General News.

—The terms of the treaty of peace between France and Madagascar have been agreed upon.

—We do not sound a needless alarm when we tell you that the taint of scrofula is in your blood. Inherited or acquired, it is there, and Ayer's Sarsaparilla alone will effectually eradicate it.

—Miss Nicholson, who had such a narrow escape from being killed by gas poisoning, was married to the Rev. Andrew Gray, at Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 22nd inst., by the Rev. Dr. Talmage.

—Dr. B. S. Johnson & Co., of Boston Mass., proprietors of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, will send free to all who will write for it reliable information how to prevent diphtheria, the most to be dreaded of all dreadful diseases. Write your name, post-office address, county and State plainly.

RECIPROCITY WANTED.—The National Board of Trade at Washington has adopted a resolution for reciprocity treaties with the Dominion of Canada and Santa Domingo provided they be truly reciprocal.

—An English Veterinary Surgeon, now in this country says that *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* are superior to any he knows of in England, as they are absolutely pure. He denounces the large package fraud and warns people not to buy them.

NOVA SCOTIA ABROAD.—An ice palace has been built at St. Paul, Minn. It measures 160x150 ft. and 75 ft. high. The contract for building was awarded to a Nova Scotian for $20,000.

—DISTRESS AFTER EATING, a feeling of weight in the stomach—often painful—gnawing, burning sensations, belching of wind, sour eructations of food, variable appetite, etc., indicate Dyspepsia which Burdock Blood Bitters, taken in time, will relieve and cure.

—A horrible story comes from Wallingford, Connecticut. The report says that a colored woman living near Pond Hill, wishing to call her husband, closed her baby up in the oven to keep it warm, the fire being nearly out. While the wife was away the husband came home, and unaware of the whereabouts of the child, built a hot fire. The wife noticed the smoke coming from the chimney and hurried home. She arrived too late, however, as the child was found to have been roasted alive.

BRONCHITIS.—Dr. H. D. Rugeles, of Weymouth, writes: "In a case of obstinate Chronic Bronchitis, which had baffled the usual treatment in such cases, EMPLOY PHOSPHOLINE acted like a charm, and I ascribe the recovery entirely to the use of it. I have also found it to be a valuable remedy in consumption and other wasting diseases.

—The Charlottetown Patriot says: A farmer named Gallant, residing at Fifteen Point, while walking from his house to the barn last Tuesday, slipped on the ice and fell, striking his head with such force that he became unconscious. It was some time before a doctor could be procured, and when he arrived it was too late, as the blood had become clotted in his head. He died shortly after.

A VICTORY SCORED.—Every time when Hagyard's Yellow Oil is used for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Aches and Pains, Sore Throat or Deafness, Frost Bites or Burns, a certain victory is the natural result.

—Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer imparts a fine gloss and freshness to the hair, and is highly recommended by physicians, clergymen, and scientists, as a preparation accomplishing wonderful results. It is a certain remedy for removing dandruff, making the scalp white and clean, and restoring gray hair to its youthful color.

A DOG'S GHASTLY MOUTHFUL.—Yesterday afternoon as a youth named Antoine Bertrand was walking along Devienne street, he saw a dog trotting off with something in its mouth which had a peculiar appearance. On going up to the animal he discovered, to his horror, that the peculiar looking object was the dead body of a child apparently about eight weeks old. Rescuing the remains from the jaws of the dog he took them to the St. George street police station, whence they were conveyed to Morgue.—*Montreal Witness.*

—St. John Country Market:—

Country beef, 4 to 6¢; butcher's beef, 6 to 7½; lamb, 5 to 7; mutton, 5 per lb; pork, 8 to 6½; butter 18 to 22; roll do. 22 to 26; lard, 12 to 13 per lb; eggs, 24 to 26; chickens, 40 to 60 per pair; turkeys, 14 to 16 per lb; geese, 60 to 80; hams, 10 per lb; shoulders, 8 per lb; rabbits, 10 per pair; celery, per dozen, 40 to 50; carrots, 95 to $1 per barrel; beets, 90 to $1 per barrel; cabbages, 50 to 60 per dozen; red do, 60 to 70; turnips, per barrel, 65 to 70; parsnips, $1.50 per barrel; potatoes, early rose, per barrel, $1 to $1.10; kidneys, $1.80 to $2; buckwheat, round, $1 50 to $1.60 per cwt; grey do, $1.80 to $2 per cwt.—*St. John Globe.*

Dublin, Feb. 1.—The *Freeman's Journal* states that it has reason to believe that Mr. Gladstone has agreed with Parnell to join forces in parliament for the passage of a bill which shall establish a native parliament in Dublin to deal with Irish affairs, the new legislation to be so constituted as to add to the present safeguards of the integrity of the empire and the rights of the crown.

