BRITISH WASPS SANK THE HUNS SHIP BY SHIP

Raider and Ten Patrol Vessels In Cattegat Quickly Finished.

FIGHT MADE IN A FOG

German Main Fleet Heard Calls For Help, But Dared Not Come Out.

Base of British Grand Fleet, Nov. 9.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The recent naval action in the Cattegat, where the British sank a German cruiser and ten armed patrol ships, is an example of the careful planning which lies behind every move on the naval chart. A comparatively insignificant force of British destroyers and light cruisers were the actual stage performers in the morning, and it was over three hours later. The German fleet behind its fortifications received the calls for help, but dared not take a chance—probably well knowing that any attempt to send out help would be confronted with enemies rising out of the sea from all directions.

Fought in Fog.

A fog lay over the entire Cattegat throughout the action and the British destroyers picked off their victims one by one and sank them. The German auxiliary cruiser Marie, which was leading the fleet of patrol boats was a ship of 3,444 tons. Her captain, Herr Lauterbach, was wounded, but reached the Danish shore safely. His ship, which had four guns and a crew of 90, was "suddenly attacked," he said in an interview with a Danish newspaperman afterward, "by a fleet of British destroyers, and the shells fired by them descended with such rapidity that the men on the Marie were almost unable to use the guns. Only a few shots were fired before the ship was a mass of flames."

His unpopularity extended even to his own men, and in the Cattegat battle the first remark made by a German bluejacket rescued from the sea was a fervently expressed hope that the British had not made the mistake of rescuing his captain. His report that he fired his guns as long as possible is denied by his own men, who declare that Lauterbach was "seized with funk as soon as the enemy appeared, and that not a single shot was fired from the Marie's guns.

A Thorough Job.

Presumably the Marie was making her way towards the trade route between Norway and Scotland, in hopes of repeating the German attack on the British convoy on October 17. The British commander concentrated his fire first of all on the Marie, and then detached his fastest vessels to round up the escorting patrol vessels. This was thoroughly done after a hunt lasting three hours. This action, it should be remembered, occurred in waters which the Germans regarded as practically one of their "inland seas." The Cattegat is the gateway to the Baltic. The scene of the fight is 500 miles from the nearest British coast, but less than 200 miles from Kiel.

The Germans held their favorite "interior lines," while the British forces had to cross the North Sea, go up through the Skaggerack and then around the Skaw. The Germans had every chance to expect a coup, cutting off the retreat of the British by bringing up superior units up the coast to the entrance of the Skaggerak. That they did not dare to attempt this is evidence of their appreciation of the initiative and resource of the British navy.

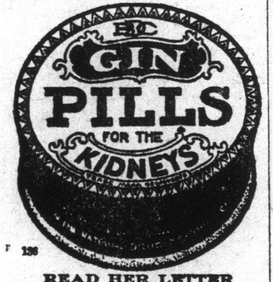
An interesting comparison might be made between the clean victory by the British destroyers and the tip-and-run raid by the German light cruisers on a British convoy on October 17. The Germans sent out two of their fast cruisers in the darkness, struck their blow in nervous haste in the early morning hours, not even pausing to rescue a single life of hundreds of combatants and non-combatants, then ran away northward to spend the remaining hours of daylight in hiding, and when night fell dashed down the Norwegian coast and thus returned home without being interrupted.

On Germany's Doorstep.

On the occasion of the British victory the fight occurred, not in the North Sea, but on Germany's doorstep, not at night, but in daylight; not hurriedly or nervously, for 64 prisoners were taken, drowning men rescued from the waters, thus providing another vivid contrast between German and British methods of warfare. Moreover, the Germans ruthlessly and unnecessarily sacrificed scores of innocent neutrals.

The return of the British squadron to its base was quiet and unostentatious. By nightfall they were off again on their business of sweeping the sea.

The cruise of the fleet into the Cattegat, and the little victory which the British navy won there, without the loss of a single British life, while not largely important in itself, is a concrete illustration and proof of the manner in which the Allied fleets control the seas and enable the Allied Governments to use their resources in full strength on the various fronts.



