Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BEYOND THE ROCKIES.

THE HYAMS MURDER TRIAL NEARING A CONCLUSION.

Attempt to Rob the Ancaster Stage —Fell Through the Ice—The Oldest Orangeman — Enthusiastic Delegates.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—The Premier has gone to Montreal, it is said in connection with election matters in Montreal Centre. It is quite on the cards that the cabinet will be reconstructed before Parliament meets. Hon. Mr. Meredith has not yet given his decision as to accepting a portfolio.

The Allan line will tender for the fast Atlantic service. It is thought that by calling for new tenders the Government will not need to pay the full Parliamentary vote of $750,000. The Imperial authorities may knock the branch French line on the head.

The Westminster Board of Trade are petitioning that steelhead fishing be confined until February.

Mr. Kingsford's latest volume of the History of Canada just out deals with the period of the American war, 1812-13. It is creating great interest just now, owing to the recent erection of historical monuments on battle fields.

The Government expects by this week's mail particulars, under which the Imperial Government intends to assist the fast Atlantic line project. Inasmuch as a stipulation has been made that new tenders must be called for it is generally believed that a service can be secured for a less sum than the amount of the two subsidies from Canada and Great Britain, which, as they stand, aggregate $1,125,000. The Canadian subsidy of $750,000 had to be put at that high figure in order to secure connection with a French port, but in some quarters it is thought the Imperial Government may insist upon an English port being made the European terminus of the line, and in that event it will be a tussle between Liverpool and Southampton.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—A conference of the following delegates, Sir C. H. Tupper and Hon. Mr. Ouimet for the Government, and Hall Caine, representing British authors, F. R. Daldy, for the British Copyright Association, John Ross Robertson, D. A. Rose, R. T. Lancefield, A. S. Irving and A. F. Rutter, representing the Publishers Association and L. W. Shannon, the Canadian Press Association, took place yesterday afternoon. A compromise measure was resolved upon, agreeable to all parties except the extremists. It will not disturb the operations of the Berne treaty nor interfere with an understanding between Great Britain and the United States being arrived at.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—A meeting of the cabinet was held yesterday afternoon at which it was decided to call Parliament for the despatch of business on January 2nd.

The writ for Cardwell has been ordered to be issued, the date of the nomination being fixed for December 17th, and the polling for the 24th.

The Ottawa field battery heads the list for general efficiency in the Dominion.

Mr. Needham, of Hamilton, to-day purchased the stamp collection of J. B. Lewis, of Ottawa. The price paid is in the vicinity of $4,000.

The Chambre de Commerce of Montreal sent a deputation here to urge the Government to send a commissioner to France to work up trade; they also asked the removal of the duty on packages containing French wines.

The conference on the copyright question between Sir C. H. Tupper and Hon. Mr. Ouimet, for the Government, and Hall Caine, representing the British authors; F. R. Daldy, the British Copyright Association; John Ross Robertson, D. A. Rose, R. T. Lancefield, A. T. Irving and A. F. Rutter, representing the Publishers' Association; and L. W. Shannon the Canadian Press Association, took place on Monday afternoon. The discussion lasted two hours, and it seems exceedingly likely that the Government will accept the draft of the proposed measure, which Mr. Caine summarized as follows: "By this agreement the time within which a copyright holder can publish in Canada and to secure an absolute and untrammelled copyright is extended from 30 to 60 days, with a possible extension of 30 days more at the discretion of the authorities; also by agreement the license to be granted for the production of a book that has not fulfilled the conditions of the Canadian copyright law is limited to one license, and this single license is to be issued with the copyright holder's knowledge or sanction. Further, a copyright holder who has an independent chance of securing a copyright for himself within a period of 60 days is to be allowed a second chance of securing it after it has been challenged and before it can be disposed of by the license, and finally, the royalties of an author are to be secured to him by a regulation of the revenue to stamp an edition of a book on the issue of a license. This is the ground of the draft bill which the Canadian Copyright Association has joined with me in recommending to your Ministers, and on its general principles I have to say: First, about the Canadian authors, that a bill framed on these lines will not put them in a position of isolation among the authors of the world; and next, about the authors of England and America, and all of the countries having a copyright treaty with England, it will secure the authors the control of their property, and put them all alike on an equal footing, and, therefore, it will not think, disturb the operation of the Berne convention, so far as Canada is concerned in the understanding between Great Britain and the United States." Messrs. Caine, Robertson, Rose and others admitted that this arrangement was a compromise, and therefore was not likely to suit the extremists. They thought it a fair and honorable agreement. Mr. Daldy gave a general approval to the proposed bill, but did not like the clause which would keep out English works. Foster Brown, bookseller, of Montreal, wanted the act of 1889, and would, he said, be satisfied with nothing less. The ministers expressed their acknowledgments at receiving the representations, which they said would be carefully considered.