London, Feb. 1.—Mr. Gladstone left London this morning for Osborne in response to the command of the queen. At the railway station he was greeted with cheers by people gathered there and smilingly bowed his acknowledgements. He will return to London to-night.

CAPT EDWARD B. WINCHESTER, DEAD.—*Boston, Jan. 26.*—Capt. Edward B. Winchester, a well known steamship commander, died at his residence in Chelsea last evening, of paralysis of the throat. He was born in Digby, N. S., over 67 years ago, and at an early age became an ordinary seaman, and was later master of several sailing vessels. He settled with his parents in Eastport, Me., at the time of the establishment of the International Steamship company's line of steamers between Boston, Eastport and St. John, N. B., over 30 years ago. Capt. Winchester entered upon the duties of commander of steamers and continued in the employ of the company over 30 years, up to 1884, when he by failing health retired from active duty, and for the last year has been confined to his house. He leaves a widow and two grown up daughters. The body will be taken to Eastport for interment.

SUBSIDIES TO BE CANCELLED.—*Ottawa, Jan. 26.*—It is stated that, owing to the unsatisfactory state of the public finances, the Government have decided to introduce a measure at the coming session of Parliament cancelling all subsidies granted in aid of railways which have not thus far been availed of, or where the conditions of such grants have not been complied with by any chartered railway companies The system of granting Dominion aid toward the construction of local railways was commenced in the session of 1882, and at every session since many large grants have been made until the aggregate of the subsidies voted by Parliament for such purposes has reached about $24,000,000, exclusive of grants to the Canadian Pacific Company, and for roads to be built as public works. The Government think that subsidies which have not been applied for up to the present should be cancelled and the public liabilities reduced to that extent.—*Montreal Witness.*

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM.

Cures Throat, Bronchial and Lung Diseases that lead to Consumption; breaks up Coughs and Colds; cures Hoarseness and Sore Throat, by loosening the cough, allaying irritation and removing the cause of distress.

SORE THROAT.

To cure this oft-occuring trouble use Hagyard's Yellow Oil internally and externally. Yellow Oil cures Croup, Asthma, Pain in the Side, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Ear Ache, Deafness and all sore and painful complaints.

Look After Your Vote!

ARE YOU QUALIFIED?—IS YOUR NAME ON THE LIST?—IF NOT HAVE IT PUT ON—FILL OUT A DECLARATION.

It is the duty as well as the privilege of all good citizens to exercise their franchise rights. All who are qualified to vote at the next general elections for the Dominion Parliament should see to it that there names are put on the lists which are now being prepared by the Revising Barristers. All whose names are on the municipal lists and the old voters' lists will probably be put on the new ones by the Revising Barrister, but even such should make sure and see that their names are on.

The persons qualified to vote under the Dominion Act are:—

Property owners, cities, $300; ditto ditto, towns, $200; ditto, ditto, villages, $150; ditto, ditto, townships, $150; Income, $300.

Farmers sons in Counties.

Sons of persons owning and occupying real estate in cities and towns.

Tenants of any real property who have paid one year's rent at $2 month, $6 quarter, $12 half-year, or $20 year.

Tenants renting any property assessed high enough to qualify owner as voter.

Fishermen owning land or personal property value $150.

Indians.

TIME FOR PREPARATION.

Lists to be made out as soon as possible after Revising-barrister takes oath of office.

Lists to be published before March 1st.

Revising-officer will put on list names on assessment rolls.

Names of persons not on assessment rolls must be sent to Revising-officer or Clerk immediately, together with declaration stating they are qualified. Some one who knows the facts, not necessarily the voter, must make the declaration.

Preliminary Revision Court to be held within four weeks after March 1st.

Lists to be subdivided into polling districts before May 1st—each polling district to contain less than 200 names. Lists of claimants whose claims not admitted to be prepared and objections noted.

On or before June 1st revised list to be printed and published.

Day for final revision to be appointed within five weeks after June 1st.

Completion of list to be advertised in Canada Gazette.

List to be in force till completion of next one advertised.

Future Lists—Preparation of new lists to be commenced immediately after 1st Jan., old lists to be used as basis, corrections and additions marked thereon and same published before March 1st.

All who are qualified and have never been rated before, should send to the Revising Barrister or his clerk at once a declaration or qualification.

