#### AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE, AUGUST 12, 1891. THE TRUE WITNESS

# THE LATEST SCANDAL.

### The Balo des Chaleurs Railway before the Parliamentary Committee.

OTTAWA, Aug. 10 .- Before the Senate Committee to-day the chairman, Senator Committee to day the chairman, Senator Vids, announced that he had summoned Mesers. Pacaud, Garneau, Grenier and Arnstrong in the matter of the Baie des Chaleurs Railway Bill. A report was read stating that Inspector O'Leary, of the Dominion police force, as deputy of the Usher of the Black Rod, had gone to serve Mr. C. N. Armstrong, and was unable to do so.

The Chairman read a telegram from ur, Armering under Arman, New and telegraph service was paralyzed. Brunswick, August 9, saying: "I will Several plate glass windows were blown appear before your Committee on in. Wednes ay."

Wednessay. A telegram from Mr. Grenier, clerk of the Executive Council, telegraphed that the list of the papers required from him the list of the papers required from him had not reached him.

A letter was read from Mr. A. Thom, of Montreal, secretary of the Company, stating that the Company had decided to take no part in the proceedings before the Committee. Under the circumstances and in view of the expense and loss of time the Company did not feel justified in appearing by counsel and unnecessarin appearing by correspondent unnecessar-ily prolonging the investigation. A letter was read from Mr. Lonergan, of the Com-pany, dated old Orebert House, stating hat he had gone to the seaside, but, on notice, would appear at any time before the Committee.

Mr. Simpson, writing for Mr. Thom, after the receipt of the sammons, tele-graphed that Mr. Thom was out of town, but would be back on Tuesday.

A telegram was read from the Hon. Mr. Garneau, dated Point an Pie, saying his state of health did not allow him to go to Ottawa at present. He would send a doctor's certificate. The Committee could not help smiling. At this point the chairman, Mr. Vidal,

aid he was impolled to again express the riew that the Committee was not taking the proper parliamentary course. This bill was not before them as a railway committee, they had no power to investiful investigation, but they should put to his family a beautiful capital. themselves in order by asking the House to direct the investigation. As Senator Vidal is a strong Conservative, he, at all events, is not open to the charge of trying to bark the investigation.

Senator Allan, another Conservative, and an ex-speaker, said the promoters desiring to withdraw the bill should be allowed to do so, but the House having decided otherwise, the Committee should not discuss the question 2 Mr. Barwick was given power to summon anew all the witnesses he wanted, and the Committee adjourned till to morrow, on the understanding that the case would not be preceeded with until Wednesday. The Committee adjourned. Mr. Pacaud ed to Quebec to await the service of wanted, and no had not received any summons up to this morning save a tele-graphic message. Mr. Pacand adds that he daes not like to postpone his trip to Europe a second time. He has engaged a berth from New York. Mr. Barwick says he will not examine any witnesses before Mr. Armstrong.

### A WILD TORNADO.

#### Wind and Lightning Carry Devastation Far and Near.

HMULTON, Ont., August 10 .- At 6

was burned by lightning last night. There is some insurance on the kuilding, but none on the contents. TORONTO, August 10 .- Early yesterday morning and last evening a terrific thunder and lightning storm passed over Toronto. Rain fell in terrents, and the wind did much damage in breaking tree limbs and levelling garden plants A large portion of Bloor street, near Christie, was washed in the sand pit. The storm assumed the proportions of a hurricane to the south of Lake Ontario. A Niagara Falls despatch says great damage was done to standing crops in that neighborhood, while the telephone

#### The Province of Quebec Lottery

The popularity of the Province of Que bec Lottery has just received a new ali ment. On Tuesday last, the 4th inst., a carpenter of very moderate means, by the name of Justinien Benoit of Weedon, Wolfe County, P.Q., bought a lottery ticket. The drawing took place the next day, Wednesday. On Saturday Mr. Benoit received the official list of prizewinning numbers. As he had purchased but one ticket he soon found out his number on the list and to his great satisfaction saw that he won the first capital prize of \$15,000,00. This morn-ing he presented himself to the head office with Mr. Charles H. Letourneux, wholesale hardware merchant of St. Paul st., and Mr. Samuel Bourgeois, merchant of St. Hyacinthe. The check in tires backward, bowing again, with the payment for the prize had been previous- mystic three bows. Without a word all tilled up and was therefore at once handed to him. This good news having soon spread around, a crowd immediately gathered before the Lottery doors to congratulate Mr. Benoit on his good luck

