to experiments made in Scotland
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	0·403 1·1·10 2·095 3·225 4·507 5·925 7·466 9·122 11·884	0·428 1 211 2·226 3·427 4·789 6·295 7·933 9·692 10·564	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	12·748 14·707 16·758 18·895 21·117 23·419 24·800 28·258 30·786	13·535 15·632 17·805 20·076 22·437 24·883 27·413 30·024 32·710

NUMBER OF PLANTS TO THE ACRE.

The following table shows the number of plants to the acre, at any of the distances mentioned:

Dist. Apart. 2	No. of Plants.	Dist. Ap:	ırt.	No. of Plants	3,
l foot	. 43,560			1,742	
11 "	19,360	6	"	1,210	
2 ",		9	"	537	
21 "		12	"	362	
	4,840	15	"	193	
	2,722		"		

Statistical Information.

Exports and Imports of Canada.

The Canadian Quarterly Review furnishes a table of imports and exports of Canada for the last 14½ years, differing very slightly from the tables we furnished in the last No. of the Journal. Our estimate of the annual average excess of imports over exports for the last 14 years was nearly \$9-000,000; the Review gives it for 14½ years at an annual average of \$8,623,162. It concludes with the following summary:

"The above table of imports and exports shows, first, that for the first 6 months of 1864, after adding to the exports \$750,000 for short returns, we have imported \$11,148,280 more than we have exported. Second, that we have in 14½ years bought \$125,035,879 more than we have sold. That the interest that would accrue on those over-importations at the rate of 6 per cent, paid annually would be \$48,100,331. Of those over-importations we have paid the Americans \$36,611,388 in gold, moreover, we have paid them in lumber and timber, which is the same as gold to us, \$14,000,000, in round numbers, making \$50,000,000 for products we could, and would, with sound legislation have produced ourselves."

The Largest English Farm.

The largest farm in England consists of three thousand acres, and belongs to a man with the Yankee name of Samuel Jones. In its cultivation he follows the "four course" system, the whole extent of the farm being divided into four great crops—750 acres to wheat, 750 to barley and oats, 750 to seeds beans, peas etc., and 750 to roots. His live stock is valued as follows: Sheep, \$35,000; horses, \$15,000; bullocks, \$12,000; pigs, \$2,500. The oil cake purchased annually amounts to \$20,000 and artificial fertilizers about \$8,000. The entire cost of manure, in various forms used, annually costs about \$25,000. Sheep are claimed to be the most profitable stock he keeps, from which he realizes about \$20,000 a year. His income from the whole farm, though not stated can be little less than \$50,000 per annum.—Germantown Telegraph.

Grand Trunk Railway.

This is said to be the largest railway in the world, extending from Portland to Quebec and the river Du Loup, east, to Sarnia, at the foot of Lake