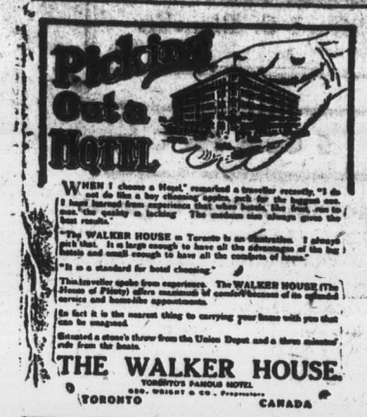

THE ABBEY BELLS.

Westminster's Peal is Now a Full Octave.

The bells of Westminster Abbey, which, except on rare occasions of historic importance, have been silent for a long period of years, rang out again on the occasion of the King's birthday, at the close of an impressive dedication service, conducted by the Dean of Westminster.

But the peal was different from any due to the Abbey bell-ringers in previous times. For the first time in history, the famous Abbey possesses a full octave of eight bells, and bravely and merrily the Victory peal sounded.

Six bells had been the number of the peal ever since the Abbey had a tower in which to hang them. They were used to celebrate the armistice, the last occasion on which they were rung, and before that, on the Coronation days of King George and King Edward. Recently, however, some anonymous donors offered to renovate the old peal, and add the bells necessary to make the Abbey the possessor of a full octave.

The offer was received with gratitude by the Dean, and two of the old bells were re-cast and two new ones added.

At the close of the morning service on June 3rd the congregation passed to the northwest tower, and there the Dean formally dedicated the bells in the following terms: "In the faith of Jesus Christ, and in hope of the world's peace, we dedicate the bells now hung in the tower, as well as those newly cast as those that, being old, have been renovated and hung afresh to the Glory of God and for the replenishing of this Church of St. Peter's in Westminster."

The Dean then signalled to the belfry by pulling a light cord, and the bells immediately rang out their peal.

The generous donors of the new bells were present at the ceremony, the Dean afterwards declared, but had not yet released him from the pledge of preserving their anonymity.

Minard's Linament Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—This fall I got thrown on a fence and hurt my chest very bad, so I could not work and it hurt me to breathe. I tried all kinds of Liniments and they did me no good.

One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT, warmed on flannels and applied on my breast, cured me completely.

C. H. COSSABOOM,
Rossway, Digby Co., N. S.

BRITISH SUBMARINES.

They Are the Best to Be Found Anywhere.

Prying submarine facts out of the British Admiralty is something like—well, it simply can't be done! Oh, they will all talk, these very polite Admiralty people, but they first find out if you "play cricket" (English for being "on the level") and then they bind you to secrecy. You must not tell. The Admiralty does not want submarines too much talked about.

There seems to be a general impression abroad in the world that Germany had almost a monopoly on submarine devising, and that the rest of the world stood by in amazement or humbly followed in the master's footsteps. This, of course, is "all rot" as any British submarine officer will tell you.

And he makes no bones at all of saying that the 160 or so sub-surface boats which Germany has surrendered contain no "secrets" not known already to British officers, and one of them at least volunteered the information that the plans for many a German submarine had been seen and examined before ever there was one captured of the same type — which would seem to indicate, if true, that Germany had no monopoly of secret service efficiency!

Britain started with some 80 submarines, built about 180 during the war and lost about 60 — probably largely by mines before the anti-mine device, whatever it is, came into being. During this building campaign she developed ideas of her own which Germany never dreamed of—the M1, for instance, which is a 1,700-ton submarine carrying a 12-inch gun. No, I am not romancing—the M1 exists. She was built for the Dardanelles operations, and while she was completed too late for that purpose, she was a technical success. She fires, of course, only fore and aft, the gun having a traverse of perhaps six degrees and only a moderate elevation. Nor does she use a full charge, but sends her 620-pound shell a maximum of 15,000 yards. The M1 carries a couple of tubes and anti-aircraft gun.

There is a wide divergence of opinion to be heard regarding the disposition of the surrendered submarine fleet. Admiralty officers not connected with the submarine service generally think the submarine should be abolished and the surrendered boats sunk or distributed to various nations simply as exhibits and curiosities. "Of course," they will tell you, "our fellows can play the game and did play it— we torpedoed no helpless merchantmen and shelled no open boats with defenceless women and children, nor stood by and laughed while enemy crews drowned! But other people, apparently, can't. And if they can't, then the submarine ought to be abolished."—Scientific American.