The following are the forms of application and declaration to be made before a justice of the peace or notary:

IN THE MATTER OF THE ELECTORAL FRANCHISE ACT.

I (John Smith) of the (City, Town, Village or Township) of——, in the County of——, in the Province of Nova Scotia, do hereby apply to have my name placed upon the first general List of Voters for the Municipality of——, in the Electoral District of——, in the Province of Nova Scotia, under "The Electoral Franchise Act," on the following grounds:—

1. That I am of the full age of twenty-one years, and am not by the Electoral Franchise Act, or by any law of the Dominion of Canada, disqualified or prevented from voting at the election of a member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada.

2. That I am a British subject by (birth or naturalization).

3. That I am the owner of——

4. That such real property is of the value of at least —— dollars.

Dated this —— day of January, 1886.

To the Revising officer for the said Electoral District. } Signature of Applicant.

P. O. Address,——

Declaration.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ELECTORAL FRANCHISE ACT.

Province of Nova Scotia, County of ——, } I,——, the applicant named in the foregoing application, do solemnly declare:—

1. That the statements contained in the said application are true in substance and in fact.

2. That I verily believe that I am entitled to have my name placed on the List of Voters in said application referred to on the ground therein mentioned.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the Act passed in the thirty-seventh year of her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the suppression of voluntary and extra judicial oaths."

Declared before me at——, in the County of——, this —— day of ——, A. D., 188 ,

Justice of the Peace.

*Clauses to be substituted for Clause 3 in the cases of tenants, occupants, income voters, property owners' sons, &c.

FORM FOR TENANT.

3. That I am the tenant of——under a lease from one (here name landlord) of the——of——in the County of——at a (monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly) rental of at least ——dollars and have been in possession thereof as such tenant thereof as such tenant for at least one year next before the first day of January, 1886, and have really and *bona fide* paid one year's rent for such real property at not less than the rate aforesaid, such one year's rent being the year's rent up to the——day of 1885 which was the last day of payment.

FORM FOR OCCUPANT.

3. That I am the *bona fide* occupant of ——and have been in possession thereof as such occupant for one year next before the first day of January, 1886, and am and have been for some time in the enjoyment of the revenues and profits thereof for ——

FORM FOR INCOME VOTER.

3. That I am a resident within the——of——and derive an income from ——of not less than three hundred dollars annually, and have so derived such income and been such resident for one year next before the first day of January, 1886, and now reside at——

FORM FOR SONS OF PROPERTY-OWNERS, OCCUPANTS, TENANTS, FARMERS, ETC.

3. That I am the (son, grandson, stepson, or son-in-law) of——of the——of——in the County of,——who is the occupant and owner of——which is of the value of——dollars, and I am and have been resident upon such property continuously (if absent as a student or a mariner insert here), with my said——father——being such owner for one year next before the first day of January 1886, except during——months of said year in all, and I am not otherwise qualified to vote than as aforesaid.

PETITIONS AGAINST A FISHERY COMMISSION.—*Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.*—Several petitions were offered yesterday in the House from citizens of Sandusky, Ferrisville and other Ohio cities against any action involving a renewal of what is known as the treaty between the United States and Dominion of Canada so far as the same relates to the question of the American fisheries and urgently protesting against the appointment of any joint international commission to consider the renewal or adoption of such treaty, believing the same to be adverse to American interests and that the policy of such a treaty is to subserve the interests of the Dominion Fisheries at the expense of American interests. These petitions are printed and prepared for signatures in regulation form and seem to come from about all the people along the Ohio lake shore. This question is now being considered by the House Committee on Foreign Affairs to which all matter pertinent is sent. Several speeches have already been made to the Committee in the same line followed by the petitioners.

CONSTIPATION.

This evil habit neglected, brings a multitude of miseries, and is the source of much illness. Burdock Blood Bitters cures Constipation by toning and regulating the Bowels to a natural action.

Nova Scotia Fruit Growers.

PROCEEDINGS AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION IN KENTVILLE.

[From Hx. Chronicle.]

KENTVILLE, Jan. 27th.—The Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' association met in annual convention here yesterday and to-day, the president occupying the chair. The president's desk was finely decorated with pots of flowers, placed there by Mr. T. E. Smith, and with plates of splendid fruit from Mr. J. G. Byrne. After preliminary work, the officers of the association for the ensuing year elected as follows:

President—Rev. J. R. Hart, Bridgetown.

1st Vice-President—W. H. Blanchard, Windsor.

Secretary-Treasurer—C. R. H. Starr, Port Williams.

Auditors—J. W. Harris and Edgar Chase, Port Williams.

