

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1905.

NO. 55.

IMPORTANT ARRESTS IN NAN PATTERSON CASE

Morgan Smith and Wife Caught by Jerome's Detective After a Long Chase Through Canada and United States

Indictments Found Against Them for Conspiracy to Murder Caesar Young

Cincinnati, O., March 30.—Accused of conspiracy to commit murder, J. Morgan Smith and wife were arrested in this city today on telegraphic request from District Attorney Jerome, of New York city. Nan Patterson, the actress, who has been twice on trial for the murder of Caesar Young, in New York, May 4, 1904, is charged in the same connection, new indictments to this effect having been found at New York today.

For a long time the authorities had been unable to locate Smith and his wife, the couple having left New York a few months after the murder and before the beginning of the recent trial of Nan Patterson, which Smith's testimony was considered most vital to the prosecution.

Several weeks ago a New York detective set Smith in Montreal, Canada, and from that time until the arrests here today, this office has awaited a favorable time for making the arrest. He followed the couple part of the time as traveling companions, over half of the continent, having made friends with Smith, who knew him to be a detective, but believed that the New York police were not in the city.

Returning to this city Mr. and Mrs. Smith registered at the Grand Hotel, H. H. Banning and wife.

Some Orders Arrest. The detective had kept in telegraphic communication with New York and last night wired to District Attorney Jerome: "Smith and Julia are at the Grand Hotel, wire instructions."

Arrest. Smith and wife as fugitives from New York. The district attorney also sent the following telegram to New York: "New York, March 30.—Chief of Police, Cincinnati. Arrest and hold for extradition J. Morgan Smith and wife."

LARGED WITH MURDER AND OUT ON BAIL. New York Judge Thinks They Can't Sustain "Big Frank" of Killing Juy Roche, Another Sport.

New York, March 30.—Stewart A. Felton, owner of the sporting fraternity as "Big Frank" who has been in the Tombs for several months charged with murder in the first degree in having killed Juy Roche, a gambler, was released today. Bail had been fixed at \$25,000 in application of Felton's counsel several weeks ago.

The shooting of Roche occurred in the Broadway theatre district when it was crowded with thousands of persons going from the play houses. It is alleged to have resulted from a quarrel over a hand of cards.

Being held today Justice Kenefick says: "After a careful review of the case and affidavits furnished me, I am of opinion that a conviction of the death of either degree of murder is not probable and his conviction of any offense is doubtful."

JOHN SCHOOL FOR ARMY SERVICE CORPS. Opens Here April 3 and Will Continue Eighteen Days—Allowances for Outsiders.

Ottawa, March 30.—(Special)—The establishment of a provisional school of instruction in the Canadian army service corps at St. John (N.B.), is authorized, the school is to be opened on the 3rd inst., and to be maintained for a period not exceeding eighteen days. The instruction given will be under the supervision of the adjutant, C. A. S. C., and that officer will conduct the examination at the conclusion of the course.

Officers and N. C. O.'s attending this course, who are not residents of St. John, will receive \$1 per diem, and 75 cents per diem, respectively in lieu of subsistence.

BRANCHES OF BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA FOR HAVANA AND MEXICO. Montreal, March 30.—(Special)—General Manager Melrose, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, was here today from Havana, where he arranged for the establishment of a branch. A branch will also be located in the City of Mexico.

VICTORIAN IS EXPECTED TODAY

Turbiner Took the Long Route Will Travel 250 Miles Further to Avoid Ice—Many Wagers as to Time She Will Arrive—Likely to be in St. John Saturday.

Halifax, March 31.—(Special)—At 1 o'clock this morning the Allan line turbine steamer Victorian had not been signalled. Andrew Allan said last evening that he did not expect to see the steamer reach port until 7 o'clock this morning and his opinion is generally shared. The vessel is traveling about 250 miles further south, which accounts for her non-arrival yesterday. The reason the course is shaped so far south is to avoid possible contact with ice. The least possible risk is being run. The route usually covered between Liverpool and Halifax by the Allan boats is 2,400 miles. The Victorian may steam nearly 2,700 miles before arriving here. If she docks at the time anticipated there is every likelihood of her remaining throughout the forenoon, leaving early in the afternoon for St. John.

There is considerable betting regarding her arrival. On the special train conveying the Allan line guests, a \$50 pool was made up. In the city there was also a variety of wagers. There are not a few who are betting that she will not be signalled until noon. Yesterday was spent quietly by the Allan line guests. Their headquarters are on the special which is at North station.