Dr. Martels Female Pills
For Womens Ailments

A scientifically prepared remedy of proven worth, recommended by physicians. Sold for nearly half century in Patented Tin Hinge Cover Box with Signature "Knickerbocker Remedy Co." across side. Accept no other. At your Druggist or by Mail Direct from our Canadian Agents, Lyman Bros. & Co. Ltd., Toronto, Can. upon receipt of price $2.00.

DIVORCE GRANTED

After many years of patient suffering you can be divorced from corns by applying Putnam's Corn Extractor, which acts in 24 hours without pain. Refuse a substitute because "Putnam's" is the remedy that is safe and painless, 25c per bottle at all dealers.

A Woman's Mite.

The poor woman's mite was well illustrated during the last Feed the Guns campaign in London. The story is told that while the Mayor of Shoreditch was standing one day in the street holding in his hand a cheque for £21,000, sent to him by a war factory, a poor woman gave him a shilling to invest in war bonds. "It is all I have," she said, "but you are welcome to it to feed the guns and help the boys." The mayor accepted the shilling, and the papers published a notice to the effect that if the investor would call at Shoreditch town hall she would be provided with a war savings certificate. The actual shilling, however, is being mounted to be kept at Shoreditch as a token of the patriotism of its people.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Gas Warfare Among Savages.

As is well known the Germans were anticipated by some savage tribes in the use of poisonous gas for war purposes. Nature quotes authorities to show that tribes like the Tuinamba and Guaranis of the Brazil littoral and on the Rio Parana used poisonous gases in attacking fortified villages. Men went in front of the attacking party, each holding a pan with embers in the other. When the wind was against the Spaniards they sprinkled the embers on the peppers. This was also done in attacks on the Spaniards in Venezuela. In some way pepper was largely used in exorcising demons and evil spirits. The use of this pepper, known as Anji, would soon be discovered by these Indians, who cultivated the plant extensively. It was only necessary for some one to upset a basin of Aji into the fire and a hut would soon be cleared of its occupants. The use of the smoke in warfare would be a natural development.

RED HOT JULY DAYS HARD ON THE BABY

July—the month of oppressive heat; red hot days and sweltering nights, is extremely hard on little ones. Diarrhoea, dysentry, colic and cholera infantum carry off thousands of precious little lives every summer. The mother must be constantly on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they come on suddenly to fight them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during the hot summer as is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the bowels and stomach, and an occasional dose given to the well child will prevent summer complaint, or if the trouble does come suddenly will banish it. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cts. a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

AID TO SLIM DINNER

May Be Given by a Satisfying Soup.

Slim dinners sometimes occur in the best regulated households, but with a little forethought on the part of the housewife they may be expanded to adequate proportions with a minimum of trouble and expense. A satisfying soup, an appetizing bit of salad and a hearty pudding flank the slim meat or fish dish and make it seem quite ample.

The soup, however, is the most potent factor in the suggested trio of amplifiers, thus becoming the point of concentration in giving first aid to the slim dinner. The satisfying soup is not necessarily a meat or heavy cream soup; it may be a light soup, of white stock or vegetables or even fish, providing it has an appropriate edible garnish. These garnishes are not as much used here as they are in other countries, for they are easy to make and give a pleasing variety to the soups.

These so-called garnishes are not for looks, but make a soup a satisfying part of the meal and so lessen the expense of the meat course or eliminate it entirely, and include the various kinds of dumplings, forcemeat balls, jellied meat, fish or vegetables, cut in squares; toasted or fried bread squares, poached puffs of different kinds, poached eggs, sliced hard-boiled eggs, marconi pastes, cereals, spinach balls, vegetables and filled grapeleaf packets.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Send Your Cream
TO THE
Best Market in Canada

We supply cans and pay express. Cash weekly.
Write for cans now.
Don't let your biggest month go by without taking advantage of our prices.
Representatives wanted in every locality; write us.

H.N.CARR & CO., Ltd.
193 King St. East Hamilton, Ont

The Regent Diamond

There is an interesting story told of the great Regent diamond, now owned by the French government. Thomas Pitt, the grandfather of the great William Pitt, Lord Chatham, purchased the stone while governor for the East India Company, and sent it to England in charge of his son Robert.

