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# RUSSIAN SIGN FRENCH REPULSE

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"After this first repulse the enemy launched a new and more violent attack in the same region. In spite of his repeated efforts he was unable to reach the fort of La Pompelle. A few enemy elements only succeeded in gaining a foothold north of a small wood situated to the west of the fort. At the same time an enemy attack more to the east, south of La Bretonnerie, obtained no result.

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"East of the Teton a German attack was checked under our fire. Southwest of the Butte du Mesnil there was a violent bombardment all night. During these actions the French inflicted serious losses upon the enemy and took a number of prisoners.

"On the left bank of the Meuse there was local artillery activity, which was quite lively in the Hautcourt sector. On the right bank, in the region of Vanx les Palameix, French patrols took two enemy raids, in Lorraine and in the Vosges, south of Pave, were completely checked."

Grand Headquarters of the French Army in France, March 3.—Determined efforts by the Germans to obtain possession of Fort La Pompelle, to the southeast of Rheims, and to secure another dominating position from which they could complete the destruction of the city, have met with a sanguinary failure. The preparations for the attack began on Feb. 28 along a front extending

nearby ten miles, from Lorraine to Sillery. The German infantry, the following day, at five different points, went over the top, advancing toward the salient facing Neufchatel, La Pompelle, La Bretonnerie, Mont Haut and Teton, at the same time making a feint in the neighborhood of Betheny.

It was soon seen that the principal point of assault was La Pompelle, to which two battalions tried to force their way. Some of the Germans succeeded in reaching the farm, a fortified point fronting on the dismantled Fort La Pompelle, but none were able to enter the fort itself.

Line Restored.  
On March 2 a French counter-attack quickly restored the line to its original position, and not an inch of French lines now remains in German hands. The French regiment holding the position was one which had already won distinction on other battlefields. It held tenaciously under the horrible bombardment, in which thousands of gas shells made the air deadly poisonous. Some of its men who were taken prisoner successfully eluded their escort and took refuge in a shell crater, where they found a large supply of hand grenades. With these they held off the Germans who were endeavoring to recapture them, and eventually returned to the French lines.

An aspirant officer, who was captured, was forced to help carry a stretcher with a German casualty. His fellow-battalions were wounded, and the aspirant immediately turned right-about and made for the French lines with his wounded prisoner.

Not only have the German infantry been showing more activity, but the artillery has been sending down a large number of gas shells along with occasional barrages. German prisoners report that all leave for the front and men has been canceled for an indefinite period.

The storm troops undoubtedly are being readied for many days, and the Germans, and stories still continue about the intended employment of tanks against the British, but the British will give no hint as to their attitude toward the future with great cheerfulness and optimism.

The correspondent covered many miles of the British lines recently, and last night slept in the forward trenches in an important sector. The spirit which prevails among the officers and men may well be summed up in the remark of the commanding officer of a battalion last night:

"The Boche certainly won't break thru on this part of the line, and we will give him a good target practice about if he does attack. Our preparations are as nearly complete as we know how to make them."

This officer says the British, for here, as elsewhere, the British have been making intensive preparations, both for defensive and offensive operations. From the coast to a point well below St. Quentin, the British have long been working industriously to perfect their already magnificent system. The text of the official statement recording these operations reads:

"We carried out a successful raid last night against the enemy, southeast of Arras. Hostile raids were repulsed before reaching our lines northwest of St. Quentin and east of Arras-en-Gohelle. A third party of the enemy attempted to raid our trenches in the neighborhood of Pontury (St. Quentin region), but was met by machine gun fire and suffered considerable casualties in hand-to-hand fighting. We captured a few prisoners in these various encounters.

"The enemy's artillery was active yesterday evening against our position west of Lens."

"In the course of last night the enemy's raiding parties displayed great activity all along the British front," says Field Marshal Haig's report from France last night. "In addition to the six raids reported in this morning's communiqué, other attacks were made by the enemy during the night against our positions east of Polygon Wood. In these attacks his troops were driven off by rifle and machine gun fire. We secured a few prisoners."