Work is progressing steadily on the Parisian. There are three pumps on the after deck and one in the engine room, who are sitting in the engine room, charge in an hour from 800 to 1,000 tons of water.

RUSSIA'S ECLIPSE IS GERMANY'S OPPORTUNITY. Such Expresses British Opinion on Kaiser's Present Visit to Morocco.

An Unfriendly Act Towards France, Says London Press, and Will Stiffen the Sultan's Attitude—May Strengthen Anglo-French Alliance.

London, March 31.—The editorial articles and despatches printed in the London newspapers this morning almost all reflect a certain sense of uneasiness, the most amounting to irritation at the idea, based on Chancellor von Bulow's speech in the Reichstag on March 29, that Emperor William's visit to Tangier has a distinctly political motive.

"Russia's eclipse is Germany's opportunity" crystallizes in a sentence the general idea prevalent on the subject. It is suggested that Emperor William, far from desiring to irritate France, wishes rather to emphasize the diminished value of the Russian alliance and thereby persuade France of the advisability of a rapprochement with Germany. At the same time those least inclined to cavil at the German emperor's action seem to be inclined to doubt the wisdom of Emperor William's policy, which they think is more likely to result in strengthening the Anglo-French entente. Much satisfaction, therefore, is expressed at the exchange of visits which is being arranged for the French and British fleets during the coming summer. The initiative in the demonstration of friendship is said to have been taken by the British government, and in Paris it seems to be hoped that the visit of the French squadron to Brest or Cherbourg would be the occasion of a visit by King Edward or some other members of the royal family to Paris.

The Nichi-Nichi says France alone is capable of taking the initiative in persuading Russia to negotiate for peace, but the Nichi-Nichi doubts if Russia would accept France's advice "because the peace terms will mean the death of bureaucracy and the bureaucracy is not committing suicide."

Interest in the war is partly shifting eastward. It is reported that the Russian plan to abandon the island of Sakhalin toward the harbors are free from ice. The Russians are strengthening the defensive points north of the Tumen River, Korea, in the vicinity of Hunchan, northward of Fushen Bay, and at points on the railroad in the vicinity of Ninguta (100 miles east by north of Kifin). A good highway extends from Poesie Bay northward to Ninguta, where it joins the Kirin road.

Jap Advance Active. Harbin, March 30.—Japanese scouting parties are very active in endeavoring to pierce the screen of the Russian vanguard posts, and develop the disposition and strength of the positions, their attempts at times varying on the nature of reconnaissance in force. A few Japanese batteries which have pushed far forward, occasionally drop shrapnel shells in suspected places.

Yesterday there was a smart brush between General Mischevko is stationed, the Japanese pressing forward in a determined manner to make a thorough reconnaissance in force. A few Japanese batteries which have pushed far forward, occasionally drop shrapnel shells in suspected places.

On the contrary, if Russia wants peace certain definite steps are necessary. It is essential that Emperor Nicholas personally pronounce himself for peace as Japan is fully aware that he is the sole autocratic power. After that, instead of a vague intimation it will be essential to adopt the usual formalities of suing for peace.

"Concerning indemnity, one one is authorized to state the amount which Japan would estimate the peace tendencies in responsible Russian quarters. Japan knows that Russia wants peace without indemnity, without humiliation and without rigorous terms. But this does not fulfill the requirements necessary to the initiation of peace negotiations.

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MANITOBA CABINET LIKELY TO RESIGN

Governor McMillan Refuses to Dissolve Legislature at Request of Premier Mauttain, Who Wants to Get People's Verdict on Refusal of Ottawa to Extend Province's Boundaries—Lively Times Are Predicted.

Winnipeg, Man., March 30.—(Special)—A sensational crisis has developed in Manitoba politics and there is every probability that the people of this province will soon have an opportunity of expressing themselves on the burning question of the extension of Manitoba's boundaries and thus indirectly on the policy of the Liberal party at Ottawa regarding the school clause in the Northwest autonomy bills.

The lieutenant governor, Sir Daniel McMillan, has absolutely refused to grant a dissolution and it will be no surprise if Premier Roblin and all the members of the government hand in their resignations and vacate their offices.

It is no secret that the government, in keeping with public opinion, has been deeply aggrieved at the treatment received from the Ottawa authorities with regard to the extension of the boundaries of the province. The only time in which the boundary could be fixed is now, and yet all appeals, all statistics have utterly failed to move the Ottawa people. Manitoba seems doomed to remain like the western provinces as a part of the dominion, while the western provinces are to have territory to burn, so to speak. For all time, therefore, the province is to be a little insignificant territory.

