

FOR SALE.
Numbers 38 to 44 King Street East, opposite King Edward Hotel. Will yield a handsome profit.
—APPLY—
H. N. Williams & Co., 26 Victoria St.

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR

BREAK TELEGRAPH CAUSES PANIC ST. PETERSBURG CUT OFF FROM DIRECT COMMUNICATION WILD RUMORS OF MUTINY AND STRIKE

Troops or Reservists in Baltic Provinces Said to Be in Open Rebellion—Witte Refuses to Deal With Telegraphers—Government Version of Body Guard Arrests.

WHEN TELEGRAPH SHUTS DOWN.
Russia on Saturday was entirely isolated from the civilized world. All the London news agencies and newspapers forwarded urgent messages to their various correspondents to secure information at any cost, especially at frontier points, not a single word was received. On Sunday the news came in roundabout ways.

BLOODSHED IMMINENT.

London, Dec. 4.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times, in a despatch dated Dec. 2, expresses the belief that the Union of Unions will resolve on a general strike.

He says that reaction is rapidly gaining the upper hand at Tsarskoe Selo. The troops are being drafted to St. Petersburg and bloodshed appears to be imminent, with Count Witte powerless to stem the tide.

The people are hoping for a miracle to avert the catastrophe, according to the correspondent, who adds that Russia has been afflicted as many surprising phenomena that this hope may not be altogether vain.

AT ST. PETERSBURG.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 2.—(1 p.m.)—Via Berlin, Dec. 3.—Intense alarm prevails here. Communication with the outer world by telegraph ceased last morning when the Finnish joined their Russian comrades.

The embassies, legations and banks are hastily organizing courier services to both the Finnish and German frontiers.

The population is almost in a state of panic, fearing that the railroads will stop running and that the inhabitants therefore will have no mode of flight in the event of the catastrophe which they seem to fear is imminent.

Stories of the spread of disaffection in the guard regiments are in everybody's mouth, and the revolutionaries continue to boast that the troops will join the general strike.

This morning newspapers were openly hawking flybills in the streets, claiming an account of the alleged revolt at Tsarskoe Selo, and crying out, "The emperor's palace guard has mutinied."

According to reliable information the only foundation for these stories is the arrest of the soldiers of the guard at Tsarskoe Selo Thursday. Nevertheless in their excited state the people give ready credence to all rumors, and add to the general alarm.

The air is also filled with stories of the alleged revolt at the palace Friday, in which Grand Duke Boris is said to have attempted the life of the emperor. These stories likewise are untrue, but the state of panic is such that the people are credulous.

This situation has greatly increased the dangers of a financial crash. The people, even the commercial interests, are hoarding their money, and the banks, converting it into gold, hoarding it, and demanding foreign exchange, which the state bank is unable to furnish.

Exchange on London yesterday rose to 95 over a round about the normal.

Open Mutiny.
The Associated Press has just learned from a high authority that the situation in the Baltic provinces has grown exceedingly grave and that the troops at Revel and neighboring are in open mutiny. This was the real cause of the extraordinary cabinet meeting, which was held at Tsarskoe Selo last night.

At attempts to secure details of the uprising have thus far failed. According to reports the attitude of the troops in the Baltic provinces is regarded by the government as the most dangerous situation that has thus far developed.

A strike of the policemen and house holders of St. Petersburg is scheduled for tomorrow (Sunday). The government continues to refuse to deal with the telegraphers, declaring that for the telegraph to yield would be equivalent to its abdication at this order. Nevertheless the surrender of the government to the demand for the resignation of M. Durnovo, acting minister of the interior, is regarded as inevitable.

Instructions to the governors and the local authorities are being sent with great difficulty over the railroad telegraph lines.

Confined to Reservists.
St. Petersburg, Dec. 2.—(4.30 p.m.)—Via Berlin, Dec. 3.—An article in Judge Provost of Newfoundland on the fishery question appears in to-day's Standard.

At Dunlop's Roastery, 65 Yonge Street, will find everything that is up to date. We are making but Dunlop's choicest roasters sold. Dunlop's Roastery, 65 Yonge Street, Tel. Main 4790.

Talks on Trucks—XII.
We have said nothing about trucks for some time. The reason is that what we did say brought us more business than we could handle, and we ceased asking for more when we already had our hands full.

We don't think it is honest to solicit trade unless we are positive positive to take care of it with reliable promptness. Ever since midsummer our factory has been booked for weeks ahead; we are just now beginning to catch up, and we want more business.