County Vice-Presidents—Wm. Miller, Annapolis; R. W. Starr, Kings; Prof. Hind, Hants; Prof. Lawson, Halifax; Charles H. Morse, Digby; C. E. Brown, Yarmouth; W. F. MacCoy, M. P. P., Shelburne; L. H. Burnaby, Queens; Prof. Smith, Colchester; J. W. Dawson, Pictou; Thos. R. Black, Cumberland; Rev. A. C. McDonald, Antigonish; Jas. A. Fraser, M. P. P., Guysboro; W. F. McCurdy, M. P. P., Victoria; Wm. McPurvis, Sydney; Lewis McKeen, Inverness; Hon. Isadore LeBlanc, M. P. P., Richmond.

Executive Committee—The president, 1st vice-president, secretary and officers, and T. H. Parker, A. S. Fisher, J. N. Coleman and Byron Chesley.

Fruit Committee—R. G. Starr, C. E. Brown, Isaac Shaw and Robert Marshall.

Publication Committee—The president, secretary, W. H. Blanchard, Barclay Webster and R. W. Starr.

The various reports of the officers for the past year were read and adopted, and the secretary-treasurer's accounts passed.

Prof. Hind read a most valuable and exhaustive paper on the rationale of manuring and pruning an apple orchard. The paper was listened to by the audience with most appreciable attention, and the learned professor was accorded a hearty vote of thanks and a request to hand his paper to the association to be published in the report of proceedings.

The evening session was occupied in discussing Professor Hind's paper, and by an address by Professor Fletcher, Dominion entomologist. The professor's address was of the most practical character and wonderfully free from professional technicalities, and was highly appreciated.

The meeting adjourned at a late hour to meet this morning at ten o'clock.

After discussing some matters of importance, Mr. Kimball read a valuable paper, "Plum culture," and a discussion on this subject was well sustained by Justice Weatherbe, Professor Hind, Professor Fletcher, R. W. Starr and others.

At the opening of the afternoon session the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, in view of the very great risk which now attends the shipping of fruit and other perishable products during the winter months;

Resolved, that this association wish to again express most emphatically the absolute necessity for having some protection in the way of a frost-proof building in connection with the railway at Halifax, and that we urge the executive committee to continue to impress the importance of this matter upon the railway authorities with a view to obtaining this quite indispensable desideratum at no distant date.

Professor Smith gave a very able address on "The study of horticulture and fruit culture," which elicited an interesting discussion.

The committee appointed to report on the question of the inspection, packing and exportation of apples, reported an amendment to the Dominion act of 1885 on weights and measures, requiring that all apples for sale shall have the name of the packer and the quality of the fruit stenciled on the barrel head, with a penalty for breach of the statute of from 25 cents to $5, in the discretion of the justice.

After consideration the report was adopted.

Vice-President Blanchard then moved the following resolution which after being seconded by the secretary was unanimously adopted by a standing vote:

Resolved, that this association, realizing the importance of the subject, is much gratified to learn that the Dominion government has appointed an entomologist in connection with the department of agriculture, and that this association is under deep obligation to the minister of agriculture in permitting the learned Professor Fletcher to attend our present meeting and give us his able assistance in our work.

Dr. Chipman read a valuable paper on exhibitions, their development and utility. In connection with the discussion on Dr. Chipman's paper the following resolution was passed:

"That the executive secure, if possible, the appointment by the Dominion government of a man of our selection as alternate Dominion commissioner when his time expires at the Anglo-Indian and Colonial exhibition."

On Wednesday evening the members of the association sat down to an oyster supper, and after doing ample justice to the same, the remaining papers on the programme were read:

Professor Hind elaborated his ideas of an experimental orchard, showing that in European countries great improvements have been made in the production of superior fruits by paying attention to the various stocks and scions and their mutual influence upon each other. We as fruit culturists are in danger of being left in the rear if we do not take steps to improve our fruits more rapidly. Hence it is necessary that we should have some means by which we might obtain information upon subjects so essential to our interests. A discussion followed upon the matter, and finally it was resolved that the executive committee take the whole matter into consideration and report at a future meeting.

Professor Fletcher gave the association further valuable information respecting the means of combatting insects injurious to fruits, the necessity of using common sense in the fight against these pests. He told of the various forms of insect life, the eggs, the larva, the pupa and the perfect insects, and the best means to be used in destroying them in their different forms.

Rev. Mr. Day, of Wolfville, brought up the matter of fertilizers, recommending the use of potash in its different forms upon apple orchards.

A Father's Fatal Cruelty.

