Th Court opened at 9.30 on Tuesday morning. Upon calling F. A. Robertson to the witness stand, His Lordship stated that he thought it improper any longer to proceed to take evidence upon the charge of general bribery. If other witnesses were called to give evidence of general bribery without connecting the respondent with it, he should in all probability feel called upon to say that their expenses would not be allowed.

John Churchill, sworn—I live in the township of Hullett, and am a voter in the South Riding. I voted for Mr. Cameron at the last election. About a year before the election I told Mr. Cameron I would vote for him when he ran again, and he wrote me a note reminding me of it afterward. I saw him in Callender's store in Clinton, and offered to canvass for him. Something was said about money then. Mr. Cameron told Mr. Callender to give me $50 to pay my necessary expenses in canvassing. Mr. Cameron said it was to be used for lawful expenses. Also got $100 from Mr. Farren, of Clinton. I hired parties to help me to canvass. The only account I kept of my expenditure was in my head. I hired teams with some of the money. Mr. Cameron was not present when I got any of the money, except this $50, of which I spent every cent in necessary expenses.

George Parsons, sworn—I live in Goderich and am a voter in South Huron. I voted for Mr. Cameron in the last election, and took some interest in it on his behalf. I took $2,000 to the nomination at Varna. I got it from Mr. Garrow, who was a partner in Mr. Cameron's law firm. The money was wrapped up in brown paper. I did not see it or count it. Got it in Mr. Garrow's room in Cameron & Garrow's office. Dancey told me to go there for it. The day before he asked if I would take it to Varna. I had seen and spoken to Mr. Cameron before that several times about the election. I presume he knew that I was working for him. He gave me no money for the purposes of the election. Money was not mentioned between Mr. Cameron and me. Mr. Sinclair got $700 from me, and told me to give McPhillips some. He got $300 or $400. McDonald got $800. I gave $50 to a man whom I did not know who was brought in by Sinclair or McDonald. I subscribed $50, and spent $9 or $10 on the election. I think two or three parties had $50 each by direction of Sinclair and McDonald. Gave McDonald the $800 for election purposes. I suppose that was principally for hiring teams. The money given to McPhillips was to repay a debt owed to him by Sinclair.

Daniel McDonald sworn—I am an attorney. Took an active part in the election for the South Riding. Saw Mr. Cameron before the dissolution of Parliament. Mr. Cameron said if there were a dissolution he did not think he would be a candidate. He did not furnish me with any money or talk to me about it. I think a little over $1,100 was furnished to me for the purposes of the election. I got $800 from George Parsons and between $200 and $300 from Sinclair. I also had $60 or $70 of my own. I had no personal knowledge of any election fund. I distributed the money to different Committeemen in the Riding. I noted down the sum on a piece of paper, but have not got it now. I paid Dichter, of Zurich, $200, John Morgan $80, A. Smith $120, Routly $30, Jas. Nagan $80, Hines $70 or $80, John Reagan $50 or $60, Murray Walker $15 or $20, and a cabman from London, who had been bringing in voters, $10, on the evening of the election. My personal expenses would average $5 or $6 a day, say $150 altogether. Did not spend a cent illegally.

Joseph Proctor was sworn, but his evidence proved that he took no active part in the election.

William M. Farren, sworn—I live in Clinton, and have a vote in South Huron. About $750 passed through my hands during the last election. I received $250, from Mr. Cameron and $500 from Callender. Had no conversation with the respondent about money before I got the $250. The $500 was in bills, I paid Churchill about $100; Morrow $100 or $200. Some money went to pay the expenses of the meeting at which Mr. Blake was present. I subscribed something towards that. About $20 or $30 went in telegraphing. I paid McCutcheon between $50 and $80, and Paisley for canvassing $20 or $30. Am not aware of any other money spent by Cameron. The subscription for Mr. Blake's meeting was about $200 or $300.

Robert Callender, sworn—I live in Clinton. Was not a member of any Committee. I was an active supporter of Mr. Cameron at the last election, and canvassed votes on his behalf. About $550 passed through my hands, of which $50 came from my own safe. I received $500 from Mr. Cameron. He told me to use it for legitimate purposes. I gave it to Mr. Farren.

Robert Brown, sworn—I am the Reeve of Hay township. No money was given to me during the last election I spent on more than usual.

John Dechart, sworn—I live in the township of Hay, and took part in the last election. About $260 passed through my hands. I got $60 from Sinclair, and $200 from McDonald. I was canvassing among the Germans in my own township about three weeks.

Thomas Potter, sworn—I reside in Goderich and have a vote in South Huron. I voted for Mr. Cameron, because I consider him the right man in the right place. (Laughter) I had not seen him for four months before I voted. Did not tell any one that pressure was being brought to bear on me to vote for him. I was pressed to vote the other way, but I said my inclination was in favour of Mr. Cameron.

Archibald Bishop, sworn—I am Reeve of Usborne Township, and member for South Huron in the Ontario Legislature. I took an active part in the last election on behalf of Mr. Cameron. I got $150 from McDonald. He sent it in a letter, and wished me to pay Routley $30, and the balance to Schmidt. This was during the week before the polling. I spent some money of my own for a team to fetch a voter from Bruce, and $20 to a voter from Darlington for his expenses.

By Mr. Bethune—The amount was paid after the man voted. He had always voted Reform.

A. M. Polley, sworn—I keep a livery in Goderich. I subscribed $200 to the election fund in South Huron, but I did not pay it. I did not drive my team much during the election. I know Jas. Doyle. I was him at the station Monday. Saw Doyle at the station between five and six o'clock in the evening. Saw Addison in the afternoon. He asked me if I had seen Doyle. I said no. When I did see him I told him perhaps Addison had a subpœna for him for this trial. Doyle then got into my buggy and drove home. I drove him to town. I wanted to get him out of the way of a subpœna which I thought Addison had. Did not know whether Doyle's evidence would be against Cameron or not. He said it would not hurt Cameron in any way. I did not ask him what he could prove. He canvassed and worked for Cameron in the last election. I do not know where Doyle is now. He told me he was going home.

By Mr. Bethune—I acted entirely on my own responsibility in going to the station.

Mr. Ross, Manager of the Bank of Commerce, produced the books of the Bank containing Mr. Cameron's account. It appeared that there had been no discount obtained by Mr. Cameron for three years. Witness stated that he had subscribed $75 to the election fund.

Archibald Elliott, sworn—I am a voter in the South Riding. On the Saturday before the election I saw Jacob Miller come out of Mr. Cameron's office. I was driving a team. He called to me to stop, and showed me four $5 bills. We had a drink on the strength of it.

By Mr. Bethune—I did not make a memorandum of the date. I voted for Green; I told several parties about Miller having got this money; Miller told me he was going to vote for Greenway. I came here without a subpœna; Fulton fetched me. I received no fee compensation.

James Addison, sworn, who said—I saw James Doyle two days ago. Subsequently Mr. F. Johnson gave me a subpœna I went towards the station and met Polley and Dancey coming in a buggy. They stopped the horse and Dancey got out They asked me if I saw Mr. Salt, and I laughingly replied "Did you see Mr. Doyle?" On that Mr. Polley turned round and drove to the station as fast as he could. I followed and saw some one get into the buggy who I supposed was Mr. Doyle. I did not see Doyle afterwards. Polley told me it was he who was in the buggy.