Toronto, Nov. 25.—The following is a special London cable to the Toronto Evening Telegram of this date: Dr. Barnardo to-day procured affidavits from two doctors, who recommend Green, the waif, for causing whose death Miss Helen E. Findlay has been held culpable at Owen Sound. He has also obtained a letter from the matron of the Home where Green was a house-boy, in which the latter testifies to the boy's excellent character. Dr. Barnardo indignantly denies that he is sending imbeciles out to Canada, and states that the medical examination of soldiers enlisted in the British army is used.

At the annual meeting of the British Columbia Canning Company to-day the scheme for the reconstruction of the company was passed unanimously.

Hon. Geo. W. Ross presided at the big meeting of the Canada Temperance League, held in the Pavillion this afternoon.

Toronto, Nov. 27.—The booksellers of this city are very much perturbed over the provisions of the proposed amendments to the Canadian Copyright Act, which was submitted to the Ottawa conference. The proposal, which most concerns them is that which allows Canadian publishers copyright of a work of a British author under certain conditions, which copyright or license to publish prohibits importations of any British or foreign editions of the same work. It is claimed that it is in the interests of the publishers and not the booksellers. One King street bookseller went so far as to say that it would kill their business. A movement is on foot to take definite action to protest. British authors and publishers express themselves as satisfied with the proposed copyright compromise.

Although a fierce wind storm raged here all day, no serious harm is reported, though numerous fences, trees, etc., were blown down. Reports from outside, however, indicate that a good deal of damage was done throughout the Province and telegraph wires are down in all directions. The Great Northwestern could get no communication south of Buffalo, or west of Detroit this afternoon and it was little better this evening. C. P. R. wires west of London were broken by falling trees, but the eastern district is in better condition. Shipping on the lake would have suffered severely had not almost all boats been laid up for the winter. The wind took the form of a hurricane in many places.

The Mail's Ottawa special says: There is still hope, and it is believed a possibility, that Manitoba may act on the decision of the Privy Council, and thereby retain the right to legislate upon the much-vexed school question. This would simplify matters considerably. The session will be the sixth held within one Parliament, a fact for which, as is well known, exceptional circumstances are responsible. In the opinion of the best authorities it cannot last longer than April 25th, as that is the day on which the writs were made returnable after the last general election five years ago. The fact that the length of the session is thus practically limited by the constitution has made it most important that it should be held at the earliest date for which the Government was free to issue its proclamation, inasmuch as Mr. Greenway was practically given till January 2nd to answer the last communication of the Government, which is still unanswered. It is obvious, in the absence of a reply before that date, that the legislators could not be called together to consider the subject until then.

The World says it gives a large measure of credence to the despatch from Winnipeg that as a result of negotiations between the Federal and Provincial Governments a compromise is to be reached. The claim that the minority insists on Catholic separate schools will be conceded, but outside of this the Provincial law is to govern and regulate them, so that these schools will be very much Provincial schools. This settlement, if it is reached, we would gather would be the outcome of negotiations, and not coercion.

Commandant Herbert Booth will have to appear to be examined in a suit by Brigadier De Barrett. The latter recently severed his connection with the Salvation Army. He claims Booth slandered him by remarks he made. He sues Booth for $10,000 damages.

The end of the Hyams trial is—last night, and probably by Friday night, if not before, the fate of the twins will be known. The case for the defence closed to-day. The rebuttal evidence of the prosecution will all be in this afternoon in time to permit Mr. Johnston to proceed with his argument to the jury in behalf of Dallas. He will be followed to-morrow by Mr. Lount, who is expected to occupy a considerable length of time. After that will come Mr. Osler's argument for the prosecution, and Judge Ferguson's summing up, all of which will most probably carry the case well into Friday.

Toronto, Nov. 26.—Harry Holtorf, a young man connected with a misfit clothing store on King street, west, was found dead this morning in his bedroom at the Kensington Hotel. It is supposed that he poisoned himself and an inquest will be held. The proprietor of the hotel found the room full of gas while Holtorf was occupying it, but the latter laughed and said it was an accident. Watch was kept on the room during the night, but in the morning Holtorf was dead.

By a decision of Osgoode Hall, all conviction made under the city pedlars' by-law which was recently declared invalid by the city council will be quashed, and all costs will be met by the city. There are 30 cases and the costs in each amount to $200. Pedlars in each case will also have a right to sue for damages. Under the by-law pedlars were fined for plying their trade on certain prohibited streets.

The village of Sutton is in great excitement over a charge preferred against Rev. Geo. Nesbitt, the English church pastor, a widower, aged 60, by Kathleen Osborne, daughter of a wealthy resident of this place. It is to the effect that Nesbitt is the father of her illegitimate son. Kathleen is aged 19. She made a sworn affidavit to that effect, and this is before the Bishop of Toronto. Her father has openly taxed Nesbitt with being guilty. Nesbitt indignantly denies the charge, but in the meantime has resigned his living and asked for the fullest investigation. Osborne is in Toronto to-day with a copy of his daughter's affidavit, asking the bishop to consider it.