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READ HER LETTER

Halifax, N.S.

"About eight months ago, I read your advertisement in one of the Halifax papers offering a free sample of Gin Pills for the Kidneys. I had been a martyr for years to intense pains across the back. Before I had finished the third box I found myself perfectly free from pain." Yours sincerely, (MRS.) JANE PERCY.

MRS. LAWSON SAYS FRIENDS ARE ALL TALKING ABOUT IT

London Woman Tells of Her Wonderful Recovery.

NOW DOES HOUSEWORK.

Was On Verge of a Nervous Breakdown When She Began Taking Tanlac.

'My friends are all talking about my wonderful improvement on Tanlac," said Mrs. Ruth Lawson of 435 Ontario street, London.

"Over a year ago," continued Mrs. Lawson, "when my health began to fail I lost my appetitite and my system became so rundown that I was unable to do anything about the house. My sufferings gradually wore out my nervous system, until I was too restless to sleep hardly any at all, and even to go up town would excite me so I couldn't get on a street car. My back hurt so I could hardly stoop over and if I did it would almost kill me to straighten up again. Nobody seemed to know what was the matter with me, and I kept getting worse till I was on the verge of a nervous breakdown.

"I heard about so many people getting relief for their troubles by using Tanlac that I got a bottle and quit taking everything else. Since I started on it, Tanlac has toned up my system and has given me such a splendid appetite that I can eat anything I want and enjoy every bite. I have gained several pounds, my nerves are as steady as a clock, and I sleep all night like a baby. Those pains in my back are all gone, and I am strong enough now to do all my housework and can even bring in a big scuttle of coal now and then without getting tired."

Tanlac is sold in London by Standard Drug, Ltd., under the direction of a special representative, and by an established agency in every town.

KHAKI "HIKER" LEAVING LOCAL VICTORY LOAN HEADQUARTERS WITH MESSAGE FOR TORONTO

Advertiser Illustrations

Tuesday morning at 9:18, amid great cheering by the large crowd assembled, Pte. Theodore Robinson, of the A. M. C., started out from the London Victory Loan headquarters on his run to Toronto. He is to travel all the way on foot, h is first stop being at Ingersoll, from whence he will proceed to Woodstock, Brantford, Hamilton and Toronto, bearing greetings from the London headquarters. After having delivered his message of greetings to the Provincial headquarters he will return to this city. This runner is known to some as a "khaki courier," but the free-and-easy language of the Victory Loan headquarters give him the well-known appellation of a "hiker." Pte Robinson has made a record for himself in this line. Last year, he claims, he walked from Detroit to Denver, a distance of 1,733 miles, in 61 days in aid of the American Red Cross, starting on May 1 and finishing on July 1.

MONSTER PARADE AT WOODSTOCK HELPED VICTORY LOAN SALES

Gathering Was One of Biggest Ever Held There.

WOODSTOCK, Nov. 20.—A parade which developed into one the largest gatherings ever held in Woodstock was held tonight in the interests of the Victory Loan. Decorated autos, bands and men and women in costume were in line. A $50 bond was one of the prizes. Addresses dealing with the loan were given at many street corners, and many subscriptions were received by local canvassers.

T. S. Hay of Hay & Co. announced today that he would subscribe for three $50 bonds and present one each to three employees who have been with the firm for more than fifty years. The men are C. O. Hawn, William H. Budd and Wm. Henderson.

Mr. Justice Sutherland has reserved judgment in a suit brought in the assize court here by W. H. Westcott to recover $5,000 from the city for personal injuries. The plaintiff while cycling collided with an obstruction in the road, and fell into an excavation made by the water and light commission in connection with some repair work.

MASONIC BANQUET AT WEST LORNE TONIGHT

WEST LORNE, Nov. 20.—Arrangements are complete for the annual banquet of McColl Lodge, No. 286, A., F. and A. M., at the Masonic Temple, on Wednesday night, in honor of the wedding of D. D. G. M. R. W. James Conway. A venison supper will be served.

