DISPOSITION OF BATTALIONS IS STILL MYSTERY

Whether 110th Goes or Stays Yet Unknown.

153RD LEAVING SHORTLY

Wellingtons Expect To Be Away by End of Week, Is Report.

Just what disposition is to be made of the 153rd and the 110th Battalions still in London camp is giving the city fathers and the military authorities here considerable worry. It is as much a mystery as ever to the headquarters staff officers.

Announcements made from Ottawa say that the 110th will go to Camp Borden as soon as the North Perth election, on today, is over. The 153rd, held here for quarantine, expects to be away within a week, and if the 110th goes with it, as does not seem at all unlikely, it will leave but the 111th and 160th here.

How these facts will jibe with the three battalions promised London by Sam Hughes is a conundrum. London's experience of Hughes' promises and assurances, however, is such that the general feeling is that there will be no such "animile" as a third unit here for the summer.

EATS PARIS GREEN AND NEARLY DIES

Stomach Pump Saves Life of Little John Street Boy.

The small son of W. G. Vincent, 165 John street, had a narrow escape from death this morning when he ate some Paris green which he had picked up while playing in his parents' home. Dr. John Ferguson was called, and by the use of the stomach pump managed to save the child's life.

GAVE POLICE CHASE.—At 2:30 this afternoon the police had an exciting chase after a citizen who had been ejected from an east-bound Dundas car, charged with profane language. He was captured after a run of three blocks, and taken in the patrol to the station, charged with drunkenness.

A Blood-Food Discovered That Entirely Overcomes Anaemic Weakness

Carefully Investigated Reports Establish Truly Wonderful Results.

Heretofore it has often been a hopeless task for a thin-blooded person to gain either strength or weight. Neither food or medicine in many instances had beneficial effect.

What is practically a perfect blood-food, containing such elements as Iron, has at last been produced, and when taken after meals will put new life and vigor into people that have despaired of ever being strong again.

This truly wonder-working treatment consists of taking two small chocolate-coated Ferrozone Tablets at the close of every meal.

This wonderful blood-food supplies nourishment, vim, energy—sends a stream of vigorous, strength-making blood to every nook and corner of the body, makes every muscle and fibre sing with new-found life and health.

That gnawing tiredness leaves you—Ferrozone drives it away. Sleepless nights are turned into periods of rest, and you pick up fast. Day by day your appetite improves—this means more food is transformed into nutriment that will build and energize weak organs. The inclination to worry passes away because Ferrozone imparts nerve—tone and bodily strength that prevents depression.

Think it over—Ferrozone is a wonderful tonic, in fact, it is more than a tonic, because it establishes health that lasts. Thousands use it and thereby cleanse and restore the entire system to a perfect condition. You'll feel the uplifting power of Ferrozone in a week—it's bound to help you if you only give it the chance. Sold by all dealers, 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50; be sure of the name Ferrozone. Forwarded by mail to any address if price is remitted to The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

WONDERFUL TALE OF AN ACTRESS

Struggled With Sickness and Discouragement—How Relieved.

Dayville, Killingly, Conn.—"I shall be glad to have every woman know what I know now, after using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Although I am only 24 years old, I have suffered for the past eight years. I hated the doctors, for a doctor told me to give up the stage where I was playing with my husband. I had bearing down pains, my health failed me, and I could not work on the stage, and wasn't able to tend my baby or even get around myself. I was always downhearted and discontented with the world, and only lived for the sake of my little girl. The doctor said to move to some quiet little town away from the noisy city, and I might be able to live and feel well, so I went to Dayville in November. At that time I was so sick I could not walk around and my husband kept house and I stayed in bed. One day in January I read your advertisement in a newspaper, and I sent for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and started taking it. Within two weeks' time I was a different woman, could get around, and felt so good that it was a peasure to do my housework. I felt contented and happy, and now am the picture of health, and am tempted to return to the stage. We appreciate my health as the most precious thing on earth."—Mrs. H. L. KLENETT, Box 85, Killingly, Conn.

WILSON REFUSES TO BE INSTRUMENT OF MEXICO EXPLOITERS

Says Way to Help Mexicans Is Not to Fight Them.

IS FOR PERMANENT PEACE

Declares He Will Serve All America by Serving Mexico First.

[Canadian Press.]

