- (1) number of Old Age Security pensioners;
- (2) number of recipients receiving Guaranteed Income Supplement;
- (3) number receiving maximum Guaranteed Income Supplement;
- (4) average amount of Guaranteed Income Supplement paid to pensioners;
- (5) average number of pensioners paid while outside Canada during the quarter ending December 1973.

## TABLE 2(1)

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Province	OAS Pensioners	GIS Recipients	Maximum GIS Recipients	Average GIS Payment	Quarterly Average Number of OAS Pensioners Paid While Outside Canada December 1973
Newfoundland	34,273	28,948	19,978	65.27	106
Prince Edward Island	12,849	9,883	5,262	62.72	77
Nova Scotia	75,655	51,890	26,427	62.45	430
New Brunswick	57,349	39, 183	20,926	61.76	404
Quebec	447,404	284,289	148,366	61.91	3,701
Ontario	678,995	339, 245	125,372	58,33	5,869
Manitoba	100,533	62,945	25,991	59.79	642
Saskatchewan	98,371	60,286	25,126	58.14	432
Alberta	125,536	76,584	33,353	60.44	740
British Columbia	218,104	122,809	48,799	57.49	2,677
Northwest Territories	917	764	631	71.85	1
Yukon	530	331	231	66.23	10
National	1,850,516	1,077,076	480,462	59.97	15,089

Source: DSS Statistical Report for December 1973.

(1) House of Commons Debates, March 18, 1974, p. 588.

## Recommendation 6

That in line with the recommendation of the Economic Council of Canada, the NES, "as the key operational agency for implementing manpower policies" be responsible for analyzing basic supply and demand conditions and for administering the range of programs required to facilitate adjustment to technological change and to assist the movement of workers from areas of declining to those of increasing employment opportunities.

## ACTION TAKEN

In 1967 the National Employment Service (NES) offices were renamed Canada Manpower Centres to reflect the emphasis on counselling, training, labour force mobility, skill up-grading etc.

The Canada Manpower Mobility Program was introduced in 1967 to assist workers who cannot afford to relocate to obtain employment or to take advantage of training. The program provides three types of assistance:

1. Trainee level grants to enable adults to take training courses not available in the area;

- Exploratory grants, to enable workers to search for employment in other areas when work is not available in their community;
- 3. Relocation grants.

The Manpower Consultative Service is available to help labour and manpower resolve problems resulting from technological or other industrial changes.

During the 1972-73 fiscal year, \$11,599,984 was expended on the Mobility Program. This expenditure aided the relocation of 10,653 families, and provided 10,725 workers with exploratory grants. Trainee travel and commuting assistance was given to 50,296 persons, making a total of 71,674 persons who received assistance under the Canada Manpower Mobility Program. (1)

## Recommendation 7

That, in particular, the NES seek the cooperation of individual employers' associations and unions in developing procedures in relation to staff layoffs and

<sup>(1)</sup> Canada. Manpower and Immigration Annual Report, 1972-73, p. 13.