We like to design special trucks. In fact, we make every known appliance for use upon wheels. If you have any awkward, heavy load, or take care that you want moved or lifted, we will take care of it. St. York-street has particulars.

Cigars—10c, Conqueror for 5c—fine clear. Alvin Ballard.

Edwards, Morgan & Company, Chartered Accountants, 226 Macdougall Avenue, Toronto. Phone Park 1318.

Chamberlain cigar reduced to 6c. Alvin Ballard.

JEW AT ODESSA APPEAL TO WORLD TO PREVENT THREATENED MASSACRE

Proclamation Being Circulated Among Soldiers Calling Upon Them to Exterminate Jews.

Odesa, undated.—Sent by courier by way of Podwoloczyska, Galicia, Dec. 3.

This despatch is sent at the request of the Jewish community, which fears a fresh massacre by the local garrison.

It is asserted that a proclamation is being circulated in almost every regiment calling on soldiers to exterminate the Jews and to destroy the newspaper offices in revenge for groundless accusations against the troops of their participation in massacres and pillage, and in the protection of rowdies.

This is exciting the population against the army.

The Jews assert that the officers deliver anti-Semitic speeches in the barracks after removing the Jewish soldiers, and that Governor-General Kaibars himself has confessed that the officers are burning for revenge on the Jews, and that he is unable to guarantee the preservation of order.

In view of the fact that this city is entirely cut off from St. Petersburg, and thus is altogether in the hands of the local authorities, the Jewish community implores all civilized nations and their governments to take all possible measures at St. Petersburg to prevent a catastrophe, which may exceed anything that has yet occurred.

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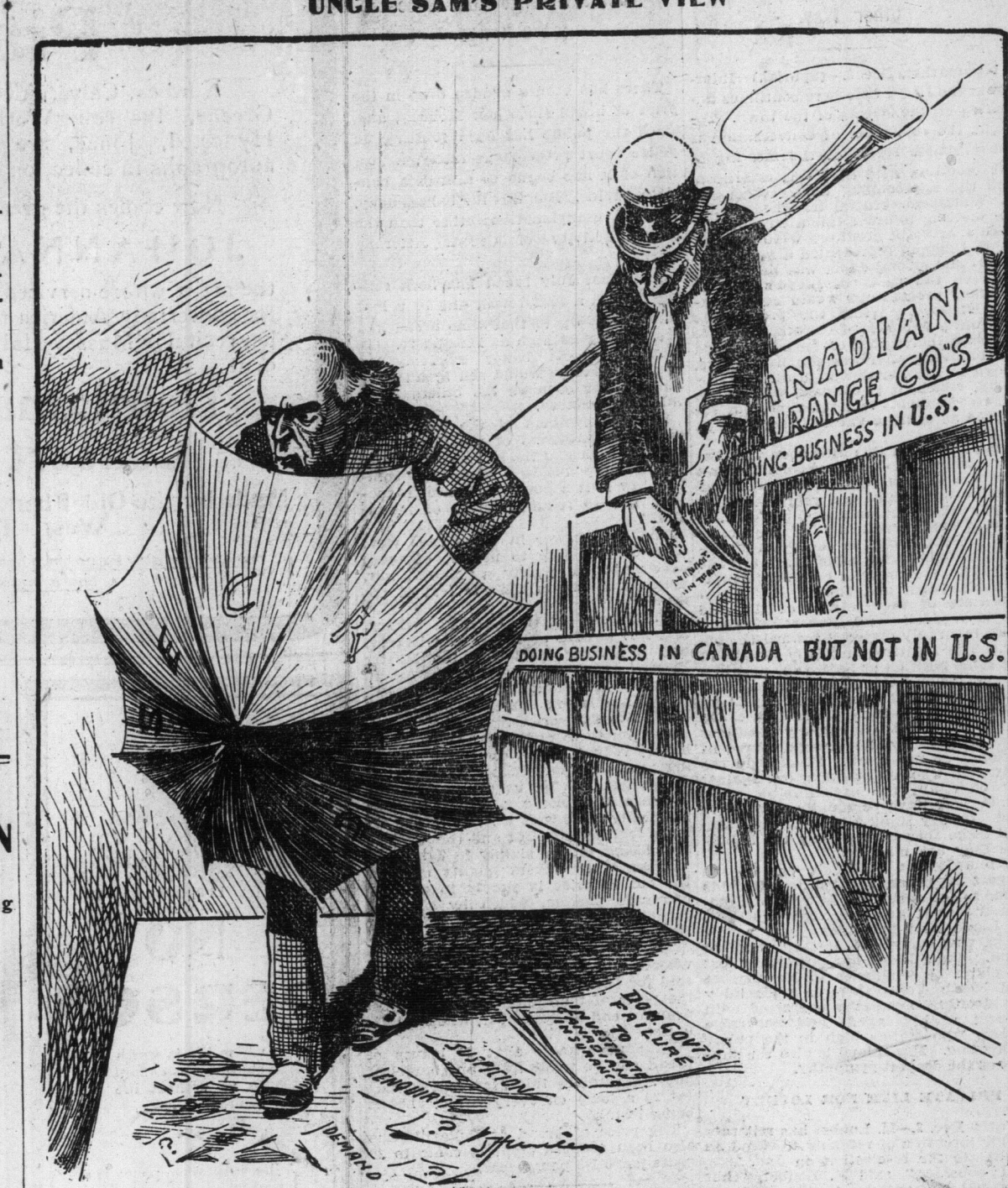
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UNCLE SAM: He seems determined to shut off the Canadian view—but I'll have a look in at what's within my reach.

