Potchefstroom Captured by the Boers - The Armistice - The Flag of the Transvaal Hoisted in Triumph.

the negotiations with the Boers were institutted through the medium of Donald Currie, ward. Stevens, the latter's assistant, and a part in the pour parlers before the commencement of formal negotiations.

A Durban correspondent says that military men and colonists regard the issue of the negotiations with the Boers as most humiliating to England and destructive to her prestige in these Territories. Men everywhere express shame at being Englishmen, and talk of going to some country where national honor has not been abased.

Mount PROSPECT, March 23 .- The conference with the Boers assumed a critical phase at 6 o'clock this evening. Till then it had proceeded quiet'y, but the Boers raised sirenuons apposition to the point relative to the march of some troops to Heidelberg, and touching the position of the administration

At to-day's conference, at O'Neil's Farm, the Boers definitely agreed to retire from Laing's-Neck to morrow.

DURBAN, March 25 .- Trustworthy information, just received here from Swaziland, descrites the intensely hostile attitude of the Boers there to the British. The natives were kept in a state of terror and were severely punished if they ventured to doubt the stories told by the Boers of disaster to the English. The Swazus and Zulus are both loyal, but are eagerly expecting the restoration of British authority in the Transvaal, and their dismey at the English submission will be profound.

London, Manh 25.—The Hague news-papers publish a letter from Mynheer Blockland, a zealous defender of the Boers, recommending that the friends of the Boers redouble their activity, in order to secure the fulfilment of the peace conditions and keep alive the sympathy of Europe and America. Nawcastle, March 25.—The Boers hoisted

the dag of the Transvaal amid loud acclamations before they dispersed. Paul Kruger will arrive on Saturday. He will assist Sir Evelyn Wood in governing the Transvaul until the Commission has concluded its

Densan, March 26 .- The Boers camped a ndl within their own border last night and discussed to-day.

LOSE ON March 28. - A despatch from Direban says the troops have been ordered to reman, at Newcastle for six months, and leave of absence granted to officers has been

Prospect Hall, Metch 26.-Laing's Nek was clear of Boers by 7 o'clock Thursday evening. They marched off in an imposing column of 14,000 mounted men and 259 waggoes. Neither the men nor the horses show they traces of sickness. They will disperse and reaching their own territory. The Real Commission has a difficult task to perbilm, as a majority of the Boers view it with

CAPE Town, March 26 .- A fight of six ! hours' duration has taken place in Balaka, in Basuto Land. The result was not decisive. Colonel Carrington and several others on the British side were seriously wounded.

The feeling of humiliation over the inpractically admit that the war was forced on them. It is difficult to see how Mr. Gladstone can refuse to entertain their demand. Experienced and impartial judges believe the Boer business will involve the compulsory retirement of England from the whole o South Africa before very long. Many anticipate an early renewal of the war.

The agreement arrived at by Joubert and Weo! is little more than an armistice. The actual conditions of peace will not be definitely settled until the Royal Commission gets to work. The Boers can easily object to some details, and if they do, they will not be left to face the English single-handed, the feeling sgainst the blundering and bad faith shown by the Colonial Office agents being almost as intense in the Orange Free State as in Holland. A great South African Republic is quite among the possibilities.

NEWCASTLE, March 28 -- A messenger from Potchefstroom reports that that place surrendered the day peace was signed, after hard fighting, in which 18 British soldiers were killed and ninety wounded. The Boers captured 3,000 rounds of ammunition and two

AYOOB KHAN IN TROUBLE.

CANDAHAR, March 28 .- Mahomed Hassim Khan, Governor of Kushk, has induced three Herat regiments at Knehk to mutiny and join him and the Aimak tribes in an attack on Herat. It may be safely inferred that the murder of Mohamed Jan, who commanded there regiments, was the first act of rebellion, instead of the result of a private quarrel. At last accounts, the rebellion was so formidable that Ayoob Khan was virtually besieged in the Citadel. This gives a favorable opportunity for Abdurrahman Khan to re-unite Afghanistan under the supremacy of Cabul. Five thousand of his troops are now on the road hither, and should be in full possession of Candahar Province by the 15th of April.

