

WANTED.

NTED—Second or third class female teacher for School District No. 15, St. Charles Co., N. B. Apply, stating salary to Isaac Sperry, Secretary to Trustees, 12-23-4-w.

NTED—A second class male or female teacher for School District No. 10, Queens Co., N. B. Apply, stating salary to Wm. J. Smith, Secretary, Arm's Corner, Queens Co., 13-31-4-w.

NTED—Before 2nd January, a respectable girl for general housework, 123 King street. 12-11-4-w

NTED—A first or second class male teacher for School District No. 14, Back Charlotte Co., N. B. Apply, stating salary to Zachem McDev, Secretary to Trustees, 13-31-4-w.

NTED—At Provincial Hospital (formerly called Provincial Lunatic Asylum) women and men to train as nurses, and also fair education. Preference given with musical ability. Good wages; room, etc., supplied. Apply to Dr. Amble, Medical Superintendent, St. John N. B. 61-w

MEN WANTED—For general housework in small family. Apply to S. J. Motowan, by Telegraph Office.

NTED—First or second class teacher for School District No. 2, Wickford School Secretary, D. C. Slipp, Wickford, N. B. 12-23-4-w

MEN WANTED—On one, to represent the Great Eastern Life Assurance Co. in the Maritime Provinces. Liberal terms, pay weekly, exclusive territory, free outfit. Spring season's canvassing. Write now for full particulars. Wellington, Ontario.

ED—Second or third class male teacher for school district No. 5, Fredericton Co., N. B. Apply, stating salary, to Amos Watson, Secretary, Vic. county, N. B. 12-14-w

ED—Believable men \$400 per month and sea; \$200 per day; reliable men locally introduced; any goods, back-bow cards, in trade, fence, along all complete; places steady; men; to good, but capable men; needed; write now for particulars. Empire 12-23-4-w

FOR SALE, ALB—Schooner Breton, 60 tons, well equipped, will be sold at a bargain. Apply, Metcalfs Bay, Digby Co. 6-11-4-w

MONEY TO LOAN. BY TO LOAN—On city, town, village country property, in amounts to suit rates of interest. H. H. Pickett, 40 Princess Street, St. John, N. B. 17-4-w

farmers' and Dairyman's Association of New Brunswick. ANNUAL MEETING, FREDERICTON, N. B. JANUARY 23rd, 24th, and 25th, 1905. IN THE HURCH HALL, CARLETON STREET. Opening at 3 p. m. Wednesday, 23rd. Interesting Educational Programme and Election of Officers.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK FRUIT GROWERS' ASSOCIATION WILL HOLD A MEETING AT 8 P. M. FRIDAY, 27th. Reduced rates on all railways. In buy tickets over I. C. R. C. P. R., or N. B. R., buy night tickets for Fredericton and St. John for Standard Certificates. Everybody interested is cordially invited to attend. B. M. FAWCETT, President. W. W. HUBBARD, Corresponding Secretary.

Raisins Currants Citron. Our purchase of these goods allows us to turn over quick. Raisins prices will soon do it. Best 3-Crown Muscat Raisins, 10 pound 2 pounds for \$2; Best California Raisins, 10 pound 10 per pound package; Best New Orleans Currants, 10 pound 10 per pound package; Best New Orleans Currants, 10 pound 10 per pound package; Best New Orleans Currants, 10 pound 10 per pound package.

The 2 Barkers, Limited. 100 Princess Street. HATS ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS. Its establishment 10 years ago the attendance at the FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE has been steadily on the increase. Now registering this term is away in advance all previous years. It is the best testimonial we can place on the public, send for Free Catalogue, W. J. OSBORNE, Fredericton, N. B.

Landing Ex Cars. Hiddings, Flour and Oats FOR SALE ALSO Sugar in barrels and bags. JAMES COLLINS 208 and 210 Union street.

RUSSIA AN AGRICULTURAL INNOVATION, BUT METHODS OF CULTURE BACKWARD

Peasant Farmers Slaves of the Soil, for Famine Urges to Tremendous Efforts—Poultry Raising Profitable—Cattle Few and Neglected, for Peasants Cannot Afford to Eat Meat—Flowers and Fruit Get More Attention Than Formerly.

(Special Correspondence of the Telegraph—Copyright, 1904, by John Callan O'Laughlin.) St. Petersburg, Dec. 25.—Eighty-eight per cent of the 140,000,000 people who are ruled by the Czar are agriculturists. Five months in the year, the country is covered by a white mantle of snow, and the peasants crouch in their waiting for the debacle of spring, or rather summer, for there is hardly an intermediate season in the vast empire.

About the middle or end of April, the snow rapidly melts and the ground, frozen for a depth of three feet or more, begins to thaw. For miles, the country is a shallow lake, and the villages, with their picturesque churches, stand out like islets in a Sargasso sea. Humanity throws off its lethargy as the earth discards its icy coils, and applies itself with desperate energy to the cultivation of the soil. No one is spared from the labor. Man, woman and child must toil. Over all hangs the dread that the season will pass and that there will be no gain for sustenance during the long winter months, or that there will not be enough to pay the interest on the heavy mortgage with which the privately owned farms are burdened.

