Paper on Monday.

HOLIDAY.—In consequence day next being a holiday, no will be issued on that day from ce.

lph Evening Mercury

RDAY EVENING, AUGUST 24.

ationality Cry.--Lo! the Poor Scotchman!

echoed daily in a thousand by ten thousand tongues, that ve entered on a new phase of l existence, and it behooves all nd true men to sink all compar- petty, distinctive jealousies and teristics for the sake of the nd grand purpose of making nited Canadian empire strong, and glorious. And strange to ne are louder in this strain than ry men who above all others e lie to these pretended patri- otestations by utterances of a contrary nature. The latter eed from the heart, whilst the are only from the lips, and to e occasion and circumstance.

it remained for one of our local ogues, politically effete, and of hat tarnished public reputation, joys the somewhat suggestive ty of being the heartily rejected Ridings in Wellington, of dif- political complexion, to illus- this state of things. During ent harmless political palaver "Union" (?) candidates, at s, which was adorned by the eloquence of certain beardless from Guelph, this model pa- endeavoured to excite angry s and strife by raising a nation- "everybody against the Scotch the thing" says he. His old , a leal-hearted "son of the ," who gave him a lesson years s there it is true to confront d no doubt his presence added the flame of an otherwise se- d amiable temper. We are re that every really patriotic of every nationality in his ust loathe the malignant, re- nary spirit, which, whilst earn- salt among Englishmen, Irish- otchmen and Canadians, would our by such low clap-trap to nationality against another. sistent, however, and short- the illogical mind of this Esculapian, that he practi- rts his own lip-patriotism d on his hearers to com- their neighbours purely ere not born under the star as he fortunately always fall into their ecause they lack sound mit their passions to eir judgment.

ton and Gow, had they an opportunity that in a very few sentences ly demolished the un- patriotic position assumed demagogue. They might : You abuse us and our fel- ntrymen because of our na- , and endeavor to raise a hos- t against us without sense or or argument, but simply be- *are Scotchmen*. How un- , contemptible, how narrow- nd unpatriotic your attempt. me—nay, you make the state- hat Scotchmen are banded to- exclude those belonging to her nationality from position, power. The statement is d Dr. Clarke knew it at the ade it. What are the facts? North Riding of Wellington of our assertion. Who is it great majority of Scotchmen porting on principle but two —Mr. Foley and Mr. Mc- hilst, although they have a *two Scotchmen* who oppose ne claiming to be a High- boot—we mean Mr. Drew Beattie—they prefer on prin- oppose their countrymen and the two Irishmen against well as their countrymen, to Dr. Clarke, the Scotch to put down. This one would have been a sufficient tion to Dr. Clarke's unjust But we can give him more. ho are they on the Liberal the Centre Riding but three —Parker, Dobbin and Logh- re are the Scotchmen there? the Tories of Dr. Clarke's actually not content with ce from among these, out a *Scotchman*— l Should it come Riding, we fear- vast majority of will be found op- ymsn, and in fa- als. Then look we have an White—a Lib- tchman, Mr. ide of the aths of re

against their countrymen, and in favor of the Irish Liberal. Is this clannishness? Is this a blind, ignorant adherence to national prejudices, irrespective of principle? We leave every right-thinking, unprejudiced man to answer the question himself.

