

One Cent Brings It

WOULD YOU LIKE TO READ THE STORY OF THE FURNACE?

Just how correct principles say it should be constructed?

Just why no other plan of construction will do?

Just wherein lies its ability to be easy on fuel, quick in action, simple in operation?

The story is briefly told in a little booklet called "Furnace Facts." It's not an advertisement. No furnace name is mentioned, and you can read the whole story in 5 minutes.

Take the party contemplating purchasing a furnace it points out the traps and pitfalls, and shows exactly what to demand of an architect, contractor or dealer, in furnace construction and installation.

McClary's

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PEART BROS. HARDWARE CO. Ltd. Local Agent

FREE TEXT BOOKS AND SEED GRAIN

Government Want Contract for Books Ratified—Seed Grain Securities Discussed in the Assembly.

One of the most important bills that has come before the legislature this session is the so-called "Free Text Book Bill." Having a loud-sounding title it has attracted much attention, which is but natural, for the announcement of a gift such as this is supposed to be affects every family in the province.

An examination of the bill shows it to provide, not free school text books, but chiefly for the ratification of contracts for books already entered into by the commissioner of education.

The bill has seven clauses. Clause 1, states the short title. Clause 2 contains the interpretation. Clause 3, empowers any school district to authorise its treasurer to purchase for the use of the pupils in its school such text books and supplies as it may deem advisable, such purchases to be paid for out of the general revenues of school districts. Clause 4, empowers school boards to include in their annual estimates such sums as they may deem necessary for the purchase of such school books and supplies. Clause 5 empowers the Commissioner of education to enter into a contract with any publisher respecting the publication of any text book, provided that no contract for readers shall exceed the term of ten years, nor three years in the case of any other text book. The third section of this clause is the most important of the bill. "Provided further that any contract that may have been made by the Commissioner prior to the passing of this act shall be valid and binding for all purposes, and shall be deemed to have been made under the provisions thereof." Clause 6 says that out of any legislative appropriations made for the purpose the Commissioner may expend such sums as are requisite to purchase a supply of text books for distribution free of cost to the pupils and school districts. Clause 7 says that all such text books shall be used under such regulations as fixed by the Commissioner. It is manifest that the matter of chief importance in the bill is the clause confirming any contract for books that have been entered into by the Commissioner. That is the measure is retroactive. The question arises, have such contracts been entered into? In the columns of the government organ an announcement has been made that a contract has been entered into with Morang & Co. for the supply of free readers. It is the confirmation of this contract which is desired. Clause 8 merely states that if any money is voted by the legislature for the purchase of text books the Commissioner of Education shall have power to spend it in the purchase and distribution of the books. But no provision is made for any money grant. That it is not the intention to supply free "text books" which means

"any books authorized by the Commissioner for use in the schools," is evident from Clause 3, which empowers school boards to purchase books and supplies and to pay for the same out of the general revenues of the school district. If the government intended to supply these things, then Clause 3 would be unnecessary. What the government intended to supply free would not be paid for out of the revenues of the school districts. In short the school districts are merely empowered to buy school books and supplies if they so desire. But what they buy they, and not the government must pay for.

It should further be noted that the term "supplies" does not mean readers and text books generally, but includes "all paper, pens, pencils, note books, scribbles and all other things and materials required by the pupils of any school." Now the completion of which in section 5, ratification is asked, do not refer to supplies, but merely to books, nor is the word "supplies" mentioned in Clause 6 which empowers the Commissioner of Education to spend money set aside by the legislature.

Again it may be repeated that the bill asks for the ratification of any contract for school books that may have been entered into by the Commissioner, which so far as is known, is the ten years' contract with Morang & Co. it also empowers school boards to purchase school books. Opposition to this bill should not be construed to mean opposition to the principle of free school books. For the bill makes no provision for such. A ten years' contract is a long one, and why should there be a ten years' contract for readers and only a three years' contract for other text books?

The Seed Grain Bill is now in committee. It empowers the Lieutenant governor in council to purchase and distribute seed grain among all farmers and settlers in the province. For this purpose \$1,825,000 was borrowed from the Dominion government at 5 per cent. to be repaid by March 31st, 1909. The provincial subsidy is security for repayment.

The value of the grain advanced, plus 5 per cent. becomes a debt due to the government and is a charge on all the real property of the applicant within the province or elsewhere; it is a charge on this year's crop, or any future crop; it has priority over all other liens or charges, it is enforceable by seizure or sale. The lien is registered in the land titles office and shall be treated as if it were a writ of execution against the lands of the applicant for seed grain.