NOTE.—It is announced that the committee of the New York legislature now investigating insurance conditions in that state has summoned some of the Canadian companies doing business there to appear before it and undergo investigation.

DIXON, JEWEL THIEF, FREED IN BUFFALO COMES BACK WITHOUT FORMALITY OF EXTRADITION NOW AWAITING TRIAL IN WOODSTOCK JAIL

Canadian Police Officials Deny That Any Trickery Brought About the Result—Dixon's Robbery an Exceptionally Bold One.

Walter Dixon, the "second storey" worker, aged 50, known, he says, from Seattle to New York, who got away with \$3000 in jewelry from the retail store of ex-Mayor White at Woodstock, so slickly that nobody could trace him, is now an "outsider" job, who got drunk at Delhi and disposed of a stolen ring, and who was seen there nearly 4 years old, made an eloquent plea to Mr. White, who is also a man of mature years, Dixon, who is now at Woodstock jail, just how he got there is veiled in some perplexing contradictions. The Associated Press is responsible for the following account of Saturday's date:

"That Walter Dixon, the aged thief who robbed ex-Mayor White's home in Woodstock, Ont., of \$3000 worth of jewelry, probably escaped a long term of imprisonment was due to the kindness of Mr. White, who after a talk with Dixon announced his intention of dropping the case."

"When Mr. White arrived here from Woodstock to identify and resign his position as the stolen jewelry, Dixon asked permission to see him. His request was granted. Dixon, who is now nearly 4 years old, made an eloquent plea to Mr. White, who is also a man of mature years, Dixon, who is now at Woodstock jail, just how he got there is veiled in some perplexing contradictions. The Associated Press is responsible for the following account of Saturday's date:

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FIREMEN ACT AS FIREBUGS TERRORIZE SARNIA 3 WEEKS FROM SPIRIT OF REVENGE

Three Sensational Arrests a Climax to Twenty-five Fires With \$30,000 Loss—Ex-Fireman and Would-be Policeman the Ring-leaders—Caught in the Act.

Sarnia, Dec. 2.—(Special).—Because he had a grudge against the fire department, James Milne, an ex-fireman, was incidental in the formation of a gang supposed to be responsible for a series of fires aggregating in loss over \$30,000. This is the substance of his confession given in the jail here after his arrest early in the morning for incendiarism. His confession implicated several men, and Benjamin Buchanan and Percy Jackson were arrested this afternoon.

All three prisoners have been from Sarnia during the last three weeks. The list of fires taken on the fire department's books shows that the list of fires is long, but the loss in the greater proportion has been small. The fact that credit is due to the fire department, which has been working night and day, lack of sleep and food, and that they are rejecting to-night, six on Saturday.

On Saturday six more fires were added to the already long quota of fires laid to the incendiaries. Shortly after midnight of Friday, a fire broke out in a house and nine new separators at John Goodwin's, three of which were set on fire. Efforts were made to track the incendiaries in the snow, but failed. The fire was put out at a low cost of \$10,000. Only the hard work of the firemen saved the fire from spreading to the main building, where another alarm rang in. This time it was an oil shed on the principal street. It was totally destroyed at a loss of about \$2000, without insurance. Then the Victoria Opera House took fire about midnight. The fire was put out at a low cost of \$10,000. Only the hard work of the firemen saved the fire from spreading to the main building, where another alarm rang in. This time it was an oil shed on the principal street. It was totally destroyed at a loss of about \$2000, without insurance. Then the Victoria Opera House took fire about midnight. 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