A. D. Cameron sworn—Was a law student in Mr. Cameron's office. I took some part in the South Huron election, I canvassed and acted as scrutineer at the polling place at No. 1, Stanley. The promissory note produced is in my hand-writing, but it has been stamped since I saw it last. It is for $11. I gave it to John Hunter. It is dated the 3rd of February. The polling day was the 2nd of February. I did not promise Hunter any money for his vote. He told me he would like to vote for Mr. Cameron, and if there was any money going he would like to have it. I told him I had no money, but we should want some teams, and we should take his as soon as any. He afterwards claimed that he was owed $22, and would vote if that was made square. He voted for Greenway. The only amount that passed through my hands was $20, I got it from either Mr. Robertson or Mr. Parsons. I spent $60 or $70 of my own on the polling day, which I have not been repaid. I never had any conversation with Mr. Cameron about money.

Robert Elson sworn—I am a voter in South Huron, and took part in the last election. I canvassed for Mr. Cameron. Mr. Johns asked me to canvass. He told me that any reasonable expenses I incurred would be paid, and after the election he paid me $18. I was present at a conversation between Mr. Cameron and Mr. Johns, but did not hear what they said.

David Johns, sworn—I am the Mr. Johns referred to by last witness. Do not recollect the conversation refered to by him. About $120 or $130 passed through my hands during the election. I got it either from Sinclair or from Sinclair & McDonald. I paid no money illegally.

Julius Morlock, sworn—I supported Mr. Cameron in 1872, but not at the last election. I met Mr. Sinclair during the contest; he said he heard I was going against them, but I said I had not told any one so. I told him I had not been used as I ought the time before. He said he did not know how that was, as orders had been given that every one should be paid for his time and trouble. I told him it was so, and he said if that was the case he would give me $5 a day clear of expenses if I would go with him and work. He added, "And for your vote the same." I said, "I will not sell myself." Mr. Cameron asked me how it came that I was going against him. I said I had not told anyone how I was going. He asked me to go and have a drink with him, but I refused. I voted for Greenway. Did not get paid.

Joseph B. Secord, sworn—During the last election I got $50 from Mr. Sinclair, and spent it in hiring teams. I did not expend $10 of it. Will refund when it is asked for. I belonged to a Church Committee and thought I might be able to get $20 for the Church fund.

Mr. Harrison said this concluded the case for the petitioners.

Mr. Bethune recalled Mr. Sinclair who testified that he did not promise Morlock anything for his vote, or speak to him about it. His statement regarding that is entirely without foundation.

Jas. Torrance, of Goderich township, testified to having been at Horton's store on the Saturday previous to the election, and meeting Elliott and Miller. There could have been no conversation between them, which he did not hear, as Elliott left before he did.

Wm. J. McCutcheon, of Clinton, swore to having been present during the conversation between Cameron and Miller at Varna. The latter wanted to get a note, and was informed that he could get it by applying at Mr. Cameron's office. Nothing was said about Miller's vote. Mr. Cameron and I left Miller's together.

Malcolm Colin Cameron, was then called: I have represented South Huron since 1867. When I became a candidate in the contest of 1874 I did not form an estimate of the expenditure which would be necessary. I knew a certain amount would be required, as it was a large constituency. I lived in Goderich, which is not in the Riding, and was in poor health at the time. I made it a condition of my candidature that I should not be required to canvass the Riding. It was considered necessary that a canvass should be made. I made it a condition that Mr. Sinclair should see that a canvas was made, with any assistance he might require. I was in the Riding about four days. Goderich and Clinton were the two centres from which the work was carried on. I expended about $1,500 for election purposes. I gave $200 either to James Doyle or the Committee members; to Callendar, for Churchill, $50; to David Patton, $500 at Clinton and $750 at Goderich. My personal expenditure was not large. I contributed some sums to charities and Agricultural Societies. The expense for printing amounted to about $210. My total expenditure was about $1,550. I gave particular directions that no money should be spent except in a legitimate manner. I was anxious to have the election conducted purely. I was not personally aware of any sum being contributed by other persons, though I heard a rumour that some of my friends had subscribed something for election purposes. I did not know the amount so subscribed until yesterday. I know Jacob Miller. I conducted a suit for him some years ago, and he gave me a due bill on the 15th Oct., 1867, for $40 on the conclusion of the suit. He paid me $20 on account the year after. I believe a retainer of $20 was included in the account. Miller thought I charged him too much, and wanted the bill back on paying me the $20. Miller's statement that I was to give up the bill for his vote in 1872 is untrue. I made no bargain with him. He promised his vote, but nothing was said about the due bill. I saw him at Clinton after the 1872 election. He asked me to give him up the bill as he thought I had overcharged him, and he had worked hard for me in the election. I told him to call at my office and I would give it to him. I saw him at Varna on the nomination day in 1874; the interview I had with him did not last two minutes. McCutcheon brought him up to me and he told me he wanted to get the note, but had not been able to find me at the office. Nothing was said about his vote. I remember Miller calling at the office the following Saturday. Several persons were present. He said he came for the note and I gave it to him. Nothing was said about money for him or his sons. I never doubted that he would support me as he had in 1867 and 1872. I gave him no money directly or indirectly. I did not leave the office to get money I heard it rumoured afterwards that Miller had stated that I had given him money. He would have got the note at any time after it was promised if he had called when I was in the office. I had no idea of influencing his vote by refusing the due bill.

By Mr. Harrison—I have been three times elected for South Huron. The first time the election cost me about $1,500; the second time between $3,000 and $4,000. I believe $2,000 would cover my last expenditure. I kept an account at the last election. I have a copy here. I gave, perhaps, $250 to churches in South Huron in 1872 and 1874, though I did not intend to run again. I gave $50 I think to a Bible Christian Church at Edenville, $75 to a Methodist Church on Friday at Gerard settlement, $50 to a Bible Christian Church at Crediton, $25 to a Church at Maitland, $25 to a Methodist Episcopal Church in Stanley. These amounts were given about the 24th January. These amounts with my personal expenses make up $280. I gave $500 to Dancey, but without any solicitation. I gave the cheque for $500 to Callender on the 26th January. I gave the cheque for $750 to Farren on the 29th. The next item is $200, which was paid to Doyle for his expenses. I asked him to give me an account, but he did not. I had nothing to do with getting Doyle out of the way. He was to go among the French, as he spoke the language. The next item is $40 paid to another Jas. Doyle on the 31st January to go and canvass. None of these men paid me back anything. There were several sums paid after the election. The whole account, as put in by Mr. Cameron, is—Callender $50, expenses $2—$52; Jan. 26th, expenses on the election tour and subscription to Churches, $250, Jan. 29, cheque to chairman of committees, $500; Jan. 20, cheque to Clinton $500, W. W. Farren, $25; Jan. 30, cheque to self, canvassing in Stanley, $200; Jan. 21, James Doyle, $46; Feb. 4. Schmidt, $5; Feb. 16, treat; $2, Capt. West $10—Feb. 17, McLean, printing, $116.25; Brown, draft for Blake's speeches, $45; March 24th, Matheson, printing, $550, May 29th, Schmidt, $27 50; June 3rd, Clerk of Peace, for voters' lists. $10.80; Aug. 13, Brown, for posting bills, $2; total, $2,077.05. I have not paid out any other money connected with the election. I have no unpaid accounts. It was in 1867 that Miller gave the due bill. I thought he ought to pay more than $20. He paid me $20, and I don't recollect his applying to me for the bill up to 1872.