The members of the Opposition, while desirous that the government should have ample security were inclined to think some of the conditions onerous. Mr. J. T. Brown said that the charges might have the effect of obstructing the movement of wheat this year, as an elevator man would desire to make sure that there was no claim against wheat offered him.

Smith Street, both sides, between South Railway and Victoria Streets. McInyre Street, both sides, between So. Railway and Victoria Sts. Cornwall Street, east side, between Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues. Rose Street, both sides, between Twelfth Avenue and Victoria Street. AND WHEREAS it is expedient for the purpose of defraying the cost of the said works that debentures should be issued to the amount of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) payable in twenty years from the first day of July 1908, bearing interest at the rate of five per centum per annum half yearly, which sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) is the debt intended to be created by this By-law.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the rateable property in the said City according to the last revised assessment roll (namely assessed roll for the year 1907) is Eleven Million one hundred and forty-seven thousand five hundred and seventy-one Dollars (\$11,147,571.00.)

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debenture debt of the said City is One million, two hundred and sixty-one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven Dollars and six Cents (\$1,261,877.06) of which no part either principal or interest thereon is in arrears.

AND WHEREAS the said City is required by law to make provision for the Sinking Fund to cover the repayment of the sum of Six hundred and Twenty thousand Dollars (\$620,000.00) part of the indebtedness of the said City.

AND WHEREAS the said Sinking Fund now amounts to Twenty-four thousand two hundred and sixty-one Dollars and fourteen Cents (\$24,261.14).

THEREFORE the Council of the City of Regina in Council assembled enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Council of the City of Regina to borrow on behalf of the said City upon the credit of the Municipality at large the sum of Five thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for the purpose of defraying the cost of constructing sidewalks as aforesaid by the issue of debentures of the said City on the credit of the said Municipality at large for the said sum of Five thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) to be payable as hereinafter provided.
2. The said debentures shall bear date of the day of the issue thereof and shall be made payable in such manner that the whole amount of the principal indebtedness incurred thereby shall be paid at the end of twenty years from the first day of July 1908.
3. The rate of interest shall be five per centum per annum computed from the first day of July 1908 payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year and coupons shall be attached to each of the said debentures representing the respective payments of interest.
4. The said debentures shall be sealed with the Corporate Seal and shall be signed by the mayor and City Treasurer and the said coupons shall be deemed to be properly executed by each one having printed or lithographed thereon the name of the Mayor and by having placed thereon the written signature of the City Treasurer and the debentures and coupons shall be made payable at the Bank of Montreal in London (England), New York, Montreal, Toronto or Regina, and the debentures may be issued in sterling or currency or partly in one and partly in the other.
5. In addition to all other amounts there shall be levied and collected in each year during the currency of the said debentures on all rateable property in the said city by special rate or rates sufficient therefor the sum of Two hundred and fifty Dollars (\$250.00) for the annual interest and the sum of One hundred and sixty-seven Dollars and ninety Cents (\$167.90) by way of Sinking Fund to meet the principal at maturity, making in all the sum of Four hundred and seventeen dollars and ninety cents (\$417.90.)
6. This By-law shall take effect on the day of the final passing thereof.
7. J. Kelso Hunter is hereby appointed Returning Officer for the purpose of taking the votes of the burgeses upon the said By-law.
8. The following persons shall be the respective Deputy Returning Officers to take the votes of the burgeses upon the said By-law. First Ward—John McCarthy. Second Ward—F. W. Turnbull. Third Ward—D. G. Ramage. Fourth Ward—R. E. Turnbull. Fifth Ward—J. R. C. Honeyman.
9. This By-law shall be submitted to the burgeses on Tuesday the 19th day of May 1908 and for the purpose of taking the votes thereon the polling places shall be open between the hours of 9 o'clock a.m. and 5 o'clock p.m. in each of the following places in the City of Regina: First Ward—Corporation weigh House, Osler Park. Second Ward—Council Chamber, old City Hall, Scarth Street. Third Ward—Polling Booth, corner of Scarth Street and Victoria Street. Fourth Ward—Sinton's Office, Albert Street.

McCarthy Supply Co. Limited
Regina's Greatest Departmental Store, Regina, Sask.

Saturday Bargains

Dry Goods, etc.

10c. Prints 8c. yard
10 pieces of Prints to clear at 3 yards for 25c.

15c. Prints 12 1/2c.
2000 yards of 15c. Prints, all kinds. Saturday at 12c. yard.