Montreal, Nov. 25.—The Witness is endeavoring to promote opposition to the Ottawa Government scheme, subsidizing the Beaver line to St. John, N. B.

The case of the Canada Review against Archbishop Fabre for $50,000 damages through putting the papers under the ban of the church, came up for judgment in the Court of Review this morning. The two former, Catholics, were unanimous on the plea that the Bishop had the right to condemn any paper that spoke contrary to the teachings of the Catholic church. Judge Archibald, a Protestant, dissented, and gave the Canadian Review $10,000 on the ground that the bishop's action was unjustifiable interference. An appeal will be taken.

It is stated that Pelletier has declined to enter the Dominion cabinet.

A petition is being signed in Argenteuil county, asking Harry Abbott, Q. C., son of the late Premier, to contest the county for the Conservatives.

Montreal, Nov. 26.—The secretary of the W. C. T. U. has been requested to write Lady Aberdeen, drawing attention to two liquor advertisements appearing in Wee Willie Winkie, the children's paper published by Her Excellency, and asking for their withdrawal.

Hamilton, Nov. 25.—An attempt was made on Thursday night to rob the Ancaster stage. Two men were concerned in the affair. One of the highwaymen struck the driver, Jacobs by name, with a sling shot, and rendered him insensible. The mail bag was hidden under the buffalo robe, and the highwaymen hunted in vain for it, finally decamping without it.

Hamilton, Nov. 26.—Dr. L. Springer, registrar, of Wentworth County, died suddenly yesterday after two weeks' illness. The cause of death was inflammatory rheumatism. He sat as a Liberal for South Wentworth from 1882 to 1888. The names of J. J. Magor and Nicholas Awrey, M. P. P., are mentioned in connection with the vacant registrarship.

Woodstock, Nov. 26.—John Elton, a widower, went insane owing to frequent visits to spiritualistic entertainments in Walkerville.

St. John N. B., Nov. 26.—Sarah Sleeth, aged 25, daughter of John Sleeth, proprietor of the Red Granite works, shot herself through the heart this morning, dying almost instantly. The cause was started by the death of her sister a year ago.

THE DOWNWARD DRIVE

In earthenware has smashed prices into small price fragments. Elegant tableware can now be had at very low prices. Write for samples and quotations.

J. A. Skinner & Co.
514 and 516 Hastings Street
VANCOUVER, B. C.

AT THE EMPIRE'S HEART

SALISBURY HAS COMPLETED HIS REPLY TO OLNEY.

The Venezuelan Difficulty—Reconstruction of the British Columbia Canning Company Arranged in London.

London, Nov. 26.—The Times yesterday published an article on the Pacific cable and the proposed fast steamship service to Canada. It says the success of the movement is largely due to the Dominion. The Government does not intend to subsidize the Australian-Canadian service from Vancouver to Australia. It is understood the Government will only subsidize the Atlantic section of this service on condition that better time can be made under existing conditions. In both the steamship and the cable schemes the principle is recognized that in order to have British connections exclusively the line must in the first instance be carried westward from the centre. By acceptance of this principle, Canada obtains a position she has never occupied before as the main highway of the British Empire.

The Marquis of Salisbury has completed his reply to Secretary Olney's note regarding Venezuela.

At the annual meeting of the British Columbia Canning Company to-day a scheme for the reconstruction of the company passed unanimously.

THE U. S. MINT.

