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8.94 6.80 8.63 8.83 6.39

8.35 4.35 7.64 3.26 4.42 0.85 7.23 3.51 5.14

6.95

6.23 61.12 12.69

36.62

39.99

27.09 50.43 57.93 31.95 52.46 46.65

46.03 51.40

60.44 52.92 62.82 66.51 27.69

19.07 54.57

## FIRE INSURANCE BUSINESS IN CANADA FOR THE YEAR 1915-Continued

Norwich Union 44 Palatine 54 Provincial 809al 52 Royal Exchange 52	e. p.e. .7 45.80 63.34 .6 58.90 5.1 55.65	51.98	p.e. 47.67 56.27 49.39	p.e. 39.13 54.01	1914 p.e. 63.53	Net Cash received for Premiums	Net Losses Incurred	Net Cash rec'd for Premiums	Losses Incurred	P.C.Losses neurredto Premiums
Alliance	.7 45.80 6.0 63.34 .6 58.90 6.1 55.65	55.85 67.14 51.98 53.97	56.27	39.13			8	8		
Scottish Union & National 40	2.7 57.76 4.5 53.57 5.3 59.64 7.6 54.36 7.9 40.43	77.12 63.88 51.74 53.70 664.21 35.75 7 57.80 8 47.49 9 13 1 44.66 9 1.3 1 53.37 5 40.23 5 48.83		56.59 46.66 45.13 58.75 63.83 52.49 56.75 45.88 47.08 59.23 51.34 48.52 55.01 75.42 59.44 39.36 50.66	65.40 62.03 45.56 59.49 46.32 59.28 67.94 58.34 45.97 67.03 68.04 62.45 62.88 55.55 111.41 51.00 38.05 45.92 55.27	422,440 350,475 484,222	135,454 344,142 274,789 455,690 183,460 123,783 568,539 167,354 939,865 403,460 142,694 None 632,746 500,856 481,309 150,712 575,354 50,739 739,830 160,755 160,950 2 267,658	215,168 515,974 433,157 962,785 356,567 289,962 970,601 259,011 1,342,437 703,503 300,984 None 927,240 770,010 743,557 251,107 935,794 40,473 1,429,655 379,111 372,392 483,707	\$ 92,450 300,507 227,887 472,810 140,581 123,514 464,488 152,363 649,982 337,018 128,412 None 469,348 402,790 396,598 113,733 390,700 8,565 702,981 171,751 151,711 281,252	50.63 52.3 53.3 45.2 41.7 21.1 45.3 7 40.7 40.7 40.7 58.1
Union Yorkshire. British Dominions & Gen'l London Guar. & Acc.	61.4	4 51.11	44.05 46.38		56.79 65.20	366,752		0.00 0.00	None 9,40	5 65.5 8 21.

## Twenty-one Years' Premiums Received and Losses Incurred by Fire Companies with Dominion Licenses

(Compiled by The Chronicle.)

Years.	Premiums Received.	Losses Incurred.	Per- centage.	Years.	Premiums Received.	Incurred.	Per- centage 46.73
95	7.350,131 7,910,492 8.331,948 9,650,348 10,577,084 11,384,762 13,169,882	4.552,161 8,078,931 6,783,617 4,288.562 5,799,279 14,191,847	69.31 61.31 64.41 74.37 57.75 97.00 70.29 40.54 50.94 107.76 43.30	1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	\$14,687,963 16,122,922 17,572,113 17,049,464 18,725,531 20,575,255 23,194,518 25,745,947 27,499,158 26,530,293	\$ 6,863,829 8,742,994 10,347,567 8,604,477 10,931,918 10,810,929 11,855,704 14,601,148 15,899,218 13,667,458	54.23 58.88 50.47 58.38 52.54 51.11 56.71 57.82 51.52

## WATCHING SMALL LOSSES.

A recent case in the New York Courts, to which partial reference has previously been made in THE CHRONICLE, while unimportant in itself, is of decided interest in its suggestion of the need of watchfulness in regard to the multitude of the fire companies' small losses. The circumstances of the case, as reported by the Weekly Underwriter, were that in a fire occurring in a five-room flat in New York City, the adjuster requested the plaintiff to separate the damaged from the undamaged goods and preserve the former until the inventory could be completed. The inventory placed the damage at \$532 for 52 items, but when the adjuster called but 16 items were visible, the others having been thrown away by the owner. The company been thrown away by the owner. refused to pay under these conditions and the plaintiff sued, and has now been beaten, the court holding that the clauses of the standard policy which required that the damaged property must be kept intact until the adjuster could properly

examine it, were violated by the plaintiff. "Moreover," the court said, "there is no requirement that the insurance company shall notify the policy-holder to preserve damaged property. This is one of the provisions of the policy to be observed by the insured, and is a material part of the contract to be kept by him."

The companies generally take a generous line in the settlement of small claims. Presumably, generosity is considered good policy. But it may very well be doubted if any adequate return is ever secured commensurate with the aggregate of over-liberal settlements, and their tendency is also to make policyholders careless, negligent, and regardful of the fire companies as somewhat "easy marks." Greater care in the settlement of the hundreds of small losses which are made the basis for claims upon the companies during the year would probably result in the aggregate in the saving of thousands of dollars to the companies, without the doing of any injustice to their policyholders.