

PROGRESS.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1893.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

RAILWAY THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. Harvest Excursions to the CANADIAN NORTH WEST. TO LEAVE Aug. 14th, 21st, and Sept. 4th, 1893.

YARMOUTH & ANNAPOLIS RY. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. On and after Monday, June 26th, 1893, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY. 1893-SUMMER ARRANGEMENT-1893. On and after Monday, the 26th June, 1893, the trains of this railway will run daily -Sundays excepted-as follows:

THE YARMOUTH STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.) The shortest and most direct route between Nova Scotia and the United States. The Quickest Time! A voyage over from 15 to 17 hours.

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RAIL TOWNS LIKE BROTHERS. Howwell, Salisbury, Burton, Westville, Chipman, Harvey, Vanoverschoot, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Carleton, Fort Fair, Yarmouth, and scores of other places.

SAMPLES AND THE LIKE.

THEY STIR UP A HORNETS' NEST IN THE PUBLIC HOSPITAL.

What Has Followed Some Questions Asked by "Progress" Last Week-Commissioner Clark's Methods of Investigation to Be Investigated by His Colleagues.

The query contained in a two-stick paragraph in PROGRESS last week seems to have stirred up a very large sized hornets' nest in the vicinity of the General Public Hospital.

The question asked by PROGRESS was at what extent it is the duty of a commissioner of the General Public Hospital to keep himself supplied with samples of the provisions furnished to that institution.

Just here, it may be well to state that the words "the store-room" were inadvertently used, instead of the cook's pantry, which, however, is "a" store-room.

The question of the particular room from which the samples were taken, or of the precise quantity taken at any one time has nothing to do with the merits of the case.

The daily papers appeared to think the story improbable. The Globe of Saturday said the matter was "rather serious." The Telegraph, on Monday, had a local paragraph headed "Extraordinary, if True,"

The statement as to the responsibility of the matron and resident physician was new to very many. PROGRESS included. There has been an opinion that a commissioner was supreme within the hospital when on an official visit, that he had a right to go anywhere and everywhere, and to do as he pleased without question or interference by anybody employed in the institution.

Dr. Bayard may be called the father of the General Public Hospital, and he is naturally and specially jealous of its reputation. He made a special visit there after PROGRESS appeared, and had a long and serious interview with the matron and resident physician, Dr. Addy.

official visit. Dr. Addy had supposed that it was the duty of the commissioners to watch the resident physician, and not the duty of the latter to watch the commissioners. Dr. Walker on the contrary, seemed to think the house doctor should know everything that was going on, whether it related to a commissioner or anybody else.

It may be that this contention is right, but supposing a commissioner to come at an hour when the doctor is going his rounds, are the visits to the patients to be suspended to follow the actual governor of the place in order to see that he does no carry anything away?

That the commissioners found some basis for the statements in PROGRESS was evident early in the week, when they decided to have an investigation on Friday. As PROGRESS must go to press before noon of that day, the facts developed at the investigation cannot be made public in these columns this week.

As it is well to be accurate, a correction should be made of the Globe's statement that the "charges made by PROGRESS" are to be investigated. PROGRESS has made no charges. It asked a pertinent question about a public institution which every taxpayer in St. John is specially taxed to support.

Mr. Clark has been a commissioner for a number of years, having been appointed from the county. The other commissioners are Dr. Wm. Bayard, (president) R. W. Crookshank, (vice president) M. W. Maher, Dr. Thos. Walker, A. Chipman Smith, Dr. G. A. Hetherington, and W. C. R. Allen.

Now that these gentlemen have undertaken to get at the bottom of this sampling business, and pending the result of their investigation, it is not for PROGRESS to deal further with the matter in this issue.

Both Kelly and Kelley went. Kelly and Kelley are at the meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge at Sault Ste. Marie this week, and both are there in an official capacity. First there is the original and only genuine James Kelly, the clothier, grand lecturer, and then there is the gifted Joshua King Kelley, the lawyer and orator.

The recent election of Mr. R. W. Crookshank as Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Priory of Canada, Knight Templars, rendered it necessary for him to vacate his office of provincial prior for New Brunswick. The latter position will now be filled by Hon. Robert Marshall, K. C. T., who was provincial prior a number of years ago, and is a K. C. T. by virtue of a patent with the signature of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales.