Detroit, July 10.—President Wilson aroused great enthusiasm at the World's Salesmanship Congress today by urging that businessmen carry justice and fair dealing into the ports of the world, particularly those of Mexico, and thereby establish confidence in American principles. His efforts, he declared, will be to serve all America by serving Mexico herself for her best interests without using force, and not to serve the few "gentlemen" who wish to exploit Mexico's possessions.

For Permanent Peace.

When the president asked the crowd what it desired at the end of all the present world troubles, it shouted "peace" in one voice, and then he added that his wish was "permanent peace."

"I hear some men say," he said, "that they want to help Mexico, and the way they propose to help her is to overwhelm her with force. That is the wrong way, as well as the long way.

"After fighting them you would have a nation full of justified suspicion. Thus you would not help them. You would shut every door against you.

Mexico Suspicious.

"What makes Mexico suspicious is that she thinks we do not want to serve, but, possess her. And she has justification for these suspicions in the way some gentlemen have sought to exploit her possessions.

"I will not serve these gentlemen, but I will serve all Americans by trying to serve Mexico herself. The way to establish our sovereignty is to respect hers."

The president declared that merchant marine, which some are "so slow in giving us," will be a great help to the business interests of the United States.

In order to gain foreign business, however, he added, it will be necessary for American businessmen to adapt the goods to the demands of other countries, and not try to force their own ideas on other markets. Salesmanship, he said, would go hand in hand with statesmanship after the close of the war.

LEARN HOW HUNS TAP THE WIRELESS ALONG THE FRONT

Sergeant at Barriefield Makes an Important Discovery.

[Canadian Press.]

Kingston, July 10.—An important discovery was made at Barriefield Camp on Saturday, and by it is believed the secret of how the Germans have been able to get the contents of messages sent from the Allies' headquarters to the front, has been found. Working at his instrument at Barriefield on Saturday Sergt. Hicks heard a message which he knew could not be sent from any wireless station within his receiving limits. It was a lesson in the Morse code. He came to the conclusion that it must be from the buzzer that was working in another tent 90 feet away. The electricity which was passing over the buzzer wire was being absorbed and became active over the wireless receiving apparatus. This is undoubtedly what the Germans have long known and used in many cases to good advantage against the Allies. An order to advance would become known to them instantly, as well as many other things they should not know. Great importance is attached to the discovery in official circles.

ASQUITH TO STATE TERMS AGREED UPON FOR EMERALD ISLE

[Canadian Press.]

London, July 10—11:05 a.m.—At a moment when public interest is centred on the battles proceeding on the eastern and western front Parliament is again taking up the century-old Irish problem.

After weeks of negotiations, which led to the resignation of the Earl of Selborne as president of the board of agriculture and the partial reconstruction of the ministry, the Cabinet has reached an agreement, the terms of which Premier Asquith is to explain this afternoon.

All Members Attend.

In anticipation of the premier's statement virtually all the members of the House of Commons, with the exception of those serving at the front, are in London today. They went early to obtain seats. The Irish Nationalists, many of whom remained with their constituencies until the last moment to feel the pulse of the electors, were the earliest arrivals at the House. The settlement already has been indorsed by the Nationalist and Ulster parties, but is opposed by a small section of the Unionists of England and South Ireland.

The terms of the agreement in general are known, but members of Parliament were anxious to learn what inducements had been offered to the Marquis of Lansdowne, Lord Robert Cecil and Walter Hume Long, who offered their resignations from the Cabinet, to remain with the Government.

GOVT. WILL INQUIRE AS TO NICKEL FOR SUBMARINE CARGO

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, July 10.—As the only nickel availabe for export on the German submarine Deutschland, now at Baltimore, must be Canadian, Ottawa circles are intereste further in the "nickel trust" in which German firms are interested, too.

A special inquiry will likely inquire into the International Nickel Company of Sudbury to see that no violation of understanding with the Government has taken place.

HAD BIG SUPPLY OF WHISKEY IN AUTO; NOW FACES CHARGE

E. Charlton Alleged To Be Selling Illegally.

ARRESTED BY SOLDIERS

Case Adjourned for Week Without Accused Offering Any Plea.

Emmanuel Charlton, 349 Cheapside street, was arrested by military police of the 168th Battalion on Huron street on Saturday evening about 6 o'clock charged with selling liquor to the soldiers without a license. When arrested, Charlton was driving in an automobile, and was carrying four two-gallon cases of whiskey in the tonneau of the car. Each case was made to contain one dozen bottles of whiskey. One had been opened and six bottles were missing, leaving a total of 42 bottles which Charlton had with him.