\$1.25 and \$1.50 Bed Spreads \$1.00
48 only White Bed Spreads, with fringe, \$1.25 to \$1.50, for \$1.00.

35c. and 40c. Towels 25c.
15 dozen Turkish or Linen Towels, in White or Ebro, to 40c., for 25c.

35c. Hose 25c.
25 dozen Ladies' and Children's Hose, up to 35c. Our price 25c.

Handkerchiefs 5c. each
50 dozen White Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs, wide or narrow hem, 5 for 25c.

Hose 12 1/2c.
25 dozen Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Hose. Saturday, 2 for 25c.

Bargain
In Rubbers, Belts, Ties, Collars, etc., Saturday only.

Boots and Shoes

Men's \$2.00 to \$3.00, \$1.75
61 pairs of Men's Fine Dongola Kid Lace Boots, sizes 6 to 10 and values to \$3.00. Saturday, \$1.75.

\$2.50 Ladies' Shoes \$1.50
48 pairs Ladies' Dongola Kid Oxford Tie Shoes or Strap Slippers, values to \$2.50, for \$1.50.

P. S.—Agents for Foote Schultze and Instructor Shoes.

Carpet Department
First Floor
Your choice of 14 pieces of Carpets, with-out borders, in Wilton, Axminster, Brussels and Tapestry Brussels. Values to \$2.25. Your choice 50c. yard.

All our Union Carpet Samples, Regular 35c. Special 15c.

Gents' Furnishings

15c. Men's Sox 10c.
25 dozen Men's Black or Colored Cotton Sox, to clear values to 15c. Saturday, 10c. pair.

35c. to 50c. Braces 25c.
14 dozen Men's heavy Police or fine elastic web Suspenders, leather or mohair ends, 10c. to 50c. Saturday, 25c.

Men's White Handkerchiefs 5c.
15 dozen Men's White or Colored Handkerchiefs, values to 10c. Saturday only 5c.

25c. to 35c. Neckwear 15c.
5 dozen Men's Silk Neckwear, to clear values to 35c. Saturday, 15c.

Clothing

Boys' Wash Suits \$1.00
Nice line of Boys' Washing Suits, in light and dark, something nice, at \$1.00.

Boys' Blouses 50c.
Boys' Blouses, in light and dark colors. Saturday at 50c.

\$15.00 Men's Suits \$10.00
28 only Men's Suits, in single or double breast and values to \$15.00. Saturday, \$10.00.

Hats and Caps

35c. to 75c. Caps 25c.
80 dozen Men's or Boys' Peak Caps. Sample lot to clear. Any Cap Saturday at 25c.

\$3.00 Hats \$1.75
5 dozen Men's Hats, in soft Grecco or Fedora, odd sizes left and values to \$3.00. Saturday at \$1.75.

P.S.—Agents for Wakefield's and Albion Hats, at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear
First Floor
Ladies' Colored Wrappers, Prints and Flannelette, all sizes. Regular \$1.75. Saturday, \$1.15.

Fifth Ward—Cushing's Office, Dewdney Street.

10. On Wednesday the 20th day of May 1908, in the City Hall in the City of Regina at ten o'clock in the forenoon the Returning Officer shall sum up the number of votes given for and against this By-law.

11. On Monday the 18th day of May 1908 at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon the Mayor shall attend at his office in the City Hall for the purpose of appointing persons to attend at the various polling places and also to attend at the official summing up of the votes hereinafter referred to on behalf of the persons interested in this By-law and promoting or opposing the passage of the same respectively.

Read a first time this 21st day of April, 1908.

J. KELSO HUNTER, J. W. SMITH City Clerk. Mayor.

Read a second time this 21st day of April 1908.

J. KELSO HUNTER, J. W. SMITH City Clerk. Mayor.

NOTICE

The above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been introduced by the Council of the City of Regina, and which may be finally passed by the said Council (in the event of the assent of the Burgeses being obtained thereon) within four weeks of the voting thereon and that upon the day and at the places fixed by the said By-law for taking the votes of the Burgeses, the voting thereon will be held between the hours of Nine a.m. and Five p.m. Dated this 22nd day of April, 1908.

J. KELSO HUNTER, Returning Officer.

CITY OF REGINA

BY-LAW No.

