were organized; 1800:1830, sixteen more; from 1830-1850, thirty-three more; and now there are seventy five foreign miesionary boarde, besides numerous subgsidiary organizations. In 1890 the converts enrolled as comnuu nioante in the various foreign miogion. ary stations of Protestantism, in the whole jorld, were 70,289. Probrebly in $1884^{\prime \prime}$ they do not fall short of one million.

DIAGRAM VI.
foreign mission commumicants.


Such are some of the remarkable sdrances of Christianity daring the century which comprises the entire history of the American "Methodist Church. It has been the greatest reviral century, the greatest century of moral achievements, of Bible study, of pecuniary benevolence, of religious literature, of heroic self-sacrifice, of lay activity, of Christian missions, of all the Christian centuries. It is a grand advancing age in which to live, and labor for God and humanity. How great the privilege to live in such an age! How great the duties devolving upon us!

## If I Could Only Take It Back:

If I could oniy take it back !
The trifling jest that once $T$ spoke, And left a bitter sting that $t$ ars Could not restore the love :t broke. And one I loved-how long since then : With wounded spirit felt the wrong ; I wish that I could once again
Win back the heart-the hand-the song !
If I could only take it back :
The angry word so rashly said.
Ami F was wrong ; but then, he too-
And thongh our friendship is the fave,
Undimmed by years of toil and care,
My memory makes me blush with shame
To know my words are written there.
I wish that I could take it back :
The blow I struck in deedless wrath ;
The day-the hour-his ruddy face
Come often in my changing path.
He felt the blow-the sudden smart
Buon passed from off his boyish cheek,
But left upon my own sad heart
A wound whose cure I vainly seek.
II I could only take it back:
It came hasty word I did not mean;
It came upon my lips, and went
To his dear spirit cold and keen.
But the sweet love that healod tho pain
Was loathed in heaven's eorphic light
Was bathed in heaven's seraphic light,
And we shall meet at home again,
In cloudless glory, pure and bright
If I could only take them back,
And blot them from the yeare that were, And weove a wow of pence and love $^{\text {Within }}$ Within the Goopel of my prayer,
How swet the How sweet the holy immortolles

- My heart would round thoir hoerte, en. And I would.
And I would nover take them back-
Thoso gontle words and deods of mine 1


## Earth'm Lone Children.

" we want a grave-board for ma."
A boy, not over eleven years old, whose pinched face betrayeu hunger, and whose olothing could scarcely be called by the name. dropped into a Carpenter's shop ia Grand River avenue the other day, and after much hesitation, explained to the foreman :
"We want to get a grave-board for ma. She died last winter, and the graves are so thick that we can't hardly tind hers no more. We went up last Sunday, and we come awful near not finding it. We theught we'd git a grave-board, so we wouldn't lose the grave. When we thought wo'd lost it, Jack he cried, and Bud she cried, and my chin trembled so I could hardly talk!"
"Where is your father ?" asked the carpenter.
"Oh, he's home, but he never goes up there with as, and we shan't tell him about the board. I guess he hated ma, for he wasn't home when she died, and he wouldn't buy no coffin nor nothing. Sometimes, when we are sittin' on the door-step, talking about her, and Jack and Bud are cryin', and I'm rememberin' how she kissed us all afore she died, he says we'd better quit that, or we'll get what's bud for us. But we sleep up-stairs, and we talk and cry in the dark all we want to. How much will the board be?
The carpenter selected something fit for the purpose, and asked:
"Who will put it up at the grave?" "We'll take it up on our cart," re-
plied the boy, "and I guess the graveplied the boy, "and I guess the graveyard man will help us put it up."
"You want the name painted oa, don't you ?"
"Yes, sir, we want the board white, and then we want you to paint on it that she vias our ma, and that she.was forty-one years old, and that she died the 2nd of November, and that she's gone to heaven, and that she was one of the best mothers ever was, and that we are going to be good all our lives and go up where she is when we die.
How much will it cost, sir ? How much will it cost, sir ?"
"How much have you got?"
"Well," said the boy, as he brought out a little calico bag aad emptied its contents on the bench, "Bud drawed the baby for a woman next door and earned twenty cents; Jack he weeded in the garden and earned forty cents, and he found five more in the road; I run of errands and make kites and fixed a boy's cart and helped carry some apples into a store, and I earned sixtyfive cents. All that makes a hundred and thirty cents, sir, and pa don't know we've got it, cause we lept it hid in the ground under a stone."
The carpenter meant to be liberal, but he aaid:
"A graveboard will cost at least three dollars."

The lad looked from his little store of metals to the carpenter and brick, realized how many weary weeks had passed sixce the first penny was earned and saved, and suddenly wailed out:
"Then wo" can't never, never buy one, and ma's grave will get lost."
But he. left the shop with tears of gladnees in his oves, and when he returned yesterday, ${ }^{2}$ ittle Bud and Jack were with him, and they had da cart. There was not only hesd bobard, but one for the foot of the grave as well, and painter and carpani 'er had done their work' with full hein 'ss and done
"Ain't it nioo-awful nicer than rich folks have!" whispered thechildren, as the boards were being placed on the cart; "won't the grave look nice, though, and won't ma be awful glad !" Ere this, the mother's grave has been marked, and when night comes the three mothurless ones will ouddle close together and whisper thoir gratitude that it cannot be lost to them, even in the storms and drifts of winter. -Detroit Free Press.

## Puzzledom.

Answors to Pusales in Last Number.
103.-1. Pastorale. 2. Pompous. 104.-Steep; stoel ; steed; steer. 105.-A. Lincoln Gillespie. $\begin{array}{lllll}106 .- & \mathbf{K} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{L} \\ \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{Y} & \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{Y} \\ \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{Y} & \mathbf{N} & \mathbf{X}\end{array}$
107.-1. Maine. 2. Utah. 3. Iowa. 4. Illinois.