A few persons escorted him to La Banque du People, where he deposited his check. This pleasing fortune could not have fallen under better care. Mr. his check. This pleasing fortune could while strong-lunged policemen in the not have fallen under better care. Mr. Benoit is an orderly and sober man, and Rod." "Make way for the speaker." this unexpected fortune will not alter his good character. He has left his money in the bank, and means to live on the gate this charge. He was in favor of a interest. He will consequently bequeath

### The Irish Bill.

LONDON, Aug. 10.-In his speech at Plymouth to-day Chief Secretary Balfour single note. Row upon row of crimon outlined the ideas of Irish local govern-benches, all empty, and on the woolsack ment which the Government propose to three peers robed in red. At the table, embody in a bill. He repudiated the view expressed by Mr. Morley that it was a small home rule bill. He argued that is all local government should not be withheld Bu from Ireland for two reasons, the first a sentimental one, because it had already been given to England and Scotland; the second because it had been repeatedly promised to Ireland. It would be madness to allow councils to administer the telegraphed Mr. Francois Langelier that funds of any class not represented in he had left for Ottawa yesterday but en such councils by a controlling voice. routes aw in the newspapers that he had Such permission would convert them into tabring some documents, and he return- engines of tyranny and oppression. Mr. Balfour exonerated his opponents from the summon- and list of documents the charge of obstructing his measures wanted and not necessed any for the benefit of Ireland. This literature, however, he said, tended to excite hatred.

### The Prince Talks to Scientists.

LONDON, August 10 .- The seventh annual session of the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography open-ed in St. James hall here to-day. The Prince of Wales presided. There were 2,300 delegates present. Among the more prominent delegates were Prof. Pasteur, of Paris, and Prof. Koch, of Ber-lin. Many of the leading doctors and scientists of Europe will take part in the proceedings. When the Prince of Wales o'clock last evening a terribly destructive | arose to make his address of welcome he

"LA REINE LE VEULT."

## How the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland Agrees to Acts of Parlia-ment. It is a question time in the House of

Commons, and ministers are laboriously reading their answers to the long list of printed questions on the paper. Presently, with no apparent reason, the outer doors of the chamber, usually wide open, are shut and locked, and the door-keeper stands guarding them, peeping through a tiny wicket in the door, as if he expected an inconvenient dun. But, no the doors have only been locked on the same principle that the little boys on the towing path of the Cam shut the gates when they see an undergraduate approaching, in order to have the pleasure of opening them again—for a considera-What the consideration of the doorkeeper of the House of Commons may be is not known to the public, but the very instant that the stranger approaching has made three modest taps on the door, the watchful attendant flings it open and announces the visitor with a stentorian shout of "Black Rod." Slowly does the elderly gentleman in braided uniform who bears this title and the short rod that confers it advance up the door of the House, bowing scrupulously three times in his passage. Ar-rived at the table, he summons "this honorable House" in the name of the crown immediately to attend at the House of Peers to hear the royal assent given by commission to various bills. One of Von Moltke's officers tells a little Having given his message, he slowly re the members rise in their places, and the speaker leaves his chair and joins Black Rod, who has been waiting for him at the House. Side by side in brotherly converse they walk off, followed by the sergeant-at-arms and two or three members as representatives of the House,

In the House of Lords a quaint but not unimpressive spectacle awaits one. Through the stained-glass window of the beautiful chamber the sunlight is stream ing, lighting up the richly carved woo!-work and the decorated ceiling, and making the red benches below seem redder than ever. Indeed on the floor of the House red, a crimson red, is the scarcely noticed in the blaze of red, are three silent clerks in wig and gown; that