The young people of the Methodist Church held a most successful social at the parsonage. The proceeds go for comforts for the soldiers.

A. Smith is laying the foundation of the new lace factory, which is being established here.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Mulholland and family motored from Detroit on Saturday, and remained over the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Duncan McPherson.

Duncan McColl of Walkerville, son of D. B. McColl, has enlisted in the Royal Naval Air Service and expects to leave for England shortly.

ST. MARYS TRIBUNAL GIVES MANY EXEMPTIONS

ST. MARYS, Nov. 20.—Military Tribunal No. 265 has given the following particulars of yesterday's proceedings: Allowed conditional that they follow the same line of occupation as when exempted—F. W. Clarke, St. Paul's; Downie; Wm. J. Wiley, St. Pauls; Oscar W. Matters, Science Hill, adjourned; Thos. Foley, Granton, allowed; Wm. Gaveile, St. Marys, Michael J. Elgie, St. Marys, disallowed; John S. Hotson, St. Marys, allowed; Alfred T. Gould, St. Marys, allowed until Class C is called; Everett M. Stevens, St. Marys, allowed; Ralph F. Smith, St. Marys, allowed until Class C is called; John P. O'Grady, St. Marys, allowed until Class E is called; J. G. LaFortune, St. Marys, adjourned; Philip E. Ellah, St. Marys, allowed until Class E is called; Wm. Clarence, St. Marys, allowed until Class E is called; Wm. Woods, St. Marys, allowed until February 15, 1918; Robert A. Berry, St. Marys, allowed; J. W. Mulf, St. Marys, allowed; J. W. Levy, St. Marys, allowed; F. S. Morris, St. Marys, allowed until Class C is called; A. McVittie, St. Marys, allowed; W. J. Lashbrook, St. Marys, honorably discharged soldier, allowed; Andrew McNeil, St. Marys, allowed until Class E is called; Vincent N. Mullarky, St. Marys, disallowed.

BURGESSVILLE WOMEN TO HELP RED CROSS

BURGESSVILLE, Nov. 20.—William Kneale, who is leaving shortly for Dundalk, was presented by his Bible class with a handsome gold watch and an address signed on behalf of the members by Arthur Frain and Edward Dennis. Mr. Kneale made a suitable reply, and addresses were given by Rev. D. B. Cohoe, John Yokham, W. C. Yokham and Rev. D. N. Cameron, the chairman.

Arrangements are well under way for the big bazaar to be held on Friday, November 30, under the auspices of Women's Institute in aid of the Red Cross. Donations for the various booths are being asked for.

Rev. D. N. Cameron will preach anniversary sermons in Thamesville next Sunday, and Dr. Bates will preach in the East Oxford Baptist Church.

MUNCEY TAKES $20,000 OF THE VICTORY BONDS

MUNCEY, Nov. 20.—The men who are making a thorough canvass for the Victory war loan are meeting with great success. They have already in the neighborhood of $20,000 and are not all over the ward yet.

Fall plowing is nearly all done around here, except on a few of the large farms.

The two townships, Caradoc and Delaware, are building the road at the Giles bridge. They are putting a cut through the hill on the Delaware side, and building a grade on the Caradoc side from the bridge. They want to make it passable for the winter this fall if possible.

MADE SUPREME SACRIFICE.

NILESTOWN, Nov. 20.—Again the local soldiers' honor roll is draped. Albert Saxby has made the supreme sacrifice. A memorial service will be conducted on Sunday night by Mr. Page. Suitable music will be provided by the new organist, Miss Edna Cochran. A solo, "Good Night, But Not Farewell," will be sung by A. E. Barnard.

STRATFORD WORKERS BOUGHT GENEROUSLY OF VICTORY BONDS

Big Drive Into Various Factories Was a Great Success.

