member countries in maintaining reasonable member countries. They agreed to convene a stability of costs and prices. In stating the views of the Canadian government during the discussion I emphasized the importance Canada attaches to the highly successful exchange of views on economic policy within the organization. I believe it is no exaggeration to say that these consultations on economic policy lie at the very heart of the organization. It is of real significance to Canada to be able to contact, through the O.E.C.D., the senior representatives of our major trading partners responsible for the formation of economic policy.

I also indicated the interest of the government in the work of the organization over the past year in examining the policies and problems of economic growth and in analysing the means of achieving stability of costs and prices. With respect to the latter subject I reminded the council that the Canadian government has laid strong emphasis on the improvement of productivity and economic efficiency, that it has established the national productivity council and that it has introduced recently in this house a measure to establish a national economic development board.

With respect to trade, ministers addressed themselves to the important question of coordinating trade and aid policies adopted by member countries in their relations with the less developed nations of the world. In a resolution approved last week members of the organization agreed to "seek to formulate concerted policies which are designed to further the economic development of the less developed countries and which take full account of the interdependence between trade and aid". It is clear that most countries would prefer to live by trade rather than aid, and that the industrialized nations can help the less developed areas by providing reasonable access to markets for their products as well as by means of international assistance.

The ministerial council also reviewed the activities of the organization during the past year in the field of development assistance, noting with satisfaction the conclusions of the first annual review of the aid policies of the members of the development assistance committee. Ministers recalled the decision taken recently to establish a development centre in the context of the O.E.C.D. and recognized the need for concerted action to increase both the quantity and the quality of aid to developing countries. For this part of the meeting, in view of Japan's membership in the development assistance committee, the Japanese minister of state, Hon. Kiichi Miyazawa, was in attendance.

Ministers discussed the role of the O.E.C.D. in the co-ordination of scientific programs in

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special meeting of ministers in 1963 to stimulate co-operation in this important area.

The ministers of agriculture of the 20 member countries met on November 19 and 20 in Paris. The ministerial council of the organization noted the results of the agriculture ministers' discussions and agreed that their work will strengthen co-operation through the O.E.C.D. in the fields of agricultural policy, international agricultural trade and food aid to the less developed countries.

The ministers were happy to welcome to the meeting senior representatives of a number of other international organizations whose work lies in fields related to that of the O.E.C.D. Statements were heard from Mr. Per Jacobsson, managing director of the international monetary fund; Mr. Rey, a member of the commission of the European economic community; Mr. Wyndham White, executive secretary of the general agreement on tariffs and trade, and Mr. Wehrer, a member of the high authority of the European coal and steel community.

A communique was issued at the conclusion of the two day session and, as chairman of the council, I also made a statement to representatives of the international press in Paris. With the permission of the house I would table for the information of hon. members copies of the communique and press statement in English and French.

Mr. Speaker: The minister seeks leave of the house to table the communique and statement. Is it agreed?

Some hon. Members: Agreed.

(Translation):

CIVIL SERVICE ACT

AMENDMENTS RESPECTING BILINGUAL QUALIFICATIONS

Mr. Alexis Caron (Hull) moved for leave to introduce Bill No. C-90, an act to amend the Civil Service Act (bilingualism).

Motion agreed to and bill read the first time.

(Text):

HEALTH AND WELFARE

ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMITTEE ON DRUGS AND CHEMICAL FOOD CONTAMINATION

On the order: Government notices of motions:

November 30-The Minister of National Health and Welfare:

That a special committee be appointed to consider and report upon (a) the law and practices relating to the control of the introduction, marketing and use of drugs; and (b) the dangers arising from contamination of food by the use of chemicals to kill weeds, insects and other pests;