The evidence that followed was similar in substance to what had already been given with reference to Miller and his note. To Mr. Bethune Mr. Cameron answered; I subscribed $500 to Knox College before the dissolution, and $100 or $200 to a church in Goderich before that.

Archibald Bishop, recalled—The sum of $50 to the Edenville Church was given the day after the election.

This concluded the case for the respondent.

Jacob Miller, recalled—By Mr. Harrison—Mr. McCutcheon was not present during the whole conversation between Mr. Cameron and me at Varna. He saw me, and told me he would go and see Mr. Cameron. He came back, and told me Mr. Cameron wanted to speak to me. I went to Mr. Cameron, Mr. McCutcheon being behind me, I am sure he was not near enough to hear what was said. Mr. Cameron's evidence is incorrect.

His Lordship said this was merely a contradiction; it was not rebutting evidence at all.

Witness—Mr. Cameron asked me what I would take for my vote. I said I would never sell my vote again as I had done before. On the Saturday after I came out of Cameron's office I saw Archibald Elliott, and I showed him the $20 I got, as he stated. I don't remember what he said at the time.

By Mr. Bethune—I don't know how far McCutcheon was from Mr. Cameron and me at Varna. We talked loud, and did not care whether McCutcheon heard the conversation or not, as I had talked to him about it before. I saw Torrance with Elliott when I came out of Cameron's office; there was nobody in the office but Cameron and me. I think Torrance was waiting to go in when I came out.

After a little conversation as to whether the court should be postponed until Thursday morning; His Lordship said I think it would perhaps be giving you both unnecessary trouble to wait any longer. The whole case turns on the single question of what weight I shal attach to the man Miller's evidence in contradiction to that of Mr. Cameron and Mr. McCutcheon. I can attach no weight to it at all. He tells us that he took the $20, and taking the whole of his story from beginning to end, I would not find Mr. Cameron guilty of personal corruption on the evidence of that man, but I must say that the expenditure has been so great, amounting to a good many dollars for each single person who voted, that the respondent must pay the whole cost. I acquit the respondent of personal bribery while I declare the election void.

Mr. Harrison asked to appeal against the decision. Mr. Bethune stated that in England the candidate was only responsible for what was expended with his knowledge up to the day of election. To which His Lordship replied that all the frightful expenditure seemed to have arisen from persons thinking that they can hire teams and canvassers. They cannot do so legally. My decision is this—"I declare the election void on the ground of bribery by agents. I find that the respondent was not himself guilty of corrupt practices. I order the respondent to pay the costs of the petition."

The Court then closed.

I. O. G. T. Convention.

Brussels, Oct. 21, 1874.

The County (Huron) Convention of the I. O. G. T., was held in Brussels on 15th inst. E. W. Leech, C. D., was elected President, and J. D. Pennington, T. D., appointed Secretary. Rev. Bro. Saider opened with prayer, after which the President read an address in reference to the Temperance cause in this county. The following temples then reported. The names of delegates present and the number of members in each temple are also given:—

Goderich Temple, Bros. Yates and Wynn, 150 members.

Life Boat, Gorrie, Bros. Smith and Sparling, 125 members.

Huron, Seaforth, Bro. Williams and two sisters, 95 members.

Maple Leaf, Blyth, Bros. McQuarry, Routledge and Simms, 68 members.

Brussels Star, T. McGillicuddy, J. P. Sparling, J. D. Pennington and two sisters, 57 members.

Constance Lodge, Bros. Thompson and Williams, 48 members.

Wroxeter Star, Bros. Saider, Orr and Gibbs, 95 members.

All the above temples were reported more or less in a state of prosperity, when the Convention adjourned for fifteen minutes.

After recess, the following resolutions were discussed and adopted:—

1. Resolved, that this Convention strongly recommend each Temple to appoint a committee for the purpose of holding two temperance meetings, in localities directed by the temple, and report the result to the Temple.

2. Resolved that a committee be appointed by each Temple or W. C. T. to visit delinquent members each quarter, and report the same to the Temple.

3. Resolved, that this Convention considers it to be the duty of every Temple, as far as possible, to enlist ministers and members of the Christian churches in this great work of temperance.

4. Resolved, that all Lodges should aid in supporting temperance papers and circulating temperance literature, and endeavour to secure the co-operation of the local press.

5. Resolved, that this Convention meet and resolve itself into a County Temple in Blyth on the third Thursday in January, 1875, and that Bro. Leech, Gorrie; Bro. Wynn, Goderich; Bro. Thompson, Kinburn; Bro. Williams, Seaforth; and Bro. Yates, Goderich, be a committee to organize the Temple.

It was then decided that the minutes of the Convention be inserted in the local paper, and that a copy of the said paper be sent to each Lodge in the County, in order that the secretary of these Lodges may read to their Temples the aforesaid report.

The Convention then adjourned.

J. D. Pennington,
Secy. of Committee.

A Sad Case.—On Friday afternoon, a woman was arrested near the Post Office for disturbing the public peace. It was supposed that she was a bad character; but on enquiry being made a sad story was related. A person whom she supposed was her husband had deserted her and she had followed him to town. On arriving here she discovered that her faithless liege lord had another wife, and the poor woman was so disturbed at the discovery that her conduct attracted attention. She was at once liberated and left the town.

New Advertisements.

For Sale—J. J. Bell.
Spiced Hams—A. Adam.
People's Grocery—G. H. Old.
Hardware—Kerr & McKenzie.
Boy Wanted—D. K. Strachan.
Sale of Lumber—T. B. Pardee.
Strayed—W. H. H. Robertson.
Insolvent Notice—Robt. Gibbons.
Clothing for the Million—L. Wells.
Fall and Winter Goods—H. Dunlop.
House and Lots for Sale—W. A. Harrison.

Subscribers will confer a favour by notifying us of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 40 Park Row, and S. M. Pettingill & Co., 37 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

We shall be glad at all times to receive items of local news, reports of meetings, accidents, or any incident of interest either in the locality where it occurs or to the county at large. Such matter may be sent at the rate of one cent per oz. if marked Printer's Copy and not sealed. To ensure publication in any particular issue it should reach the office not later than Monday evening.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets are issued from Goderich to Carronbrook $1.45, Mitchell $1.70, Stratford $2.30, Paris $3.85, Berlin $3.60, Guelph $4.35, Brantford $4.35, Toronto $6.70, and Montreal $22.25. Good for ten days to Montreal and five days to the other stations. Tickets for sale, for all points in Canada and the U. S., at the Depot.