"A raid was carried out by the enemy on the Portuguese front, it was preceded by an intensive bombardment on a front of 3000 yards and delivered in considerable strength. In the fighting which followed the enemy succeeded in entering our foremost trenches and secured several prisoners, but was quickly and completely driven out by the courageous action of the Portuguese supporting troops.

Japan Will Step Into Siberia To Protect Military Stores.

Germany Say Fighting Has Ceased, But Russians Are Somewhat Suspicious.

All German Conditions Are Agreed to, and Delegates Leave.

NO USE IN DISCUSSION  
Deliberations Are Useless and Could Only Make Things Worse.

Petrograd, March 3.—The peace treaty with Germany has been signed. The Ukrainian army has occupied Kiev, Gomel and Berdichev.

Petrograd, March 2.—In the fear that argument would result in even more onerous terms, the Russian delegation at Brest-Litovsk has accepted all the German peace conditions and is about to sign an agreement, according to a telegram from the delegates received today at the Smolny Institute. The demands already made have been increased. They were reported. The message, which was addressed to Premier Lenin and Foreign Minister Trotsky, follows:

"As we anticipated, deliberations on a treaty of peace are absolutely useless and could only make things worse in comparison with the ultimatum of February 2. They might even assume the character of leading to the presentation of another ultimatum.

LAUNCH TEN RAIDS  
LAST TWO NIGHTS  
Germans Carry Out Ambitious Attempt Against Australians.

ENEMY STOP LEAVE  
Storm Troops Held in Readiness for Use Against Allies.

Wilson is Expected to Make a Statement Before Congress.

ALLIES ACT QUICKLY  
Wilson is Expected to Make a Statement Before Congress.

Washington, March 3.—One of the immediate effects of the signing of Germany's peace terms by the Russian Bolshevik representatives probably will be to bring to a quick conclusion negotiations among the allies and the United States over steps to be taken in Siberia to protect military stores there and to check any move the Germans may make in that direction. There still is every indication that the American Government will join with the allies in agreeing to action by Japan alone, with an understanding as to the scope of any operations to be undertaken. So far there has been no announcement of any agreement, but even before the news that the Russians formally had accepted the German terms came, it was understood that the changes on the subject were about concluded.

President Wilson has been following the situation in Russia very closely, particularly because of its close relation to the important step proposed by Japan. There have been suggestions that he might appear before congress soon to make a statement on the subject, although no one professes to know his plans.

NO RAID SUCCEEDS  
ON BRITISH FRONT  
Enemy Suffers Sharp Repulses at Many Points in Flanders.

Portuguese in Fight  
Allies Speedily Rally, Ejecting Germans From Foremost Trenches.

London, March 3.—Several German raids were attempted against the British lines on the Franco-Belgian front last night, but none of them met with any success. The British troops, prisoners from the Germans in these encounters, and for their part successfully repulsed German trenches near Arras. The text of the official statement recording these operations reads:

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"In other raids attempted by him, the enemy was repulsed in certain cases after sharp fighting, and in addition to a number of prisoners left in our hands suffered considerable losses.

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VOL. XXXVIII.—No. 13,627 TWO CENTS

# The World

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### ALLEGED NEGLIGENCE IN CASE OF DEATH OF P.T.E. R. GILLIES

Family Complains Military Authorities Were Slow to Answer Sickness Call.

PLACED IN QUARANTINE

Circumstances similar to those surrounding the death of Gunner Neals regarding which a military board of enquiry has just concluded its sittings, are alleged in the case of Robert Clarence Gillies, aged 21, 2nd Central Ontario Regiment, son of Robert Gillies, 782 Indian road, who died at the base hospital yesterday. It was stated last night by members of the family that an investigation by the authorities was called for and with this object in view Dr. A. Jukes Johnson was yesterday advised of the facts of the case by the father of the dead soldier.