THE CUBAN PECULATIONS

FURTHER ARRESTS - UNEASINESS IN SPANISH CIRCLES-PROMISED REFORMS.

Panis, March 24. - A Madrid correspondent telegraphs as follows: - General Bianco has telegraphed that he has made more arrests. Several more persons implicated in the frauds have been discovered. They include two persons of rank, one of whom belongs to a creat firm which has connections in Spain. The Colonial Office declines to give their names, judicial procedure being secret in These discoveries in Cuba and the determination of the Cabinet to punish the offenders of all ranks and their civilian accomplices has caused visible uneasiness in Spanish society. As these investigations are being carried back to contracts of ten yours past, they promise amusing revelations of the corruption and misgovernment of the Colopial administration under every Govthe Republic, and that of the restoration Span ards themselves confess that der governors I ke Balmousal, Souella and

army in Cuba that matters may be found for the prosecution of hundreds of officials and many Colonial firms, if the investigations are sincere and the records are not destroyed. Senor Surra, the newly-appointed Director

of the Cuban Treasury, after a long and stormy interview with the Minister of the Colonies, has only consented to leave by the next steamer on four conditions, absolute liberty of investigation, the right to dismiss all suspicious or untrustworthy officials, the reform of the tribunal of accounts, and the London, March 23.—It is understood that the negotiations with the Boers were institution be negotiations with the Boers were institution to the negotiation of Donald Currie. to the veto of the Governor-General. The member of Parliament for Perthshire, and AylDirectors of the Cuban Treasury also ask permission to wire and report direct to the connection of Currie, also took a prominent Colonial office, because the military authorities in Cuba have frequently objected to a departure from the traditions of local administration, or have even refused to make changes that the Home Government deemed necessary. General Blanco had objected to full powers being given to the new Director. The Sagasta Cabinet is obliged to act vigorously, because the Madrid press loudly denounces the abuses in the colonies.

The Creole Deputies and Senators, in a long interview with Senors Sagasta and Leon Y. Castillo, received again the assurance that the active repression of frauds would be followed by tariff and flag duty reforms, and a modification of the Custom House regulations, the Slavery Bill regulations and a redistribution of taxation directly the Cortes are elected in September, 1881.

Agricultural.

It is somewhat amusing, if it is not aggravating to read so much about cattle diseases, more especially of the dreaded pleuro pneumonia. If one were to believe all that is said and written about this disease, he might expect to see dead carcases or sick animals on all sides of him. Doubtless there have been some cases of pleuro-pneumonia, and it is quite safe to say that those interested have made the most of them. That is, those persons most interested in making believe that known, and where much mischief might thus be done. These are the persons who are do 1341; 49 Commerce, 1421; 37 Ville Marie, officially interested. There is no doubt that 42; 50 Montreal Telegraph, 1271; 50 Richefor every sick animal discovered, five times | lieu, 62]; 4 City Passenger, 117; 32 Gas, its value has been spent in intile efforts to 1541. find another, and for one infected stable a is imminent. The only trouble I have personally experienced in regard to it has been that of hunting for inspectors to procure certilicates for the removal of animals, or for their admission from another State, and a visit from an impertinent and saucy inspector, who threatened to break down the doors of my stable if he were not admitted immediately, but who showed no authority for his demand. This experience is general, and with a wide acquaintance with farmers, breeders, and dairymen, I have not yet seen a case of this disease, and have heard of but one in all my circle of acquaintance. The truth is, that this it was desired it could be put an end to in a week. Its hiding-places are well known, and were it not for the cow-peddlers, who are continually putting off worn-out cows discharged from milk dairies of the lowest deby one of these speculative persons who treal and Canadian manufactures generally. should never be permitted to visit a dairy without an inspector's certificate, and should tween Montreal and Antwerp, established by glorious result of the struggle with the Bours be put under the control of these officials, as the White Cross Co, and which is to be suphas been aggravated by the news of the Boers well as their cows. This disease was imdemend for indemnity for loss and injury in-ported with foreign cattle, and it is only re-dicted on them. The Boer leaders claim, and the British Government by its course and the British Government by its course lent disorder, the foot and mouth disease, were here from England. It is strange that cattle frem England, where both of these diseases exist extensively, are admitted to this country without any trouble, while our cattle, which are free from disease, are treated with the greatest jealousy and rigor, and slaughtered on the merest suspicion.