Trains will leave Goderich as follows:

No. 1 Express, 7.00 a. m., for Toronto, London and Buffalo.
No. 7 Mixed, 10 00 a. m., for Stratford.
No. 3 Mail Express 12.45 p. m., for Toronto, Buffalo and Detroit.
No. 9 Mixed, 3.30 p. m., for Brantford and London.

Trains will arrive as follows:

No. 8 Mixed, 9.45 a. m., from Stratford.
No. 2 Mail Express 2.00 p. m., from Toronto and Detroit.
No. 10 Mixed, 7.00 p. m., from Stratford
No. 4 Express, 10.00 p. m., from Buffalo

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, Oct. 28, 1874.

Behold the End o't.

We give our readers a complete report of the trial of last week—the much longed for knowledge that will banish the anxiety of some and end the anticipations of others. And what is the result? Where have the authors of the Bayfield canard been secreted? Has Usborne proved a millstone about Mr. Cameron's neck? and why was the little scene which Calcraft of Exeter promised to enact for the delectation of the public not performed? We have no desire to see any such exhibitions as the tightening of a rope about a human being's neck; but we did feel some curiosity to see with what kind of spirit our contemporary would execute his self-imposed duty. Not a whimper has come from our local contemporaries, but the "big spout" of the Opposition has been pouring out the oil of condolence to the disappointed, and its ready abuse on the heads of the devoted ones, whilst a minor outlet for Tory language in London declares that "personal bribery" would have undoubtedly been proven had not Mr. Cameron's friends wickedly spirited away to the United States the principal witness—James Doyle. A comparison has been made between the cases of Mr. Cameron and Mr. Plumb—poor Plumb—and the verdict evolved from the sublime reasonings of the *Mail* is that Niagara is the abode of saints, although the amount spent by the successful candidate was equal if not above two dollars for each voter, whilst in South Huron it amounted to about the same number of cents. But it is charitable to let them enjoy this morsel, so sweet to their palates, in peace, feeling satisfied, as we do, that the party they represent have no interest in their remarks.

The result has been what was predicted by those who knew the case; and the trial cannot be pronounced as having failed to do justice to both parties. Had it been left to the court to prove bribery on the part of the agents the supporters of the appeal would have felt much more gratification in following up the evidence; but the more glaring offence being left them to substantiate, their failure to do so after the efforts made savor of a defeat, notwithstanding that a strong sense of justice actuated them in bringing on the trial. Miller's evidence appeared damaging at first to those who knew not the man, but the cross-examination proved what a cut-and-dried story he had to tell. No other witness gave information that had the slightest indication of any means being made use of by Mr. Cameron other than of a perfectly legitimate nature; and after hearing only twenty-five witnesses of the large number subpœnaed, His Lordship stopped the evidence and pronounced his decision. His remarks to the agents will prove of benefit in future elections; and the happy result of the trial exists in the fact of its proving a warning to those who employ themselves actively in canvassing. The custom of hiring teams, so common under the old law, has proved the stumbling block where many have tripped; but that which has been looked upon by many as perfectly a excusable and necessary transaction, is still regarded as an offence against the law. The statute deems every voter as much interested in an election as any agent may be, and any inducement, no matter how trivial, is deemed illegitimate and done not so much for the good of the country as for the success of the party, Such offences, seem pardonable to the casual observer but purity of elections is much to be desired, and a strict observance of the small items prevents the commission of graver offences of the law. The result of the trial will prove salutory, then; and the next election will no doubt give a happier record.

The respondent has to pay the costs, and they will be considerable—how much cannot yet be said. Common justice will see that Mr. Cameron is mulcted for such a heavy expense, since not his faults, but those of his zealous agents, brought the penalty upon him. We are informed that this will be done, which we are glad to announce, for the ordinary expenses of the elections when so often inflicted upon a candidate awaken no great desire to stand a political contest.

In the coming election Mr. Cameron is certain of an easy victory—if he will meet with any opposition. The effort to disqualify him has aroused to greater energy every member of the party of Reform no matter how zealous or diffident they may have been; and many a member of the Opposition, seeing the failure of the efforts to attach the charges which have been flung in broadsides at Mr. Cameron, will show their respect for his unimpeachable reputation by giving him their cordial support. This trial has affected the public opinion in his favor, beyond a doubt; and the *coup d' etat* which was to prove so ruinous to the enemy has proven a trap which the originators sprung for their own discomfiture.

The complainants have already appealed against the decision of Judge Galt, but on what grounds they do not state. It is evident, however, that the appeal is made on the ground that bribery on the part of agents disqualifies the candidate. However, the decision of so learned a judge as Mr. Galt is not likely to be set aside, and we do not think that anything new will result from this step.

Thanksgiving Day.

To-morrow, by the appointment of His Excellency the Governor General, will be recognized throughout the Dominion as a day of thanksgiving for the abundant harvest of 1874. This old Puritan custom has been adopted by Canadians with much favor and has grown to be a recognized institution, the eminently agricultural nature of our country making the custom more appropriate and interesting than otherwise. To the agriculturalist the duty of returning thanks seems more appropriate, since in his profession the manifesting of providence seems more evident, for the silent and wonderful transition from the dainty germ to the abundant harvest is controlled by an unseen and beneficent influence, whilst mechanical operations grow under the human hand in a manner comprehensible and ordinary. Yet all rejoice with the tiller of the soil, for his fortune is the world's benefit; the abundant harvests that award his toils are the source of thankfulness to millions. And this year in particular the world has cause for rejoicing; Canada smiles with contentment, her grainaries are full to overflowing, peace and prosperity have blessed her inhabitants and they acknowledge their thankfulness for these blessings with united voice on this all important day.

To our many readers we wish a hearty enjoyment of the day. Let the biggest turkey in the flock grace the table, the choicest of the products of the field and farm have their place, fruits the most luscious, pastries the daintiest and the richest of delicacies fill up the list; and when the after thought has proven the beauty of moderation, may the fiend of Dyspepsia have but a slight grasp of your body. At the hearthstone of the advanced in years may unbroken family circles be gathered to return thanks at once for the bountiful harvest and the sparing mercy of heaven's will; and where providence has visited with affliction let consoling thoughts mingle with the sad remembrances. Hope, sowing its seeds of anticipation on the departure of winter, lives to have some of its idols destroyed, its longings ungratified, until in the course of nature a substantial remuneration gratifies all ethereal desires and causes grief to be less of a sentiment and more bearable. Humanity alternately lives and faints, with hope to sustain, but when the moment of realization comes, life and happiness go hand in hand. And again we have come to that period in the year when success has grown to be a fact, and the laborer may with satisfaction claim his hire. With what joyful abandonment can they devote themselves to enjoying their prosperity, and with what heartiness will they breathe their thanks for the mercies of the past season. Each and all will be united in the common exercise, with the one feeling of thankfulness actuating them.

We rejoice with our readers, and the world at the result of the summer's work; and to one and all wish a pleasant Thanksgiving Day.

Services will be held in all the churches in the morning, the church of England having decided to hold service on that occasion as well as on the day appointed by the Bishops. In another year no mistakes in the appointment of the date of thanksgiving will occur; and the last Thursday in October will be recognized by the county as a day of solemn rejoicing.