During Last Year Over Fifty-Three Millions Were Coined.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The mint director has submitted his report to the Secretary of the Treasury. The value of the gold deposited at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year was $87,452,000, of which $65,101,007 were original deposits and $22,321,022 were re-deposits. The classification of the original deposits of gold was: Domestic bullion, $46,371,989; worn, unofficial and mutilated gold coins, $188,258; foreign bullion and coin, $16,367,049; gold plate, jewelry, etc., $3,213,809. The value of silver deposited during the fiscal year was $15,714,355, of which $11,294,700 were original deposits, and $479,655 re-deposits. The value of deposits of domestic silver bullion at the mints during the fiscal year was $8,304,363, and worn and mutilated domestic coins, at silver dollar value, $3,899,353; foreign bullion and coin, $1,730,923; old plate, jewelry, etc., $750,061. The coinage by the mints during the year was: Gold, $93,582,475; silver dollars, $3,966,011; subsidiary silver coins, $5,113,469; minor coins, $712,594; a total coinage of $53,715,549. In addition to the coinage executed by the mints during the year, gold bars were manufactured of the value of $43,153,370, and silver bars of the value of $10,541,515. The average London price of silver bullion during the year was 29 pence, equivalent to 63.8 cents. The highest price of silver during the year was 68 cents, and the lowest price 59.8. At the average price of silver bullion during the fiscal year, the ratio of gold to silver was 1 to 32.5, and the bullion value of a United States silver dollar was $0.49168. The total earnings of the mints and assay offices during the year were $2,068,389, and the total expenditures $1,185,453, showing the net earnings from all sources to have been $902,936. The value of the gold and silver estimated to have been used in the industrial arts during the calendar year 1894, was approximated at $21,541,652, of which $10,658,645 was gold and $10,882,048 was silver. The estimated metallic stock in the United States on July 1, 1895, was: Gold, $636,229,825; silver, $625,853,949; a total of $1,262,083,774. The estimated product of gold and silver in the United States during the calendar year 1894 was: Gold, 2,300,000; silver, 49,500,000 fine ounces, of the commercial value of $31,422,000, and the coinage value $64,000,000. The estimated production of the world for the calendar year is: Gold, $130,826,100; silver, coinage value, $216,332,700; commercial value, $106,722,900. The coinage of gold and silver by the various countries of the world, so far as this information has been received for the calendar year 1894 was: Gold, $227,621,632; silver, $93,553,[illegible]. In his report Mr. Preston gives an estimate of the approximate stock of money in the principal countries of the world. He places the stock of gold at $4,088,900,000; stock of full legal tender silver at $3,349,300,000; stock of limited tender silver at $631,200,000, making a total silver stock in the world of $3,980,500,000; the uncovered notes are placed at $2,469,500,000. Mr. Preston, in a review of the various silver legislation of the country states that the real demonetization of silver took place in 1853, when the weight of the divisional coins was reduced about 7 per cent. It was expressly declared in the House of Representatives that the intention was to make gold the solid standard of value in the large transactions, and silver subservient to it in the smaller ones. The act of 1873, he says, was only nominal. In his report, the director of the mint says that the result of the currency legislation of the United States for over 100 years has been such as to leave an incoherent monetary system, as inconsistent herent monetary system, as inconsistent, illogical and expensive as can well be imagined, that inspires little confidence at home, and is not conducive to our credit abroad, and its reform is one of the most important and urgent political and financial questions of the hour. He says that on January 1st, 1879, the date of the resumption of the specie payments, the only currency, except coin certificates, required to be redeemed in gold coin, was the $346,681,016 legal tender notes then outstanding, in regard to which the then Secretary of the Treasury was of opinion that a gold reserve of $100,000,000 would be sufficient to maintain, but the paper currency redeemable on presentation has been increased to the extent of $155,930,000, issued in payment of the silver bullion purchased under the act of July 14th, 1890. Besides these, there were outstanding Nov. 1, 1895, $333,456,236 in silver certificates, and as the act of July 14th, 1890, declared it to be "the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals at parity with each other," there is now a total of $621,229,532 resting on the basis of the gold reserve of $100,000,000.

ICE, COLD AND SNOW.

Winter in the East, Summer in the West —The Telegraph Service Demoralized.

A Chicago despatch of yesterday says: Up to 11 o'clock this morning this city was practically dead telegraphically. Last night's storm of mingled rain, sleet, and snow utterly prostrated electrical communication of all sorts within the city limits, and the heavy accumulations of sleet and snow broke down wires of all sorts. In the business district the telegraph and telephone wires are under ground, but in the outskirts they rise to the surface and are carried on poles. The weight was so great in many places that the poles were broken and went down with the wires. Even the heavy trolley wires were unable to withstand the rain, and the wires mingled in inextricable confusion with the telephone and telegraph systems, including the police and fire alarm wires. Finally the Postal secured intermittant communication between this city and Cleveland, over which the Associated Press managed to get a little news, and both that company and the Western Union had established communication with St. Louis, and were accepting the Associated Press news and general business. The Chicago and Milwaukee Telegraph Co. also got its wires between the Board of Trade and Milwaukee and the news and business began to move. Altogether it was the most complete telegraphic isolation which the city has suffered in many years. Freight traffic from every direction by rail was practically blocked and all the passenger trains were much delayed, even inside of the city, in spite of every effort.

This is how it was in Indianapolis: The wind storm which succeeded the four inch rain fall last night did considerable property damage in this city, but humanity escaped without injury. Many small buildings were wrecked and shade trees on the residence streets went down. The roof of a large public school building at Delaware and Walnut streets was lifted several inches. A factory on Madison avenue was dismantled and the new Moravian church on Cottage avenue was uprooted. The telegraphic companies have been sadly crippled. All the railroads are feeling the effects of the storm and trains are as a rule several hours late. The telegraph wires along the railroads have in many instances been carried to the grou[illegible] the state indicate that the wind was unprecedented in violence and much damage was done.