The pot has been boiling steadily and the more the people have considered the question the angrier have they become. This has exactly been the case with the members of the local government, who it was learned on good authority, have been chafing and chafing hard over the treatment meted out to the province and Mr. Roblin and his colleagues recently decided to appeal to the country in order that Ottawa and the rest of the dominion might realize how the people feel on the question.

In order to dissolve the house it is necessary to obtain the consent of the lieutenant governor, but Sir Daniel McMillan has absolutely refused to grant a dissolution and it will be no surprise if Premier Roblin and all the members of the government hand in their resignations and vacate their offices.

It now looks as if the point of tension had been reached and that unless someone gives an oasis there will be an explosion and a crisis.

In government circles it is hinted that the autonomy bills are put through the house at Ottawa and when it comes there will be such a mix up over the school question as to prevent the passing of the bills. Repeated attempts were made today to see Premier Roblin or anyone of his ministers, but they were in council all day and declined to speak.

It has been significant that Mr. Roblin since returning from the south a week ago has remained very silent and on the return of Hon. Mr. Rogers, minister of public works, from St. Paul, council meetings have been held almost daily.

It was hinted sometime ago that Mr. Roblin government would take the first favorable opportunity to appeal to the people with the action of the provincial government on the boundary question and an opportunity of expressing disapproval would be welcomed.

JAPAN WILL WANT BOTH INDEMNITY AND TERRITORY

Prominent Official of Mikado Hoots the Idea of Discussing Peace on Any Other Conditions—War is Costing Them \$300,000,000 a Year—Russian Commission Recommends Continuing the War.

London, March 30, 8.35 p. m.—Peace talk is prevalent everywhere but that negotiations have commenced is still positively denied in all official circles here. Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, declared to the Associated Press this evening that he had no information in regard to the announcement contained in the St. Petersburg despatches of the Associated Press that Russia had indirectly made known to Japan the negative conditions on which peace might be concluded, namely, no cession of territory and no indemnity, leaving Japan to determine whether peace negotiations should be begun upon that basis, but he said categorically that the terms then mentioned could not even be considered.

M. Takahashi (the Japanese special financial commissioner) was interviewed by the Associated Press. "The cost of the war was between \$200,000,000 and \$300,000,000 the first year and it is estimated that it will cost \$500,000,000 during the present year. It would be unprecedented in the history of great wars that no indemnity and no territory be given up by the vanquished. While it is beyond my province to discuss terms of peace, I can express my personal opinion that as the war was forced upon Japan it is not likely that she will waive the right to an indemnity and cession of territory. If Russia assumes that a continuance of the war will deplete our finances before here, it will be another mistake of judgment on her part. We can maintain a sufficient army in Manchuria to keep out the Russians indefinitely but this will necessitate Japan remaining in Manchuria and administering the province on a war footing which we do not desire."

China Awakening. Mr. Takahashi spoke interestingly regarding the internal conditions in China since the Sino-Japanese war. He said China was awakening. The government was now making rapid strides along the line of development and the Manchurian people were delighted with the Japanese administration wherever it was in force because they found no lawlessness and no oppression.

The Chinese government, Mr. Takahashi added, proposed reorganizing the army of China and re-creating its navy. The Japanese believe that the Chinese government will be able to defy Russia. In this connection a foreign office official said to the Associated Press today that he believed the Japanese government would be able to render the nucleus of a garrison in Manchuria by an arrangement with China for a period of years after the war.

Tokio Not Affected by Peace Rumors. Tokio, March 30.—The various rumors of peace negotiations emanating from Europe and the United States are widely publicized and commented upon here. Apparently they do not affect the attitude of the Japanese government towards the war. The Jiji Shimbun says that the successive reports have not affected Russia. Emperor Nicholas, the paper adds, is unwilling to give Russia a breathing moment. The Nichi-Nichi says France alone is capable of taking the initiative in persuading Russia to negotiate for peace, but the Nichi-Nichi doubts if Russia would accept France's advice "because the peace terms will mean the death of bureaucracy and the bureaucracy is not committing suicide."

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THE ALLANS WATCH COLLISION INQUIRY

Hugh and Andrew Present at Session Thursday—Pilot Testifies That Albano Was at Fault.

Halifax, March 30.—(Special)—The preliminary inquiry into the collision between the Parisian and Albano was resumed this afternoon, Hugh and Andrew Allan being present.