But by this time the speaker and his companions have reached the House of Lords, and have packed themselves in a little pen opposite the woolsack and the throne. There they stand, patiently or impatiently, throughout the ceremony. The first business is the reading of the commission appointing certain peers to act on behalf of her majesty. The docu-ment is long and very legal. The number of peers named to serve on the commission seems legion. There is

### THE PRINCE OF WALES

and the Duke of Connaught; there is the most reverend father in God and my well-beloved and trusty councillor, the archbishop of Canterbury; there is the archbishop of York, and many other notabilities. Finally comes Lord Sals-bury, "lord chancellor of that part of bury, my kingdom of Great Britain and Ircland called Great Britain," and at these words of the reading clerk the lord chancellor, hitherto motionless on the wool-sack, raises his three-cornered hat in response to a deep bow from the clerk. The next name is the Earl of Limerick, and the clerk bows again, and another in a mass of ruins. The army halted. A three-cornered hat is raised by another train of freight cars came forward and figure on the woolsack. The same from those fcars was taken the prepared

an exchange. The tenth century was an death? Who can say ?important epoch in the history of cathedrals. It was the general belief at that of new churches. The erection of a gressive spirit is seen in the tower of the Rouen Cathedral, which was built of quisitely carried out in the Middle Ages, contained a means for teaching the Bible in days when books were almost unknown. This is well shown in the statues of Christ. At that time it was more than a symbol; it was a sign of the living spirit. Then, too, the was not merely a religious place. It was the one superlative place in the city -the centre of learning and of the community. Our modern churches have deteriorated, as in the early days, to mere places of worship.

### WAR AS A FINE ART.

## Story.

" I was lieutenant of engineers under Von Moltke," " Let me give you a chapter from my personal experience to show how thoroughly the German War Department prepared for emergencies. One day a message came to me at the barracks bidding me report in civilian dress at the railroad station and receive orders. I went to the station. A man approacl ed and addressed me as Meyer. I sai' ' My name is Wolfl'. ' No,' said he

your name is Meyer. Here is your brg of samples. You are selling whiskey. am selling wine. We will go to such a city and call on Mr. So-and So and Mr. So-and-So and try to sell them goods.' We went, and I made an effort to sell the whiskey by the sample, but didn't sell any, of course. Then we proceeded to another city and tried to sell the goods there. After we had visited several merchants and returned to the hotel my companion said to me: We will take a walk and go across the bridge. We will not return together. On your way back you will pace the bridge, and going and coming you will keep your eyes open to observe all the points you can about the bridge.' Then, for the first time, I began to have a suspicion of what was really wanted. I strolled down to the bridge, and leaned over the edge, looking at some workmen who were making abutments. I observed the plan of construction fr. m various points and then went on across the stream. After awhile I started back and on my way I paced the bridge arch by arch. In the engineer corps we all trained to pace distances with great exactness. I can walk a block and tell the length of it within six inches. I return-ed to my hotel without having made a note, but with my head full of the plan of construction. My companion joined me. 'Now,' said he, 'you will return to the place from which we started and you

will make as complete a description of that bridge as you can and turn it in.' carried out the order and heard no more of the expedition. A considerable time after that war came and the whole German army marched over to the frontier. As the advance drew near, that bridge I had reported upon was blown up and fell storm passed over this city. The storm be-ganto gather in the West about 5.45 and a regular tormado struck the city and in-creased in violence for about ten minutes owing to the existing state of factorics the enemy's country. Every'timber and every metal was ready for immediate use. A new bridge had been constructed throughout for that particular crossing based upon my report."