In St. Louis things were no better. The blizzard which set in here early last evening subsided this morning, after leaving six to eight feet of snow on the ground, badly crippling the railroad and impeding all lines of travel. Telegraph lines are down in all directions. No damage, however, has yet been reported in this city. It was learned that the storm raged violently throughout Missouri, Arkansas and Texas. In the latter State it swept over the ranches, covering them with snow several inches deep, severely exposing all kinds of live stock to its fury. If the temperature falls lower there will be a great loss of cattle and sheep.

CLAIMS BRITISH COLUMBIA TOO.

Besides All the Land in Washington, Oregon, Montana and Idaho.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—J. McCraith, of Walla Walla, Wash., has written a sensational letter to A. H. Ricketts, an attorney, asking him to become the lawyer in some land litigation he has pending, by deeds direct from the Indians. Years ago, he claims that his uncle, McCraith by name, paid the Indians $25,000,000 for the Northwest country, and got a title as large as a blanket when he paid over the money. This uncle, he says, died several years ago, leaving him all of his property. He insists that the will was probated in the San Francisco courts five or six years ago. Among his deeds and documents he finds some that he thinks give him a good claim for all the land in British Columbia. He therefore wants Ricketts to at once begin proceedings in the courts to set aside England's title, and have his claim properly set forth. Should the United States object to his title to the Northwest, he wants Ricketts to legally knock out its pretension. Mr. Ricketts has informed McCraith that in his humble way he is sure he could not handle the case in a manner that would meet his rosy expectations about the great properties.

THE KAISER AS ARBITRATOR.

Washington, Nov. 27.—The name of Emperor William of Germany has been mentioned as available as arbitrator of the British-Venezuela dispute if Lord Salisbury's answer to Ambassador Bayard proves favorable to arbitration. The suggestion of the Kaiser's name originated in semi-official circles in London, but accompanied by the statement that the Foreign Office had not thus far taken steps towards enlisting the Emperor in the case. Officials here have no information on the subject and it is believed the matter has gone beyond the consideration of the Emperor's available time. It appears to be conceded that the United States would not act as arbitrator owing to the general belief that the sympathy of this country is on the side of Venezuela. Germany interests in Venezuela are very large, its merchants controlling all the commerce of Maracaibo and other large cities, and German capital has built the leading railroad lines of the country. The report from London that Lord Salisbury has completed his answer to Mr. Bayard is regarded in diplomatic circles here as having a favorable significance. The reply has been delayed so long that there was a strong belief among officials that Lord Salisbury would make no answer, taking the position that the subject was one in which the United States had no concern. With some satisfaction, therefore, the authorities have received the report that the answer of Great Britain is about to be delivered.

NEWFOUNDLAND AFFAIRS.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 26.—All the indictments in the smuggling cases have been quashed by the Supreme court, on appeal. With this the agitation against smuggling will probably cease. Much indignation prevails over the result, it being claimed that the prisoners were prosecuted under the wrong section of the Customs act, and there is a feeling abroad that the authorities in their management of the case rode for a fall so as to help their own friends. The immediate release of all the prisoners now under arrest on the charge of smuggling is confidently looked for, it being felt that the Government cannot keep certain persons in custody while others are at liberty. It is possible that the board of revenue will now intervene and impose fines in all cases.

JOTTINGS FROM LADNER.

Ladner, Nov. 27.—The Delta Drill Association held its first general meeting night in the Town hall. The strength is 19 members to start with. T. Bogle was elected captain; T. Wiles, sergeant, and Digby Sloggett, corporal. The parades will start sharp at 8 o'clock every Wednesday night in the Town hall. The death of Mrs. A. de R. Taylor last Thursday night was a sudden shock to the community. Many of her most intimate friends were not aware of the danger, she having been ill but two days. Everything possible was done to save her life, and after death the friends of the family did all they could to alleviate the distress of the sorrowing ones. Many were the wreaths placed on the coffin. The remains were taken to the Presbyterian church at 1:30 on Sunday when the Rev. J. C. Cameron delivered an impressive sermon, the choir sang some beautiful songs and then all that remained of one whom we all knew so well, was taken to the Boundary Bay cemetery, followed by a large cortege of sympathizing neighbors, and there interred to await the resurrection morn. ——The Woodmen of the World are strongly organized here, with E. Hutcherson as consul commander. ——J. McCallum had a large gathering last Friday night at his residence. From what I hear they had a most enjoyable time. ——A shooting match comes off on Thursday next, between local teams, captained by H. Hutcherson and J. Jordan, respectively. ——The Workman will parade next Sunday at 3 o'clock and attend divine service at the Methodist church. The Rev. Joseph Hall will preach the sermon. ——H. A. Hicks is home again from the Slocan country. He speaks highly of the prospects up there and intends returning there in the spring. He has located two claims. ——Mr. T. W. Kerr, secretary, will call for an election on December 7th, for a school trustee in place of F. Lord, resigned. So far as I know, Thos. Thirkle is the only candidate in the field.