Alleged Attempt To Escape.

He was taken down to the police station by two lieutenants and two privates from the 168th aBttalion in his own automobile. On the way down, the police say, Charlton, who was driving, attempted to escape by speeding away in his car, taking his captors with him. The soldiers, however, compelled Charlton to stop his machine, and threatened to drive it themselves if he made any further attempts to escape. The remainder of the trip to the station was made quietly.

Bail was arranged for on Saturday evening, and Charlton was allowed out by putting up $600 himself, and two securities of $300 apiece, making a total of $1,200

Trial Postponed.

Charlton appeared in the police court today. His counsel, Marshall Graydon, stated that he was not prepared to proceed with the case and an adjournment was made until a week from Tuesday. Charlton did not plead. For the trial the crown will bring witnesses from the battalions now stationed at Camp Borden, who were formerly in London.

The charge against Charlton is that of selling liquor without a license. If convicted, he may be fined not less than $300, or sentenced to not less than three months in jail.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, July 10.

	Asked.	Bid.
American Cyanamid, com.	41	39
American Cyanamid, pfd.	67	66
Ames-Holden, com.	28	..
Ames-Holden, pfd.	72	69
Barcelona Traction	15½	15
Brazilian T., L. & P.	60⅝	60¼
B. C. Fishing	60	..
Bell Telephone	152	150
Burt, com.	83	81
Burt, pfd.	..	93
Canada Bread, com.	22¼	22
Canada Bread, pfd.	87½	87
Canada Car, com.	68	66
Canada Car, pfd.	88	..
Canada Cement, com.	65	64½
Canada Steamships, com.	26	25½
Canada Steamships, pfd.	84	83
Canadian Gen. Electric	116	115
Can. Locomotive, com.	61	..
Can. Locomotive, pfd.	87¼	..
Canadian Pacific	180	..
Canadian Salt	..	110
City Dairy, pfd.	100	..
Coniagas Mines	500	470
Consolidated Smelters	34½	34
Consumers Gas	170	169
Crown Reserve Mines	53	45
Crow's Nest Pass Coal	80	..
Detroit United	119	117
Dome Mines	2625	2525
Dominion Canners, com.	18	..
Dominion Canners, pfd.	75	..
Dom. Steel Corporation	53	52¾
Dominion Telegraph	100	..
Duluth-Superior	47	46
Hollinger Mines	3000	2950
La Rose Mines	65	60
Mackay, com.	84	83
Mackay, pfd.	68½	68
Maple Leaf, com.	93½	91½
Maple Leaf, pfd.	95	94
Montreal Power	236	233½
Monarch, com.	..	32
Monarch, pfd.	..	82
Nipissing Mines	700	675
Nova Scotia Steel	129	..
Pacific Burt, com.	..	25
Pacific Burt, pfd.	..	80
Penmans, com.	62½	..
Penmans, pfd.	..	82
Petroleum	1050	1000
Porto Rico Railway	48	45
Quebec T., L. & P.	33	32½
Rogers, com.	..	90
Rogers, pfd.	94	..
Russell, com.	65	60
Russell, pfd.	95	93
Sawyer-Massey, com.	21	20
Sawyer-Massey, pfd.	74	..
Shredded Wheat, com.	127	125
Shredded Wheat, pfd.	..	100
Spanish River, com.	9	8
Spanish River, pfd.	32	..
Steel of Canada, com.	54	53⅝
Steel of Canada, pfd.	90	..
Tooke Bros., com.	22	..
Toronto Paper	50	44
Toronto Railway	100	99
Trethewey Mines	22½	20½
Tucketts, com.	..	23
Tucketts, pfd.	..	86
Twin City, com.	98	97
Winnipeg Railway	100	95
Bank of Commerce	189¾	189
Dominion Bank	204½	204
Bank of Hamilton	197	..
Imperial Bank	205	200
Merchants' Bank	180	175
Molsons Bank	198	..
Bank of Montreal	231	..
Bank of Nova Scotia	261	..
Ottawa Bank	205	..
Royal Bank	215	212
Standard Bank	..	216
Bank of Toronto	199	..
Union Bank	137	136½
Canada Landed	..	161
Canada Permanent	175	173
Colonial Investment	75	..
Hamilton Provident	..	138
Huron & Erie	..	213
Landed Banking	..	144
London & Caadian	..	132
Toronto General Trust	..	208
Toronto Mortgage	..	134
Canada Bread bonds	93½	93
Can. Locomotive bonds	..	91
Electrical Dev. bonds	88	..
Porto Rico bonds	..	88
Province of Ontario bonds	..	85
Quebec T., L. & P. bonds	69	67
Steel of Canada bonds	..	96

WALL STREET.