Periodical Ophthalmia, or Moon Blindness. found that the wholesale trade of the city is -This disease, to which horses are subject, is caused by constitutional disposition, or by the pungent vapors which fill the air of unclean tables. It appears as a bluish cloud in the centre of the eye, the cornea, which gradually thickens, and an increasing inflammation of the whole organ until the herse is unable to see, when the inflammation is resolved into a free discharge, the film disappears, and temporary relief is obtained for three or four weeks more. Each attack is worse than the preceding one, until a cataract is formed and permanent blindness occurs. Th etreatment is to remove the causes, to avoid any irritating circumstances, to give a full dose of salts, 12 to 16 ounces, (2 ounce doses are useless,) and when the fever is relieved to maintain good health by the best of feeding, not using much corn, but more bran and linseed, and by strengthening the eyes by cold bathing and the occasional use of a lotion of one grain of sulphate of zinc in one ounce of rain water, a little of which should be put into the eyes. Mouldy Corn Fooder .- It is almost im-

possible to store corn-fodder in a tight bern without gathering mold. The thick stalks may be quite dry when they go in but they absorb a large quantity of moisture in a barn. This is shown by Prof. Atwater's examination of samples of hay hung in the store-room of his laboratory and afterwards kept in a barn. In the store-room the hay contained 606 per cent. of water : after hanging in the barn the average water contained was 13.90 per cent., an increase of 71 per cent., or 150 pounds per ton. Fodder or hay taken up in dry weather, as it usually is, would be as dry probably as that in the store-room; if, then, every ton gathers 150 pounds of moisture in the barn by absorption of moisture, it could hardly fail to become moldy. The practice new is to keep the fodder in the field in small stacks, well bound at the top. Rain falling upon it soon dries off, and will not penetrate into the interior if the stack is well bound. It is brought in as it is wanted, once a week, and out of the stack bright and green and in the best condition. It may also be stored in cheap barracks in the field with safety.

How to PLANT ASPARAGUS BED .- An asparagus bed 4 rods long and 1 rod wide may be made as follows: Plow the ground as deeply as possible. Mark it of 3 feet apart; plow out furrows at these marks 18 inches deep, and spread plenty of manure in the bottom. Plow the soil over this manure 6 or 8 inches deep and spread more manure; cover this a few inches, leaving a hollow 6 inches deep; scatter well rotted manure in this and ernment, that of the revolution, that of plant the roots a foot apart; get 1-year-old roots; cover with soil and raise a slight ridge over the rows You will require about 400 the Colonial abuses rose to their climax un- plants. When the plants are on the ground scatter a bushel of salt over the bed. When Dala, who had all their attention absorbed by the plants become established the ground ago, and in that they are only following out were taken at full fermer prices, but a decline the Civil wer. In regard to the army con- may be plowed from the rows, manure drop- the usual course for the season. Prices are is looked for before long. Common to prime tracts and Custom House frauds, I hear from | ped in the forrows, and the soil ploughed back | steady.

Care for your live stock would seem an almost superfluous piece of advice to farmers, cattle raisers, horsemen and others, whose cattle is largely invested in quadrupeds. Yet how often are the diseases and sanitary requirements of horses and cattle disregarded; how often are they left to the care of the ignorant and brutal, and irrationally treated when unwell? No stock yard, farm or stable can be said to be properly equipped where an efficient remedial agent is not provided. The best and most highly approved by veterin-Hoof, Distemper, Scours, Curb, Corks, scratches, sore tests and other disorders and troubles of horses and cattle. Sold by all medicine dealers. Prepared only by NORTH-ROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont.

Finance and Commerce.

TRUE WITNESS OFFICE. TUESDAY, March 29, 1881. FINANCIAL.