## NEW PUZZLES.

## 108.-Hour-Glass.

Marginal notes; a gaseous substance; to atupefy; a letter; a village in Mas sachusetts; a fault; reciprocating motions.
Diagonals: Left to right, downOouriers; right to left, down-Establighes.
Centrals: Those who play on pipes.

## 109.-Diamond.

A letter; an ore; a native of a certain country; burnt sugar; mumps; narrow ; a kind of papper; a cover; a letter.

## 110.-Curtailaments.

A bird; a brave man; a pronoun; a letter.

## 111.-Canagd Headings.

To shine; to strile ; tardy; to issue; tillage.

## 112.-Word Squares.

1. Healtiy ; to assert; a magnifying glass; furmerly.
2. A great preacher; a prophetess;
the least whole number; tardy.

## Varietien.

"I forget a great many things which have happened in the year," said a little girl, the tears running down her cheeks; "but I can't forget the angry words I apoke to my dead mother."
All through Norway and Sweden women's names are often on the ?"asiness signs. They are mosit efficient in some of the Stockholm banks. Over 15,000 women are-employed in agriculture, over 10,000 in mines and manufacture, over 15,000 in medicine, and two or three score in law. Over 20,0C0 women are engaged in the watch-making trade in Switzorlaind, doing much of the fineat work.
Tue temperature of the human body is about 100 degrees Fahrenheit, and remains about the same winter and summer, in the tropios as well, as in the frozen regions of the zorth. It may change temporarily within the range of 12 degrees, but any considerable or long-oontinued elevation or diminution of the bodily heat is certain

## LESSSON' NOTES.

## SRCOND QUARTER.

## A.D. 58.] LESSON XI. [June 15. thr bizgesdeness of brliguers.

Rom. 8: 28.ss. Commil to mem. ve: s7.s9.

## Goldex Text.

We ${ }^{\circ}$ know that all things work together ${ }_{28}$ good, to them that love God.-liom. 8 .

## Central Trutif.

The Christian lifo is full of blessedneas. Daily Readings.
N. Rom. 5. 1.21, Th. Rom. 8. 1.27. Ti. Rom. 6. 1.23. F. Rom. 8. 28.39,
W. Rom. 7. 1.25. Sa. Pa, 40. 1-11.
Timk.-In the early spring of A.D. 58. Plack.- Written at Corinth in Greece, to
the Church at Rome. the Church at Rome.
Plack in Bible History.-Acts 20. 1:3.
Cincomstasces.-"Wo must remember of persecution, and in the in the midst of persecurion, and in the expectation of chapter, Paul had shown how the law could not give peace or holiness. not give peace or holiness. In this chapter, in pardon (1-13), (2) adoption us (1) peace family (14.17) (3) (2) adoption into God auce from sin (18.25), and (4) consolation in all troubles (26.39).
Hrlps ovxr Hard Places.-28. Allthings -All the powers of the universe. Even the things that seem to harm. Work-Which requires time. For good to them that lowe Gort harmony with His are on Gol's side ara in harmony with His laws and plans. Those Who do not love God are opposed by all appos laws. 29. Predestinate-- Determine, or appoint beforehand. Forekiow-All God's
plans are founded in knowleige. 30. Justiplans are founded in knowleige. 30. Justiback intorgave, hreated as just, received wandered from God. Glorifed - Made glorious by innumerable gifts, graces, a glorious character, and a glorious destiny in leaven. Thoy are justified by faith (see last lesson), and hence there is implied hore man's free will, as well as God's sovereign Who can be against us so as to succeed in doing injury, or successsfully oppose? 33. ding imjury, or successfully oppose? 33 .
Elect Chosen from the world, all God's people. It is God that justifietl' Who can charge anything agaitsit tod's eleot, secing that God forgives ill the sins charged against them! 34. Who can condemn, seeing Christ has died that they might not be condemued: 35. The love of ChrisLLChrist's love to us. 30. As it is wrillen-Ysa. 44. 24 . 37. Afore than eonquerors - They not ouly overcome the enemies, but make them to be friends and helpers.
Subincts yor Sprelal. Reports. - All things working togethar for good. - The divine element in our lives. - The image of Christ:-The "glorifintion"" of saints.-The argument in v. 32 .-That in v. 34.-Paul's
persuanion.-The love of Christ. persuasion.-The love of Christ.

## Quxstions.:

Introdvctory.-What was the subject of the last lesson? How, does this lesson naturally follow after that?" What sources in the earlier portion of this chapter?

## Subject: 'Thic Blessednéss or the <br> Christian.

I. First Blessedniss, - Apr. Thiiygs Wonk toaxtaxr ros ins Good (v. 28!. What is the promiso in this verse? To Whom is it pronnised? Why only to those who "love God?' What is included in "all things !"Can wo always see how they work together for good?
II: Srcond Blassidizess, His whois Life Planned by God (vis. 29, 30). Dó wr know enough to plan our own lives? Whs only is wisoand jood enough to plan our lives What is it to predestinate? know placed first? Doés this exclude or know placed first? Does this exclude or include our free choice? (Josh. 24. 15; Phil.
2. 12, 13.) What is God's plan for wi? 2. 12, 13.) What is God's plan for uis? we called? How are we justified? What is the final result?
III: Thimp Bressedngss; -Thz AssónANCR Or God's Lovs '(va 31; 32).-What is Panl's xuswer to the first question in $\dot{\text { n }}$. 31 ? How may wo havo God for use" Why can nothing harm as thei' How does Paul propo this by the gít ti Jovas Chriatt Can