Such are a few of the inconsistencies of this model politician, who will in his blind party fury espouse the side even of a Scotchman if he be only of the right stamp politically or otherwise. But if he happens to be of the *other side*, then he is not *respectable*, then he is placed in the category of such narrow-minded, clannish individuals as those two "confounded Scotchmen"—Stirton and Gow—and must be opposed at all hazard because of their nationality.—"Poor Cowan" is an instance of the truth of this; for although a Scotchman of the purest kind, yet he is a *worthy man* in the Doctor's eyes because supporting the government, and that, let us remark, makes all the difference. Dr. Clarke is a very good type of others who talk such balderdash, and who are at present industriously using the nationality cry on whomsoever they think it will have any force. They know it—they dare not controvert the statement—that in this county Scotchmen, and especially Liberal Scotchmen, have not even a fair proportion of positions or places. At the risk of being tedious, let us prove it, and hereafter shut the mouths of those who employ such a contemptible falsehood to the injury of their fellow citizens: The Sheriff of the County is an Irishman; the Clerk of the Peace is an Englishman; the Registrar of the Surrogate Court is an Irishman; the County Attorney is a Canadian; the Clerk of the County Court is an Englishman; the Registrar, Treasurer and Judge are Scotchmen of the most approved Tory pattern, appointed by John A. himself. So that there is not a solitary *Scotch Reformer* amongst the County officials! Why, the very Postmaster and Police Magistrate of this town, both Conservatives, are Irishmen; the Town Clerk is an Englishman; the Town Council, composed of fifteen members, has, including the Mayor, only four of these despised Scotchmen to brag of or domineer over the rest, who are Englishmen, Irishmen, or Canadians. The very Clerk of the Town Market is an Englishman, and there is not a Scotch constable in the town! The Warden of the County is an Englishman; the Surgeon of the Gaol is an Englishman; the Court House Keepers are Englishmen. And yet in the face of such irrefragible proof, some men are so prejudiced, so narrow-minded, as to say, and circulate the calumny that the Scotch enjoy all the honors and places of trust—that they have got everything, and want to keep everything. Pray, what have they got, and what do they want now? Why, simply nothing more than what Englishmen and Irishmen voted for in 1857, to re-elect Mr. Stirton. And what wrong or crime was it for Mr. Gow's political friends—Englishmen, Irishmen and Scotchmen—to consider him worthy of filling the place of member of the Local House after he had been for two years our Mayor, and had before occupied other prominent positions, and done his share in building up the town and benefitting the County. In what sense is Mr. Leslie to be compared to him; did Mr. Gow ever do an unfair thing to a man, whatever might be his nationality? Even Dr. Clarke cannot point his finger on one act, and has even time and again eulogized him when it suited his purpose.

It is an unpleasant duty for us to discuss this subject It is a matter of deep regret that some evil spirits in a community should insidiously and persistently, but above all at such a time as this, revive the latent and now happily expiring prejudices which, however, still exist in the minds of some in regard to national jealousy. But it has been forced on us in such a way that we could not but advert to it and expose the hollowness and injustice of the charge. How weak must that cause be which requires the advocacy of national antagonisms in this our new Dominion, which, as we observed at the beginning of this article such patriots pretended they wanted so much to inaugurate free from all party blots or sectional strifes. The sensible man, the really loyal citizen who wishes well to his country, despises such petty, such despicable means to gain any object. We shall have a wretched apology of a country if there were many such bigots to put people by the ears, to rouse their passions, because they were born on this or that side of the Irish channel. We are proud to say that neither Mr. Stirton nor Mr. Gow ever enunciated or sanctioned such doctrines, but on every occasion denounced them as monstrous. They consider that no man should be condemned because of his creed, his nationality or his profession, and we trust they will ever support principles of this broad and catholic character—principles of which all good men approve and which are imperishable because they are founded on justice.—Such men the liberal-minded electors of South Wellington want as their representatives, and each in his own person will take an honest pride in having elevated them to the highest position in the gift of the people when the day of polling arrives.

Ministerial Promises.

The following concerning the hollow promises made by Ministers when they have their own ends to subserve, we take from the Hamilton *Times*. We do not select it on account of its originality, but simply because it brings fresh to our remembrance a truth, that forgetfulness of the past, or the excitement of the present may lead us to overlook.

"In the days of Francis Hincks, "Ministeral smiles" were worth *Money*, as Dr. Ryerson can testify: but at the present time they have lost their value, even Ministerial promises are of little account, and are not to be relied on. Nearly all those who are expecting official appointments *after the elections are over*, and give an active or passive support to the two Coalition Governments, in that expectation, will be doomed to bitter disappointment. We are informed that one Minister has promised the same office to twelve different individuals. Other ministers, doubtless, have been equally profuse in the inducements they hold out to gain support. We would, therefore, advise hungry expectants who have axes to grind, to moderate the ardor of their hopes, in order that they may ultimately feel less poignantly the pangs of disappointment. However, to prevent them from falling into utter despondency, and to give them a "hook to hang a hope upon," we would state that out of every ten thousand applicants for office it has been ascertained that one is sure to succeed. Each expectant may, therefore, conclude that on an average the chances are in his favor as one to ten thousand."