EDITORIAL ITEMS.

A. F. McDonald was re-elected at Cornwall, on the 20th, by a majority of forty. The ballot worked to the satisfaction of all.

Mr. Wm. McGregor, the unseated member for Essex, was re-elected on Thursday by a sweeping majority. The Opposition candidate was Jeremiah O'Connor, brother of the Hon. John O'Connor, the member in the last Parliament.

Mr. McDougall was returned for South Renfrew, on Saturday. Mr. McDougall's nomination paper was signed by 25 electors, Mr. Rannerman's paper only by 24. The Returning officer therefore, declared Mr. McDougall duly elected.

Judge Hagarty on Thursday declared the Niagara election void, Mr. Plumb, the respondent to pay costs. The West Montreal trial was also concluded on Thursday. Judge Torrence declared the seat vacant, Mr. F. Mackenzie, respondent, having to pay costs.

The Lepine trial has been going on for the past two weeks, and closed on Monday. Much interest has been manifested in the case. A large number of witnesses were examined, and every effort has been made to sift the evidence of the last atom of doubt. The testimony goes pretty hard against the prisoner, although there are certain palliating phases in his conduct during the trial and murder of Scott. One witness testified that he saw him in command of the firing party, and saw him drop the handkerchief as a signal to shoot Scott. Another states that he saw Lepine re-adjusting the handkerchief over Scott's face at the execution. Joseph Nolan, Lepine's private Secretary, testified that he was present at the court-martial on the night of the 3rd of March, when Scott was sentenced to be shot. Lepine presided. Riel, Edward Turner, an Irishman, and Joseph Delorme, were the witnesses, and the French language was spoken only. Richot moved and Nault seconded, that Scott be shot to death. Richot, Nault, Goulet, and Delorme voted "yea;" Baptiste Lepine voted "no." Lepine announced the decision of the Court, and said it would be carried out. After an absence of four hours the jury returned a verdict of "Guilty" with a recommendation to mercy. The judge told the jury that he concurred in the verdict. Sentence was deferred.

Cornet Band Concert.—This interesting affair will take place on Friday evening, and we would advise all who wish to enjoy a pleasant evening to be present, as much care has been taken to furnish a good programme, and we do not hesitate in promising our readers a capital evening's entertainment if they attend.

LOCAL NEWS.

Large additions are being made to the distillery.

Read Kerr and McKenzie's advertisement if you want hardware.

L. Wells has clothes for the million, and a person may be certain of getting a good fit.

If you want good groceries go to G. H. Old's on corner of Victoria street. He keeps the best qualities on hand.

Personal.—We understand that Mr. W. T. Hays, late Registrar for the North Riding, has again taken up his abode here.

Mr. A. Adam advertises nice spiced hams. He and his specialties will be found on Victoria street, where customers will find some rare delicacies.

Meeting.—The Varna Teacher's Institute will meet on Saturday next at the School house Varna at 10 o'clock. We hope the number of Teachers in attendance will be large.

Personal.—Our esteemed friends, Dr. James Craig and wife, of Jersey City, N. J., were in town for the past two days. They speak of making Goderich their summer residence hereafter, and we hope they will.

Minus a Finger.—On Thursday, Mr. Wm. Watson, a ship carpenter in the employ of Mr. Marlton, severed the index finger from his left hand with an axe. As the finger was not a wooden one, the pain was considerable.

Fall Assizes.—The Court will open on Tuesday, 3rd Nov., before Judge Strong. Mr. McMahon, of Brantford, will conduct the Crown business. The criminal docket is much more numerous than usual.

The Eclipse.—This lunar phenomenon, which occurred on Saturday evening was invisible to the astronomers of the town on account of the cloudy nature of the sky. The eclipse began at 11. 46, p. m. and ceased at 3. 56 a. m; and was the only total one since 1856.

The Grammar School.—This handsome building is rapidly approaching to completion, and the workmen are now engaged in roofing and completing the carpenter work. When this school is completed we can boast of the finest school buildings in the Province.

Postponed.—Owing to the illness of one of the members of his family, Mr. G. W. Ross, who was to deliver a lecture on temperance in the North st. Methodist Church, was unable to fulfil his engagement. The lecture however, will take place this evening at the same hour and place announced.

Arrested.—Mr. Trainer a short time ago received a despatch from a detective in Milwaukee, asking for the photographs of D. McKenzie, who kept a jewelry store a short time ago, his brother and one Morris, and for information regarding them. A reply was at once made, and the news comes that they have been arrested on a charge of stealing, and are lying in jail.

Men Wanted.—Mr. Jos. Whitehead is experiencing much difficulty in the prosecution of his Pembina contract. He is offering $3 per day to a man with a team, and board given in, or $5 per day for man and team without board. Just now there is considerable local demand. A man with a team can easily earn $7.50 and board himself and horse.

Judges Court.—Jos. Wheatley, of Goderich Township, appeared before Judge Toms on Thursday to answer charges of arson and wife beating. By the evidence it appears that the prisoner set fire to his house, and endeavored to drive off two persons who went to put out the flames. His case was remanded until 2nd November.

Thanksgiving Services.—The congregations of St. Andrews and Knox churches will meet for joint thanksgiving service in St. Andrews church, at 11 o'clock a. m., on Thursday first. The collection to be taken up on the occasion will be for the benefit of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Concert.—A Sabbath School concert took place in the Wesleyan Methodist Church on Friday evening, when a large number visited the church. A very pleasant time was spent, and every one enjoyed the singing and other interesting features of the entertainment.

The Smelting Works.—The gentlemen who were spoken of some time since as wishing to start a rolling mill here, have had a plan of the harbor and vicinity under their consideration and the leading person writes that he will be in town in a few weeks to see further into the advantages and adaptability of our situation for the proposed works.

Gone to the Plowing Match.—Messrs. Robt. Buchanan, Alex. Glen, and Young started for North Easthope on Monday, with their ploughs and horses, to compete in the Provincial plowing match in Section 4. They are all good ploughmen, and we feel sure will make a good account of themselves.

Mr. Dunlop announces the opening of the winter season in his business. No remarks are necessary from us in praise of Mr. Dunlop as a successful tailor, as his long residence in the town, and the steady increase of his business are sufficient indications of his abilities. As an evidence of the increase of his business, Mr. Dunlop announces that he is in need of several good hands, who will find steady employment.

Sabbath School Meeting.—The children of Knox Church Sabbath School, together with their parents, met in the lecture room of the church on Monday evening to hear the report of the delegates to the S. S. convention lately held at Brantford. Mr. Thos. Mair superintendent of the Sunday School gave a very clear and interesting report, as did Mr. J. J. Bell, which were listened to with much pleasure by all present.

Burglarious.—Two young ladies of the town, who have been keeping house in the absence of the senior members of the family, received a great fright on Thursday night. Shortly after retiring for the night, noises were heard to proceed from the back part of the house which to their excited minds suggested the presence of robbers. With great presence of mind our heroines decided that discretion was the better part of valor, and in the twinkling of a china doll's eye they were breathing the air of freedom outside of their castle. With all haste they made their way to the residence of their "knight errant," roused him after a little trouble from his slumbers, and armed with a stout cane he went to seek the enemy. After cautiously reconnoitering, they tried the front door, but, to their alarm, found that in their hasty retreat the door, which has a spring lock, had been permitted to fasten, and they were thus shut out in the cold. Gaining courage at the quietness that reigned within, an effort was made to open the door from the inside, which succeeded. No trace was found of the burglars, and we are inclined to think that the young ladies were hoaxed.