TERRIBLE EXPOSURE AND DEATH OF HIS DAUGHTER AND HER BABE.

A Ringgold, Pa., despatch says; John Klinger, a wealthy old former of Rush township, has always been regarded by his friends as a severe and harsh old man, but no one ever gave him credit for as stony a heart as the tragedy of the last twenty-four hours proves him to have been. His daughter Hetty, then aged eighteen years, was two years ago clandestinely married to Joseph Maurer, a farm hand, and it ended in both being driven from the wife's home. Maurer being unable to find work here went to Canada where he took charge of a squad of laborers on the new railway work. Hetty the young wife remained in the valley working for the subsistence of herself and child, assisted by the small remittances which her husband was able to send her. Early in the fall these ceased and soon after she received a letter from Montreal informing her that her husband was dead. The other day she determined to seek forgiveness of her father, and asked him to at least let her work as a servant in the home of her childhood. In spite of her tears and those of her younger sister she was spurned from the door, and wandered aimlessly down the country road bearing her child in her arms and with a blinding wind drifting the loose fallen snow about her. Two miles from her father's house and a mile from the nearest neighbor, she fell exhausted, and there she lay all night. She had tried to save the babe by wrapping it in her thin woollen shawl, but it, too, had succumbed to the terrible cold, and side by side they were found the next morning, cold and stiff in death. The verdict of the coroner's jury was death from exposure. The execrations of all are showered on old Klinger, whose cruelty resulted so sadly and fatally.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

(*To the Editor of the Monitor.*)

The Round Hill Bridge.

DEAR SIR,—

When any person makes a courteous criticism upon any act for which I am responsible, either personally, or as a member of the government over his own signature, I am always ready to give a full and fair statement of the facts in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. I will do so in reference to the Round Hill bridge, which, I find Mr. Fullerton and others calling in question

When the bridge, connecting the mainland of Round Hill with the island adjoining, was placed by the Municipal Council under the Bridge Act, I caused the Provincial Engineer to visit it at the earliest available moment for the purpose of examining, and, if found within the class of bridges which the act provides for, to take its dimensions for the purpose of rebuilding. Tenders were accordingly asked for by the Department of Public Works, and five were sent in. The lowest was $875, and was put in by two Halifax contractors; the second was $1,800, and was forwarded by a Digby firm; the third, fourth and fifth were $1,900, $1,925 and $2,000 respectively and were from gentlemen in the County. The lowest tender was at once accepted and the contractors notified. They visited the scene and after some delay abandoned their tender. I frankly confess I believed the other tenders were all too high. It was my wish that the people deriving the benefit of this bridge should have a substantial and enduring structure. But in the administration of the Bridge Act I have to think of all parts of the County, and the interests of the County generally, and I think it will be generally conceded that different classes of bridges are required in different situations. If the Round Hill bridge had been a large structure, situate on one of the main thoroughfares of the County, where the whole public were passing from day to day, a larger outlay would have been justified. But this bridge, while of great importance to the inhabitants and property owners of the island, is not situate on one of the main thoroughfares and consequently I felt, exercising my best judgment, that $1,800 or $2,000 was too large a sum to withdraw from the bridge fund of the County for this purpose. I was confirmed in my belief by the advice of several worthy and responsible gentlemen, and while the matter was under consideration, I received a communication from thoroughly responsible parties offering to build the bridge according to a plan submitted for $900. This was quite sufficient to induce me to act carefully in regard to the acceptance of any of the remaining tenders. I placed the whole matter before the Engineer and while he did not approve the plan, he advised that Mr. Bockman, a competent bridge builder in the County, be sent to report on the plan and give his opinion as to whether the bridge could be put in a substantial condition at less expenditure than $1875. Mr. Bockman reported that this could be done at very much less, and the Engineer then advised that acting on the information received from Mr. B., he could have it put in a satisfactory condition by expending some $700 or $800 by day's work, according to plans which he would prepare. I submitted the whole matter to the Warden of the Municipality, without whose consent not a dollar of money can be expended by day's work, and he wrote to the government giving his full concurrence to the arrangement. I ought to add that my colleague, Mr. Munro, was consulted at every step, and gave his approbation of all that was done.