PERSONALITIES.—We are continually receiving communications from parties, relating to the present contest, and to those who are taking an active part in opposition to the Reform candidates, but as personalities are indulged we cannot insert them. The cause of the Tory candidates must be in a desperate state when their organ has to resort daily to vile abuse of individuals; and that the *Advertiser* does this, no person who reads it day by day can deny. We would, however, just give the proprietor of that delectable sheet fair warning, that if he presist in pandering to the base appetites of his patrons by holding up respectable men to their ridicule, we shall be compelled in self defence to give the *Advertiser*, and those who contribute the scurrilous articles, such a ventilation as they will not readily forget. "People who live in glass houses should not throw stones," and the glass in the *Advertiser's* house is remarkably brittle in its nature. It is only papers of the lowest and most degraded kind, such as are published to please that portion of society known as "the dregs," that would condescend to such a course as that pursued by a journal, which by its late efforts has rendered itself notorious for falsehood and slanders; and by its attempts and those of its *proteges* to injure respectable men has rendered itself a perfect nuisance and a disgrace to the town in which it is published.

The Austrian journals have been for some time past insisting on the necessity of reducing the number of religious holidays. One of them states that, during the month of June last, the population of Pusterthal, in the Tyrol, had 15 days' cessation from work.

It is said that when Lord Lyttelton handed in his amendment to the Reform Bill, disfranchising all who cannot write a legible hand, the clerk was obliged to beg the favor of his Lordship's assistance in deciphering the specimen of caligraphy laid before him.

☞ Yesterday afternoon, the race on the Hamilton course for $1000, came off between "Dexter" and "Bolly Lewis"—"Dexter" to harness, and "Lewis" to saddle, and was won by "Dexter" in three straight heats. Time, 2-27, 2-22 and 2-25.

☞ Mr. John Shuter Smith has withdrawn from the contest in East Durham.

WELLAND.—Mr. T. C. Street was yesterday elected by acclamation for Welland for the House of Commons. Messrs. W. Beatty, J. Pew and Charles Rykert were nominated for the Legislature of Ontario.

WEST YORK.—The nomination took place at Weston yesterday. Hon. W. P. Howland and Mr. H. Seymour Hubertus were nominated for the House of Commons. Dr. Edward Bull and Messrs. Thomas Graham and W. Tyrrell were nominated for the Local Legislature.

☞ We said some time ago that the notorious, if not famous, Dr. Hunter was going to present himself as a candidate for the representation of the County of Russel. Since then the doctor has resigned all intention of so doing, and it is said that he will immediately return to England.

The New York papers are aghast at the financial prospect before the people of the Empire State. $65,000,000 of State debt and $85,000,000 of municipal debt is the entertainment provided for them, besides their share of the public debt. $26,000,000 has lately been added to the debt of the State, that amount being due for military bounties. The government of the State involves an annual charge of $35,000,000, while in 1848 the State expenses were only $750,000.

The midge is making its appearance in the spring wheat in the township of Arthur.

NOMINATIONS IN TORONTO.—The nominations for East and West Toronto took place at noon on Friday. In the East Messrs. Woods, Aikens, Beatty and Allen were proposed for the House of Commons. All were well received. Messrs. M. C. Cameron and James Stock were next proposed for the Local. Everything passed off quietly. About 15,000 were present in West Toronto. Messrs. Harrison and Macdonald were nominated for the Commons, and Wallis and Crooks for the Local Legislature. About 10,000 were present. Both sides are very confident of victory. Several other candidates were nominated, but retired in favor of the above gentlemen. Sir John A. Macdonald was present at the nomination. The candidates were allowed half an hour for their speeches. Two or three pugilistic encounters occurred among the crowd.