Watson Hardy Concert.—The concert given by these popular persons, on Wednesday evening, was well attended. Miss Watson was in good voice, and performed her part of the programme with the taste, perfection and success that characterise her efforts, and Mr. Hardy seemed in his happiest humor. It is rarely we hear the "Auld Scotch Sangs" rendered with true sweetness and expression, and Miss Watson's clear, rich, strong voice and distinct inunciation are remarkably well adapted to do justice to them. The beautiful ballads, "Oh sing me the Auld Scotch Sangs," "the Wonderful Wean," "Kate O'Shane," the stirring song "the march o' the Cameron men," and the soul stirring "Scots wha hae," gave full scope to her abilities. Mr. Hardy is a thorough humourist of the most agreeable kind, and his masterly playing and fine singing were well received. The organ used on the occasion was manufactured by Messrs. W. Bell & Co., of Guelph, was beautifully toned and was furnished with all the modern attachments, and was a good specimen of the workmanship of that firm. Our talented friends have now a high reputation in Goderich, and will be received when they again visit us.

Navigation.—Business at the dock during the week ending Saturday, 24th inst., has been very good. On Friday a large quantity of fish was received from the Fishing Islands, most of which was consigned to Mr. D. Ferguson. The following is a list of the business up to 24th:

ARRIVALS.

Oct 19th—steam barge Ireland, Kincardine, general cargo; schr. Annie Mulvey, Chicago, corn; schr. New Dominion, Chicago, corn and flour. 20th—barge Enterprise, Lambton, light; schr. Hen. Hill, Sarnia, light; tug W. S. Carkin, Sand Beach. 21st—schr. Katie Pringle, Bayfield, light; schr. David A. Wells, Chicago, corn; schr. Brothers, Fishing Islands, fish. 24th—prop. Ontario, Sarnia, general cargo; prop. Quebec, Duluth, general cargo; tug Maytham, Au Sable.

DEPARTURES.

Oct 19th—schr. H. S. Winslow, Chicago, light; scow Mechanic, Detroit, tan bark. 20th—steam barge Ireland, Kincardine, freight; barge Enterprise, Waubashene, light. 21st—schr. Ontario, Kincardine, barley; schr. New Dominion, Kincardine, light; tugs Maytham and W. S. Carkin, Sheboygan, light. 22nd—steam barge Tecumseh, Milwaukee, salt; schr. Katie Pringle, Georgian Bay, light; Brothers, Fishing Islands. 23rd—schr. J. C. Woodruff, Chicago, salt. 24th—prop. Ontario, Duluth; prop. Quebec, Sarnia; schr. Annie Mulvey, Windsor, light; schr. Ontario, Cleveland barley.

Colborne Council.—The Municipal Council of the Township of Colborne met pursuant to adjournment, in the Town Hall, Smith's Hill, on Thursday, 22d Oct. Reeve in the chair. members all present. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed. Account of, D. Ferguson to $54 given as relief ordered to be paid. Account of D. and T. Fisher amounting to $1.50 ordered to be paid. Moved by H. J. Nott, seconded by D. Fisher, that Mrs. Patterson receive $1 per week or provisions to the said amount until next meeting of Council—Carried. Moved by J. Buchanan, seconded by D. Fisher, that By-law No. 29, be read a second time—Carried. Moved by D. Fisher, seconded by A. Malloy, that H. J. Nott, receive $6 for use of house and for time spent in explaining profiles — Carried. Moved by H. J. Nott, seconded by A. Malloy, that each Councillor, the Clerk and Treasurer receive each $20 for their services on roads in connection with the M. L. F. money—Carried. Moved by J. Buchanan, seconded by A. Malloy, that the Reeve be instructed to purchase the Jordeen property for Cemetery purposes at the sum of $400—Carried. Council then adjourned to meet at call of the Reeve.

J. A. McDonagh, T'p Clerk.

CLINTON ITEMS.

From the *New Era.*—We regret to learn of the sudden death of the wife of Mr. B. Peacock, of the 2nd con. of Hullet, formerly of this village, which occurred on Friday morning last. It appears that she retired to bed in her usual health on Thursday evening, and during the night both were awakened by a noise in the stable, when Mr. Peacock got up, but shortly returned, retired to bed, and soon fell asleep. Some time after, he awoke, and noticed that his wife was cold. procuring a light, he found that she was dead, having passed away without a struggle. The cause of her death is supposed to have been heart disease. Her remains were interred in the Clinton cemetery on Sunday when she was followed to the grave by a very large number of sympathizing friends.

On Thursday last David Dickinson appeared before Messrs. R. Callander and A. S. Fisher, to answer the charge of assault entered by Henry Towsley, and pleaded guilty. Fined $1 and costs. Henry Towsley and wife were charged by David Dickinson with using abusive language, and after taking evidence the magistrates dismissed the case. Mr. S. Malcomson appeared for the defendants.

On Tuesday, while some men were engaged in shingling the roof of a stave shed, at Fair's Mill, the roof spread and fell, not having been properly braced, and one of the workmen, Mr. W. Robinson, was struck by the fallen timbers, and had the skin taken off the whole length of his arm, besides sustaining a few bruises.

On Wednesday afternoon Mr. James McLagan, of this place, and Mr. R. Carnochan, left here for California, by the overland route. Should the country and climate please them, they intend making it their future home.

ABOUT EXETER.

From the *Times*—Market figures—wheat 88 to 91, oats 35, barley 90, peas 60, eggs 15, butter 25. Granton figures—wheat 90 to 91, oats 36, peas 65, Lucan—wheat 80 to 95, oats 36, peas 75, barley 93.

On Monday, the 11th, Mr. Wm. Flynn of 8th con. Stephen, while helping a neighbor to raise a frame barn, had his leg broken by a falling plate. Dr. Rollins of this place set the limb, and he is doing well.

BRUSSELS.

From the *Post*—Market figures—wheat 85 to 90, oats 35, peas 76, butter 23, eggs 13, hay $9.50

Mr. John N. Knechtel sold his tannery and site on the 16th inst., to Messrs. Jacob Wettlauffer & Wm. Wexley, of Tavistock, who intend to refit it, and turn it into a flax mill. The price paid was $900.

A runaway occured on Sunday afternoon in front of the post office. The dashboard was kicked off the waggon and the occupants, Mark and Henry Cardiff, thrown out. The latter alone was injured in any way, receiving a slight bruise on the ankle.

Mr. Wm. Cameron has purchased a farm from Mr. Thomas Angus, consisting of lot 21, north ½ con. 6, Morris. The price paid for the 100 acres was $3,450.

A fine young horse owned by Mr. Wm. Johnston, con. 6, Morris, died on Tuesday last of typhoid fever.