When one has seen the terrible famines, which Russia is so often afflicted as a result of the failure of her crop, he can appreciate why the peasant calls upon his spirit to bless the earth, the sun, the streams and the crops, and even seeks to conclude the spirits his ancestors worshipped and whom he fears he has driven into the forests and swamps.

Nearly All Are Small Farms. The state is today the largest land owner, and the peasantry and the nobility share between them in European Russia almost something like 80,000 square miles. The lands held by the peasants in common have a total area of 400,000 square miles, and the lands controlled by individual peasants have an area of about 285,000 square miles, of which 300,000 are owned by 114,716 nobles. There are comparatively few large farms. In the most thickly populated and fertile section, that known as the black earth region, the estates of the nobles or of rich merchants, vary between 1,000 and 1,500 acres; on the steppes, between 2,000 and 5,000 acres, and in the north, where there is a great deal of waste land, from 12,000 to 25,000 acres. There are, of course, larger estates, as in the province of Perm, where one estate has an area of more than 100,000 acres, and in the province of Orenburg, each "tulo," or "firsid," possesses an average of about fifteen acres, as it has already noted, divided into numerous strips which are far apart.

"pastorals," and whose few rags are usually hanging upon a neighboring tree. It is unfortunate for Russia that her production of cattle is not flourishing. The proportion of horses to inhabitants is only 25 to 100, and of horned cattle only 50 to 100. The mortality among beasts is high because of the failure of the Russians to keep the stables and cowhouses clean. When winter sets in, a straw litter is laid upon the floor, and every day fresh straw is placed upon this bed. At the beginning of spring, a large amount of precious manure has been obtained, but the condition of the beast is usually dead. "How can we keep cattle," the peasants ask, "when we cannot get enough food for ourselves. Besides, we do not eat meat, our fare is made up of bread and cabbage soup." During the last famine, 800,000 beasts perished of hunger in a single province. It is evident that the raising of cattle can develop only when the peasants become meat eaters, and their poverty and wretched conditions indicate that the day for this food is far distant.

JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

BIRTHS. STEWART—To the wife of Fred S. Stewart, the 8th inst., a son.

DEATHS. GILLEN—In this city, on Jan. 6th, of paralysis, Florence A. wife of William Gillett, aged 78 years.

SHIP NEWS. PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Tuesday, Jan. 6. Star Cape Breton, 1100, Reid, from Louisbourg, P. E. W. F. Starr, com.

PADDLING HER OWN CANOE



UNCLE SAM: Waal, say, she don't appear to be much on the flirt, does she?

Ottawa, Jan. 5.—The premier was too busy to see this forenoon in regard to the report from Washington that he and Senator Fairbanks were to meet and talk over what could be done in regard to the meeting of a high commission which is not likely to accomplish anything, and if it did, there was no likelihood of its passing the senate. Assurances on those grounds will have to be obtained before the commission is convened. The opinion here is that very little will come out of it, although a courteous hearing will be given to whatever proposition Mr. Fairbanks puts forward.

LOCKEPORT, N. S., SAILORS RESCUED IN NICK OF TIME

(From Our Own Correspondent.) New York, Jan. 6.—When Nova Scotia vessels come to grief in mid-ocean their crews are lucky to have a steamship company along in time. Only last week the captain and crew of the Pictou ship, Stevedore, were rescued from their foundering craft 300 miles off the Spanish coast.

A Terrible Experience. "We were bound from Lockeport, Nova Scotia, to Trinidad, Port Spain," he said, "with a cargo of lumber and fish. We had an unexpected trip of it until the morning of Monday, Dec. 12."

A Perilous Feat. "When the vessel went on her beam ends, two of the boys went over in the night of a bowline to clear away the wreckage. I want to say right here that I didn't eat their bread."

SIX STEAMERS PASSED THEM. "You won't hardly believe me, but six steamships passed us, near enough to sight our signals, and not one of them paid any attention to us."

COCKEN HEARING TODAY. The case of Meyer Cohen, held on a charge of larceny made by the American Visagraph Company, was scheduled for public examination today.

Table with columns for ship names, destinations, and dates. Includes entries like 'Boston, Jan 6-Ard, star Boston, from Yarmouth' and 'New York, Jan 6-Ard, star Boston, from Yarmouth'.

NOTICE. Stephen Crook or his sons, Alex. Samuel or Benjamin, have not been licensed to sell any mineral water on the property now occupied by them and owned by A. Likely, and any persons buying such water are warned.

WOODSTOCK COLLEGE. and study for both men and women. This college collects the best of the world's literature. For a full catalogue, address W. J. McCrimmon, WOODSTOCK, ONT.