Who can say but that they might have lived ten years longer, and happier and more useful time that the end of the world was ap clives, if they had not used tobacco & dIt proaching, and a falling off in building is said they stways enjoyed "good activity in consequence. After the health," Thousands of people think beginning of the year 1000 A Draganer they have good health who plod along beginning of the year 1000 A.D. a gener-they have good health who plod along al sense of relief is shown in the building through the and hardly know t what good vigorous healtheis, and who would church was a convenient means for ex-feel vastly better if they were to live for pression of thankfulness. The founding a time in careful accordance with well-of monasteries, especially of the Cister cian Order, led also to this phenomenal activity. An illustration of this prothough we do find people who smoke during a long life time, and there are it appears many naturally of muscuof Rouen, by giving up butter in Lent, paid for it from their savings. The sculpture of cathedrals, which was so ex-quisitely carried out in the Middle lar, vigorous constitutions; with good their progeny? A leading eity physi-cian, we cannot now recall his name, has said : "I have never known a habitual tobacco user whose children, born after he has long used it, did not have a deranged nervous system, and some times evidently weak minds. Shattered nervous systems for generations to come may be the result of this indulgence." The evil effects upon children, of over indulgence in alcholic beverages by the father or mother, are well known; while upon the father or mother hardly any or no injurious constitutional effects would be observable. The very source of the tobacco smoking habit is enough to condemn it. Although a wise man once advised the sluggard to "go to the ant," civilized races in their progress would not naturally, one would suppose, go to savage races to seek for useful habits. One good thing seems clear, that is this : While a few eminent phy-sicians and others in Europe, such as Charcot, of Paris, and Spurgeon, advocate the use of tobacco, it is not easy to find one on this continent who can say

much in defence of it, or more than that it is a useless, idle habit.—Health Journal.

### The Seven Wise Men.

Most people have heard of the seven wise men of Greece. Here is the story, and the moral is worth remembering, if the names arc not: The Seven Wise Men of Greece are supposed to have lived in the fifth century before Christ. Their names are Pittacus, Bias, Solon, Thales, Chilon, Cleobulus and Periander. The most approved account states that as some Coans were fishing, certain strangers from Miletus bought whatever shoud be in the nets without seeing it. When the nets were brought up they were found to contain a golden tripod. A dispute arose between the fisherman and the strangers as to whom it belonged, and as they could not agree, they took it to the temple of Apollo and consulted the priestess as to what should be done with it. She said it must be given to the wisest manin Greece, and it was accordingly sent to Bias, who declared that Thales was wiser, and sent it to him. Thales sent it to another one, and so or until it had passed through the hands of all the men, distinguished afterward as the Seven Wise Men; and as each one claimed the other was wiser than he, it was finally sent to the temple of Apollo, where it long remained to teach the lesson that the wisest men are the most distrustful of their wisdom.

An enlightened mind is like a fair and pleasant friend who comes to cheer us in every hour of loneliness and gloom ; it is like noble birth which admits to all best company; it is like wealth which surrounds us with whatever is marcst and most precious; it is like virtue which lives in an atmosphere of light and serenity, and is enough for itself. What ever our labours, our carcs, our disap-pointments, a free and open mind, by holding us in communion with the high est and the fairest, will fill the soul with strength and joy.



VERY SRIN AND SCALP DISRASE, wheither torturing; di Sauring, in humilialing; libehin, burning, bloeding, soil, scrueds supply, included eccerina; hid every humber, di the biolog, antheraby, wi h loss of hift, foom plenies to he most distracting eccerina; hid every humber, di the biolog, which her disple, acro mients; or hereditars, issue stalling en nity, and er nomically ourse by the Curioura. Raundra, consisting at Curioura, Degreat Shin Cong-Curioura Russiviti, thenew Blood and Shin Turifier and streament of the remedies fait. This is strong language, but 'rue. Thourands of grathful testi monial strim infam; y to e. attest their wondertul, unfalling and incomparable efficary. Kasquers, 51.56, Prepared by the Prime Tube are Chasticat Corporation, Bostoit, Mask. 1997. Send to "How to Cure Skin such Blood Lass And Chasticat Corporation, Bostoit, Mask. 1997. Send to "How to Cure Skin such Blood Lass Are Chasticat Corporation, Bostoit, Mask. 1997.

ET Pimples, blackheads, chapped and olly shin the Rhcumatism, Ridney Pains and Musenlar Weakness relieved in sons missie by the Curicura a sti-Paus Plasgus 3004. A start

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Tenders are invited for 1,000 tons of OLD STEEL RAILS, two feet Jong/and apwards, to be delivered at any point as may be agreed upon, before 'the 'Sist December.