Wall Street, Noon—Persistent selling of alcohol, which made an extreme decline of 7 1-2 points to 121, the lowest price of the year, was accompanied by further recessions in other war and semi-war issues during the forenoon. There were occasional feeble rallies, but the undertone continued heavy. Another sharp break in the price of bar silver was without appreciable effect on stocks most concerned. Rails held surprisingly steady in the face of additional large imports of American securities from London, suggesting a renewal of foreign liquidation. Bonds were irregular, in sympathy with the stock list.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 10.—Money conditions are hardening and further improvement in exchange is considered necessary in order to keep balance here if rates rise in New York.

The stock market started the week in good spirits on the favorable war news. Steady investment buying is in progress in gilt-edged securities, the Allied Loans, Cuban Ports and Russian Mines at advancing prices. Marconi and Pekin syndicate issues were the features in the industrial section. American securities were irregular and neglected, and closed dull.

ZANGWILL SEES A STRIFE OF SEXES FOR THE GERMANS

Believes It Sure To Come When War Is Ended.

WOMEN MAKE MUNITIONS

They Are In Shops and Factories, and Realizing Economic Independence.

New York, July 10.—Israel Zangwill says in the Metropolitan magazine:

"With half a million German women making war material, from the very outbreak of war, with the domesticated Frau producing 40 per cent of the explosives and 50 per cent of the equipment, not to mention her replacing railway and tramway motormen, it would hardly escape attention even in Germany that the three K's had been transcended and that the great male K (Krieg or Khaki) was not so outside the female province as that arrant K, the kaiser, had imagined. As the Frankfurter Zeitung confessed with characteristic German thoroughness, 'Many of us have in these months felt it to be a defect that in Germany the state, with its system of universal service, embraces only the men, and them only insofar as they are capable of bearing arms. This system was decided on at a time when wars were conducted with weapons only, and it no longer fits the present state of things, in which everything, gold and food, industrial products and science, is a means of carrying on war and in which the war itself consists to a great extent of scientific and economic labor.'"

War consists to a great extent of scientific and economic labor. So at last man has discovered midday at 12 o'clock! "Every pit is a trench, every workshop a rampart," cries Lloyd George, vividly lamenting the legions of miners and munition makers a short-sighted policy had lured to Flanders. Armageddon may, it appears, finally hinge on the manufacture of machine tools. With war thus got beyond the tomahawk stage, the poor squaw can now as little be excluded from the tug of it as she ever was from the misery and murderousness of it. Battles are won in the factory as well as the field, and in the cornfield no less than the field of war. They were always won in the kitchen and nursery.

Revised Sex Ethic.

Historians tell us that the crusades, designed to win the tomb of Christ, promoted commercial intercourse between the east and west. Germany, setting out to assert the male ideal, has given an immense jog to the feminine. But the price would have staggered the optimism of a Pangloss. Ho-ti, whose house must be burned down before he could taste crackling, roasted his pig infinitely cheaper. The loss of legions of young men will increase the number of spinsters, who will clamor with increasing outspokenness for a revised sex ethic. The entry of women into so many occupations will produce female blacklegs and gravely agitate the trade unions. There will be friction all along the line at those points which women have not yet stormed—and those embrace in England the whole of the legal profession, the higher walk of the civil service and even the medicine, not to mention parliament and government. The end of the war will bring not peace, but sex strife, added to the inevitable economic discontents. For the social landscape cannot be transformed for women without changing man's situation, too. When the valleys are exalted the hills are apt to subside. By an odd coincidence the female chapter of the Times' "History of the War" winds up with a picture of a woman "Makin a Doll's House." That was, it appears, and not only from Ibsen, an exclusively male occupation. What sinister symbolism lurks in this climax? Is the man to be henceforward the pampered puppet?

Equal Rights For Both Sexes.

There was once a social state composed of families, each unit circling round and represented by the male bread-winner. He went out into the hurly-burly; the woman remained the delicate flower of the home. It was a conception not without its beauty. For this it is now sought to substitute families with a dual centre, and equal rights in the hurly-burly for both sexes. It is a conception not without its ugliness. But the striving for it is not a mere play of the brain. The female flowers have been already flung out of the home; millions of Englishwomen have been driven into factories, shops and offices. The anti-suffragists did not attempt to drive back this labor into the home, and the attempt to secure for it the same political status as male labor they combatted Placed between two worlds, they made the worst of both.

