

of the soldiers broke through the restraints of discipline: they increased their pace to a run, rushing over the dead and dying, and sweeping the living enemy from their path.

COMPOSITION.

Examiners: John Seath, B.A.; J. E. Hodgson, M.A.

NOTE.—Candidates will take question 1 and either question 2 or question 3. A maximum of five marks may be added for neatness.

1 (a) Write a letter to a school-fellow, giving an account of some adventure which you may have had yourself, or which you may have read about.

(b) Write out the address for your letter within a ruled space the size of an ordinary envelope. [50]

2. Give, in your own words, an account of the Capture of Quebec. [50]

3. Write an account of the last visit you may have paid to a provincial, county, or township fair. [50]

GEOGRAPHY.

Examiners: Isaac Day, Ph.B.; J. E. Hodgson, M.A.

NOTE.—Only five questions are to be attempted. A maximum of five marks may be allowed for neatness.

1. (a) When are the days and nights of equal length, and when are the former at their greatest length in the Northern Hemisphere? Tell why the days and nights are not always of the same length. [9]

(b) Of what use are the meridian lines; and lines of latitude? [4]

(c) Which is the most important meridian line; and which, the most important line of latitude? [2]

2. Tell what you know of Ontario, under the following heads: its mountains, its rivers, its lakes, and its mineral areas. [15]

3. To what countries does Canada send her surplus flour, peas, barley, eggs, horses, pigs, lumber and salt? Whence does she get her molasses, wine, silks, oysters, oranges, bananas, and cotton? [15]

4. Draw a map of the Great Lakes, showing how they are connected; on the map note the position of Kingston, Toronto,

Oswego, Buffalo, Sarnia, Port Arthur, Chicago, and Duluth. [15]

5. Give the position of each of the following cities, and state why each is so important in the commerce of the world: London, New Orleans, Liverpool, Nottingham, Manchester, Sheffield, Glasgow, Paisley, Belfast, and Londonderry. [15]

6. Where and what are the following noted for: Toulon, The Hague, Ebro, Saxony, Riga, Odessa, Hong Kong, Sumatra, Sunda, Madras, Altai, Verde, Madeira, Orinoco, Lima.

HISTORY.

NOTE.—Candidates will take any four questions in section A, and any two in section B. A maximum of five marks may be added for neatness.

A.

1. Give an account of any two of the following:—

(a) The Feudal System. (b) The Great Charter. (c) The Petition of Right. (d) The Execution of Charles I. (e) The Act of Settlement, 1701. [12]

2. Narrate briefly the career of any three of the following:—

(a) Mary, Queen of Scots. (b) Sir Thomas Wentworth. (c) John Hampden. (d) The Duke of Monmouth. (e) Lord Nelson. (f) Sir Robert Peel. [12]

3. State the causes and the general results of the Crimean War, mentioning the principal engagements. [12]

4. Give an account of—

(a) The South Sea Bubble, 1720. (b) The Repeal of the Corn Laws, 1846. [12]

5. Give an account of the Battle of Waterloo, the causes which lead to it, and the effect on Great Britain. [12]

6. Define heir-apparent and heir-presumptive. How will the death of the late Duke of Clarence affect the succession? Contrast the right of heirship to the throne of Great Britain now with that claimed by the Stuarts. [12]

B.

7. Give an account of the Capture of Quebec. By what treaty and at what time was Britain's authority over Canada confirmed? What portions of North America