The facts as related to The World by members of the family were to the effect that Pte. Gillies was taken to his father's home on the night of Feb. 6, or three weeks prior to his death, and the military authorities were at once notified of his illness and inability to report for duty. An action was taken by them until the following Wednesday, when an ambulance with two men was sent up about 4.30 o'clock and the soldier removed from the house.

Laid on Snow.  
In the interval between the notification sent to the military authorities and their arrival, a matter of nearly two days, Dr. Gardner, 886 Keele street, the family doctor, had been called in and reported the young man as having a temperature of 103. He called again on Wednesday morning and finding his temperature unchanged arranged to have the young man removed to the base hospital on Tuesday evening. When the military ambulance arrived at the house, it is alleged on the snow, that only in his pyjamas, and that there was no one at the Gillies home but the mother and sister.

Placed in Quarantine.  
He was taken direct to the Exhibition Camp and placed in a ward under quarantine, and for more than a week and a half the members of the family were not allowed to see him, and when the quarantine was removed and they were allowed to see him, he was removed to the base hospital without their being advised of it. Last night the body of the young soldier was removed from the base hospital to William Speers' undertaking rooms, 1754 West Dundas street, and the funeral, a military one, will take place at 2.30 on Tuesday afternoon at Park Lawn Cemetery.

### ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF AIDING DESERTER

Military Policeman Was Refused Admission to House Where His Man Was.

Charged with harboring a deserter from his majesty's forces, Alexander Treboar, aged 39, of 206 Spadina avenue, was arrested by Corporal C. Edwards, of the military police, yesterday.

According to the police of Claremont street station Corp. Edwards was instructed to arrest the deserter, who was known to be in Treboar's room at the above address. When the soldier refused to take the deserter into custody Treboar refused to assist the officer in making the arrest. The military policeman thereupon took the deserter into custody and handed him over to the civil police. He then returned to Treboar's room and arrested the deserter, who was lying drunk on the bed.

### GERMANS USING GAS AGAINST CANADIANS

Enemy Severely Handled in a Raid Against One of Their Positions.

AEROPLANES ARE ACTIVE  
By W. A. Willison.  
Canadian Headquarters in France, March 2.—Canada in the field has been honored by another visit from the commander-in-chief since my last cable. As before, the visit was of a social nature, the visit was a holding formal inspection of the Dominion's fighting brigades.

There is little to report on the front. One of our raiding parties, observed by the enemy, attacked a German position under action, inflicting many casualties on the defenders. After using all their rifles, grenades and bombs the party withdrew, having suffered only five slight casualties. On other parts of the front our reconnoitering battle patrols have been busy, as usual, but nothing of a sensational nature is reported.

### YOUNG WOMAN DIES OF INJURY RECEIVED WHEN CARS COLLIDE

Miss Madeline Adam Lived But Short Time After Accident Occurred.

COMPANION SHAKEN UP  
Miss Madeline Adam, age 17, 160 St. George street, daughter of Graeme E. Adam, manager of the Bank of Montreal, in Toronto, was almost instantly killed, and Clifford Beatty, 121 St. George street, aged 19, was badly shaken up, when the motor car in which they were riding was hit by a westbound Bloor street car near Salem and about 6.08 Sunday evening.

According to the police of Ossington Avenue Station, the motor car was proceeding east on Bloor street when it turned out to pass a street car bound in the same direction. There is about eighteen inches of ice on the road at this point and the motor car left the tracks and mounted the ridge without any trouble, but when it had cleared the street car, it is thought the motor car was driving too fast, and when it left the ice ridge and turned on to the car tracks in front of the eastbound car.

The motor was smashed to pieces and the driver, who was sitting beside the driver, was pinned in the debris. Both the girl and the boy were immediately picked up and taken into the office of Dr. Moore, 1044 West Bloor street, who rendered first aid and then had them removed to Grace Hospital, where the young woman died about 8.40, never regaining consciousness. The youth was able to leave for his home after receiving medical attention. He was only badly shaken up.

The street car, No. 1130, was in charge of Motorman S. J. Anderson, 984 Shaw street, and Conductor F. Mitchell, 755 Lansdowne avenue. An inquest will be opened tomorrow at the morgue.