A BY-LAW OF THE CITY OF REGINA TO PROVIDE FOR THE RAISING OF THE SUM OF \$25,000.00 TO BE EXPENDED IN THE PAYMENT FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CERTAIN IMPROVEMENTS WITHIN THE CITY OF REGINA. (Pavements)

WHEREAS the Council of the City of Regina deemed it expedient that certain improvements consisting of Bitulithic Pavements, Cressote Wood Block Pavements and Asphalt Block Pavements should be constructed by the Corporation of the City of Regina under the powers conferred by "The Regina Charter" upon the following streets, namely:

Albert Street, between South Railway and Victoria Streets. Victoria Street, between Albert and Broad Streets. Broad Street, between Victoria St. and Eleventh Avenue. Osler Street, between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues. Tenth Avenue, between Osler and Halifax Streets. Eleventh Avenue, between Broad and Osler Streets. Eleventh Avenue, between Scarth and Lorne Streets. Twelfth Avenue, between Broad and Albert Streets. Rose Street, between Eleventh Avenue and Victoria Street. Hamilton Street, between Eleventh Avenue and Victoria Street. Cornwall Street, between South Railway and Twelfth Avenue. Lorne Street, between South Railway and Victoria Streets. Smith Street, between South Railway and Victoria Streets. McIntyre Street, between South Railway and Victoria Streets. Eleventh Avenue, between Lorne and Albert Streets.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient for the purpose of defraying the costs of the said works that debentures be issued to the amount of Twenty-five thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) payable in fifteen years from the first day of July 1908, bearing interest at the rate of five per centum per annum payable half yearly which sum of Twenty-five thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) is the debt intended to be created by this by-law.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the rateable property in the said City according to the last revised assessment roll (namely assessed roll for the year 1907) is Eleven million one hundred and forty-seven thousand five hundred and seventy-one Dollars (\$11,147,571.00.)

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debt of the said City is One million two hundred and sixty-one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven Dollars and six Cents (\$1,261,877.06) of which no part either principal or interest thereon is in arrears.

AND WHEREAS the said City is required by law to make provision for the Sinking Fund to cover the repayment of the sum of Six hundred and Twenty thousand Dollars (\$620,000.00) part of the indebtedness of the said City.

AND WHEREAS the said Sinking Fund now amounts to Twenty-four thousand two hundred and sixty-one Dollars and fourteen Cents (\$24,261.14).

THEREFORE the Council of the City of Regina in Council assembled enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Council of the City of Regina to borrow on behalf of the said City upon the credit of the Municipality at large the sum of Twenty-five thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) for the purpose of

The Alexandra Orchestra

Mrs. W. H. Gilbert Director. Phone 471.

Open to accept engagements for Dances, Assemblies, Banquets, Garden Parties, etc.

From the tables below I see that Australia and are ahead of Canada as far as representation in parliament concerned, and although the Canada, there is much freer trade and the socialists, yet it is opposite effect in Australia, instead of keeping the labor of parliament it has put and today the land of the COMMONWEAL

Senate (or Upper C House of representation)

STA STATE LEGISLATIVE CO (Upper Chambers)

State	Anti-Labor	Pro-Labor
N.S.W.	4	52
Victoria	2	32
Queensland	2	41
S. A.	3	15
W. A.	0	30
Tasmania	0	18
	11	188

Commonwealth (Senate and State Parliaments (Ass. and Grand Total

It will be seen that the Party is not in a majority of the combined anti-Labor of any of the parliaments. It is the strongest in the South Australian assembly, where it has 23. Its aggregate strength Commons of the Federal an

"Why I Recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills"

The Particulars of Presbyterians of Back from Death

St. Andrew's Manse, Cardigan, P.E.I.

Though I have never been self, and have not had occasion to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I thought that you ought to know the remarkable cure wrought in Mr. Olding's case. During a visit to my home in N.S., some years ago, I had been watching his eyes had been confined to his bed and was reduced to months. Though evidently glad, he seemed with great relief, and to realize the beginning of the end, daily growing weaker; his swollen to twice their natural size and the cold hand of death, his brow. "It's no use," he said, "the doctor's medicine is helping me, and I am going rapidly." I prayed for him man soon to pass into eternity when I took his hand in mine was the last time I expected him in the flesh.

Three years later while on a visit to my mother's, which was seemingly in better health I had ever seen him, for, a

Labor Temple for B

Every city of any size in ed States and Canada has a Labor Temple or Trade Union or something similar under name. We do not mean a ed by the unions, but a pl by the unions. A hall that ing in revenue to its owner and say with pride: "I of that fine building."

If we are to do our part good the name and cre western city, we must keep the times and build a Lab A temple dedicated to la on approved lines, up-to complete with all modern ces, with smoking room rooms and every other re is necessary to provide an and instruction to the wa after the day's toil is over where workmen can friends untrammelled by an restrain, where ideas can