Tenders to give price per ton; of 2240 bs. and to state place of delivery. Tenders endorsed " Tender for Old Steel Rails," and a ldressed to the under-

signed, will be received on 'or before Wednesday, 19th inst.

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For a Catholic family, a Governess. Must be able to teach French and English, and willing to do light sewing. Apply F. S. MCDONALD,





"Le Monde" having purchased TWO more recently invented machines, each "superior to he Remington," (?) have discarded both and ind the Remington superior to either. SPACKMAN & CO., Ottawa Buildings, 248 St Jonnes street.



and then gradually subsided. It was followed by a heavy storm of thunder and lightning and rain. The fire department were called out to free the side-walks from fallen trees. They report 410 frees down on the principal streets by actual count. Near the corner of Park and Cannon streets the root of a house was crushed in by a fallen tree, but no one was injured. A large window in the Mc-Nab street Fresbyterian church was blown in, and also one in front of the St. Nicholas hotel. The scaffolding in Tucket & Sons new building was blown

For a time the whole city was involved in a cloud of dust and flying debris. At the beach the storm spent its fury. Seven yachts were blown ashore. The tents of the campers were levelled and hundreds of men, women and children left exposed to the rain. Hundreds more, who drove down in the afternoon before the storm, were unable to get back until today. There were many hoating parties on the water, driven out of the city by the intense heat. Many yachts were upset, but the crews were rescued. In some cases boats were lifted bodily off the shore and blown into the water. It was repotted that a grocer named Doyle and his family were drowned, but they afterwards turned up. In the vicinity of the city boat-houses nearly every yacht and sailboat was driven ashore.

WATERLOO, Ont., August 10 .- A terrific rain and wind storm, accompanied by lightning and thunder, passed over this section yesterday evening between 5 and 10 celock. Many barns north of this were unroofed, fences blown down and much damage done to standing crops. In Waterloo a dwelling house was struck by lightning, but the fire was extinguishel before much damage was done. The roof of the establishment of the Grayhill Manufacturing company was blown off and carried a considerable distance before it fell to the earth.

a picnic in Koerber's grove, near Lexing-

from overcrowding and from the unsanitary condition of towns. He was happy to say, however, that statistics showed a marke dimprovement in this direction, which might safely be taken as an earnest of the increased good to be accomplished by scientists in the future.

### Cordial, but Must Draw the Line,

LONDON, Aug., 10.-The Cologne Gazette says the Czar has not acceded to the request that the French Admiral Gervais and his colleagues be invited to attend the review at Krasnee Selo. The Russian Imperial council has also decided to prohibit the exportation of corn, owing to the bad harvests in Russia, which has caused a scarcity of that cereal. This is construed as a warlike sign, but the Rothschilds say that they will not permit Russia to go to war, and that they intend to press for arrears of interest on loans in consequence of the treat ment of the Jews.

#### Probably only a Social Gathering.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 9 .- The approaching gathering of members of European Royal families at this place in September promises to be a noteworthy one. Among those who will then visit the King of Denmark will be his son the King of Denmark will be his son the King of Greece, his daughter the Prin-cess of Wales, who will be accompanied by the Prince of Wales and their daughters, the Princesses Victoria and Mand of Wales, and the Czar, who will be accompanied by the Czarina, who is also a daughter of King of Denmark.

### The Waters Give up their Dead.

VICTORIA, Aug. 9 .- Three young men named Jackson, Lade and Post, residents of Normandale, when returning from an excursion over to Long Point to-day found a body on the beach about a mile The church and schoolhouse in the were found a gold watch and chain, a village of Bloomingdale were unroofed. A party of small children were holding a pictic in Koerber's grove, near Lexing-handkerchief with the name "J. W. a pichic in Koerber's grove, near Lexing-ton, in the afternoon. The storm came on suddenly just as they sat down to tea and blew down a large maple, the branches of which in its fall struck a number of children. A little girl, 9 years old, named Slegman, was instantly killed and five others seriously injured, two of them, it is feared, fatally. Rain eantimed to fall at intervals until 10 o'clock.