Money on call and time is loaned at 5 to 6 per cent., while good mercantile borrowers can get their paper discounted at 6 to 7 per cent. Sterling Exchange is dull at 81 prem. between banks; 83 to 85 cash over the counter. Drafts on New York were drawn at # to 1

The stock market this a. m. was firm. Montreal advanced 4 per cent to 184; Ontario to 101; Commerce 4 to 142½; Montreal Pig, \$5 to 5 50. ditto, sheet, 6 to 6 25; ditto, Telegraph 4 to 127½, and Richelieu 2 to 62. bar, 5 50 to 6; Canadian Shot, 6 to 6 50; Cut Merchants' was steady at 118½ and Gas at Nails, per 100 lbs, 10d to 60d, (3 inches and

184; 112 do 1841; 6 Consolidated 20; 12 Molsons 1081; 25 Commerce 1421; 15 do 1423; 10 Richelieu 614; 25 do 62; 25 Gas 1544; 8 Loan & Mortgage 106; 8 Graphic 521. This afternoon stocks were about steady,

but dull. Montreal closed at 184 bid; Onthis disease is prevalent in so many places tario at 101; Merchants at 118½; Commerce and that there is imminent danger of its, at 142½; Montreal Telegraph at 127½; Richeknown, and where much mischief might thus

Afternoon Sales.—20 Montreal, 184; 25 do 1841; 49 Commerce, 1421; 37 Ville Marie,

New York, March 29, 1 p.m.—Stocks weak. thousand has been visited without discovering a trace of disease. And yet the impression is abroad that the ccuntry is dangerously troubled with the disease, and its wide spread [102]: U. P., 119; N. P., 42; W. U., 113½; Am. Ex., 72.

COMMERCIAL.

WEEKLY REVIEW-WHOLESALE

MARKETS. Trade prospects continue good, although the movement of staple goods during the past week attained no greater proportions. Interviews with prominent men in all lines of business are most encouraging and would seem to indicate that with the opening of navigation in this year of grace 1881 a season disease is not life in this country, and that if of prosperity and business ventures, such as was never before known in Canadian annals, S16 50; Californian, No 2, \$15 50; No 2 will dawn upon us with every likelihood of being continued for the next four years at least. The opening up of a direct steamship line between Canada and Brazil is a matter scription, it would hardly be known outside of prime importance to our wholesale grocery of those obscure places. The only case I have trade and will favorably affect other business heard of in conversation was brought about interests, besides affording an outlet to Mon-Then there is the new steamship line betinent, either had to be shipped in Canadian steamers for the continent via Liverpool or London or go direct from New York. Now all this expense and trouble will be done away with, and we learn that all the space which the new line will be able to afford is engaged for months ahead or is about to be so engaged. As reviewed below it will be

> GROCERIES .- A fair amount of business was done in general groceries. In teas, greens and blacks are dull while Japan being scarcer are firmly held as a rule. Prices ranged all the way from 20c to 70c according to description and quality. Nagasaki Japan may be quoted at 25c to 35c; common Japans, 221c to 25c; good common to medium, 27c to 30c; fair to good, 34c to 40; fine to choice, 41 to 53. Young Hyson, first, 18c to 50c; seconds, 38c to 45c; thirds, 30c to 35c; fourths, 271c to 29c. Gunpowder, low grades, 38c to 40c; good to fine, 50c to 60c; finest, 64c to 70c. Congon, fine to finest, 41c to 60c. Souchong, fine to choice, 50c to 70c. Sugar. Refined is moderately active, but there is not much horses which arrived here from Ontario, were business reported in raw. Montreal yellow, 7]c to 9c; granulated, 94c to 10c; Grocere A. 91c to 91c; raw sugar 74c to 78c. Molasses-Only the ordinary local demand is experienced. Barbadoes, 52c to 55c; Porto a fine bay mare of good parts. The dealers Rico, 52c to 54c. Bright syrup, 70c to 72c: present were about twenty, among whom were medium, 65c to 68c. Spicos slow. Cloves, 40c to 50c. Black pepper, 13c to 16c; white, 163c to 17c. Fruits steady and firm. Valencias Hartford, Connecticut; Frank Shields, raisins, 8½c to 9½c; Sultanas, 10½c to 11c; of Boston; H Hicks, of Worcester, Mass, and raisins, 8½c to 9½c; Sultanas, 10½c to 11c; Currants, 6½c to 7½c; Prunes 6c to 6½c: Malaga figs, 6c ts 7c; H. S. almonds, Gc to 7c; S. S. Tarragona, 13c to 15c; Walnuts, 11c to 10c; Filberts, 8] to 9c.