That the various difficulties should have caused delay until the brink of winter before the work could be actually commenced is a matter of sincere regret to me. I would have postponed the whole matter until spring, only, that I was advised by competent authority that late in the autumn was a better time for work on a structure of that kind than early in the spring. I have no doubt the workmen suffered some inconvenience. For this I am sorry; but no effort on my part was wanting in pushing the matter forward, and I am informed by the superintendent that work is now practically completed

The reference to the large amounts which have been expended in bridge construction in eastern Nova Scotia, gives me an opportunity of putting before the public of Annapolis an explanation in regard to the policy which has guided Mr. Munro and myself in regard to expenditures under the Bridge Act. This measure was introduced because in a number of Counties in Nova Scotia, such as Halifax, Colchester, Cumberland, Antigonish, Inverness and Victoria, the great bridges were practically in ruins. Something had to be done and that immediately Fortunately in Annapolis we were differently situated. Most of the great bridges of the County were substantial structures and likely to last for many years. But go they must sometime, and I have felt that the true policy was to husband the sum allotted to Annapolis County carefully, so that when such a structure as the Victoria bridge, or any of the expensive bridges over the Annapolis river at Bridgetown, Paradise, Lawrencetown and Middleton should go, there would be a fund available for their immediate reconstruction. As a consequence, while the eastern Counties, I have named, have spent about all the money allotted to them, for which the interest has to be paid out of the road moneys, Annapolis has a fund of between twenty and thirty thous and dollars, which will be available for the next ten or twenty years for any bridge emergency which may arise, and not a penny of interest is payable upon any part of it until it is actually spent.

Guided by this view of the duty I owed to the best interests of the County, I thought honestly that $1,800 was too much to spend on the construction of a bridge which was neither large in its dimensions nor situated on a public thoroughfare or highway. For this I am ready to take the full responsibility, and if it was wrong, I am willing to be condemned for it.

Yours sincerely,
J. W. LONGLEY.

Halifax, January 28th, 1886.

Births.

YOUNG.—At Waterville, Jan. 22, the wife of W. A. V. T. Young, of a son.

Marriages.

WINCHESTER—ADAMS.—At Digby, on the 27th inst., by Rev. J. S. Brown, Mr. Chas. E. Winchester, of Smith's Cove, Digby Co., to Miss Edith J. Adams, of Clements, Annapolis Co.

HAYDEN—BENT.—At the house of the bride's father on 6th Jan., by Rev. L. M. Wilkins, B. A., Mr. John Starr Hayden, of Victoria Beach, to Emily Jane, youngest daughter of Mr. Abraham Bent, of Belle Isle.

WILKINS—SABEAN.—At Port Lorne, on Jan. 30th, by Rev. W. L. Parker, Mr. George Wilkins, to Miss Mary E. Sabeans, both of Port Lorne.

Deaths.

SPROUL.—On Monday, Jan. 25th, passed away James Sproul, in the 86th year of his age, at Nictaux.

MARSHALL.—At Arlington, the 15th of Jan., William Frederick, age 17 months, only child of Richard and Susan E. Marshall.

ANDERSON.—At Dalhousie Hill, Dec. 1st, 1885, Isabella, wife of Avard L. Anderson, aged 32 years.

GOLDSMITH.—At Perrott, Jan. 18th, Wm. B., beloved son of Hugh C. and Hannah Goldsmith, in the 21st year of his age.

For the Babies

It is not necessary to buy corn cures. Men and women should remember that Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is the only safe, sure and painless corn remover extant. It does its work quickly and with certainty. See that the signature N. C. Polson & Co., appears on each bottle. Beware of poisonous imitations.

BILIOUSNESS.

When the Liver does not act promptly the bile accumulates to excess in the blood, causing yellow eyes, sallow skin, sick stomach, diarrhœa, etc., and the sufferer is termed Bilious. Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels and Blood, curing Biliousness.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—The *Mail's* correspondent in the Blackfeet country, writing from Fort McLeod, makes serious charges against the Indian agents and contractors of systematic plundering and fraud. While settlers are charged with smuggling whiskey into the North-West territory and with carrying on a traffic in Indian girls, who are bought for some say $10 to $20 each and are sent to frontier towns for protitution.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D., New York City.*

New Advertisements

WANTED!

5 CAR LOADS POTATOES,
—AND—
100 BUSHELS of OATS,
—IN—
EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.
Splendid fresh stock to select from.
SPECIAL VALUE
—IN—
Men's & Boys' Clothing,
HATS & CAPS.
Superior stock of
BOOTS,
BEST GROCERIES,
—AT—
J. W. WHITMAN'S

ACME CLUB SKATES!
SELLING AT A
GREAT REDUCTION
ON
Usual Prices.
—A—
LARGE ASSORTMENT
—TO—
SELECT FROM,
—BUT—
Going Off Very Rapidly.
Richard Shipley.

ANCHOR LINE!
HALIFAX to LONDON Direct.
S.S. British Queen, 3558 Tons.
FEB. 10TH.