STRATFORD, Nov. 20.—The big drive which was carried on in the industrial concerns today was brought to a successful close this evening with a big public meeting in the armories, addressed by Sam Carter, M.P.P., of Guelph; W. C. Brent, divisional organizer, and Norman Towell of Toronto.

During the day short meetings were held in every factory of the city, and the employees were told the meaning of the loan and the easy methods of payment. The response was most liberal, the total for the city alone not counting today's work is over $244,000.

Twenty-seven men were examined at the armories yesterday, having been sent over from the local tribunals. Of this number thirteen were put in class A, and ten in class E.

Killed in Action.

Archibald Robertson of Ellice received word today that his son, Pte. Fleming Robertson, was killed in action on November 7. He enlisted here with the 110th Battalion, being attached to the stretcher-bearers. He was later transferred to the machine gun section, and was serving with that department in France.

Pte. Robertson was 21 years old. Besides his parents one brother and two sisters survive.

Corp. Albert Jones, M.C., is reported as in hospital suffering from a slight attack of trench fever.

Another Perth soldier to fall in battle is Pte. Milton Coutts of Milverton. He was a son of the late James Coutts, and he enlisted with the 110th Battalion.

Mrs. Struthers of Atwood has been notified of the death in action of her son, Pte. Mervyn Struthers. He enlisted with the 110th Battalion.

Thirteen Refused.

Of a total of 43 men before the local tribunals, thirteen were refused exemption. The list follows:

Exempt: Herbert Gillespie, H. A. Clements, T. M. Dillon, J. H. Dyer, R. M. Thistle, M. A. Fraser, L. G. Lynd, J. W. Evans, W. N. Geddes, W. D. Farrow, C. R. Krohn, W. E. Haggit, T. C. Sutherland, H. R. Gillard, F. Brown, William Exkert, Albert Coby, Walter W. Litt, Daniel Wilhelm, John McCallum, Murray J. Riche, D. M. Hermann, F. Bean, J. L. Dunseith, J. R. Gillis, Reg. Tolton, W. T. Yeandle, W. L. Lince, A. C. Ehgoetz, Arthur Nichols.

Refused: G. J. Campbell, H. Dower, R. W. Chippenden, P. H. Brohan, Wilfrid Cole, J. F. O'Mahony, Walter Schafer, George H. Eckert, Emil Dittmer, G. W. McCallum, J. R. Neilson, E. F. Sournier, W. M. White.

COMPULSORY RATIONING MAY COME IN BRITAIN

No Fear of Famine, But Possibility of Scarcity.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Baron Rhondda food controller, in a speech in the House of Lords today said he was still hopeful that compulsory rationing could be avoided, but that it must come unless in the approaching few weeks the public fully responded to the appeals for voluntary rationing.

"There is no fear whatever of famine," said Baron Rhondda, "but the country might have to endure a scarcity."

The controller said that the Allies would not lose the war through submarines. He was sanguine there would be the necessary tonnage to provide the necessary supplies.

The situation as regards food stocks, Baron Rhondda said, was materially better than at this time last year, but the country now had to supply France and Italy. If it were only a question of supplying Great Britain, he said he thought compulsory rationing would be needless.

With reference to the question of supplies, Lloyd George today told the American mission that the most drastic food restrictions were about to be imposed upon the people of the British Isles.

HARRISTON HUSTLING FOR VICTORY LOAN

HARRISTON, Nov. 20.—Harriston citizens have up to date subscribed $82,000 for the Victory Loan. The collectors, James McMurchy and J. H. Shannon, have been busy, and have gone into the fight with a vim, and hope to report Harriston's investment at $125,000.

BIG INCREASE SHOWN IN TRADE STATEMENT JUST ISSUED BY GOVT.

Business Good in Canada Despite War, Report Shows.

GAIN OF $273,000,000

Increase of $74,504,142 During Month of October Alone —Trade Booming.