steady and may be expected to remain with.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS .- Business is inactive and inclined to drag heavily. Manufacturers on the other side of the ocean line appear reluctant to go back to anti-strike prices, but the patient waiting of buyers will probably compel them to do something of the kind before long. In a local way there will be little doing until the opening of navigation establishes a lower freight tariff for the movement of heavy chemicals to the interior. Travellers on the road with samples of light drugs and perfumery continue to report favorably. We quote: -Borax, 15c to 17c; sugar of lead, 13c to 14c; bichromate of potash, 15c to 16c; soda ash, \$1 60 to \$1.90; cream tartar, ground, 32c to 34c; do, crystal, 29c to 31c; bleaching powder, \$1.60 to \$1.75; alum, \$1.90; flour sulphur, \$2.75 to \$2.87; roll do, \$2.25 to \$2.50; epsom salts, \$1.30 to 1.50; sal soda, 51.15; saltpetre, \$9.50 to \$10.00 per keg; whiting, 55c to 70c; quinine, \$3 90 to \$4; castor oil, 10c to 11e; opino, \$8.25 to 8.75; bi-carb soda, \$3.30 to 3.50.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- Orders in the hands of manufacturers are still quite numerous and \$1.10; do buff congress, \$2 to \$2.25; do kip boots, \$2.50 to 3 25; do cowhide boots, 2.50 to \$3; women's split bals, 90c and \$1; do pebble and buff balmorals, \$1.15 to \$1.50; do prunella, 60c to \$1.60; Misses' buff and pebble bals, \$1.00 to 1.20.

IRON AND HARDWARE-Trade though quiet,

is showing a slight improvement as the spring draws on, and travellers on the road are sending in fair orders for shelf and heavy hardware. Merchants complain that the reduced lates on the Grand Trunk are coming into force a fortnight or three weeks later than usual, and this circumstance is likely to retard business very seriously. Nails and bar iron continue in protty good request, and in pig iron a few small sales of Summerlee and Coltness are reported. We now quote: Pig Iron per ton, Coltness, \$20 to 21; Langloan, \$20 to 20.50; Gartsherrie, \$19 25 to 19 50; Eglinton, \$18 50 to 19; Hematite, \$25 to 27; bars per 100 lbs. Scotch and Staffordshire, \$1 80 to 1 90; ditto best \$210 to 225; Swedes & Norway, \$450 to 4 5; Lowmoor and Bowling, \$6 to 6 50; Canada plates, Swanses and Penn, \$3 25 to 350; Hatton, \$315 to 320; Arrow, \$350 to 360; Coke, IC, \$475. Tin sheets, charcoal best No. 26, \$10 to 11; coke, best No. 26, \$8 to 9; Galvanized Shoots Morewcods Lion, No. 28, 71c; other brands, 61 to 7c; Hoops and Bands, \$240 to 250; Sheets, best brands \$2 50 to 2 75, Steel per lb cast, 11 to 13c; Spring per 100 lb \$3 25 to 3 75; Best do \$5 to 6; Tire, \$3 25 to 3 75; Sleigh Shoe, 2 50 to 2 75; Boiler Plates, per 100 lbs., ordinary brands, \$2 50 to 3; Ingot Tin, \$24 to 2500; Ingot Copper, \$18 to 19; Horse Shoes, 3 75 to 4; Coil Chain, 4 inch, 4 25 to 4 50; Sheet Zinc, 550 to 6; Lead, per 100 lbs, Jarger) 2 60; Spikes, pressed, per 112 lbs., Morning Sales. -2 Montreal, 1833; 29 do | 3 50 to 4; Pressed Nails, per 100 lbs., 7 25.