WHAT ENDANGERS THE UNION.—It is true that the Confederated Union is in danger. But not from Howe or Lanctot, or Sandfield, or any other of its avowed enemies. Our ship of State is running fast upon a rock, but the pilots are straining their eyes through glasses in another direction. The truth is that the Union is in danger from extravagance and corruption. Already a fear permeates every class of society that the complicated machinery of the new Government is going to press down the people with a fearful burden of taxation. Go where you will, in the city or through the country, the same undefined dread of approaching taxgatherers is felt by all. The people on Dominion Day rejoiced over the accomplishment of Confederation. But when the bonfires were all burned down, and the last rocket sent up, and the last firecracker popped off, a prescience of coming danger seems to have settled upon the public mind. The country has had enough of Coalition. That of '54 doubled the debt of the Province in four or five years. Give us a Coalition with an overwhelming majority in Parliament, and a railway to build, and we will show you a country rushing to bankruptcy and ruin as fast as reckless managers can drive it. *Ottawa Daily News, Conservative.*

An Irish absentee is said to have sent this confronting message to his steward—"Tell the tenants that no threats to shoot you will terrify me.

New Advertisements.

The Queen's Book.

THE QUEEN'S BOOK has just been received

At DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

Opposite the Market.

Guelph, 25th August, 1867.

HEIFER LOST.

STRAYED from a field adjoining Mr. Sleeman's Brewery, on the Waterloo Road, a two year old heifer, white, with red spots. Any person finding her will be rewarded by the owner.

C. WILSON, Waterloo Road.

Guelph, 24th August, 1867. d3in

DOG LOST.

LOST on Thursday evening a small black and tan dog, with white spot on breast. Answers to the name of "Carlo." Any one returning it will be suitably rewarded.

JOHN McNEIL, Quebec-St.

Guelph, Aug. 24, 1867. d tf

FARM WANTED.

WANTED to rent, and ultimately to purchase, a farm of about 200 acres, in the neighborhood of Guelph, with suitable builings and good pasture land.

A. B., Post Office, Guelph.

Guelph, 24th August, 1867. 2t1w

TOWNSHIP OF GUELPH.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of Guelph Township will be held at Lillie's Junction Hotel, Elora Road, on

WEDNESDAY, 28th INST.,

at 8 o'clock, when Messrs. **STIRTON and GOW,** and other Gentlemen, will address the meeting. All are cordially invited to attend.

Guelph, 23nd August, 1867

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR sale, a bush farm in the Township of Garafraxa, being East half of Lot 18, Con. 5, consisting of 100 acres. It is well watered, and there is access to it by good roads. The land cannot be surpassed in quality. The lot is about 20 miles from Guelph, 9 miles from Elora, 6 miles from Fergus, 3 miles from Douglas, and about 14 miles Orangeville. When the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railroad, and the Toronto Central Railroad are finished, it will lie between the two lines of railroad. Cash price $2,000. For particulars apply (post-paid) to

ROBERT CAMPBELL,
87 Sumach-st., Toronto.

Guelph, 24th Aug., 1867. 3m

NEW PAINT SHOP.

W. NOBLE

WOULD intimate to the citizens of Guelph and surrounding country generally, that he is prepared to execute

Painting in Every Branch!

With Cheapness, Neatness and Despatch.

☞ Shop on Douglass Street, first door North of Coffee's Victoria Hotel.

Guelph, 24th Aug., 1867. dw2m

TO PRINTERS.

WANTED at this office a young lad who has a knowledge of setting type. Apply at once at the MERCURY OFFICE.

Guelph, 22rd Aug., 1867.

KEY LOST.

THE party who took away the key of the Wellington Hotel Dining Room on Wednesday night last will please return it, or Chief Constable Kelly will be acquainted with his name.

Guelph, 23rd August, 1867.

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED, by a young man, (married,) a Situation, has had several years experience in the grain business, is a good accountant, and can bring unexceptionable references. Guelph preferred. Address post-paid

Box 179, Guelph P.O.

Guelph, August 21, 1867. dw-tf

Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT,

No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street.

Guelph, July 31, 1867. (dw) D. MOLTON

MISS WHYTE'S CLASSES

WILL commence on MONDAY, the 2nd of September, 1867. A first-class DRAWING Teacher in attendance.

uelph 18th July, 1867.

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR sale or to rent, a house and lot of five acres, with or without the crop, situated near to Judge Macdonald's. Apply to

GEO. SMITH, Collector.

Guelph, 15th Aug., 1867. dw-1m

GENTLEMEN'S

Travelling Satchels

JUST RECEIVED!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Gentlemen's Travelling Satchels,

At DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Guelph, 21st Aug., 1867.

Apprentices Wanted.

WANTED, three apprentices to the tailoring business. Enquire at

JOHN HILL'S, Merchant Tailor,

Guelph, 30th July, 1867. Quebec Street.

STONE HOUSE TO LET

TO LET in the West Ward, near St. Andrew's Church, a stone House containing 11 Rooms, with stable, wood shed, yard room, hard and soft water, and every other convenience. The house is comfortable and finished in first-class style.

Enquire at THE MERCURY Office, Macdonnell-St.

Guelph, 20th August, 1867. d 1w

STORE to LET in ACTON

A COMMODIOUS STORE and Dwelling House in Acton, situate in a good locality for business. This presents a favourable opening for a Dry Goods or General Store. Apply to

W. DARLING & CO., Montreal,
or W. H. STOREY, Acton.

August 3rd, 1867. d-tf

DAILY GLOBE copy till forbid.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of Brooke Lamprey

AN INSOLVENT.

A MEETING of the Creditors of the said Insolvent will be held at the Law Office of Messrs Blair & Guthrie, in the Town of Guelph, on Monday the 26th day of August, 1867, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of giving me their advice as to the course to be pursued to realize the Estate of the Insolvent.

Dated at Guelph, in the County of Wellington, this 12th day of August, A. D., 1867.

JAMES MASSIE, Assignee.

TOWN OF GUELPH.

V. R.

PROCLAMATION

PETER GOW, ESQ., MAYOR.

PURSUANT to the instructions of His Worship the Mayor, and a numerously signed requisition of the Storekeepers and others of the Town of Guelph, notice is hereby given that

MONDAY, 26th AUGUST,

Will be observed as a

Public Holiday!

Merchants and others occupying public places of business are respectfully requested to keep them closed on that day, so that their employees may enjoy the Holiday aforesaid,

JAMES HOUGH, Town Clerk.

Town Clerk's Office, Aug. 22nd, 1867.

Great Western Railway.

GUELPH ANNUAL

HOLIDAY!

CHEAP

Pleasure Excursion!

TO

SUSP. BRIDGE.

On Monday 26th August,

A SPECIAL Passenger Train will leave

Guelph at 6.30 a.m	Galt at 7.20 a. m
Hespeler 6.55 "	Branchton 7.40.
Preston 7.05 "	Harrisburg 8.00

For Suspension Bridge. Returning, will leave Suspension at 5 p. m.

TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP

TWO DOLLARS EACH.

Children under three and over twelve years of age Half-price.

☞ Excursion Tickets (which can only be purchased at the Company's Ticket Offices) will be on sale from Friday 23rd August.

Passengers paying on the cars will be charged full fares.

Excursion Tickets will not be accepted on any other than Excursion Trains.

Passengers are requested not to stand on the steps or platforms of the Cars, nor attempt to get on or off while the train is in motion.

THOMAS SWINYARD,
General Manager.

G.W. R. Offices, 20th Aug., 1867.

FOR SALE.

FOR sale, the unexpired term of a first-class Hotel in Guelph, or a partnership therein.—The furniture to be taken at a valuation. For particulars apply to

McLENNAN & O'CONNOR
Solicitors, &c., No. 8, Day's Block, Guelph.

Guelph, 15th Aug., 1867.

MONEY TO LEND.

THE Subscriber has money to lend on first-class farm security, at 8 per cent. half-yearly. The security must be undoubted, both as to title and value. Loan to be re-paid by yearly instalments, no commission charged, and expenses moderate. Apply personally, or by letter, post-paid, to

G. S. PAPPS, Barrister, &c., Hamilton

Hamilton August 3, 1867. daw-1m

Insolvent Act of 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS.