Pilot James Flemming was the first witness. When witness came on deck of pilot boat he sighted a steamer in an east-south-east direction. He made her out to be the Albano and running in the direction of Osborne Head. Later he sighted the Parisian coming from S. S. E. When the Parisian came toward the pilot boat the Albano altered her course to Chebucto Head. The Parisian was going very slow. They had to stop to her.

The Albano appeared to be coming full speed and throwing the water from her bow. She had altered her course and was heading direct for the pilot.

As the steamer came on he feared a collision. He heard the Albano give three blasts from her whistle, but she did not go astern. Her engines did not appear to work well. When the Albano first changed her course it was to a W. S. W. direction. He thought that the Albano tried to stop, but could not. After the collision occurred the Parisian passed abreast of the little boat he was in. He saw the hole and opening in her starboard side.

When he got on the bridge the captain asked him if there was any water coming in the steamer and witness said that there was. The captain then sent an officer to make an examination. The witness took charge of the ship and he ordered her full speed ahead. The captain told him to keep her in about water and if necessary beach her. It was just about an hour after the collision when the steamer reached her dock.

Before the Albano struck the Parisian he noticed the water at the Albano's stern, and he knew that the steamer's engines were reversed, but she had too much headway on to avoid a collision. Before he got aboard, life boats were being swung over the side.

Witness stated that he started to board the Albano first. The Albano was going about one knot an hour when she hit the Parisian. The latter was moving ahead at the time. The Parisian gave no signals. The steamers were only two lengths apart when the Parisian started to go ahead.

There was a lot of confusion on the Parisian when he boarded her. Women were shrieking, boats were being lowered and passengers were asking if there was any danger.

To Mr. Parsons the witness said that had not the Parisian moved ahead the Albano would have struck her amidships. The evidence of Pilot James Spear, who was in charge of No. 4 pilot boat, was practically the same as that given by the previous witness.

At the conclusion of his evidence court adjourned until tomorrow at 3 o'clock, when the quartermaster, second officer and two engineers on the Parisian when the collision occurred will be called.

SAWS NO STRIKE IS LIKELY AT SPRINGHILL

Manager and Miners Agree to Defer Action till May 15th.

Springhill, Minn., N. S., March 30.—(Special)—It was counselled a way was made out of the threatened trouble between the company and its miners. The management consented to the written request of Pioneer Lodge to leave the whole subject open for discussion till May 15, with an earnest effort to terminate the matter in a conciliatory spirit.

Both sides seem satisfied with the arrangement and a speedy and fair solution is anticipated without interruption to work.

Sydney, N. S., March 30.—(Special)—Grand Secretary Moffat, of the Provincial Workmen's Association, informed the Telegraph tonight that the situation at Springhill admitted of no other solution than a strike on Saturday. He says about 2,000 men will go out.

General Manager Owens has reiterated his original position that he would not consent to restoration of the 12 per cent reduction made on March 1st.

Mr. Moffat thinks the strike will be short lived and he feels confident the men will win.

The Dominion Coal Company is in sympathy with the action of the miners to any reduction made in the market price of coal, which they feel will result from the company winning at Springhill.

MONTREAL SUBSCRIBED \$15,000,000 OF JAP LOAN

Insurance and Trust Companies and Banks the Principal Applicants.

Montreal, March 30.—(Special)—Fifteen millions of the Japanese war loan have been subscribed in Montreal. The list closed this afternoon, but as the loan has been considerably over subscribed, only a portion of the amount applied for here will be allotted.

It was the first time in the history of Canadian banking that Canada was given the opportunity of subscribing to a loan offered by a belligerent nation.

A large portion of the subscriptions in Montreal were made by the insurance and trust companies and banks.

ALARMING CONDITIONS IN TRANS-Caucasia

Tiflis, March 30.—Alarming conditions are reported officially to exist in the Gori district, trans-Caucasia, where the losses sustained by landed proprietors through peasant attacks and strikes have been enormous. The postal service has ceased and documents in the public offices have been destroyed, thus preventing the drawing of lists for military service. More Cosacks have been sent into the district, to assist in quelling disturbances.

On March 27, thousands of peasants marched through the town of Gori carrying red flags and destroying a number of shops. The crowd also attacked a military patrol, whereupon the soldiers fired a volley, wounding ten peasants, one of whom has since died.

LEVIS WOMAN DEAD AT 101

Quebec, March 30.—(Special)—Madame LePage, aged 101 years, is dead at Levis. She was in possession of her faculties up to the time of her death.