DELTA.

MORE DYKING WORKS.

The municipality of Delta is calling for tenders for the construction of the ditch and dyke, and other works in connection with the Delta dyking and drainage scheme, 1895. Plans and specifications can be seen at the clerk's office, Ladner, and at the residence of A. R. Green, C. E., Royal avenue, New Westminster. Tenders will be received up to Dec. 23rd prox.

Tenders are also called for the purchase of the debentures to be issued under the Delta Dyking and Drainage by-law, amounting to $41,320.51. Tenders will be received until Dec. 23rd prox.

CANADIAN NEWS.

W. Fairburn, a well-known junior lacrosse and hockey player of Montreal, is dead.

Sir Donald Smith is still confined to his residence at Montreal through illness.

A boy named Abrams was drowned while skating on Lake of the Woods.

In the Thompson murder case at Moosomin, Sylvester Smith was committed for trial and Charles Albert Thompson acquitted. This closed the preliminary hearing. The prisoners will be taken to Regina jail.

At Toronto Mayor Kennedy presented a number of medals and parchments for life saving, including a bronze medal to Maitland Ackroyd, who has saved 40 persons from drowning in Toronto Bay.

Mrs. Harriet A. Haines has died at St. Thomas within two months of being a century old. Her father was the first captain of a steamer to run on the Hudson, the Experiment.

A despatch from Sydney, C. B., says that the steamer Forest Holme, from Montreal for Great Britain, lumber laden, went ashore a few yards from Sydney harbor, in broad daylight, yesterday morning. Tugs have been dispatched to her assistance.

S. M. Stephens, of Owen Sound's leading merchant, aged 76, is dead.

W. Hordu, a settler in Perley, near Saltcoats, Man., was frozen to death a few days since.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

UNDER TURKISH RULE.

NO PROTECTION WAS GIVEN AMERICAN MISSIONARIES.

Their Educational and Other Buildings Were Looted by the Mob and Burned and the Property Stolen—A Sad Case.

Constantinople, Nov. 26, via Sofia, Bulg., Nov. 27.—The Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs, Tewfik Pasha, called upon Sir Philip Currie, British ambassador, today and announced that the Porte had decided to issue firmans providing for the passage through the Dardanelles of the extra guardships demanded by Great Britain, Russia, Italy and Austria as conditional protection needed for the safety of the foreign population here. This puts an end to a very dangerous situation, for there is no doubt that the Powers would have insisted upon having extra gunboats here even if it were necessary to force the passage of the Dardanelles in order to get them here.

More details have been received of the burning of the American mission buildings at Kharput, exclusively announced by the Associated Press. They show that the Turkish Government officials in spite of an abundance of promises of protection for the American missionaries and their property, made by the Porte to the United States Minister, Mr. Terrell, and to the Americans themselves by the authorities of Kharput, utterly failed to guard the Americans. No protection was offered or given until after the American mission buildings were burned to the ground. The estimated value of the American property is about $150,000. It consisted of the girls' college, theological seminary, chapel and five residences. All were burned, the buildings looted by a Turkish mob before being set on fire and the personal effects of the American missionaries, libraries, scientific instruments, etc., were stolen and so far only a small portion of the property has been recovered. The lady missionaries were naturally in a state of great terror while the rioting was going on, and Mrs. Gates, wife of one of the missionaries, was so prostrated with alarm that she gave premature birth to a child which did not live.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 25.—The Czarowitz's condition is considered worse.

Rome, Nov. 25.—The Pope is suffering from throat trouble, and as a precaution, his consistories have been postponed until November 29th, and December 2nd respectively.

London, Nov. 25.—The run of Trilby at the Haymarket Theatre is phenomenal, and the houses have been the largest for the last 15 years. The sale of Du Maurier's book still continues, and the large edition of Trilby is almost exhausted. Harper Bros., of New York, agree to pay Du Maurier $50,000 for his next novel, The Martian, which is already in the press. It will be published serially in America.

The first instalment of the Harvey Armor plates for the two Japanese battleships which were built here, was delivered last week, but it is said the Japanese have transferred their order for building the battleships to Germany on account of the shipbuilding strike. British shipbuilders are alarmed at the prospect of losing the orders which China is reported about to place for the purpose of building up a navy.

It is entirely probable that the three Ashantee princes now in England will remain here to watch the issue of the war in their native land. Their position as guests in a country making war upon their people will be anomalous, but not perilous. They are not recognized as envoys and are safe from molestation if they remain peaceably in England, while they would certainly be taken into custody should they return to the Gold Coast at present on their way home. A bodder trio of Africans, however, was never seen, when they asked for an interview with Lord Rosebery, and he sent them word to go and see the Colonial office people. They hoped for better things when a Tory Government came in last spring, but much to their dismay Mr. Chamberlain referred them to the Governor of the Gold Coast. The grievance has been examined into by the fact that King Khama, of South Africa, has been feted and honored in England, while they have been kept in seclusion in a second rate boarding house with reporters as their only medium of communication with the British nation.

