

used in polishing and grinding, p. 284, tubes, pp. 284-286, pipes, pp. 286-287, ornaments, pp. 287-288. III. Copper, (18 specimens), p. 288. IV. Bone and horn (piercer or fish-hook), p. 288. IV. Shells, (2 fine strings of wampum beads), pp. 288-289. V. Clay, (various fragments of pottery), pp. 289-290.

The very valuable and interesting paper of Mr. Piers is illustrated by a plate (Plate V of the volume), with 9 figures, the explanation of which is found on p. 311 as follows: Fig. 1. Pierced tablet from Smith's Cove near Digby. Fig. 2. Pierced tablet in Webster's Collection. Figs. 3 and 4, "Snake stone," presented by Mr. Gilbert Seaman of Ninudie. Figs. 5 and 6, "Snake stone," presented by Miss Frame, of Shubenacadie. Figs. 7 and 8 Pipe from Musquodoboit Harbor. Fig. 9. Pipe from River Dennis, Cape Breton.

POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY, THE.—Vol. XXXVII, (1889), p. 571.

Note on aboriginal mounds in Manitoba. See Bryce, Prof. G.

SCOULER, JOHN.—Observations on the indigenous tribes of the N.W. Coast of America. Journ. of Roy. Geog. Soc., London, Vol. XI (1841), pp. 215-249.

———On the Indian Tribes inhabiting the N. W. Coast of America. Edinburgh, New Philos. Journ. Vol. XLI (1846), pp. 168-192.

SELLAR ROBERT.—The history of the County of Huntingdon and of the Seigniories of Chateauguay and Beauharnois, from their first settlement to the year 1838. Huntingdon, P.Q., 1888, VIII, 584 pp.

Notices (pp. 4-5) mound on Nun's Island, and (p. 5) relics found in Chateauguay.

"Toronto Globe," Vol. XLVI, No. 190, August 9, 1890.

Contains on pages one and two, a lengthy article on Indian archeology, illustrated by numerous wood-cuts of specimens in the possession of the Canadian Institute, including stone and clay pipes tubes, awls, totems, copper implements, etc., by David Boyle.

TRAILL, CATHERINE PARR.—The Canadian Crusoes; A tale of the Rice Lake Plains. Edited by her sister Agnes Strickland. 376 pp., Boston, 1881.

Contains: description of preparation of rice (pp. 203-204), mortars (204), stone-implements (p. 368), artistic work (pp. 375-6).

TURNER, LUCIEN M.—The single-headed drum of the Naskopie (Nagnagnot) Indians, Ungava District, Hudson's Bay Territory. Bullet. of U. S. National Museum, Vol. XI (1888), Washington 1889, pp. 453-4.

WARD, C. C.—Moose Hunting. Scribner's Magazine, Vol. XII (1877-1878), pp. 549-465.

Contains (p. 464) notice of a stone medallion found at St. George, New Brunswick, and wood-cut of same on page 465.

WILSON, SIR DANIEL, LL.D., F.R.S.E., etc.—Trade and Commerce in the Stone Age Trans. Roy. Soc., Canada, Sect. II, 1880, pp. 59-87.

Contains of the Canadian flints (pp. 71-72), obsidian (79), pipes Chippewyan (81), Assinibonian (81-82), Chippewa (82), stone relics (85), spear-points (85), flints in Nova Scotia (86).

YOUNG, REV. EGERTON R.—By Canoe and dog train among the Cree and Salteaux Indians. Toronto, 1890, pp. 267.

Describes: Making of birch-bark canoes (pp. 72-75), dog-sleds (95-6), cabin (206), full-page illustrations of dog-feast (213), bone-fish-hook (235).

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