HURT BY PET DOG

Miss Marian Beck Scratched While Fondling the Animal.

Miss Marian Beck, daughter of Sir Adam Beck, received painful injuries to her face while playing with her pet dog on Sunday morning, when it scraetched her. No serious results are anticipated.

ON OFFICIAL BUSINESS.—General Superintendent W. E. Whittenberger spent several hours in London today on official business.

VICE-PRESIDENT HERE. — Vice-President Howard G. Kelly of the Grand Trunk Railway passed through London in his private car "Ontario" at noon today en route for Chicago.

RESUMES DUTIES.—G. T. R. Policeman Robert Logan has resumed his duties at the Grand Trunk station. Mr. Logan has been confined to his home with illness for several weeks past.

PARIS BOURSE.

Paris, July 10.—Prices were strong on the bourse today. Three per cent rentes, 64 francs 75 centimes for cash Exchange on London, 28 francs 16 centimes.

TORONTO SALES.

Toronto, July 10.—Sales: Apex, 1,000 at 6½; Dome Extension, 250 at 37, 1,500 at 36½; Dome Lake, 200 at 31, 500 at 32¼, 5,500 at 32; Dome, 50 at 26¼; Hollinger, 83 at 29; Jupiter, 2,500 at 32½; Moneta, 3,000 at 13¾; McIntyre, 300 at 155; McIntyre Extension, 200 at 45½; Vipond, 100 at 48; West Dome Consolidated, 1,500 at 38, 1,000 at 37½, 3,500 at 37; Adanac, 500 at 184, 1,500 at 186, 1,000 at 182, 1,000 at 183; Beaver, 5,000 at 38; Chambers, 300 at 20, 2,000 at 20½, 500 at 19½; Gifford, 1,000 at 5¼; Hudson Bay, 4 at 58; Lorain, 1,000 at 25; McKinley, 1,500 at 54, 1,000 at 53, 1,000 at 54½; Buyers, 30; Nipissing, 100 at 690; Ophir, 1,000 at 63¼; Peterson, 200 at 25, 1,000 at 24½; Temiskaming, 500 at 57, 500 at 56, 500 at 55½; Trethewey, 1,000 at 22.

OTTAWA DISPATCH REPORTS CHANGE IN LOCAL CAMP STAFF

Lieut.-Col. W. A. McCrimmon to Inspect Cadets,

NEW A. A. G. APPOINTED

Lieut.-Col, Leonard to Take Over Duties of Col. McCrimmon.

Although Ottawa dispatches announce that Lieut.-Col. R. W. Leonard, St. Catharines, is to take over the duties of assistant adjutant-general of the 1st district and of the London camp, officers at district headquarters know nothing of the reported changes. The office is now being filled by Lieut.-Col. W. A. McCrimmon, organizer and inspector of cadet corps, who, it is announced, will resume his old duties as soon as Lieut.-Col. Leonard arrives.

One dispatch, printed locally, announced that Lieut.-Col. McCrimmon had resigned.

"It's the first I ever heard of my resignation," declared that officer to The Advertiser.

Remains On Staff.

Organizer and inspector of cadet corps is a staff appointment as well as the A. A. G., and Lieut.-Col. McCrimmon will continue as a member of the district staff if the reported change goes through. Lieut.-Col. L. W. Shannon, who was given the temporary appointment to the command porarp appointment to the command of this district, is the A. A. G. of the district, and Lieut.-Col. McCrimmon was placed in charge of administration as acting assistant adjutant-general. Lieut.-Col. Leonard will undoubtedly hold the same title as "acting A. A. G."

No More "Permanents."

In connection with The Advertiser's dispatch on the local staff changes, it is reported that Sir Sam Hughes has declared that no more officers would be appointed permanently to the permanent force until the close of the war. The purpose is to give an equal chance to those officers now serving in the expeditionary force.

Lieut.-Col. Leonard is officer commanding the "Corps of Guides" of No. 2 District, and is president of the Coniagas Mines. He is a millionaire, who has been connected with the Canadian militia for some time. He served in the Northwest Rebellion and has been one of the members of the board of visitors of the Royal Military College, Kingston. He is an 1883 graduate of that institution.