Society is on the qui vive for the Coombs divorce case in which the Duke of Orleans is named as co-respondent, the suit being known as Woolston vs. Woolston, the husband alleging that Mrs. Woolston, the defendant, lived unchaste under the protection of the Duke of Orleans. Truth says that the Duke of Orleans quitted England in high dudgeon because he was pointedly ignored by the court during the visit to this country of King Carlos of Portugal. The Prince of Wales, it appears, wanted to invite him to Sandringham, but the Queen sternly vetoed the proposition.

New York, Nov. 25.—A special to the Herald from St. Petersburg says: The The Novoe Vremya publishes a special despatch from Vladivostock, which if true will cause a stir in the world. It says that Japan has entirely withdrawn from her continental policy in Asia and acknowledged to hold Corea and Manchuria within her sphere of influence and economical influence. A special sign of the liberal intentions of the Corean Government is the permission which has been accorded its subjects to cut off their pigtails. The rebel Corean troops are being formed in two divisions on the European model to replace the palace guards.

A special despatch from Seoul, Corea, to the Novoe Vremya, St. Petersburg, transmitted by way of Vladivostock, says that Tai Won Kun, under the pressure of Russia's demands, has surrendered his authority and will withdraw from the palace to his own residence.

Peking, Nov. 25.—It is reported in official circles that the Japanese will evacuate the Liao-Tung peninsula, on Nov. 29th.

PAUNCEFOTE GIVES SOME FACTS.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 26.—The British embassy has received from the Foreign Office the full correspondence respecting claims for compensation on account of British vessels seized in Bering Sea by United States cruisers. Brief cable extracts from the report have appeared, but the full correspondence is full of interest, as it brings out the spirit with which Sir Julian Pauncefote answered the criticisms of Senator Morgan. In discussing Lord Salisbury's action the House of Representatives had defeated the measure for the payment of the claims, Sir Julian wrote: "Strong party feelings would seem alone to account for the rejection of so just and desirable an arrangement, and as your lordship will have noticed by the enclosure in my despatch statements have been made in Congress which are entirely misleading both as to the law and facts of the case. It is urged that the present claims are principally made out of indirect damages because they include, in some cases, the loss of the profits of the fishery season by sealing vessels warned out of Bering Sea. It is again pretended that the majority of the sealing vessels on behalf of which the claims are made were the property of United States citizens, whereas there is no evidence whatever of any change of ownership in these vessels, while all carried the British flag and had a British register. There can be no doubt these occurrences were calculated to prejudice the minds of many members of Congress, also to turn public opinion against a settlement of the question both equitable and advantageous to both parties."

SUSTAINED THE APPEAL.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 27.—The appeal made by a number of liquor sellers against convictions by local magistrates for smuggling was sustained by the Supreme court, the indictments being quashed. This involves, in all probability, the collapse of the whole action against smuggling. Much indignation prevails over the result, it being claimed that the prisoners were prosecuted under the wrong section of the Customs act, and there is a feeling abroad that the authorities, in their management of the case, rode for a fall so as to help their own friends. The immediate release of all the prisoners now under arrest on the charge of smuggling is confidently looked for, it being felt that the Government cannot keep certain persons in custody while others are at liberty. It is possible that the board of revenue will now intervene and impose fines in all cases.

TURNED MOHAMMEDAN.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 27.—Rev. J. T. M. Johnson, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, who has been removed from a three months' tour of Europe and the Holy Land, in a sermon on the Armenian troubles makes the sensational statement that the American minister, Mr. Terrell, ought to be hanged. He declares that the minister to Turkey has joined the Mohammedan church, and is aiding in the persecuting and killing of Christians instead of protecting them; that the situation is far worse than has been reported by the papers and that Mr. Terrell prevents true reports from being sent out, sending out false reports himself. Rev. Mr. Johnson and his entire party of 34 members have sent a petition to President Cleveland begging him to remove Minister Terrell.

ELEVEN WERE INJURED.

Johnstown, Pa., Nov. 27.—By the breaking of a car axle in the Cambria Iron Company's mill mine, 31 miners have been seriously injured, one fatally. The accident happened when the miners boarded a cable train in the mines, three miles under the mountain to return home. The train was running at a high rate of speed when an axle broke, wrecking the train. The men were caught in the crash and buried in the wreck. There was the wildest excitement for a few minutes. Finally those who escaped injury went to assist the injured and rescue them from the wreck. All the injured are now in Cambria hospital.

