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Boots and Shoes in the
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NEED BE WITHOUT ONE.
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CHEMIST,
ment St. Near Yates St.
OPEN ALL NIGHT.

NOTICE.

is hereby given that sixty days
John M. McKinnon, intend
application to the Honorable the
Commissioner of Lands and Works
to purchase the following
lands, situated on Swanson Bay,
Coast District, Province of
B.C.:

Lot 10, these east, 40
acres or less to a point 20 chains
east boundary. Lot 11, these
east, these west 60 chains,
to shore line; these follow-
ing line southerly to the point of
contact, containing all the vacant
land outside the boundaries of Lot
10, containing an area of 320 acres.

JOHN M. MCKINNON,
7th, 1903.

MS FOR SALE.

Shropshire Rams, from
"Newton Lord" stock; good
prices.
GEO. HEATHERBELL,
Horby Island.

\$1.00 PER YEAR, STRICTLY IN ADVANCE, TO ANY ADDRESS IN
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VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1903.
NO. 59

NO MERCY FOR THE BULGARIANS

SENSATIONAL REPORT FROM CONSTANTINOPLE

The Recent Massacres at Beyrut— United States Marines Are Ready to Land.

London, Sept. 28.—The Times learns that the palace committee at Yildiz, Kiosk, has recommended that all Bulgarians in the future, whether armed or unarmed, shall be shot. It is stated that the Sultan holds the same view and that orders have been issued.

Sofia, Sept. 28.—The situation is much brighter to-day and the war clouds appear to have been lifted. The Porte's assurance that the forty-two battalions recently ordered to Pied from Monastir and Adrianople will not be removed has lessened the apprehensions of the Bulgarian government.

Situation at Beyrut.

Beyrut, Syria, Sept. 28.—As this dispatch is being sent, the situation at Beyrut remains unchanged, there being a great feeling of uncertainty.

The correspondent of the Associated Press went on board the United States cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco yesterday afternoon and found them armed camps. The bluejackets and marines were all in readiness to land at a moment's notice, ammunition filled their belts and arms were stacked on deck. Rear-Admiral Cotton informed the correspondent that he was prepared to afford Americans and Europeans in general the fullest protection possible.

Guardians to land the American mission property here were furnished by the government last night. Had the governor renewed hostilities, Admiral Cotton was ready to land 500 marines. The American ships played their searchlights upon the city illuminating not only the property of the Syrian Protestant College, but also dark alleys and byways frequented as a rule by shady characters.

The disturbances here began on the night of Friday, September 24th. A murder was committed in Beyrut, which was by no means an unusual thing, but in this instance the tables were turned and a native Christian killed a Moslem. The Christians became much wrought up over the affair and a genuine fight prevailed. On Saturday night and on the Sunday following there was an uprising against the Christians in different parts of the city. Thirty persons were massacred in one quarter, and a reign of terror was inaugurated throughout the whole city.

A visit to the scene of the greatest slaughter found a Turkish officer dead on the ground, another with blood streaming from a wound in his face, while in the homes of the neighborhood victims lay dead or writhing in agony.

On Sunday morning a church was attacked in the same vicinity while services were in progress, but no one was killed. Panic-stricken, the Christians fled from the city or remained in their homes behind barricaded doors, while Moslems, armed with clubs, revolvers and knives, paraded the streets and fell on any chance victim that came their way.

Monday found the situation no better. All day stores remained closed, the streets were deserted and business came to a complete standstill.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 29.—A telegram received here from the camp of General Zontcheff, the commander-in-chief of the Macedonian insurgents at Razloga, fifty-five miles from Sofia, announced that a general uprising was proclaimed September 28th in the districts of Razloga, Nevokop, Demirhissar, Melnik and Zerre, and that all the insurgent bands in Eastern Macedonia had received directions to begin operations.

Dispatches received here from various sources say General Zontcheff has been greeted everywhere with the greatest enthusiasm, and that all the peasants are flocking to his banner.

A dispatch from Rila reports continuous fighting all along the lines across the Turkish frontier. It is stated that the town of Razloga has been destroyed by the Turks and the Christian population of 4,700 persons massacred. Fugitives are arriving in hundreds. All the wires have been cut. The Turkish troops are flying in disorder from Krichewo.