RAW FURS .- The local market is dull. Dealers are awaiting results by mail of the London sales. Winter Musk Rat, 12c; ditto Fall 8c. Kitts 3c; Red Fox, \$1.25 to 1.50; Cross Fox, \$2 to 3.00; Silver Fox, \$25 to 30.00; Marten, 1.50 to \$2 00; Otter \$8.00 to 10.00. Mink—Prime dark, \$1.00 to 1.50; Beaver, 2.50. Bear—Large prime, \$6 to 8.00; ditto cubs, \$2 to 4.00; Fisher, \$5 to 600. Skunk, 25c to 50c; Raccoon, 40c to

Day Goors .- Since our last review trade has been irregular. In the early part of the week merchants complained that business was anything but active, despite the reduction of fares on the railways, but this was accounted for by the broken state of the weather and the fact that country customers are only now in receipt of late purchases, which they are briskly assorting. As the time draws on, however, when the railway fares will again be raised to their former level, the prospects are more encouraging. The roads are in a better condition and the weather finer and steadier. Prices are firm. Collections are generally good.

FISH AND OILS. - Prices are firm and stocks comparatively light. The demand is not so 4 25; No 2, \$3 25 to 3 50; salmon, No 3, mackerel, \$5. Oils have been very steady. Cod oil is in light supply at 60c to 63c; soal, pale, 621c to 65c; straw, 54c to 56c; steam refined, 70c to 75c. Linsued oil, 70c to 71c tor raw, and 74c to 75c for boiled, Imperial measure. The demand continues to decrease as the bours of daylight lengthen. Advices from London quote 20c in car lots. Here we quote car lots at 232c to 24c; broken lots, 24de to 25c; single barrels, 25c to 26c.

LEATHER. -A moderate business is transkets where fair prices have been realized. A only 4 feet wide. lot of 1,500 sides choice light upper transpired on this market at 12c, while another lot brought 40c. Black leathers are in more demand. Hemlock Spanish sole, No. 1 B A 24c to 25c. Ordinary 24c to 25c; No. 2 do 22c to 23c; buffalo sole, No 1, 21c to 23c; do No 2, 19 to 21c; hemlock slaughter No 1, 26c to 28c; waxed upper, light and medium. 36c to 42c; splits, large, 22c to 30; do small, 23c to 28c; callskins, (27 to 36 lbs) 60c to 80c; do, (18 to 26 lbs) 60c to 70c.

Wood,-A few small lots continue to find purchasers, but business is not at all active. Manufacturers are holding off as long as possible. We quote: -Greasy Cape, 181c to 19c; Greasy Australian 28c to 31c: Canada pulled, A super, 34c to 35c; B super, 32c to

HIDES.-Good hides are scarce and command fair prices. Hides of inferior quality are tending lower. We quote: \$9, \$8 and \$7 for No. 1 to 3. Calfskins, 10c.

MONTREAL HORSE MARKET-March 26. The market continues fairly active a large number of American dealers continuing to operate here. Five car load of heavy draught eagerly bought up and further arrivals will probably follow, so that Montreal seems destined to be the principal horse maket of Canada. The highest price paid was \$500 for present were about twenty, among whom were 110 dozen White Shirts to be sold C. B. Gibbs, of Leicester Junction, Vt; Chas Clapp, Lowell, Mass; H W Adams A W Buckman, Newton, Pa. The shipments for the week were as follows :- March 18th, horses, \$543; 1 mare, \$500. March 19th, 8 March 21st, 19 do, \$1,574; 19 do, \$1,838.

March 21st, 19 do, \$1,336; 2 do, \$270; 15 de, \$1,316; 6 do, \$580.50; 17 do, \$1,319.

March 21st, 19 do, \$1,356; 10 do, \$1,319. \$890; 10 do, \$1,039; 2 do, \$165. March 23rd, 2 do, \$184: 19 do, \$1,379; 18 do, \$1,995; 18 do, \$2,170; 21 do, \$1,329.50; 18 do, \$1,453. March 24th, 22 do, S2,132.50; 19 do, S1.674.50 3 do, \$238; 2 do, \$200; 17 do, \$1,597.50; 3 do, \$230; 4 do, \$210; 2 do, \$185; 15 do, \$1,594.50; 3 do, \$257; 14 do, \$1,392; 2 do, \$175; 5 do, \$475.

ST. GABRIEL CATTLE MARKET. MARCH 28.