On Tuesday of last week a young lad named Frank White, son of Mr. John White, teamster of this place, had the wrist of his left hand sprained by being thrown out of a butcher's waggon.

WINGHAM.

From the *Times*—Market figures—wheat 90 to 92, oats 35, barley 85, peas 65, butter 23, eggs 14, potatoes 50, hay $10, beef 4c per lb., pork 6¼ to 7¼.

Mr. James Davidson has been obliged to undergo a most painful operation, in having his leg seared with a red hot iron from the thigh down to the knee, for an affection of the hip called the *sciataca.* He has suffered terribly in consequence and was very much reduced in strength, but we are glad to see him able to make his appearance on the street again.

Smashed.—The main wheel in Mr. G. P. Mathewson's woolen factory broke last week, and brought the whole machinery to a stand still for three or four days. The great weight of grain in the mill caused the building to settle.

Mr. Thos. Bone has sold his farm being north half of lot 30, on the 1st concession of Turnberry containing 56 acres, to Mr William Smith of the same Township for the sum of $1,760.

SEAFORTH AND VICINITY.

From the *Expositor.*—A new patent machine for making barrels is at present being built by Messrs. Goldie & McCulloch, of Galt, to the order of Mr. Philip Volmar, of Seaforth. The machine has been tried, both in the United States and Canada, and is capable of turning out from 500 to 1,000 complete barrels in one day.

At the meeting of council on Tuesday evening last, the rate of municipal taxation for the current year was fixed as follows: For general School rate, 15½ mills on the dollar; for County rate, 4½ mills, and for local purposes, 5 mills—total, 25 mills.

Mr. Robert Landsborough, of the 3rd Concession of Tuckersmith, had this year two full sized apples grow on a last year's graft.

Mr. Robert Carmichael returned from his tour to Scotland on Tuesday last, looking as hearty and jolly as ever. Mr. Carmichael enjoyed his visit immensely.

The Municipal Council of Morris, at their meeting on Monday, instructed the Treasurer to pay no more principal or interest on the debentures granted in aid of the Southern Extension of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, until the road was opened for traffic. They also took steps for the convening of a meeting of the representatives of the municipalities which granted bonuses to said railway, to be held in Wingham, on Friday, Oct. 30, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of devising some means of united action on the part of the municipalities to guard their interest.

BAYFIELD AND VICINITY.

Mr. Charles Watson, of Bayfield, is our authorized agent, and will receive subscriptions, orders for printing and collect accounts due in this office.

Fashionable Wedding.—By the Rev. T. Watson at "Holy Trinity Church" on Thursday Evening the 15th inst. The happy couple married were (Mrs. Phillips), third daughter of E. Middleton Esq., of "The Point," and Tudor J. Marks Esq., of Lake Cottage Bayfield. The bride wore a beautiful grey silk dress and white flowers in her hair, with a long Tuille veil, and looked remarkabley well. The bridesmaid was Miss Middleton, who was beautifully dressed in white, trimmed with rose pink. The groomsman was Mr. F. C. Wilson. Miss Hackie presided at the organ with her usual ability, and the choir sang a wedding anthem. Afterwards, a pleasant evening was spent at the "Point," and the happy couple departed for their honeymoon on a tour in the United States.

Mr. Robert Bates has opened out a large stock of dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes in the premises lately occupied by Mr. T. J. Marks. Mr. Bates is an enterprising young man, knows and studies the wants of the community of which he may be a member, and all who visit him will have the satisfaction of getting what they need at the lowest prices and of the best quality. We bespeak great success for the new firm, and would advise our many readers in Bayfield and vicinity to give him a call.

Mr. E. H. Marlton, assisted by Mr. H. Reed of Goderich, gave a pleasant entertainment at McCann's Hotel, on Thursday evening. Mr. Marlton's rendering of passages from Shakespeare was excellent, and as was to be expected Mr. Reed's comic songs were loudly applauded. Altogether a pleasant evening was spent, and after the performance was over a good dance was enjoyed by the lovers of the "light fantastic," keeping it up "till daylight did appear."

Shipping News.—The schooner Kitty Pringle, Capt. A. Marks, left here on Wednesday noon for Cape Herd and the Islands, on a fishing expedition. We wish them success and a safe return to Bayfield harbor. The fishing boat Dolly Varden returned last night (Friday) after a month's absence at the Sauble river. The men report the fishing as not good, on the average not making more than wages.

Bricks.—Messrs. Keys & Elliott have sold a large lot of bricks for the building of the new Bank in Clinton, and have now a number of teams employed taking them out. The bricks are reported to be of excellent quality.

A goose raffle took place last Friday night at Mrs. Fritz Ahren's Hotel. A large number attended and 28 geese were very quickly disposed of at 50 cents each.

There is not much grain coming in just now, as the farmers are taking advantage of the fine weather to get through their threshing, but we hope to see a great improvement shortly. The following are the figures paid—fall wheat 90, spring wheat 90 to 92, flour $5 to $6, oats 36, peas 70 to 72, barley 88, potatoes 56, butter 25, eggs 12½, hay $12, hides $5 to $6, wood $2,50, apples 50.

Dreadful Accident.

It is our sad duty this week to chronicle the death of Arthur Campaigne, son of Mr. Campaigne, who has been for so many years a resident of Maitlandville. For some time past, large quantities of clay have been daily taken from the brow of the hill in rear of the Maitlandville brick yard, and Arthur and his brother Nesbit were working in the pit as usual on Monday morning. Quite an excavation had been made and a great weight of earth projected from the bank. No danger was apprehended, and Arthur had driven his wagon into the pit and was busy filling it. His brother had gone to the top of the bank, and had not been there long when he heard a dull heavy thud. He immediately ran to the spot, and saw that the bank had given way, the horse being almost completely buried, the wagon out of sight and Arthur no where to be seen. Suspecting what had happened to his brother, Nesbit at once gave the alarm and proceeded to dig up the earth hoping to reach the body before life would become extinct. A few minutes work uncovered the body, but the poor fellow had breathed his last. The great weight of earth which fell must have killed him instantly, as the body was badly crushed and one leg broken about the knee. The face was slightly cut, and blood oozed from the nostrils. The horse was almost completely covered, but was not instantly killed, although it died before it could be taken out.

The deceased was a promising and intelligent young man, having been patentee of a number of ingenious inventions, one arrangement for coupling cars being a most remarkable and perfect affair. The sorrowing friends have the sympathy of the public in their sudden affliction, and as one who knew the deceased we grieve to see so useful and promising a life thus suddenly ended.

COMMUNICATIONS.

We wish it to be strictly understood that we do not hold ourselves responsible for the expressions of our correspondents.

Veterinary College,
Toronto, Oct. 24, 1874.

Editor Huron Signal.

Sir,—I observe in a recent number of your paper, a notice stating that a person of the name of George Lemon, professing to be a member of the Toronto Veterinary College, is practising as a veterinary surgeon in the Goderich district.

I beg to take the opportunity of stating that no person of the name of Lemon has ever attended classes or graduated in the Veterinary College in this city. I may also mention that there is not a Veterinary College in Lexington, Kentucky.

I will take it kind if you will insert the above notice in your valuable paper.