Another fight is reported to have taken place near Okridha, in which fifty Turks were killed and many wounded.

It is stated that all intelligent Bulgarians of the town of Okridha were recently arrested on suspicion of communicating with the insurgent bands, and were sent in chains to Monastir.

The barbers in some towns in Germany are compelled by law to cleanse and disinfect their brushes, combs, and razors immediately after use, and before they are applied to the hair or beard of another customer.

HAVE PROBABLY PERISHED.

Clergyman and Five Indian Children Are Missings.

Winnipeg, Sept. 28.—Norman Post, a barber aged about 28, committed suicide in his room at the Occidental hotel to-day by taking carbolic acid. Deceased had just returned from British Columbia, had a good record and no reason whatever is known for his suicide. He had quite a sum of money on his person. His parents reside at Tilsonburg, Ont.

Probably Drowned.

A message from Selkirk to-night says no further tidings have been heard of Rev. Mr. McLaughlin and five Indian children, who left Beren's river last week by sailboat for Selkirk. It is feared all have perished.

Improving.

James Boswell, who was paralyzed in the Rugby game on Saturday, was reported to be much better this afternoon. Whether the injury will be permanent or not will not be known for several days.

CHRISTOPHER ROBINSON ILL.

Seized With Faintness While Addressing the Boundary Commissioners.

London, Sept. 28.—This afternoon, before the Alaska boundary commission, Christopher Robinson, K. C., commenced his speech in behalf of the Canadian claims.

After luncheon Mr. Robinson became fatigued and nearly fainted, and stimulants had to be administered to him, but the Canadian lawyer struggled on gallantly. His failing voice and growing pallor, however, prompted Lord Alverstone to adjourn the session earlier than usual.

Mr. Robinson, who is 75 years of age, pluckily insisted that he was able to continue, but Lord Alverstone pleaded that he had an engagement of his own as a reason for cutting the sitting short. Stimulants had again to be administered to Mr. Robinson, and it is probable he will not continue to-morrow.

MOTTERS ATTACK MILITIA.

Mob Defied Magistrate and Fight En- sued—Offices Wrecked.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 28.—A dispatch just received from Sault Ste. Marie by the wires, says the mobbers are attacking the militia at the works. The soldiers, who are being bombarded with rocks and all sorts of missiles, had refrained from firing up to the time the dispatch was filed.

Before the arrival of the troops at the Consolidated Company's offices, the mob stormed the office building and drove all the employees out. They then wrecked the offices, smashed desks, partitions and electric lights and completely demolished the interior. A magistrate read the riot act to them, but the rioters defied him. The battle between the men and the troops is still on.

Marching Into Town.

Detroit, Sept. 28.—A dispatch just received here depicts that the officials of the Algoma Central have refused to send a train for more than 400 men who are in the lumber limits of the company. The men in the camps are now marching into town.

MURDERED BY BRIGAND.

Stole Rifle and Ammunition and Terror- ized Country District.

Cannes, France, Sept. 29.—The district around this town is being terrorized by a brigand, supposed to be an Italian, who has stolen a rifle and ammunition from a farm house and has taken to the woods. He has already robbed and murdered an elderly gentleman who was out-dered an elderly gentleman who was out-shooting, and also made a cyclist strip and leave his money and clothes by the roadside. The police are searching the woods in the neighborhood.

FAILURES PROBABLE.

London, Sept. 28.—Renewed heavy realizations, chiefly in the best investment securities, caused a demoralization of the stock market to-day, almost amounting to a panic. Consols once touched 87½, being a full point beneath the lowest reached during the Franco-German war. The heavy liquidation is said to be due to the needs of American financiers and speculators. Great apprehensions are felt regarding the position of Wall Street, and anxiety is entertained concerning the Stock Exchange settlements here Wednesday. There are rumors of probable failures.

RESUMED ADDRESS.

Christopher Robinson, K. C., Was Able to Continue Speech Before the Boundary Commission.

London, Sept. 29.—When the Alaska boundary commission resumed its session this morning, Christopher Robinson, K. C., who suffered from severe indisposition yesterday, but who had benefited by the night's rest, resumed his speech in behalf of the Canadian claims, though at the suggestion of Lord Chief Justice Alverstone, counsel remained seated.