OTTAWA, Nov. 20.—An increase of approximately $273,000,000 for the first seven months of the fiscal year ending with October, as compared with a similar period last year, is shown in the trade statement for October, just issued. For the seven months the trade in the Dominion totalled $1,586,616,258 as compared with $1,313,189,951 last year. For the month of October alone, Canada's trade amounted to $238,834,221. In October, 1916, it aggregated $164,330,179.

Exports of domestic goods for the seven months were to the value of $922,185,134 as compared with $632,049,431 last year. These figures include coin and bullion. Imports for the seven months' period amounted to $636,749,263. During the seven months' period last year, imports aggregated $483,182,928. Dutiable goods were of the value of $346,108,073, on which the customs collections amounted to $102,106,365. Free goods imported were to the value of $281,992,997. During the same period in 1916 dutiable goods to the value of $254,630,318 were brought into Canada and $82,177,312 was collected in customs duties. Free goods importations were valued at $207,630,667.

Manufactured goods to the value of $430,380,372 were exported, a big increase as compared with last year, when domestic manufactures to the value of $219,461,054 were shipped out of the country.

Agricultural products hold second place in value at $306,159,775, as compared with $233,448,260 last year.

Animals and their products to the value of $101,681,970 were exported as against $67,101,478 for the seven months' period last year.

U. S. SCIENTISTS FIND IMPROVED SUBSTITUTE FOR GERMAN SALVARSAN

Difference of $34.95 in Cost Per Dose.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 20.—Dr. Simon Flexner, head of the Rockefeller Institute, today told the National Academy of Science in convention here that the Rockefeller Institute had discovered an improved substitute for salvarsan. The new chemical agent, he said, is still unnamed. Soon, he added, it would be given the medical profession free.

"The new chemical has many advantages over salvarsan," said Dr. Flexner. "While that costs $35 a dose the improved substitute costs about five cents a dose."

Salvarsan was a German product under the control of German manufacturers. Since the war it has been impossible it. Dr. Samuel Meltzer, also of the Rockefeller Institute, showed lantern slides portraying how scientists of the institution have cured tetanus with injection of epsom salts.

MRS. THOS. O'DONNELL DIES AT WALLACEBURG

WALLACEBURG, Nov. 20.—The death occurred today of Ortena O'Donnell, relict of the late Thomas O'Donnell, in her 52nd year. The funeral will leave her late residence, Wellington street, on Thursday morning. She leaves one son and one daughter. Interment will be made in Wallaceburg Cemetery.

The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. John Busha after a long illness. The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning at the Church of Our Lady of Help.

DOCTOR SAYS VINOL IS THE BEST TONIC

Honest Opinion Doctor Gave His Patient

Bedford, Ohio.—"I was in a pitiful condition, weak, nervous and run down so I could not do my housework. I had doctored for years and tried everything under the sun. A friend told me about Vinol. I asked my doctor about it, and he replied, 'It certainly is the best medicine that can be had today. I couldn't give you any better.' I took it, and today I am as well and strong as any woman could wish to be, and it was Vinol that saved me."—Mrs. Frank A. Horkey, Ash St., Bedford, Ohio.

We guarantee this famous cod liver and iron tonic for all such conditions.

Taylor Drug Company, London, also at the best druggist's in all Ontario towns.

LLOYD GEORGE REPORTS NEEDS OF THE ALLIES

Mighty Co-operation of United States Required, He Tells Council.

A MILLION MEN NEEDED

States That British Isles Will Soon Be Put On Strictest Economy.

London, Nov. 20.—At the Allied War Council today, dealing with the aeroplane situation, the premier said:

"Command of the air in the battleline is almost as essential as command of the sea. The people of the United States possess to an unusual degree qualities of enterprise and daring necessary to the creation of successful airmen. The American climate also lends itself to the development of the air service, because it is clearer and more equable than the climate of the British Isles. This is of special value because the training of pilots, the creation of flying units and the building of airdromes are as essential to the creation of an air service as the building of aeroplanes themselves."

The Food Problem.

