

important deductions which the doctor made were that it produces fatal results at all ages in about the same degree, that contagion might be transmitted through milk, but that in the great majority of cases it is contracted through the respiratory organs.

The report concluded with suggestions for the prevention of the spread of the disease, including isolation of suspected cases, ventilation of stables, rigid quarantine, and also gave the methods employed in different countries to check the progress of the disease. Dr. Bryce then read a full account of the experiments conducted on the animals slaughtered at the Ontario Agricultural College, owing to the recent outbreak of tuberculosis among the cattle there.

The discussion on this report was begun at the morning session on the 17th inst., and continued at the afternoon session. Finally the report was amended in some details, adopted and ordered to be printed.

Regulations to prevent the spread of scarlet fever were also adopted by the Board. The principal novel feature introduced was that the bodies of persons dying of this disease were to be interred in some cemetery in the municipality in which they died, transportation of the bodies being forbidden.

The Government will be asked to give force of law to these regulations, and also to renew the cholera regulations of 1893.

The Board then adjourned.

Book Notices.

Electro-Therapeutical Catalogue of The McIntosh Battery and Optical Company, Chicago.

The sixteenth or latest edition of this catalogue would seem to indicate that the business for which it is the index has just

reached the interesting age of "sweet sixteen"; such, however, is not the case, as it embodies the accumulated work and experience of a *quarter of a century*, having only been issued yearly since the rapid advance of electricity in medicine. It contains 200 pages, and besides the many illustrations of "up to date" electrical apparatus for physicians' use, it abounds in standard articles from the pens of the most eminent electro-therapeutists in the world.

It is evident that the profession think it a good thing, as each edition is now said to reach the number of 70,000 copies.

By mentioning this journal, the catalogue will be sent to physicians upon application *without charge*, and we should advise every one of our readers to have a copy sent them.

A System of Genito-Urinary Diseases, Syphilis and Dermatology. By various authors. Edited by PRINCE A. MORROW, A.M., M.D., Clinical Professor of Genito-Urinary Diseases, formerly lecturer on Dermatology in the University of the city of New York, Surgeon to Charity Hospital, etc. With illustrations. In 3 vols. Vol. II., Syphilis. New York: D. Appleton & Co.

This superb volume on Syphilis is before us. It is the second volume of the system on genito-urinary, syphilitic and cutaneous affections. A glance at the contents shows at once that nothing has been overlooked or omitted. Everything, from the history of the disease to its treatment, is fully and ably handled by gentlemen highly competent for the task that has been assigned them by the editor. A glance at the names is sufficient guarantee for the contents of the volume. Drs. Hyde, Fordyce, Bulkley, Bronson, Zeisler, Morrow, Alexander, Allen, Hartley, Townsend, Mackenzie, Councilman, Tuttle, Fuller, Sachs, Bullard, Bull, Green, Sturgis, Klotz, J. William White, Arm-