Mr. Robinson dealt vigorously with the fallibility of the maps of the district under contention, claiming that the American deductions therefrom were therefore weak.

LIBERALS WILL SWEEP INTERIOR

They Will Capture at Least Ten of the Twelve Constituencies—Political News From Various Points.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Greenwood, B. C., Sept. 30.—(Special.)—The coast Conservative papers are attempting to instill some courage into the disheartened Tories by boasting of the success of their candidates in the interior. Their professions are amusing to disinterested men having an intimate knowledge of the situation.

Twelve Kootenay-Boundary districts, including Similkameen, will not return more than two Conservative candidates. The defeated will include Ministers Green and Goodwin. In Rossland, Macdonald (Liberal) will be returned by a large majority. The fight in Kaslo is between Retallack (Liberal) and Shannon (Socialist). Kelso will win in Revelstoke, Taylor in Nelson and Parr in Ymir.

In Cranbrook bets are offered that Cavin (Conservative) will lose his deposit.

Smith will win in Fernie.

In Grand Forks, Ciemeat is putting up a hard fight, with chances of success.

Brown is an easy winner in Greenwood, his only aggressive opponent being Mills (Socialist).

McLean will beat Shatford almost two to one in Similkameen, while Davidson (Labor-Liberal) will be an easy winner over Hunter (Conservative) in Slooan.

The probabilities are that the Conservatives will not win a seat in the interior, and it is certain they cannot win more than two.

This evening there will be no meeting in the Liberal interests in this city, but the electorate will have no lack of nourishment, as rallies will be held in the adjoining constituencies, which are within easy reach of the city.

In the Masonic Hall, Esquimalt, a meeting will be held in the interests of John Jardine. It will be addressed by Ralph Smith, M.P., and George Riley, M.P., in addition to the Liberal candidate for Esquimalt, Mr. Jardine. With the reputation which Mr. Smith has as a speaker the hall should be crowded. Many are going from the city to hear him, and seats will be at a premium.

Mr. Smith has to leave Victoria for his home in Nanaimo to-morrow morning in order to attend the grand rally being held in that city in the interests of Henry Shephard, the Labor candidate.

There is also a gathering at Saanich this evening in the interests of Henry Tanner, the Liberal candidate for Saanich. A special train will leave the Victoria Terminal station at 7:45 to convey those wishing to attend. It will return after the close of the meeting.

An smoker will be given by the Young Liberal Club to-morrow evening at 8 p.m. sharp in the A. O. U. W. hall.

The candidates and other prominent speakers will address the meeting. Good musical programme has been prepared.

Members and their friends are cordially invited.

On Thursday evening a joint meeting will be held at Oak Bay school house, on Poul Bay road. The meeting is called in the interests of H. C. Tanner, the candidate for Saanich, and the Liberal candidates of this city, R. L. Drury, Ald. Cameron, J. D. McNiven and Richard Hall. The meeting will begin at 8 o'clock.

Arrangements for Voting.

Very complete arrangements are being provided for the recording of votes on Saturday. The preparatory work is being carried out under the direction and personal supervision of the returning officer, Hinkson Siddall, who is providing against every possible contingency of voting not being conducted with the utmost secrecy and dispatch. The polling station will be located in what was known a few years ago as the old Tager fire hall, in the rear of the City Hall. This apartment extends from Pandora to Cormorant streets, and from either thoroughfare there will be a public entrance connected with a long, unobstructed hallway. On either side of this hallway, polling departments are located, nineteen in all, with separate entrances wide apart, so that there can be no possible crowding or confusion. The number of these departments is larger than any ever heretofore employed in a local election, and situated as they are they will all come under the immediate view of the returning officer. The staff in charge will number fifty-two men. There will be the returning officer, the election clerk, nineteen deputies, nineteen poll clerks and twelve policemen. In each department there will be two sworn officers, so that the closest guard will be maintained.

Mr. Siddall and his election clerk, as well as a policeman, will be stationed in the corner near the door on the Pandora street side. Each of the departments will be numbered, and at the close of the

CHAMPIONS OF WHITE LABOR



Alphonse Hunter: "Let me kick first, my dear Gaston. The boss is away fishing."

of office and lapses of memory seemed to hide a great deal. Enough was proved, however, to show that McBride was, to say the least, negligent of his duty as a member of the executive.