The supply of cattle to-day was small but generally of good quality, and fair prices were realized. J. Eakins had two cars under offer, one from Port Hope and one from Colourg. S. Parsons also had a car load from Pt Hope: P. Bouner, one from Toronto; John Sullivan, two from Toronto; R. Cock-rane, one from Guelph, and J. Martineau 1 from Millshero. The price asked by the majority of holders was \$5 per 100 lbs, and very few sold below that figure. A small lot they are being supplemented by a few sorting of live hogs realized \$7 per 100 lbs, while up orders from travellers and from general fresh killed dressed hogs of good quality traders visiting the city. Heavy shipments are were worth \$8,50 to \$9 according to size of being made to the country daily. Remittan- lot. A report of last New York market ces are scarcely as good as they were a mouth | says : - The cattle were needed and tracts and Custom House frauds, I hear from ped in the forrows, and the soil ploughed back steady. Men's split boots, \$1.75 to steers ranged from 940 per 1b, to dress 50 men who have held high positions in the again so as to round up a ridge over the plants, \$2,25; do split brogans, 900 to lbs, less 500 per head up to 1140, to dress 57

lbs; and a few picked extra steers were taken at 12c per lb. Exporters used 50 head at 11c to 12c per lb. Private advices from London and Liverpool by cable quote American refrigerator beef a shade firmer at 44d to 5d per lb. Another New York whole-sale slaughterer, Mr. T. Cunningham, has been compelled to make an assignment. His books show an indebtedness to cattle sales-

men of about \$30,000; assets about \$15,000. Receipts by rail in this city are as follows for week ended March 28: Cattle, 380; horses, 134; sheep, 44; hogs, 43. Receipts for week previous: Cattle, 459; horses, 138; sheep, 141; hogs, 17.

WHOLESALE PROVISION MARKET.

MAROH 29.

The butter market is in even a worse condition than formerly reported, and heavier losses must result than for several years past. Accounts from Great Biltain were never so discouraging and medium, and lower grades of the American and Canadian product are unsaleable except at rates approaching frease prices. Cheese is about sleady at 13c to lic; but eggs are down to 17c, and receipts are fuller than they have been for some time. Hog products are fairly steady. A large quantity of damaged oranges are arriving which is interfering with the sale of apples, which latter we now quote from \$1.50 to \$3 per bbl. Dairy butter ranges from 13c to 19c, and increasing from 20c to 21c. Mess pork, new, per bri, \$19 to \$19.75; thin do, per bri, \$15 to \$18.59. Hams, city cured, per lb, 12hc to 13hc. Lard, in palls, per lb, 14c to 14h. MARCH 29.

THE CITY RETAIL MARKETS-MARCH 29. Four car loads of potatoes left Montreal for New Hazen last week, and two left to-day. Since the conclusion of the railway war rates of transport to New Haven have advanced from \$60 to \$76 per car. The price of potatoes on this market is 45c to 50c per bag. A quantity of green stuff is now offered. Fresh radishes are worth \$1.50 per dozen bunches; lettuce, \$1 50 per dezen heads; rhubarb, \$2 per dozen; spinach, \$2 per bushel; tomatoes, \$2 per box for Bermudas, and \$7 per bushel for Floridas, and green mint 50c per dozen bunches. Receipts of frezen oranges have spoilt the sale of apples, and we quote the latter at \$1.50 to \$3 per bbl.

FLOUR, MEAL AND GRAIN .- Flour, per 100 lbs., \$3.00 to \$3.20; Buckwheat flour, \$2.10; Oatmeal, \$2.30; Cornmeal, do, vellow, \$1.50; do, white \$1.60; Bran, \$1.10 per 100 lbs; Barley, per bush. 80c; Oats, per bag, 90c to \$1; Peas, bush. 90c; Buckwheat, per bush. 80c; Beans, white and yellow, per bush. 80c; Beans, white and yellow, per bush. 80c; Beans, white and yellow, per bush. bush. \$1.60 to \$1.80.

FEUIT. - Cranberries, Capo Ced, \$7.00 per barrel; Apples, per barrel, to \$2.50 \$3.00; Lemons, per case, \$5.50; do, per box, \$3.50; Malaga Grapes, per lb , 30c; Malaga Grapes, per keg, \$8.00; Valentia Oranges, \$8.50 to 39.00 por cas.