DRESDEN, August 10.—Wm. H. Huff's barn containing wheat, barley, hay and implements to the amount of over\$1,000, a mile from where found.

these numerous commissioners "or any three of them," shall have power to act for the Queen, and notify her assent to the bills passed by Parliament-"Given at Windsor, by the Queen herself, signed with her own hands."

This ends the first stage of the proceed-This ends the first stage of the proceed-ings. The Lord chancellor then im-mediately, without moving, makes a little speech to the empty benches, which he addresses as "My lords," and calls upon the "clerks at the table to pass the bills in the usual manner."

The other two clerks now step forward and stand one on each side of the table. One reads the titles of the bills, the other announces her majesty's assent. But theis bald statement gives but a poor idea of the acted scene, for the bows have been omitted. No ceremony is complete without a bow, and the passing of bills in the House of Lor's seems to an onlooker all bows. The junior clerk, as he takes each bill form the table, turns to the woolsack and makes a profound bow to the commissioners. Rising he reads the title of the bill and then bows again. As soon as this bow is over the senior clerk on the other side of the table makes his bow to the woolsack. This bow over, he turns round to the representatives of the Commons penned up under the clock, and in a clear voice pronounces the crucial words, La reine le reult; then turns round again and makes another deep bow to the red-robed peers on the woolsack.

All this ceremonial is gone through with every bill, and as the titles of the bills are read it is not easy to avoid a smile at the incongruity between the nature of the bill and the antique nature of the bill and the antique formaiity by which it has passed into law. At length the high pile of bills is disposed of, and the last of the bows has been made. The three figures in red then simultaneously raise their triangular hats to the faithful Commons in the pen, and these promptly retire. At the same moment the lord commissioners leave moment the lord commissioners leave the woolsack and vanish through another door.

The scene is over, but a last touch of comedy is given to the ceremony by the speaker on his return to the House of Commons. Immediately he has taken his seat he rises and says "I have to inform the House that this house has been to the House of Peers theer, etc." The House, unmoved at the information, proceeds to the next business.—Boston Republic.

Cathedral Architecture. The cathedral is first found to perfec-tion in the thirteenth century, but it is men do die, and occasionally at an admore elaborate in the fourteenth, says vanced age.

### A USEFUL WARNING.

The Tobacco Smoking Habit and its Consequences

Gradually but surely the deleterious effects of tobacco smoking upon the human race must become clear and produce good results. The carefully recorded observations of Dr. Seaver, physician and instructor in physical culture, of Yale College, will be a great lever for those opposed to the use of tobacco. For a number of years Dr. Seaver had

been making observations respecting the physical and mental effects of tobacco using upon students. In these statistics, recently published, Dr. Seaver shows that among the students at Yale smokers are found to be inferior both in mental ability and physical vigor to non-smokers. Smokers have less lung capacity and lung power than non-smokers. Their average bodily weight is less as is also their stature. They have less endurance, both muscular and nervous, and are in every way physically inferior to non-smokers. In scholarship the smokers are far behind. Very few receive honors and among those of high standing in scholarship only five amoled

scholarship only five smoked. It will not be easy to successfully com-bat these facts. It will probably be said that it is generally admitted that tobacco is injurious to the young. But any-thing that injures the youthful in so marked a manner can not fail to be injurious to the mature. Why the young, growing boy will withstand many things that would upset a full growing man And in the way of digestion, for example and of assimilation, this is the universal rule. Behold what the average growing boy can digest and assimilate, and without inconvenience. And nerve force and influence are concerned in these processes, it must be noted ; as it is contended that it is chiefly upon the nervous system of the young that tobacco ex-erts its injurious influence. We are told that men have been known

to smoke tobacco forseventy consecutive years and "yet retain perfect physical and moral health." Have such cases ever been carefuly and

SCIENTIFICALLY INVESTIGATED?

What was the cause of

Let us, with Purgatory in view, suffer with joy, or at least with patience, all the evils, the misfortunes, and the trials of this life.-St. Augustine.

King of

Medicines

A Cure "Almost Miraculous."