WE have pleasure in again drawing the attention of Fruit Shippers to the second voyage of the above superior and fast sailing steamer, which will be dispatched from Halifax to London direct, February 10th. Cool space and thorough ventilation for fruit. Apples stored only five tiers high.

Better Steamers, Lower Insurance, Quicker Passages. Last passage from Halifax to London, 10½ days.

Engage space by Anchor Line Steamers.

Superior accommodation for same freight as others.

Apples and other cargo taken at lowest through rates from all stations on W. A. Railway to London. Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

T. A. S. DEWOLF & SON,
Agents.

Halifax, Jan. 26th, 1886.

AUCTION SALES!

The subscriber will attend
AUCTION SALES,
throughout Wilmot Township, as Auctioneer.
TERMS.—$2.00 per day.
F. L. MURPHY,
Licensed Auctioneer.
South Farmington, Jan. 19th, '86 41tf.

NEW
Furniture Store!

I WISH to inform the public in general, that I have opened a FURNITURE STORE, at
SOUTH FARMINGTON,
where they will find a full line of FURNITURE at BOTTOM PRICES. By strict attention to business and low prices, I hope to receive a part of the public patronage. Call and inspect before buying elsewhere. Produce taken in exchange at CASH PRICES.
F. L. MURPHY,
So. Farmington, Wilmot.

STOVES! STOVES!

Norwood, Elevated Oven, "Wood."
Niagara, " " "
Waterloo, " " "
Milton Cook, Square Oven, "
Elmwood, Parlor Cook, "
—ALSO—
HOLLOW WARE
for the above, to sell Singly or in Sets, apart from the Stoves. The above are made by the Milton Foundry, Yarmouth, N. S. For sale at FOUNDRY PRICES, by
F. L. MURPHY.
Jan. 19th, 1886. 41 3m.

Farm for Sale!

THE subscriber offers the property formerly owned by Israel Foster, one and one-half miles from Bridgetown. There is a good Dwelling House, with a cellar under the whole house, a large Barn, new Carriage House and other buildings. Three wells of water. It contains 62 acres more or less. Cuts from 16 to 20 tons of good upland Hay. Has a young orchard of Apple, Pear and Plum trees, just beginning to bear. About 20 acres cut in Wood and Fencing.

There is a quantity of Hay which will be sold with the farm.

Terms moderate. For further information apply to
T. D. RUGGLES & SONS,
Barristers, Bridgetown,
or to the subscriber,
W. T. CANNING,
Oxford Mills, Ontario.
Jan. 13th, '86. n40 3m.

New Advertisements.

Cash Store.

THE subscriber having leased the store next door to J. W. WHITMAN'S, will sell at BOTTOM PRICES,
FLOUR, MEAL,
GROCERIES, SPICES,
Buffalo Robes,
Goat Skins,
Horse Rugs,
Suroingles,
Curry Combs,
Whips and Bells.
Balance of stock in
Silverware,
at Wholesale Prices.
Please do not ask for credit, and save us the trouble of saying
NO.
N. H. PHINNEY.
N. B.—Agent for the celebrated Charter Oak Cook Stove.
Lawrencetown, Dec. 24th, 1885. n38tf.

GUNS,
AMMUNITION,
HEAVY
WOOL SHIRTS,
Shirts & Drawers,
A SMALL LOT OF
GENT'S GENUINE
Plymouth Buck Gloves.
Apple Barrels.
B. STARRATT.

Mussel Mud.
FOR SALE BY
The Annapolis Mussel Mud Co.

IT has proven to be one of the best Fertilizers in the Market, on account of its various qualities.

1st. It has the largest amount of ammonia.

2nd. It has the proper quantity of Lime.

3rd. The Salt retained in it is just sufficient to raise good crops.

4th. It has the body that once applied to grass or uncultivated land will last for years.

The Company will deliver it at any stations on the W. & A. Ry., at a low figure. Apply to
GEO. E. CORBITT,
Manager.
Annapolis, Nov. 30th, 1885. tf.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his fine Farm situated in HAVELOCK, Annapolis Co. It consists of 75 acres, about 35 of which are tillage, remainder in pasture and woodland. A small orchard is on the place. Cuts about 20 tons of good hay. Soil good and easily cultivated. A saw-mill is on the place and a barn. The cellar of a house is dug and stoned, and the frame is on the ground ready to be put up. Will be sold reasonable.

TERMS.—Half purchase money down, remainder may remain on mortgage.

ANDREW BOLSOR, 2nd.