### Will Not Name His Successor Till After Brewster's Funeral

Victoria, March 3.—The announcement was made Saturday afternoon by Hon. John Oliver, acting premier, that until after the funeral of the late Premier Brewster there will be no conclusion arrived at in naming his successor. In the meantime the members of the government will continue to carry on the business of their respective departments, but that honours for one year and shall cheer up his wife, which he hath taken."

It is said to be the first time a quotation of this kind from the old Hebrew law has been so cited.

### TURKS PERPETRATE ANOTHER MASSACRE

London, March 2.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says that information has been received there to the effect that Turkish soldiers have committed another massacre in the district of Armenia which has been deserted by the Russians. Hjalmar Branting, editor of The Social Democrat, has telegraphed the Swedish Socialist parties to make energetic representations to the German Government, the despatch adds.

### HERE'S A NEW ONE

St. Louis Man Cites Verse From Bible in Order to Secure Exemption.  
St. Louis, March 2.—A quotation from the Bible—Deuteronomy, xxiv, 5—is cited by a St. Louis man in his appeal for exemption which the district board here now has under consideration. This portion says: "When a man hath taken a new wife he shall not go out to war, neither shall he be charged with any business, but he shall be free at home for one year and shall cheer up his wife, which he hath taken."

### DINEEN'S HATS FOR MEN.

A splendid assortment of hand and soft felt hats for men. Regular \$2.50 to \$5.00. Dineen's, 140 Yonge Street.

### Last Minute BULLETINS

Petrograd, March 3.—A German airman bombed various parts of the city. Three persons were killed and five wounded. The material damage was unimportant.

London, March 3.—A Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, under date of February 28, says peace negotiations at Bucharest failed, King Ferdinand having refused the conditions laid down by the central powers.

London, March 3.—An Amsterdam despatch announces that Field Marshal Mackensen will deliver a rapid offensive against the remainder of the unconquered Rumanians, if the negotiations fail.

Geneva, March 3.—Bankers who have recently returned from Frankfurt say the exchange rate of the Swiss franc against the German mark is now at 100 to the mark, a record since the war began.

Stockholm, March 3.—German troops are already on their way to help Finland. A despatch to The Aftonbladet from Wsby reports a strong German squadron, comprising cruisers, destroyers, torpedo boats and transports, sighted passing Gotland and steering straight north, apparently for the Aland Islands.

Fort Worth, Texas, March 3.—One dead and three seriously injured is Sunday's toll of the spinning nose dive at aviation fields near Fort Worth. All the victims are members of the British Royal Flying Corps. The dead, Mechanic W. A. Hayes. The injured, Lieut. Bates, Lieut. Frank Flynn, Cadet Flyer E. A. Carroll.

Tokio, March 3.—According to reliable reports the cities of Irkutsk, Biagovienstchensk, Omsk and Khabarovsk are completely in the hands of the Maximilians. They are all important cities of eastern Siberia.

Hankow, China, March 3.—The situation upon the upper Yangtze, where southern revolutionaries are operating, is serious. The Japanese steamer Takung recently returned to Hankow from up the Yangtze with several passengers severely wounded and with 15 bullet holes in her hull, following an attack upon her by the insurgents.

Stockholm, March 3.—German troops will be sent to Finland, according to an official statement issued here.

Berlin, via London, March 3.—(British Admiralty per Wireless Press)—The Germans in their advance thru Russia have captured, according to the official communication from general headquarters, 680 officers and 57,000 men, 2400 guns, 5000 machine guns, thousands of motor vehicles, 800 locomotives and thousands of railroad trucks.

Premier Back in Ottawa.  
Ottawa, March 3.—Sir Robert Borden arrived here from Washington today. He was accompanied by his mission to Washington by Hon. A. K. MacLean.

Japs in Agreement to Act in Russia  
Actual Peace With Germany Will Give Signal for Adequate Action.  
STEPS OF DECIDED NATURE  
Fullest Understanding Exists With United States and Other Allies.