Vegetables .- Potatoes, per bag, 45c, to 50c carrots, per bush, 45c; outons, per brl, \$3.50; cabbages, per bbl, \$1; beets, per bush, 20c to 40c; celery, per dozen, 60c to \$1; potatoes, Bermuda, new, \$4 per bush; turnips, per bush,

POULTRY AND MEAT .- Dressed Fowls per pair, 60c to 80c; black ducks do, \$1.50 turkeys, 9c to 10c per lb, \$1.80 to \$2.25 gerse, \$2 to \$2.25; heef, per lb., 10c to 12c; great from first hands, but that is hardly to mutton, do, 6c to 10c; lamb, per quarter, 50c be wondered at, as the Lenten season is to \$1.20; veal, per ib, 10c; pork, 12c; gradually drawing on to a close. No I green ham, 12c to 14c lard, 14c to 15c; snipe cod brings S1 to 425, and No 2, \$3 25 to and plover, per doz., \$3; ducks, blue bills, 3 40; No 1 small Labrador herrings, \$4 to per pair, 90c; quails, \$2 75 per doz.; plover, \$3 per doz. Farmers Beef 5c to 6c.

DARRY PRODUCE .- Best print butter, 22c to 30c per lb.; best tub butter, 20c to 22c; eggs, in boxes and in baskets, 16c to 20c; Roll butter, first-class, 19c to 22c.

THE BURNED OPERA HOUSE.

Nice, March 26 .- The burned Opera House was very old, being rebuilt by the Govern-ment 50 years ago. The stage fittings were of the lightest material, and the scenery painted on paper. There were only two piring in small lots and shipments of split | doors, one leading from the pit and boxes and leather continue to be made to British mar- the other to the galleries, and the latter was

> DEATH OF ARCHEISHOP MCHALE'S NEPREW .-The Freeman's Journal of the 12th March says :- On Mouday night at eleven o'clock, after a protracted illness, which he bore with resignation, Patk. McHale Daly, Esq., solicitor, nephew of his Grace the Archbishop, died at St. John's, Tuam, the residence of his uncle, Thomas Higgins, Esq., solicitor. His premature demise is deeply and universally regretted. He was only twenty-five years of age, and had a bright prospect before him. When a sindent at St. Jarlath's College, and age, and had a bright prospect before him.
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> When a sinderd at St. Jarlath's College, and before he had attained his 21st year, he published a volume of poetry, entitled: Versicles and Tales," and only a week or two has clapsed since another volume by him, entitled: Sweet Meadow," issued from the press of Messrs. Hodges & Figgis. His remains will be removed to Addergoole, Castlebar, on Wednesday, for interment. Wednesday, for interment.

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We, MARIE JULIE JOSEPHINE BEAUPRE, MARIE JULIENNE ELIZABETH BEAUPRE, SARA GROKGIANA BEAUPRE, LOUIS DENIS JANVIER BEAUPRE, and the same as Curator of Gaspard Peau re, Mary Unariolite Arelina Beaupre, James H. Deminick for Marie Victoria Ernestine Beaupre, Joseph L. Alcidas Arenambault for Marie Timera Heaupre, and Denis Bonthillier for Marie Eugenie Elise Beaupre and Marie Adele Athala Beaupre, do heroby give public Rotice that we have accepted the succession of the late JOSEPH EDOUARD BEAUTRE, our father and grandfather, during his life Registrar for the County of Monticain, without liability to debts beyond assets descended, having obtained from the Court boneticlacy letters to that effect.

Ste. Julienne, March 20th, 1881.

For the said heirs,

38 2

Le Le DESAULNIERS, N.P.

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WANTED INFORMATION

MARIA FARRELL,

The Said heirs, I. L. L. DESAULNIERS, N.P.

Who left the Parish of Ratheluir, Co. Longford, Ireland, about 20 years ago. Last address was care Banjamin Hurst, highland Creek P.O., Scarborough, Canada West. Any information will be thankfully received by her brother Peter Farrell, care of TALLY & BLATTERY, 281 Westminster street, Croyldence, R.I. 32 3