I am, sir,
Your ob'dt serv't,
AND'W SMITH, V.S.,
Principal Ont. Veterinary College.

Goderich, Oct. 16th, 1874.

This is to certify that my horse was affected with a bone spavin in his hind leg, so much so that he could not work. I employed Mr. George Lemon, Veterinary Surgeon, of Goderich, to attend to him. To my surprise he cured the horse completely in three days, fit for work.

JAMES TOBIN.
Colborne Township.

G. M. Trueman's Sale Register.

Oct. 28—Real Estate, at the Mart, Goderich.
29—Farm stock, Geo. McKee, lot 18, 4th con., Goderich Tp.
30—Farm stock, Jas. Smiley, lot 13, 3rd con. W. Wawanosh.
31—Real Estate, at the Mart, Goderich.
31—Ontario Salt works at the Mart, Goderich.
Nov. 3—Farm stock, P. Donoghue, lot 27, 7 con., W. Wawanosh.
6—Goderich harbour, schooner Ninna, mortgage sale, Davison & Johnston, solicitors.
12—Farm stock, David Cox, lot 21, 6 con., Goderich Township.

1874. 1874.

W. M. Savage

Is now opening his

Fall and Winter Stock of Furs

Ladies' Furs in Mink, S. S. Seal, Persian Lamb, Astrodean, Alaska and Coney Setts. Will supply to order Jackets in S. S. Seal, Persian Lamb, Ermine Coney, &c., &c. Also Fur Trimmings and Swan Down. Clean and change into present styles Ladies Furs of every description.

GENTLEMENS FUR CAPS,

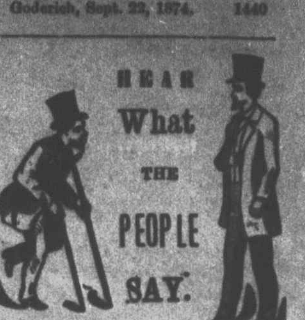
In Otter, Mink, S. S. Seal, Beaver, Persian Lamb, Coney, &c.

All the latest styles in Gents' Felt Hats, Cloth, Silk, Silk Glazed and Balmoral Caps.

Fur, Cloth, and Buckskin Gloves and Mittens, Buffalo, Alaska and Fancy Sleigh Robes.

Call and see stock and examine quality and prices before buying your winter furs.

Goderich, Sept. 22, 1874. 1440



PHYSICIANS CORNERED.

Probably there are few circumstances under which a physician labors with more real sympathy for his patient than when called upon to administer relief to an acute sufferer with Chronic Rheumatism

Rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and no substantial relief can be obtained without cleansing the blood from the fibrine substances which obstruct the circulation, causing inflammation and pain.

The great success of the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE in curing this disease is owing to its power of converting the blood from its diseased condition to a healthy circulation. It also regulates the bowels, which is very essential in this complaint, and no one will read the following statement, from a well-known Montreal gentleman, with more interest and pleasure than those physicians who have a real desire to benefit their suffering patients;

Montreal, March 21 1871.

Messrs. Devins & Bolton:

Dear Sirs,—I, with pleasure, concede to the Agents' wish that I give my endorsation to the immediate relief I experienced from a few doses of the Diamond Rheumatic Cure, having been a sufferer from the effects of Rheumatism, I am now, after taking two bottles of this medicine, entirely free from pain. You are at liberty to use this letter if you deem it advisable to do so,

I am; sir, yours respectfully,
John Helder Isaacson, N. P.

FURTHER PROOF.

Toronto, March 30, 1874.

Dear Sir,—After suffering for the past two years with Rheumatism, I can truly say that, after using two bottles of the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE, I find myself free from that terrible disease. I have used all kinds of remedies and Doctors' prescriptions without end, but your simple remedy surpasses all. The effect upon me was like magic. I take great pleasure in recommending your medicine to all,

I remain, Margaret Conroy, 127, Sumach St.

ANOTHER SUFFERER SPEAKS.

Toronto, April 1, 1874.

Dear Sir,—Unsolicited by you I wish to bear testimony to the efficacy of the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. During the whole of last winter I suffered greatly from that common and agonizing affliction, Rheumatism. I was induced, by hearing of the many marvelous cures accomplished by the Agent, while staying at the Rossin House, to buy a bottle. It is sufficient to say that without any faith in the medicine or its results, by the taking of that one bottle I was completely relieved, and now the use of my limbs and the feeling of new life which I experience, I attribute to the use of the Diamond Rheumatic Cure.

Have the kindness to pass my testimony and experience around for the benefit of suffering humanity.

Truly yours, J. Q. A. Holbrook.

There is no medicine which so promptly revives the depressed vital action, restores the general and local circulation, allays the pain, dissipates the congestion, prevents inflammation, and restores the vital action as the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. In thousands of instances the prompt and free use of this medicine has saved valuable human lives. Hence the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE should be in every hospital and infirmary, in every doctor's office, in every family or factory, in every shop or ship, in every office or counting-room. It is the remedy always ready for an emergency, prompt in its action, always curable, doing all that it is advertised to do. An infallible specific, removing the cause, chronic, acute, or muscular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Nervous headache, Neuralgia of the head, heart, stomach and kidneys, Tic Doloreux, nervousness, flying pains, twisted joints, swollen joints, pain in the back and loins, weakness of the kidneys, tired feeling, languid, weary prostration, and all nervous and chronic diseases.

In simple cases sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is for sale at all druggists throughout the Province. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN
SCOTT STREET, TORONTO,
General Agents for Ontario.

PRICE—$1 per Bottle, Large Bottles, $2.

New Advertisements.

The People's Grocery.

G. H. OLD

Is constantly receiving a carefully selected stock of

GROCERIES,

in which line he does not profess to sell cheaper than the cheapest but wishes the public to understand that he keeps the best that can be found.

Choice Tea at 80 cents per lb.

The choicest brands of liquors always on hand in bottles and on draught. A large stock of

Crockery & Glassware, &c. &c.

BOOTS & SHOES

just received of superior make.

FLOUR AND FEED

Kept constantly on hand and delivered in any part of the town.

G. H. OLD.

Goderich, Oct. 29th, 1874. 1445

NOTICE.

Department of Crown Lands.
Toronto, 20th October, 1874.

Under the 4th and 6th Sections of Cap. 23 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, the undermentioned

Lumber, Saw Logs and Cedar Posts,

will be offered for SALE, by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS, on

Thursday 12th day of Nov. next,

at 12 o'clock noon, the Department reserving one bid.

A quantity of SAWN LUMBER, piled at or near Walsh's Saw Mill, Serpent River, North Shore Lake Huron; the pile estimated to contain 70,000 feet board measure.

700 Pieces UNCUT PINE SAW LOGS, in the water near the Mill, estimated to produce 110,000 feet board measure.

400 CEDAR POSTS, at the same place.

AND

1500 Pieces UNCUT PINE SAW LOGS, estimated to produce 160,000 feet board measure, now lying on McGill's (or McKie's) Creek, north-east corner of the Lacloche Indian Reserve, Spanish River, Lake Huron.

Terms Cash at Time of Sale,

T. B. PARDEE,
Commissioner.

1445c