In the matter of RICHARD HARPER, the younger,

AN INSOLVENT.

A Dividend sheet has been prepared subject to objection, until the twenty-eighth day of September, 1867.

EDWIN NEWTON, Official Assignee.

Guelph, August 21, 1867. 2w

PETRIE'S CHOLERA AND Diarrhœa Remedy!

AN unparalleled remedy for

Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentry, and Summer Complaints.

All the above diseases can be cured by the timely use of this remedy.

Particular Attention

Must be given to the premonitory symptoms—especially Diarrhœa, and if taken in time, few cases will result fatally.

☞ Every Family should be provided with a bottle.

Price - - - 25 Cents per Bottle.

Compounded and Sold by

ALEX. B. PETRIE,
Chemist, Market Square, Guelph.

July 22, 1867. daw tf

DR GUY'S ENGLISH CHOLERA REMEDY

IS the only medicine when taken as a specific

For Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, &c.

Is quick and certain in its action, pleasant to take, and never fails to cure. Don't trust to Pain Killers and other trash, but get a bottle of GUY'S Great English Remedy.

☞ Sold wholesale and retail by Lyman, Elliot & Co., Toronto; Winn & Co., Hamilton; N. Higinbotham, A. B. Petrie, E. Harvey, and J. Holden, Guelph, and retailed by all medicine dealers. For testimonials see circulars and wrappers.

Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw 2m)

NEW FRUITS

PEACHES,
APPLES,
PEARS,
TOMATOES, &c.

arriving d at the Fruit Depot.

HUGH WALKER,
Opposite the English Church, Wyndham-st., Guelph.

Guelph, 17th Aug., 1867.

TEA, COFFEE!

TEA!

SUPERIOR QUALITY

AND FINE FLAVOR.

AT JOHN A. WOOD'S.

Guelph, Aug. 12. dtf

Belfast Ginger Ale!

AT BERRY'S.

Guelph, June 13, 1867. 712 tf

ROCKWOOD COMMERCIAL, MATHEMATICAL AND CLASSICAL ACADEMY.

The Thirty-Fourth Semi-Annual Session commences on the 15th August.

THIS Institution is better located, more economical, and presents a more thorough, varied and extensive curriculum of studies than any other private institution in the Dominion, comprising—

1st.—A thorough English Education, including the higher mathematics, with special reference to the wants of first-class Teachers at the present time.

2nd—A complete Commercial course, affording instructions of the most practical kind in every department of Book-keeping, as Banking, Steamboat and Railroading, Domestic and Foreign Shipping, Commission, Exchange, Business correspondence and routine, Commercial Law and Arithmetic, Plain and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

3rd.—A preparatory Classical course for the University or the professions.

The best of references given if required.

Pupils received at any time during the session.

TERMS—Tuition, board, and washing, $30 per teaching quarter. Classics, $10 each per annum extra.

Send for a Circular.

McCAIG & McMILLAN.

August 1 1867. daw 1m

Notice to Contractors

SEALED TENDERS

WILL be received by the undersigned at his office in the Town Hall, Guelph, until 12 o'clock, noon,

On Monday, 2nd Sept. next,

for the construction of the Guelph, Elmira and Peel

GRAVEL ROAD

Plans, specifications and form of tender can be seen upon application to Mr. Hobson, who will remain at his office on the 20th, 21st and 22nd next, for the purpose of giving information to parties desirous of tendering for the work.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any other tender.

CHARLES DAVIDSON,
Secretary and Treasurer,
G. E. and P. G. Road Co.,

Town Hall, Guelph, 5th Aug., 1867. td

Harvest Gloves,

HARVEST GLOVES.

A QUANTITY of Superior Harvest Gloves for sale

Wholesale at No. 3, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street,

And also by retail at the principal stores in the Town. They are strongly made, and cheap.

D. MOLTON.

Guelph, August 3, 1867 1wd2w

MRS. BUDD'S SCHOOL.

MRS. WM. BUDD'S pupils will re-assemble on Monday the 19th of August. Music, French and Drawing by first-class teachers.

Norfolk-st., Guelph, 1st Aug., 1867. (dw-1m)