AUTO PLUNGES INTO DITCH WITH FIVE MEN

Car Turns Turtle Near Chatham, Pinning Occupants Underneath.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

CHATHAM, July 9.—An automobile accident which was close to proving fatal to five Wallaceburg men occurred last night at 8:30 near concession 6 on the Dover town line.

The machine apparently got out of control, skidded and turned completely over into a narrow ditch eight feet deep, pinning its occupants underneath.

Their cries for help were heard by a passerby, who secured assistance and released the victims, who were found to be badly scratched and bruised, necessitating medical attention.

Joseph Jeffries, one of the occupants of the car, suffered a broken arm near the left shoulder. Dr. Rutherford, the physician called, states that the men had a miraculous escape.

SUIT OF TORN KHAKI FOUND AT POND EDGE

Farmers of Raleigh Township Start Search for Possible Suicide.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

CHATHAM, July 9.—Following the finding of a part of a soldier's uniform on the bank of a pond at Wilson's bush, concession 8, Raleigh Township, farmers living in that vicinity believe that the soldier probably may have ended his life.

A search is now in progress, although the city police believe the uniform was placed there by a deserter.

All the badges had been taken away and the name torn out of the lining of the tunic.

TWO DISABLED CARS HELP EACH OTHER OUT AND NEGOTIATE TRIP

[Special to The Advertiser.]

SARNIA, July 9.—The following will be of interest to autoists who may happen to break their machines while out in the county.

An auto truck from Sarnia was coming to the city on the river road, and was in a smash-up with an auto that was leaving the city for down river. The steering apparatus of the touring car was put out of business by the collision, and the truck was called upon to bring it to town. With the aid of a couple of planks the front part of the touring car was placed on the back of the truck, and the truck then started for the city. The truck, however, soon developed engine trouble and the outfit stopped as a result. The driver of the truck then started the touring car engine, which pushed with its hind wheels, while the steering was done from the front machine. The two cars arrived safely in the city after a short time.

WINDSOR LUMBERMAN IS KILLED BY A TRAIN

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WINDSOR, July 9.—Dr. J. S. Labelle, coroner of Essex County, has ordered an inquest to investigate the death of Leonard Cook, 36 years old, Windsor lumber dealer, who died Saturday as a result of being hit by a Grand Trunk train Friday night.

When Cook failed to return home after a visit to his new summer cottage on the river front at Ford, his wife caused a search to be made, and Cook was found at Hotel Dieu in a dying condition.

CROP REPORTS FOR CANADA

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, July 8. — A special press bulletin issued today by the census and statistics office gives the following report on the condition of field crops in Canada at the end of June, as summarized from telegrams received from the Dominion Experimental Farms and stations in accordance with arrangements made between the Departments of Trade and Commerce and Agriculture. The reports show that the prospects for grain crops are excellent throughout the west, but the crops being about ten days later than last year, much will depend upon freedom from early frosts.

Maritime Provinces.

In Prince Edward Island the weather conditions have been most favorable for all crops. Spring work was completed fully two weeks ahead of last year; beneficial rains fell occasionally. All the grain crops are sturdy. Roots and potatoes came on well. In some districts hay is light, to others heavy; it will be an average crop. NOVA SCOTIA.—Kentville.—June has been an exceptionally fine growing month, following an ideal month for getting crops in. All farm crops are looking better than usual. Amherst.—An unsettled June, making seeding very difficult. A large percentage of all grain was sown early in June and has germinated well; roots and potatoes have yet to be planted. Weather too cold and wet for good growth, barley suffering most. NEW BRUNSWICK.—Fredericton.—With 13 rainy days in June the precipitation amounted to six inches; low-lying crops have been damaged and weeds are smothering the root crops. Grass and grain are generally above average. The potato acreage is equal to last year, and the early planting is good. A considerable acreage of turnips and buckwheat has not yet been seeded.

Quebec.