EXTENDING ITS INFLUENCE.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Nov. 25.—To-day it is announced that a lease has been signed giving the C. P. R. the right for 50 years to come into the city over the cantilever bridge. The C. P. R. will run as far as Welland on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo road, and then Wellland will use the Michigan Central tracks. The first C. P. R. train will be run under a new agreement as soon as the T. H. & B. is completed, which will be about two months.

BRECKENRIDGE WILL RUN.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 27.—Col. W. C. P. Breckenridge, of Lexington, it is now understood, will make the race for Congress in the seventh district next year. It is said that he has told friends that he will make the race and expects to win. During the late campaign Col. Breckenridge campaed district after district in the Democrat state ticket and everywhere drew immense crowds.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Extensive grounds and a house near Ottawa have been purchased by Lord Douglas, a priest of the Catholic church, who is going to establish a home for poor immigrants arriving in Canada.

Hon. T. M. Daly, Minister of the Interior, has left Winnipeg on his return to Ottawa.

Montreal, under the influence of liquor J. G. Brown was frozen to death near Chatham, Ont.

Helen R. Findlay, committed for trial at Owen Sound on the alleged charge of murdering a Barnardo boy, has been let out on bail.

Rev. Dr. Warden, of Montreal, will not accept the position of financial agent of the Presbyterian church, offered him at the last meeting of the General Assembly.

The young man Gauthier, who killed his sweetheart, Celina Lonsigny, in Montreal, has been found insane by a jury and ordered to be confined in Longue Pointe asylum.

The Dominion liner Labrador, which arrived at Halifax yesterday, carried over 450 British soldiers, who will be stationed there.

At the Hyams' murder trial on Saturday at Toronto, the defence concluded the medical testimony, which was much in favor of the accused. All the doctors agreed that the injury or injuries to the skull was the result of one crushing blow. Evidence was also given which showed that the elevator was poorly constructed.

The Conservatives of West Wellington have nominated Mr. Tilton, reeve of Clifford township, and warden of Wellington county, as their candidate for the vacancy in the Ontario Legislature.

The Walpole Island club house, at Chatham, Ont., was totally destroyed by fire last Friday night.

Thomas F. Sullivan, John Finn and William Patterson were charged with setting fire to a hotel at Toronto, owned by Sullivan, on which there was an insurance of $1,500. Finn turned Queen's evidence, and said that a man named Williams, offered him $50 if he would fire the place. He did so in the presence of Sullivan and Williams. The latter has not yet been caught.

A fire in the Western Cattle Market, Toronto, yesterday, destroyed bridges and approaches and three C. P. R., freight cars. The loss is about $2,000.

McGill University graduates resident in Toronto propose to effect an organization.

The Winnipeg Bankers' Association has just received reports from 122 correspondents in the Province, relating to the Manitoba grain crop for 1895. Basing the acreage on the Government crop reports, the correspondents' returns give the following figures: Total acreage, wheat, 1,140,276; estimated yield per acre, 25.68 bushels; total yield, 33,843,392 bushels. Total acreage of barley, 153,836; estimated yield per acre, 34.4 bushels; total yield, 5,993,567. Total acreage in oats, 482,658; estimated yield per acre, 38.96 bushels; total yield 25,855,989; making a total of wheat, oats, and barley of 65,692,984 bushels.

Winnipeg, Nov. 25.—Hon. T. Mayne Daly and other Manitoba delegates to the St. Paul Immigration commission, return enthusiastic at the reception. It is proposed to hold the Northwest Canadian convention sometime in the winter. Delegates will be invited from Port Arthur to Vancouver.

Winnipeg, Nov. 26.—John Culliton, a C. P. R. brakeman, was killed this morning near Holland. It is supposed he fell from a train. Both his legs were cut off. He was 35 years old.

St. Thomas, Nov. 25.—John C. Hawkins on Thursday morning fell through a trap door with a lighted lamp in his hand. The fall ignited and set fire to his clothing.

St. Catharines, Nov. 25.—Thos. Keyes who has been treasurer of Lincoln county since 1884, and grand secretary for 17 years of the Orange Lodge of British North America, died yesterday morning. His death leaves Premier Bowell the only surviving member of the first Grand Lodge of British North America.

Calgary, N. W. T., Nov. 27.—Lord and Lady Aberdeen have reached here en route to Winnipeg. Last night at the Opera House they received an address of welcome. His Excellency replied in a happy vein. Speeches were made by Bishop Pinkham, Senator Lougheed and others.

Portage La Prairie, Nov. 26.—Fire broke out in the residence of J. Telfer. The building was destroyed. Loss $1,500; insurance $800. Loss on the contents $150; no insurance.

BIRTH.

MANSON.—At Salmon River, British Columbia on the 3rd inst., the wife of Andrew Manson of a girl.

WARNING
$100 Reward
Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade-mark by stamping plugs of Tobacco with bronze in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our
Myrtle Navy Tobacco
Each plug of which is Stamped With
T&B in Bronze
Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T & B Tin Tag.
The Geo. E