P. S.—Stock, will be sold with Farm if required.

Havelock, Dec. 1884.

THE SUBSCRIBER,
having secured the services of practical
Harness and Shoe Makers,
would call the attention of the public and especially intending purchasers, to his large and complete stock of
HARNESSES,
—IN—
Silver, (on G. S.), Nickle, Brass, and X. C. Mountings.
which he offers at the lowest prices in the trade.
—ALSO: MY STOCK OF—
SLEIGH BELLS, CHIMES, STRAPS & SETS, HORSE RUGS, LAP ROBES, ETC.
are offered at especially low figures.
Always in Stock,
Harness Mountings,
Leathers of all kinds,
Coarse Boots,
Knee Boots,
English Fitted Balmorals,
Congress Boot Uppers,
Shoe Findings, Etc., Etc.
Hides Wanted,
and the Highest Prices given in Cash, at
GEORGE MURDOCH'S.

SLEIGHS
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
The Piano Box
SLEIGH,
The Most Convenient and Economical Sleigh now in Use.

THE subscriber takes this method of notifying the public that he has now on hand a very superior lot of the above Class of Sleighs, ready for use, neatly ironed with a Broad SPRING STEEL SHOE, and painted very neatly in different shades and ornamented in gilt, and upholstered, and he has one very Fancy
ALBANY CUTTER,
All of which will be sold low for Cash at the
Old Reliable Carriage Factory,
VICTORIA VALE,
DAVID FALES.
Dec. 9th, 1885.

New Advertisements.

BRIDGETOWN
JEWELRY STORE,
J. E. SANCTON,
PROPRIETOR!
FOR THE
NEXT SIXTY DAYS,
—WE—
WILL SELL ANYTHING
—AND—
EVERYTHING
—IN—
--OUR LINE--
—FOR—
COST!

BEST
Christmas
GOODS!
—AT—
W. W. Saunders'.
ALL THE
Latest Novelties
IN
CHRISTMAS TOYS, CARDS,
PICTURE BOOKS,
ALBUMS, SCRAP ALBUMS, Etc., Etc.
CUPS, SAUCERS AND PLATES, NEW DESIGNS,
Handsome Lamps, with Solar Burners, giving a light equal to gas.
A lot of HANDSOME SLIPPERS, suitable for CHRISTMAS GIFTS.
Choice CONFECTIONERY,
Grapes and all seasonable Groceries Fresh and Good.

Xmas Presents.
A LARGER ASSORTMENT OF GOODS
—SUITABLE FOR—
Xmas, Presents,
THAN EVER, INCLUDING SOMETHING
ENTIRELY NEW,
will be found at
Mrs. L. C. Wheelock's
P. S.—Millinery made a specialty.
Lawrencetown, Dec. 14th, '85.

Iron & Steel,
—ASSORTED SIZES.—
3-16, 1-4 and 5-16 inches
CHAINS,
Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails.
SLEIGH AND CARRIAGE BOLTS, &c.
Heath, Milligan & Co.'s
BEST PREPARED PAINT
—ALSO—
2 PULPERS and a Quantity of BLACKSMITH'S COAL.
FOR SALE BY
H. FRASER.

New Advertisements.

GREAT BARGAINS!

NOTWITHSTANDING the exceptionally low prices at which the subscriber is at present selling all lines of goods, during the months of August and September he will sell all lines of
Dry Goods,
Boots & Shoes,
Glass, Earthen & Tinware;
of which owing to his purchase of the entire Stock from the store of J. E. Elliott he has a large variety—at 10 per cent. below his present prices,
FOR CASH,
as he is compelled to make room for
Fall & Winter Goods,
which are constantly coming in. Constantly on hand,
Flour, Meal & Groceries,
which we are selling as low as can be purchased in the country.
Goods shown at all times with pleasure.
C. S. PHINNEY.
Paradise, Aug. 19th '85.

JUST RECEIVED.
Two Carloads
FLOUR AND MEAL,
which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.
Also.—A well assorted stock of
Groceries!
MOLASSES AND SUGAR,
SPICES, SALT, TOBACCOS,
BROOMS, SOAP,
RAISINS, CURRANTS,
CANNED GOODS,
BISCUITS, SYRUPS, ETC
P. NICHOLSON.
Bridgetown, July, 1885

Sleighs! Sleighs!
—TO—
SUIT EVERYBODY,
GO AND SEE THEM, AT
JOHN HALL'S,
LAWRENCETOWN.
TERMS.—Sight.
Lawrencetown, Dec. 22nd, '85. 37tf

THE KEY TO HEALTH.
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.
T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.