Abundant rains have favored the growth of grass, and prospects are excellent for a good hay crop. Low-lying lands have suffered from too much rain. PASPEBIAC. — Bonaventure.—Wheat, oats and barley look exceptionally well; potatoes are very good; if rains keep on crops may be injured; in low lands almost impossible to get weeding done. Rimouski.—All crops have a magnificent appearance, only low lands have suffered from rains. Ste. Anne De La Pocatierre.—June has been rainy and cool; seeding late and difficult; grain and fodder corn rather poor on undrained and low land; hap crop never gave greater promise; field roots are making good start; pasturage abundant and fruits very promising. Cap Rouge. — Rains nearly every day; pastures are good, and hay crop will be very heavy; owing to too much precipitation only three-fourths of the usual area was sown to grain; potatoes and corn do not look well; all root crops have germinated well. — NOMININGUE.—Labelle.—Hay has a very fine appearance, grain somewhat backward but promising, potatoes fine for season and pastures magnificent. Lac a La Tortue.—The appearance of cereals is only medium, except on high lands; corn good, potatoes good, peas very good. The frequent rains have caused many weeds in hoed crops, and have flooded lands insufficinetly drained. LENNOXVILLE. — Sherbrooke—Seeding has been retarded greatly, especially corn and hoed crops; haying two weeks later; grain crops very backward; corn three weeks later than usual. AUBREY. — Chateauguay. — Grain has the appearance of a bumper crop; corn doing well; potatoes not very good; other roots looking well.

Ontario.

About one-third less grain was sown than in previous years. In condition it is uneven, spotted and badly affected by rain. A great deal will not ripen, and will be cut for green feed. Corn this year occupies not more than two-thirds of last year's area. In some parts no crop was got in at all, and the land must be summer fallowed. The hay crop is good, but fine weather is required for saving it. Potatoes are in bad shape and roots are late.

Manitoba.

Brandon. — Abundant rains have fallen during latter part of June. The crop is very well rooted, and there is a strong healthy growth; except for lateness prospects are excellent. Morden—Weather fine and warm, with sufficient rainfall. At present everything looks like a bountiful crop.

Saskatchewan.

Indian Head.—Generally speaking grain crops throughout this district are good. Weyburn—All grain crops are looking well with plenty of moisture and growing very fast. Hay is good. Gull Lake.—Wheat from ten to eighteen inches high; none in shot blade owing to too much rain. Moosejaw.—Condition of the principal field crops very satisfactory. Earliest wheat nearly shot blade stage; very good stand on ground not hurt by high winds. Oats and barley showing rapid growth; plenty of moisture and good growing weather. Potatoes and corn coming on well. Maple Creek—Rank growth of all grains. Wheat in the shot blade. Early sown wheat almost ready to head. Abundance of moisture. Prelate.—All wheat and oats in this district are good. Most of it is an ideal crop.—Cabri.—Wheat 14 to 18 inches high; oats 8 to 10; flax, 3 to 6. Crops growing fine. Everything points to another bumper crop in this district.—Radville.—Crops in fine condition plenty of moisture; wheat 2 feet high. Rosthern.—Much rain, and rank strong growth in all grains. Hay and pasture particularly good. Much oats and barley sown on late spring plowing. Early frosts the only prevention of a big harvest. Scott.—Weather cool and unsettled; precipitation heavier than is usual for June. Stand of all kinds of grain unusually thick. Early sown wheat in shot blade. Labor scarce and expensive. Farmers anxious regarding binder twine supply. Lloydminster.—Wheat eighteen inches, early oats twelve. Weather warm with an ideal growing rain Thursday night. Every indication of a heavy crop. Spring was late, but in ten days will be as far advanced as last year. Grassy Lake.—All field crops in this district are in excellent condition. Wheat, oats, barley and rye are heavier and better than they have ever been since this part of the country was settled. Corn and flax are good, but need warm weather.

Alberta.

Medicine Hat.—The wheat crops are uneven. Fallow wheat is heading. The late sown wheat is doing well with the ideal weather. The oat crops are all late sown, but growing very quickly. The potato crop is very promising indeed. Flax is well up. Jenner.—Sufficient moisture here. Surrounding crops in fine condition, some wheat heading out. Mr. J. P. Irwin, assistant supervisor of illustration stations, reports that a large percentage of crops in Southern Alberta stubbled in suffered considerably for lack of rain recently, but rains of past few days have brought them on in good shape again. Many districts suffered from early high winds, but rains of last week in May and later relieved situation. Hoed crops look well. All hay crops are excellent. Lethbridge. — General

FRENCH AVIATORS RAIDED MONASTIR AND ENEMY CAMPS

Saloniki Reports Military Activity Along Macedonian Front.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, July 10—10:50 p.m.—Artillery activity along the Macedonian front is reported in a Havas dispatch today from Saloniki. An artillery duel occurred yesterday along the French lines in the region of Kilindir.

French aeroplanes have raided Monastir, and have thrown bombs on the military depots and camps at Petrich and on Fort Rupel.

DEATH OF THOMAS LAMB.