But the Premier's lethargy at the time is open to graver suspicions. Members of the Dunsmuir government admit that there always was a war in progress. Two opposing elements, they admit, were for years contending to influence the Premier in his action on this land grant matter. Each element watched the other and sought to gain the control of Mr. Dunsmuir. Was Mr. McBride the only member of the government who was unaware of their conflict?

Then there has been no announcement of the policy of Mr. McBride on the disposition of these lands. The C.P.R. is quiet on the matter and everything points to danger of the lands being handed over to the C.P.R. if the government is returned.

Cheminists Meeting.

A correspondent of the Times sends the following from Chemainus:

In the Chemainus Hall Monday night was held the grand rally of the Liberal Conservative party. Mr. Shephard, the Conservative candidate, and Sam Matson, of Victoria, were the speakers of the evening.

Mr. Skinner confined himself almost entirely to the Chinese question and to the fact that he would stand by the Conservative party through thick and thin. He stated that he was decidedly against the publishing of the financial condition of the province or laying it before the electors. Following the time-honored policy of the Conservative party, he would cover all such matters with a blanket and not open them up to the critical gaze of the electorate and the world in so doing no doubt it would come to the eyes of capitalists, who would then be deterred from making investments in our province. On fish traps and the questions propounded by a member of the Provincial Mining Association he was rather non-committal, but stated that if his party was returned to power, and they considered that such matters were to the interest of the country, they would have his support; in other words, he would act as directed by the "old machine."

Mr. Matson agreed to all the plans in the Liberal platform, and all he had not stated at the commencement of the speech that he was a Conservative no one would have known from what he said but that he was speaking in the interest of the Liberal party, with the exception of a few remarks which he made on the Chinese question, which remarks had he known he would be followed by any Liberal speakers, you may be sure he would not have made. Mr. Matson practically contradicted Mr. Skinner on the matter of the financial standing of the province, came out and out for fish traps and in many other ways gave the electors a vivid exhibition of the unfitness of the Conservative party. The meeting closed abruptly with a vote of thanks to the chairman, moved by Mr. Matson. Why the meeting was closed so quickly can only be guessed at, but some people have their own idea. As a whole, the meeting was a great success—for the Liberals.

There was an enthusiastic meeting held in the Boleskine Road school house last night. J. F. Chandler presided and Ralph Smith, M.P., opened the meeting in a strong address. Having to speak in the city, he did not occupy so long a time as he did at Cedar Hill the evening previous, but he clearly enunciated to the electors the advantages to be derived from a return of the Liberal candidate, H. C. Tanner.

Mr. Tanner was given a rousing reception and in a good practical address he won the endorsement of the meeting.

Invitation to Mr. Pooley.

In view of the fact that C. E. Pooley has expressed his regret at not being present at any meetings held by John Jardine, an invitation has been extended to the former to be present at the Methosin meeting.

John S. Annett, writing on behalf of Mr. Jardine, has sent Mr. Pooley the following letter:

"Mr. Jardine has been informed that you regret that you have been unable to meet him on the public platform, and discuss the questions of the day, through lack of knowledge of date of our meetings. We have, to meet this emergency, arranged a meeting for Methosin, Thursday, October 1st prox. I am instructed by Mr. Jardine to extend to you a cordial invitation to be present at the meeting. Ample time will be allowed you to place your views before the meeting."

Saanich Indignant.

Last evening in his meeting at Cedar Hill schoolhouse D. M. Eberts had it unmistakably proved to him that his candidature in the riding was regarded by the electorate as an insult. Though the meeting was called in his own interests, it is doubtful whether six were present who were prepared to accord Mr. Eberts support at the polls. In his address Mr. Eberts was subjected to a string of questions relating to his share in the politics. He evaded many of these, and by his actions alienated some who might otherwise have favored him. After cross-questioning Mr. Eberts finally announced that he was a supporter of the McBride government.

J. Grant, in Mr. Tanner's interests, essayed to offer some explanations. He also took occasion to point out some of the most glaring of the abuses connected with Mr. Eberts's term of office. Though appointed and paid to act as the attorney-general, Mr. Eberts had in connection with bill 87, which was brought into the House, acknowledged that he did not know where it came from or who drew it up. Mr. Grant further alluded to the shame he felt at seeing it set forth in papers of the United States the disgraceful features of the Columbia and Western matter, in which Mr. Eberts played such an important part. He pointed out the system employed by Mr. Eberts to obtain votes by promises of jobs in the civil service.