"When I was 14 years of age I had a severe

attack of rheumatism, and after I recovered

had to go on crutches. A year later, scrofula, in the form of white swellings, appeared on various parts of my body, and for 11 years I

was an invalid, being confined to my bed 6 years. In that time ten or eleven sores ap-

peared and broke, causing me great pain and suffering. I feared I never should get well.

sister, but was confined to my bed most of the time I was there. In July I read a book, 'A

Day with a Circus,' in which were statements

of cures by Hood's Barsaparilla. I was so im-

pressed with the success of this medicine that

I decided to try it. To my great gratification

the sores soon decreased, and I began to feel

better and in a short time I was up and out of doors. I continued to take Hood's Sar-

saparilla for about a year, when, having used

six bottles, I had become so fully released

from the disease that I went to work for the

HAVE NOT LOST & SINGLE DAY

on account of sickness. I believe the disease

is expelled from my system, I always feel well,

I am now 27 years of age and can walk as well

as any one, except that one limb is a little shorter than the other, owing to the loss of

bone, and the sores formerly on my right leg.

To my friends my recovery seems almost miraculous, and I think Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the king of medicines." WILLIAM A. LEHR, 9 N. Bailroad St., Kendallville, Ind.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla Bold by all druggiste. SI; six for SS. Propared only by C. I. BOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass JOO Doses One Dollar

am in good spirits and have a good appetite

Flint & Walling Mfg. Co., and since then

"Early in 1886 I went to Chicago to visit a

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OLD PIANOS AND ORGANS received as part payment. Planos and Organs sold on asky monthly payments and lowest prices for cash. Orders for tuning and repairing receive prompts attention. Only experienced and reliable work-men employed. Telephones, Bell 4188. Federal 1200. Mention this Journal.

### A Healthy Locality.

Rev. J. B. Muir, of St. Andrew's Protestant church; Huntingdon, has prepared a list of aged persons in his congregation. Eighteen are over 80, seven over 85, three over 80, and one over 100. At the head of the list are :- Mrs. James McNair, residing near Clyde's Corners, township of Godmanchester, a native of Scotland, in her 109th year; came to Canada in 1822. Mrs. Robert Byers, residing in the village, a native of Scotland, in her 96th year; came to Canada in 1810. Mrs. James Robb, residing in Trout River dis-trict, township of Godmanchester, a native of Scotland, in her 93rd year; came to Canada in 1822. Fiftcen on the list were born in Scotland and two in Ireland. Amongst the dead who have passed away during the pastorate of Mr. Muir are :-James McNair, died in 1879, in his 108th year; Colonel James Reid, died in 1891, in his 97th year; Hugh, Cam-eron, died in 1880, in his 95th year, and Mrs. Macolm Stalker, died in 1882, in her 92nd year. where interim the state

### The North-West.

H. McKellar, Manitoba emigration gent here, writes to the local papers an indignant denial of statements made by the Toronto Trades and Labor council concerning employment in Manitoba He says .-- "The agents" of Manitoba Government and of the Canadian Pacific Railway and Grand Trunk railway, bave been the great advertisers for laborator, the Northwest, sending over 2,500 men there during the past two weeks to asist-in the harvest fields or as abovers on the railroad. Over 90 per cent of these are farmers or farmers' sons, who have no interest in a trades parliament. They go up on an excursion to all the country working for two or three months for the wages offered, \$80 to \$40 a month and wages offered, \$30 to \$40 a monomana board. Many of them will stay. in the province." Railroad men. will will sget from \$125 to \$1.75 a day. These sign a contrast in which the rate lof wages is distinctly marked and als this informa-tion is given clearly before leaving.

A hen belonging to Mr. Samuel Harris, of Cowanaville, laid an egg last, weekwhich measured 61 by 71 inches. Stand Storeman and the safe

. . . . . . . .

DR. FULTON Cures, by letter or inter-tarrh, Bkin Diseases, Nervousness, and Tumors in weck, breast or other parts without surgical operations. Hours, 100 10 p.m. Enquiry FREE. Residence, 344 St. Catherine street, vicinity. of Windsor Hotel. Bell Telephone 3351.