WALKERTON, July 9.—The death occurred unexpectedly of Thomas Lamb, Brant Township, Thursday night. He had only been ill for two weeks. On Monday last his trouble was diagnosed as cancer of the stomach. Mr. Lamb came from one of the oldest families of the township and was born and raised in Brant. He was 58 years of age, a Conservative and a Presbyterian. He leaves one son, Charles, who is on the home farm, and another son, an engineer in the west. His wife survives him.

COMMISSION REPLIES TO TRADES BOARDS ON GRAIN TARIFFS

Takes Up the Question of Rate on Whole and Split Peas.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, July 10.—The board of railway commissioners in regard to the application of the Montreal Board of Trade for an order directing that the rates published for the carriage of grain products from Ontario to points in the eastern states be applied also in split peas and for disallowance, and of the Toronto Board of Trade for suspension of the schedules removing whole peas from the list of articles which take grain rates from, and to the aforesaid territories, has issued this ruling:

Follow American Plan.

"In this matter, it appears that in the new Canadian freight classification which the railways are preparing, it is proposed to remove dried peas, whole and split, from the grain section to the vegetable section, thus following the example of the American classifications. While the rating will, as proposed, remain the same as at present, viz.: eighth class, the effect would be that tariffs for the movement of grain in Canada would no longer include peas. The matter as presented has a bearing on the general issue as involved in the classification, and the matter should stand until the classification is before the board and dealt with. In view of the time the existing rate situation has existed, this disposition does not appear to be unfair.

WILL BRING BODIES TO LONDON FOR INTERMENT

The bodies of Rev. R. W. Wallace and Mrs. Wallace of Boston, who died in that city some time ago, will be brought to London for interment, according to advices received here.

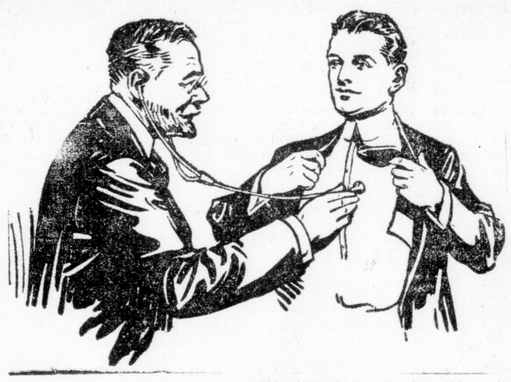
Mr. Wallace was a prominent minister of the Congregational Church, and built the First Congregational Church here, of which he was pastor for some years. Later he went to the United States, where he was successful.

He died some months aga, and, shortly after, Mrs. Wallace passed away. The bodies were placed in a vault, and the family have decided to bring the bodies to London for interment.

APPOINTMENT CONFIRMED. — The confirmation of the appointment of Dr. E. Seaborn to the command of No. 10 Stationary Hospital with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, appears in today's camp orders.

HEAVY HAY IN BRUCE.

WALKERTON, July 9.—Hay which is now being harvested throughout the county of Bruce is yielding the largest of many years, with the exception of a few low lying localities, which may be said of all the crops. Fall wheat is good in most places. Oats are above the average and barley a little below, the late, wet spring being against it. Root crops promise well. Corn will be of smaller acreage than usual on account of the difficulty of getting it planted in time during the wet spring. Apples will be a fair crop, there being a heavy June drop. Small fruits are abundant.



What the Doctor Asked

One of the questions the examining physician for life insurance is apt to ask the applicant whose heart is skipping beats or is fluttery is—

"Do you use tea or coffee?"

The reason tea and coffee are suspected is because the physician knows that the drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee disturbs the nervous system, races the heart, and is responsible besides for conditions which often becomes serious.

It's a good thing to stop when one reaches the danger zone. It is better still to safeguard health and avoid trouble by quitting both tea and coffee and using the famous pure food-drink

POSTUM

This delightful beverage is made of finest wheat, roasted with a little wholesome molasses, and while it has a delightful snappy taste, it contains only the nourishing goodness of the grain—no drug—no harmful ingredient whatever.

There are two forms of Postum. The original **Postum Cereal** must be boiled. **Instant Postum**—a soluble powder—is made in the cup with hot water—instantly! Both forms are equal in flavor, and cost about the same per cup.

Thousands of people have found the way to renewed health by a change from tea or coffee to Postum. There are no tea or coffee "questions" in Postum.

"There's a Reason"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Limited, Windsor, Ont.