Pitt first heard of it in the summer of 1701, and about December of that year Jamchund, one of the best known native merchants, brought the diamond to him at Madras, and offered to sell it for two hundred thousand pagodas. Pitt would not offer him more than thirty thousand, so the negotiations came to a close. In February Jamchund offered Pitt the diamond for one hundred thousand pagodas. Pitt beat him down to fifty-five thousand and raised his own offer to forty-five thousand. Jamchund would not agree, and they took a friendly leave.

An hour later Jamchund reappeared and offered the diamond for fifty thousand pagodas. Pitt raised his offer to forty-seven thousand five hundred pagodas. Jamchund, after long haggling, came down to forty-eight thousand—about $100,000— and Pitt closed with him.

According to modern ideas, Pitt's "grand affair," as he called it, conducted by a man in his position, might be regarded as one of doubtful propriety. But the company raised no objection, their only fear being that Pitt's purchase might bring them into collision with the native authorities.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

Pitt calculated that when the diamond was cut it would weigh about 300 carats and be worth £450, which he declared was "cheap as neck beef." Some monarch, he thought, would be the "fairest chapman" for it; and he preferred that it should be purchased for the crown of England. For the English crown he would make some abatement, but under no circumstances was it to be sold "to a club of people that shall make more advantage of it than myselfe, who have run the greatest of risks to purchase it."

In 1703 these risks began to grow more serious. Never was man more tormented by a treasure. His letters from India palpitate with his fears. He dreaded being robbed by his own agents. Having intrusted it to his son Robert and Sir Stephen Evance, he subsequently ordered them to hand it to his cousin, George Pitt. About Robert he wrote:

"I am not a little jealous too of my sone, who has already had too bold with me on several occasions; therefore pray take care now that he does not strip me."

Rumors affecting Evance's credit threw him into an agony of alarm. Bitter too was his disappointment when he found that the stone had been reduced by cutting from 410 to 137 carats.

In 1706 it was ready for sale—a "glorious sight"—but no purchaser appeared. Pitt grew seriously concerned his anxiety being increased by the growing fame of the jewel. His movements became uncertain and mysterious; he often went about in disguise and he redoubled his precautions for the safekeeping of the treasure.

Finally, in 1717, the Duke of Orleans regent during the infancy of Louis XV., agreed to buy it for the French Crown. Pitt, accompanied by his sons and his son-in-law, Charles Cholmondeley, carried it over to Charles; where it was delivered to the jeweller appointed to receive it. Pitt in a letter to his son Robert wrote:

"I cannot help impertinent fools meddling with my busyness that they had nothing to do with. The stone was sold for 2,000,000 livres (£135,000). I received the third of the money, and the remainder in four payments, every six months, with 5 per cent. interest; for security of which I have Crown jewels, four parcells, one to be delivered at each payment."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

A $10,000 LIQUOR INSPECTOR.

(London Advertiser.)

The provincial official who directs the Government liquor dispensaries now in operation in several centres of population is said to receive a salary of $10,000, and after the showing made before the Meredith commission in connection with the Ayearst charges this seems to be "a bit thick."

What heavy honor, what crushing responsibility, what technical knowledge falls upon or is demanded of this official that he should receive ten times the average wage paid in this province, in addition to traveling expenses. With local inspectors and official vendors in charge of the Government's stores, is there $10,000 worth of inspecting to be performed by a Government employee whose salary as Grand Custodian of the Barrel is greater than that of the Minister of Education by $4,000 and greater than that of the Premier of Ontario by $1,000. Is there a minister of the gospel, a school teacher, a college professor (certainly not a newspaper editor) who gets as much salary as the travelling overseer of the Imperial Quart? Even the members of the Provincial license commission, not even Mr. Ayearst himself can approach this gentleman for affluence, and apparently for influence.

Wonder what his politics was before he entered into the task of High Chief Tester. Also his party service in the past and his pull at Toronto? And just how many of the $200 fines imposed under the O.T.A. go to make up his salary?

The liquor business as conducted by the Ontario Government must be a highly lucrative profession when such a $10,000 plum is handed out to a chief of inspectors. The moral appears to be: Become a bartender and get a start to one of the largest salaries in Ontario.

TOUGH MEATS

Meat may be cooked in water in a number of ways without being allowed to reach the boiling point. With the ordinary kitchen range this is accomplished by cooking on the cooler part of the stove rather than on the hottest part, directly over the fire.