Mr. Eberts became very indignant, and made an attack upon Mr. Grant, renegeing him to his occupation of tailor.

At the close three cheers were proposed for Eberts, which proposal was answered by three road bosses showing their loyalty to him. Three hearty cheers were then given for H. E. Tanner, the Liberal candidate.

Instead of getting the supply of gravel from the usual place, which is in the property of an opponent of D. M. Eberts, the plan has been adopted of going a mile farther along the road in order to get it. In consequence the gravel is said to be costing about \$2 a yard placed in position, instead of a little over \$1, as formerly. The pit from which the gravel is taken is such that five men are kept

busy to turn out five loads a day for four teams.

In spite of all these efforts the government candidate will be defeated. Each meeting held more surely evidences the fact that the former Attorney-General has lost his grip upon the constituency and that Saanich will no longer be represented by him in the legislature. The electorate consider it an insult for Mr. Eberts to present himself as a candidate after the history of last session, and in spite of the most heroic efforts in the disposition of road work he will be turned down.

Boleskine Road Rally.

There was an enthusiastic meeting held in the Boleskine Road school house last night. J. F. Chandler presided and Ralph Smith, M.P., opened the meeting in a strong address. Having to speak in the city, he did not occupy so long a time as he did at Cedar Hill the evening previous, but he clearly enunciated to the electors the advantages to be derived from a return of the Liberal candidate, H. C. Tanner.

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LABOR DEFENDS SIR W. MULLOCK

AGAINST ATTACKS OF THE MANUFACTURERS

Minister's Reply to Delegation From Congress Which Waited on Them and the Premier.

Ottawa, Sept. 29.—A delegation from the Trades and Labor Congress waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir W. Mullock yesterday and protested strongly against the Manufacturers' Association's conduct in attacking the labor department and the minister of labor. The delegation spoke strongly in favor of the department, and approved of the minister of labor. Sir William Mullock, in reply, said that the department of labor was there to stay. Its existence has just as much right as the department of agriculture, trade and commerce, or any others. He regretted that a feeling of that kind should be fostered between employers and employees, and said that he was in favor of the settlement, so that all disputes might be settled by arbitration. Public opinion was the great court that settled such questions, as was shown by the settlement of the anthracite coal strike in the United States.

Completed Task.

A cable has been received stating that Dr. Otto Klotz, Dominion astrologer, and assistant, who started out several months ago to take the longitude and latitude between Vancouver and Brisbane, thus complete girdling the globe, had reached Brisbane, the work being completed. Canada will have the credit of doing this great work. Between Greenwich, westward to Vancouver, and between Greenwich, eastward to Brisbane, the longitude was known, and now the gap is completed.

BRITAIN PROTESTS

Against Excesses by Turkish Troops— Russia, Austria and Germany Bar the War.

London, Sept. 29.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times telegraphs that Great Britain, through her ambassador, has made vigorous and constant protests against the excesses committed by the Turkish troops, but that she apparently does not feel herself strong enough to break down the opposition of Germany, Russia and Austria, and insist upon real, instead of paper reforms in Macedonia.

Disapprove Rising.

Berlin, Sept. 29.—According to a dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger prominent Macedonians are urging the revolutionary leaders to discontinue the uprising.

Troops Withdrawn.

Burgas, Bulgaria, Sept. 29.—Dispatches received here from the insurgent chief Godjoff, who has been conducting operations in the Kirklisse district, announces that the Turkish troops have been withdrawn from Zaberovo, Karlowo and Gratalisco, three points on the Turkish frontier. It is understood that this movement was in accordance with the request of the Bulgarian government that Turkey withdraw her troops from the frontier as a sign of the sincerity of her pacific declaration.

KILLED ON RAILWAY.

Winnipeg, Sept. 29.—Alfred Grant and William Cartwright, employees of the Keewatin Lumber Company, were killed on the track near Keewatin to-day. Both men were sleeping on the track, but were killed by different trains within a quarter of a mile's distance of each other.