WHO WILL BE JUDGE?

THE CLAIMS OF MR. JUSTICE PALMER FOR PROMOTION.

The Dilemma in Which the Conservatives Find Themselves-They Cannot Agree Upon a Governor or the Supreme Court Judgeship Appointments.

It is not often that an office of such value and importance as a seat on the supreme Court of Canada is vacant and still more seldom is it a burden to the party in power.

Today the conservatives of New Brunswick have the appointments of a governor of the province and to the supreme court of Canada to fill, and such are the internal differences in their ranks, that they are unable to agree upon any one man for either appointment.

The supreme court vacancy has simply increased their difficulty, for it will be almost impossible to ignore the claims of Judge Palmer for the vacancy-to ignore not only his claims but the recommendation of twelve or thirteen out of the fourteen conservative members from New Brunswick.

PROGRESS has it on unquestionable authority that at least twelve of the fourteen stand pledged to support the appointment of Judge Palmer. Only one local member, Mr. Hazen, opposes this, and since he was one of the most eager and zealous adherents of Judge Palmer for the previous vacancy which was filled by Mr. Sedgewick, this can hardly be understood.

Judge Palmer's friends claim for him that he is the senior conservative judge, that he has always been true to his party and that his ability to fulfil the duties of the position cannot be questioned. They claim that he should have no rival from the bench of New Brunswick and they point out the fact that Mr. Justice King who is also spoken of as a probable appointee, has been so effectually weakened by the tory opinions as to contribute once in a while to a liberal newspaper!

Such a deal as this would, of course, mean that both Senator Boyd and Mr. K. F. Burns would not occupy the gubernatorial chair and while there does not seem to be any particular solace for the St. John senator for such a disappointment, Mr. Burns has a second string to his bow in the shape of a senatorship vacated by the death of Senator Odell.

There would still be two vacancies on the supreme court bench of this province and some go so far as to assert that both of them would be filled by St. John men-Messrs. Barker and McLeod. How strong a breeze this would make on the North Shore can better be imagined than described for County Judge Landry stands ready to be promoted with such an influential following that to ignore him would be to label him dangerous.

Sir John Thompson has passed by Judge Palmer once on the ground that a man of 74 years is too old to be appointed to the supreme court of Canada, but these who know the equity court judge think that he does more work than any of the gentlemen on the bench and that his capacity for work is as great as ever.

They even go farther and claim to be able to prove that the check for \$5000 which it was alleged found its way into Judge Palmer's hands, was given for such purpose without the knowledge of the judge, but was made payable to the joint order of two prominent lawyers, who it is to be presumed disposed of it to the advantage of these directly and indirectly concerned.

WANT NO MORE EXPERTS.

HOW THE AMHERST SCOTT ACT TRIAL WENT TO PIECES.

Mr. Macintyre of St. John Appeared for the Defence-What a Dominion Analyst Succeeded in Not Proving-A Court with Hoars of Laughter in Its Proceedings.

AMHERST, N. S., Aug. 3.-There are few towns or districts in the Maritime provinces where the temperance element is as strong as in Amherst, yet notwithstanding this fact a not inconsiderable quantity of liquor in its various forms is consumed by the inhabitants.

The Scott act is in force in Cumberland county and the inspector for Amherst and for the county Mr. C. R. Casey, is a well-known temperance advocate. Recently the inspector has been making great efforts to enforce the law and with that end in view had a number of the saloon keepers who sell only "table beer" summoned for selling intoxicating liquor.

On Saturday afternoon Recorder Townsend opened his court to hear testimony in the test case. The court room is in the same building and in proximity to the W. C. T. U. rooms, while the office near to it is that of Mr. W. T. Pipes.

Just after the recorder had taken his seat on the bench Mr. Casey with Mr. J. W. Hickman, his counsel, and Mr. Bowman took their seats at the table. They were followed in the course of a few minutes by Messrs Pipes and Macintyre, the latter carrying considerable literature, which was no doubt, to have been employed in the cross-examination of the experts, there was very little used of it.