Experience with a gas stove, particularly if it has a small burner known as a "simmerer," usually enables the cook to maintain temperatures which are high enough to sterilize the meat if it has become accidentally contaminated in any way and to make it tender without hardining the fibres.

The double boiler would seem to be a neglected utensil for this purpose. Its contents can easily be kept up to a temperature of 200 degrees F., and nothing will burn. Another method is by means of the fireless cooker. In this a high temperature can be maintained for a long time without the application of fresh heat

Still another method is by means of a closely covered baking dish. Earthenware dishes of this kind suitable for serving foods as well as for cooking are known as casseroles. For cooking purposes a baking dish covered with a saucer may be substituted.

The Aladdin oven has long been popular for the purpose of preserving temperatures which are near the boiling point and yet do not reach it. It is a thoroughly insulated oven which may be heated either by a kerosene lamp or a gasjet.

In this some of the toughest and least promising pieces of meat are made delicious.

A Labor Saving Combination

"IT is the last straw that breaks the camel's back." So runs the old proverb. And it is the little *extra* efforts which tire you out on wash-day.

Eddy's
Indurated Fibreware
Washtubs *and* Washboards

form a combination which save you much extra labor. Indurated Fiberware tubs are much easier to lift and to move about. They keep the water hot for a much longer space of time, because they do not conduct heat as metal does. They are easier to keep clean, because they are made in one piece without joint or seam, and the hard, glazed surface is impervious to liquids or odors. And they cost no more. Last longer, too.

Eddy's Twin Beaver Washboard has a double rubbing surface of Indurated Fibreware which loosens the dirt quickly and saves many tiresome motions.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Also makers of the Famous Eddy Matches B-7

Get This, Girls.

For ironing laces and dainty fabrics an iron has been brought out in England in the form of a polished steel roller fitted with electric heating units.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Gramatski.

The story of an original German spy is told by Le Mercure de France. It appears that this man, Gramatski, condemned to imprisonment by the Norwegian courts, and doing time in his cell, wrote an advanced mathematical treatise and composed an opera. Owing to his good conduct his sentence was reduced by half, and he was about to be liberated when he begged to be allowed to finish his sentence, declaring that he was engaged on a translation of Lund's treatise on mathematics, a work of national importance. Gramatski offered to play some of the airs of his opera on the flute for the entertainment of the court, but the court did not appear particularly inclined to hear them. The Norwegian authorities are considering what had best be done with Gramatski.

Clues to His Writing.

Sometimes the worst of handwriting becomes intelligible when one grasps the rules, for a man's script, particularly an author's—is frequently made difficult, chiefly by his deliberate or unconscious version of the accepted rules of calligraphy. Henry Ward Beecher had a daughter who acted as copyist, and she read him with ease simply by remembering three principles—that in her father's manuscript no dotted letter was meant for an "i," no crossed letter stood for "t" and that no capital letter ever began a sentence.

If After Eating You Have Pain Stomach Needs Aid

Specialists who have devoted their lives to the treatment of stomach ailments now tell us that many people who complain about their stomachs have no stomach ailment at all.

You may suffer from bloating gas, sourness and other unpleasant symptoms. If so your best course is to tone up the bowels with a reliable vegetable remedy like Dr. Hamilton's Pills. This old-time family medicine is a wonderful corrective of all digestive and stomach disorders.

There is no mystery about the quick effect you get from Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They simply supply the additional aid required by the system to enable it to do its work correctly.

You'll enjoy your meals, digest everything you eat, look better, feel better, be free from headaches, constipation and indigestion, all these benefits come to all that use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Every man or woman with a stomach ill is advised to spend 25c on a box of this wonderful vegetable remedy.

Knew the Anecdote.

Dr. Harrison Allan, treasurer of the Bible Society of America, said in an address recently: "We find a deplorable ignorance of the Bible even among the higher classes. When, now and then, we meet some one who possesses a little biblical knowledge, he or she is apt to be ridiculously proud about it. A young millionaire and his wife were once talking to me about a visit they had made to the famous picture gallery of the Prado in Spain. 'What did you like best in the Prado?' I asked. 'A Correggio,' said the husband—'a Correggio of Adam and Eve in the garden with the apple and the serpent.' Then the young wife looked at me with a superior air and added: 'Yes, that interested us especially, because, you see, we knew the anecdote.'"

Earthquakes in Italy.