Referring to food, the premier said that the Allies were becoming increasingly dependent upon what the North American continent could produce, and economize in the use of food. He assured the mission that the most drastic restrictions were about to be imposed upon the people of the British Isles, partly in order to assist the Allies, partly in order to leave more room for the carriage of men and munations to the battlefronts. The premier said he regarded the tightening of the blockade as of next importance.

"Close co-operation between the United States and the powers of Western Europe can bring still greater economic pressure to bear on the central powers during the war," he said.

Thanks United States Navy.

The premier then thanked the mission for the great services rendered by the United States navy.

In reply, Admiral Benson, on behalf of the mission, said that the mission was learning many lessons from the Allies, and expressed the gratitude of its members for the manner in which all sources of information had been thrown open to them.

"The United States is heart and soul in the war," he said, "and the country absolutely indorses the statement of President Wilson that none of its resources would be too spared, its men, ships, or work in order to win the war."

Admiral Benson than gave the conference information as to what the United States has done and is doing, United States has done and is doing, not only in training armies, in building fleets, and in the manufacture of munitions, but in food economy and the construction of aircraft.

Premier's Speech.

In opening his speech the prime minister said:

"Like Britain, the United States is a pacific power, and she, therefore, has had to build up a war organization from the start. In doing so she can learn from many mistakes which Britain made. Two of the most urgent matters today are man-power at the fronts and shipping.

"The collapse of Russia and the recent reverses of Italy make it even more imperative than before that the United States should send as many troops as possible across the Atlantic as early as possible. I am anxious to know how soon the first million men can be expected in France."

Shipping Situation.

The premier explained the British shipping was now wholly employed in war work, partly for the Allies, partly on the British account, adding:

"Assuming that the submarine situation gets no worse, the easing of the position of the Allies depends entirely upon the dates on which the American program for the launching of the six million tons of shipping promised for 1918 comes into practical effect. I have no doubt that with the largest industrial resources of the world a most highly trained and adaptable industrial population and an exceptionally natural gift of organization, the accomplishment of America in ship-building will astonish everybody."

COAL SCARCITY IS STILL PERPLEXING BRUSSELS CITIZENS

BRUSSELS, Nov. 20.—The coal shortage still continues to perplex the public. Very few in this district have much on hand.

Next Sunday the new Methodist Church at Ethel will be opened. Rev. E. F. Armstrong of Wingham will preach morning and evening, and Rev. W. E. Stafford of Brussels in the afternoon. A fowl supper and a fine program will be held on Monday. On the following Sunday dedicatory services will be held, when the preacher will be Rev. S. Muxworthy of Exeter, president of the London Conference.

Before their removal from the old homestead to Wingham, John and Mrs. Clegg, 5th line, Morris Township, were surprised by their neighbors and friends and presented with an address and two oak rockers. A fine evening was enjoyed. Mr. Clegg has handed the farm over to his son Joe. Mr. and Mrs. Clegg lived on the farm for 30 years and now retire.

Thursday of next week a conference to deal with "after-the-war conditions" will be held here, to which the pastors, elders and managers of the Presbyterian churches of the neighboring charges will attend. Addresses are expected by Rev. Dr. Strang, home missionary secretary; Rev. Mr. Cook and Miss Campbell. The two latter are on furlough from India.

DUART WOMAN WAS SERIOUSLY INJURED

DUART, Nov. 20.—A serious accident occurred on the Orford-Howard townline, when Mr. and Mrs. John A. Dubs of Aldborough were thrown in the ditch from their rig. The horse became unmanageable, owing to the fluttering of an election proclamation nailed up alongside the road. Mr. Dubs was badly shaken up, but his wife fared much worse, having an arm broken in two places and several ribs fractured.

NATIONAL COUNCIL ORGANIZES BRANCH

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 20.—A local branch of the National Council of Women has been formed in St. Thomas. Ten different women's societies were initiated. The following officers have been elected: President, Mrs. D. J. Hughes; 1st vice-president, Mrs. St. Thomas Smith; 2nd vice-president, Mrs Gilbert; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Lamont; recording secretary, Miss Ingram; treasurer, Mrs. Meadows.

B.C. INDIANS, DENIED CITIZENSHIP, KICK AT FORCED SERVICE

Attempt to Conscript Them Will Be Forcibly Resisted.

VICTORIA, Nov. 20.—The committee of Indian tribes of British Columbia have protested to Sir Robert Borden against Indians coming within the scope of the military service act on account of the land question not being settled and citizenship withheld. The opinion is expressed in the communication forwarded to the premier that any attempted enforcement of the act against Indians would be forcibly resisted, and probably cause bloodshed.

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CanadaClub Brand?

Equal in quality to the world's greatest productions.

THE BEER THAT MAKES MILWAUKEE JEALOUS.

(Note its delicate hop and malt flavor). We invite comparison.

Try a case in your home. Kept in all hotels, restaurants, cafes and stores. Costs no more than other brands.

Why Not Have the Best?

Carling Brewing and Malting Co.

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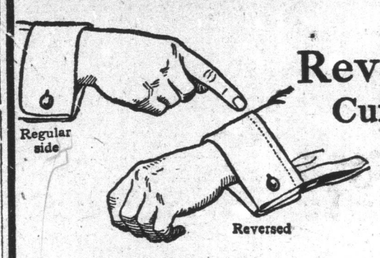

Reversible Cuffs Give Double Wear

THE cuffs of a shirt wear out long before the body. W. G. & R. shirts have REVERSIBLE cuffs, which give them practically double wear.

The neck bands are made of fine white cambric, THOROUGHLY SHRUNK in the piece, making them accurate in size.

Every cloth we use is tested in our laundry and must be color fast.

Every detail that makes a shirt more comfortable, durable or stylish is looked after in the making of W.G.&R. shirts.

Pre-Shrunk Neck Band

TRADE W.G.&R. MARK

Also makers of W.G.&R. Collars and Pyjamas

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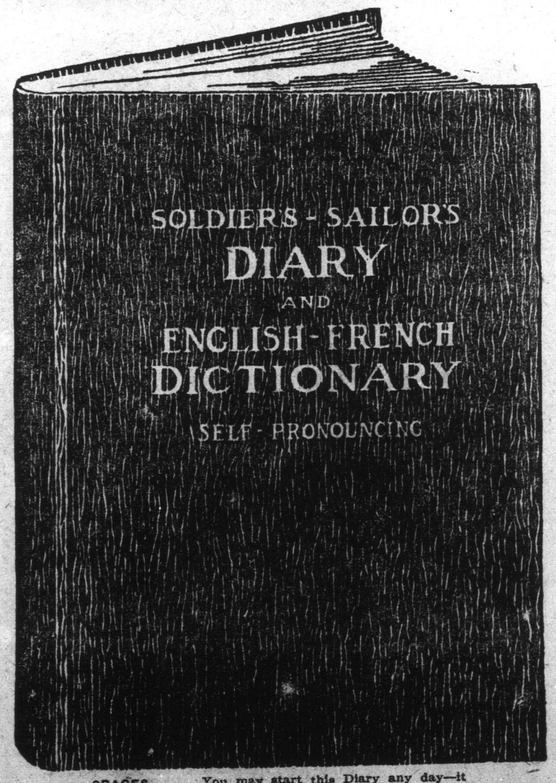
Send One to the Boy—TAKE ONE HOME



SPACES UNDATED

You may start this Diary any day—it never can become out-of-date.

To encourage everybody to record events of the war from individual viewpoints, Canadian and American newspapers are supplying readers for a limited time only with the Soldiers-Sailors Diary and English-French Dictionary. Distribution in this city is being conducted exclusively by The

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Every soldier will feel obliged to learn French. Self-pronouncing by the modern, authoritative and easy Sound-spelling Method, this book is the quickest way to acquirement of French with correct accent.

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