The defence, who were continually scoring points, reached the climax when the witness admitted he was not prepared to state that the beer contained any alcohol. An adjournment until Monday was made and Saturday evening the case was the sole topic of conversation among the people, every one being of the opinion that the case must be dismissed; the prosecutors who were so confident of proving their case in the morning were as down cast in the evening as the defendants had been in the morning.

The Anti-Tobacco Society wants the city to enforce the new law forbidding the sale of tobacco to boys under 18 years of age. There is another matter which should have attention at the same time and that is the sale of liquor to minors. PROGRESS is informed that it is not an uncommon thing for mere boys to get intoxicated with liquors purchased and drunk by them in some of the city bar-rooms. The worst of it is that the bars named are not in the slums or back streets, but are among those which are commonly reputed to be very respectable places.

Mr. Nelson has arranged for the appearance of the wonderful trotting stallion, Nelson, at Moosepath, August 22, and in this connection is preparing such a racing program as will surely give much satisfaction to owners of fast horses and the general public. Hundreds of people are all over the province will gladly take advantage of the chance to see one of the greatest horses in the world make a Moosepath record.

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caused considerable amusement, by failing to come up to Mr. Macintyre's ideal of an expert, and an objection being taken to the admission of his evidence, the objection was sustained. The remarks of the witness that "Mr. Macintyre would tear him to pieces," and the like, caused roars of laughter. This ended the expert testimony, and many in the audience were disappointed, as they had attended solely to hear the cross examinations of physicians.

Robert Coates, the witness who had become intoxicated on the beer, when examined by Mr. Macintyre abused the examiner for his questions, and the court and audience had a good half hour's laughter, but he had to admit of imbibing too freely of whiskey before drinking the beer.

This closed the case and it was immediately dismissed. There will be no more expert cases as Mr. Casey is annoyed and disgusted with experts.

THE FUN ENDED IN A SMASH.

Halifax High Livers Do Enough to Supply a Midsummer Sensation.

HALIFAX, August 3.-People are talking of two prominent affairs this week. One of them at least, is sensational. J. Lucius Boyd, mining engineer, has left for parts unknown, and so has Thomas Whitehead. The former was engaged in one of the mines in the vicinity of Halifax and when in town, and that was very often, he put up at the big hotels. Whitehead was accountant of the cotton factory in this city.

In Mr. Whitehead's case it is the old story of living at double his salary and expecting to make both ends meet. It can not be kept up, no matter if you do, for a while, cut a big figure at the clubs and with "the boys." Stories of Whitehead's dissipation are many and they are too questionable to repeat, but what is the more interesting is the fact that he has left the cotton factory with \$5000 of its money in his possession. No, he had it not in his possession when he left, for he had spent that much of the company's cash in his wild dissipation.

The other departed one-Mr. Boyd-lived well but not at the same rate, and his creditors are fewer. But they are sincerely sorry their trusted one has gone. Manager Sheraton of the Queen Hotel loses \$50 board money. McManus, the tailor, loses a nice little bill, and more accounts are scattered over the city.

The Proposed Explosion Monument.

Through the kindness of Mr. A. J. Scott of Springhill, a leading member of Pioneer Lodge, No. 1, Provincial Workmen's Association, PROGRESS has been shown a design of the monument which the men will erect next spring in memory of the 125 men who perished in the explosion of Feb. 21st, 1891.

The shaft will be gray granite, 7 ft. 10 inches high and on the four sides will be engraved the names of the victims. This will be surmounted by an American Italian marble statue of a miner in working clothes with a safety lamp suspended from his belt and a pick at his side; between the statue (which is to be 7 feet in height) is a granite block 2 ft. 2 inches high containing the words "In Memoriam." PROGRESS hopes at an early date to be able to publish the design of this beautiful monument which when erected will not only be a tribute to the memory of those who were so suddenly called away from life, but a lasting memorial of the generosity and kindness of the workmen of Springhill in whose hearts the memory of the departed brethren is tenderly remembered.

They Did Not See The Imprint. Commenting upon the receipt of the calendar of the Union Baptist Seminary the Telegraph says: The calendar of the Union Baptist Seminary of St. Martins for 1893-94 is a very handsome one and shows well for that institution.

The Sun says: The calendar of the Union Baptist Seminary of St. Martins 1893-94 has been received, and is a pamphlet well printed and containing much valuable information concerning the institution. The calendar was printed at PROGRESS.