Statistics gathered in Italy throw some light on the question of the relative frequency of earthquakes by day and by night. It has been alleged that the supposed greater frequency of nocturnal quakes is only apparent, being due to the fact that quiet conditions at night makes the shocks more readily perceptible. It, appears, however, that considering only these shocks which were so intense that they could not have escaped notice at any hour, 865 occurred during the twelve night hours.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

ISSUE NO. 29, 1919

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

EXPERIENCED WORKING HOUSEkeeper, two in family, no washing, all conveniences. C. J. Myles, Coal Office, Hamilton, Ont.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

40 ACRES OF APPLE ORCHARD ON a 70-acre farm, young bearing trees; select varieties; situated on the beautiful Bay of Quinte, Prince Edward County. The finest apple belt in the province. Write for particulars, photo, etc. Address Box 267, Picton, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE

63 ACRES — ADJOINING ONTARIO Agricultural College, Guelph; clay loam; bank barn, 2 silos, 2 dwellings, other buildings; one hundred and twenty-five per acre. Also two hundred acres, same district; excellent soil, all under cultivation, except twenty acres hardwood; bank barn seventy by ninety; hog pens, sheep pens; nine-roomed dwelling; seventy per acre. R. L. McKinnon, Box 99, Guelph.

MISCELLANEOUS

SEND a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

AUTO OWNERS AND MECHANICS. Don't lose your tools. Stamp your name on every one and be insured against loss and theft; We will make for you a Stamp hand cut from tool steel, it will last a life time; send 30c for each letter of your name and 10c postage. If only your initials are required send $1.00. Crown Stamp & Die Works, Waterdown, Ontario.

NURSING.

NURSING—NURSES EARN $15 TO $25 a week. Learn without leaving home. Send for free booklet. Royal College of Science, Dept. 124, Toronto, Canada.

HOME BUILDERS.

Write for Free Book of House Plans, and information telling how to save from two to four hundred dollars on your new home. Address, Halliday Company, 21 Jackson Street East, Haminton, Ontario

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—MOVING PICTURE MACHINE, reels, slides, screen, electric attachment, gas tank and outfit; will exchange for medium size gasoline launch in good condition. Address Box 27, Kearney, Ont.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

HOUSE WITH EVERY CONVENience in village of Grimsby. Steam heated, car stops at door. Would consider exchange for same or smaller place between Stoney Crook and Brantford. Apply, Box 366, Grimsby, Ont.

A ROMANCE-FILLED SEA.

One of the Historic Centres of the Orient.

Surely nowhere else in the world, writes F. B. Bradley-Birt in "Through Persia," is there an arm of the sea so fraught with historic memories as that which guards the approach to Persia on the south. Quitting India at Karachi, one sails straight out into another world, a world of Oriental despotism and old romance.

Even at the outset, as one crosses the Arabian Sea, historic memories crowd thick upon one. This way from the Indus, at whose mouth lies Karachi, sailed Nearchus, admiral of the great Alexander, in the fourth century before Christ, leaving so careful a record of his voyage that its course along the northern shores can still be traced to-day.

From the opposite end of the gulf, from Busrah in Arabia, 12 centuries later came Sinbad the Sailor, of wide renown, on his seven voyages of far-famed adventure to furnish nursery tales for all time to come.

Early in the sixteenth century there suddenly appeared upon the scene the high-poped vessels of the Portuguese, first of European nations here as elsewhere in the rush for empire in the new worlds, east and west.

Then at the beginning of the seventeenth century there followed in the wake of the Portuguese the British and the Dutch, eager to rob the earliest pioneers of their hard-won laurels and wrest from them the empire of the seas. From time to time the French appeared like meteors amidst the clash of warring elements, making spasmodic efforts to share the spoil and plunder of this new world of wealth, the fame of which, magnified a hundredfold in Oriental flower of speech, had spread far and wide over the west.

Throughout the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries this coveted arm of the sea was the constant scene of strife from end to end. With varying fortunes the Portuguese, clinging with dogged tenacity to the first footholds they had won, held their own for 150 years. For a time the Dutchmen swept the seas. Then the British succeeded to the supremacy of the gulf.

A Great Seismograph.

Work has been begun at the geological laboratory of the University of Chicago on a new seismograph, one of the four largest in the United States. Earthquake shocks in any part of the globe will be recorded by the instrument, whose base will be in a circular concrete column sunk eighty feet into the earth and ten feet into bed rock.—Pathfinder.

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KINGSTON, ONTARIO

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26 GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar.