

in certain affections of the heart, liver, kidneys and skin, and in special forms of scrofula.

I have prescribed the water during the present month in the Clinical Wards of the Montreal General Hospital, but I am not prepared as yet to offer you any deductions as to the results of my limited experience of its utility in the treatment of the diseases in which I have employed it.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,

FRANCIS BADGLEY, M.D.,

Lecturer on Clinical Medicine, Montreal General Hospital.

Montreal, April 20, 1849.

From the analysis of the Plantagenet Water, made by Mr. Hunt, I have no doubt it will be found very useful in rheumatic, gouty, and dyspeptic diseases, but as I have not yet employed it in any case, I cannot speak from personal experience of its medicinal qualities.

R. L. MacDONNELL, M.D.,

Lecturer on the Institutes of Medicine, McGill College.

Montreal, April 23, 1849.

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Sir,—Having noticed an advertisement in some public journals of this city, by which an analysis of the Mineral Waters of the Plantagenet Springs are given by Mr. Hunt, chemist, at your request I would beg to state that the alkaline, chloride and carbonate, carbonate iron, iodide and bromide magnesia in them contained, render them highly commendable, especially in certain cases of dyspepsia, for removing constipation which proceeds from that affection. I believe they may be employed with advantage in certain diseases of the stomach, as well as in many chronic diseases of the skin.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,

J. EMERY CODERRE, M. D.

Montreal, April 29, 1849.

An analysis of the Plantagenet Mineral Waters having been submitted to my consideration, I feel I can, with confidence recommend them to the public as very useful, on account of their alterative properties in certain chronic diseases of the stomach, the liver and other abdominal viscera, rheumatism and gout. As an alterative they may be used with advantage in cases of dropsy, especially when their diaphoretic and diuretic action is taken into consideration. Finally, they may be useful in cholera, on account of their anti-acid and anti-emetic properties.

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