

clude any portion of such lodes or ledges beyond the end lines of the claim, or at the end-lines continued, whether by dip or otherwise, or beyond the side-lines in any other manner than by the dip of the lode.

*Cannot be Followed.*—If the top or "apex" of a lode in its longitudinal course extends beyond the exterior lines of the claim at any point on the surface, or as extended vertically downward, such lode may not be followed in its longitudinal course beyond the point where it is intersected by the exterior lines.

*Proof of Development.*—The amount of work done, or improvements made during each year shall be that prescribed by laws of the United States.

*Placer Mining Claims.*—The discoverer of a placer claim shall, within 30 days from the date of discovery, record his claim in the office of the recorder of the county in which said claim is situated, by a location certificate, which shall contain:

- 1st. The name of the claim, designating it as a placer claim.
- 2d. The name of the locator.
- 3d. The date of the location.
- 4th. The number of feet or acres claimed.
- 5th. The description of the claim by such reference to natural objects or permanent monuments as shall identify the claim.

Before filing such location certificate, the discoverer shall locate his claim:

- 1st. By posting upon such claim a plain sign or notice containing the name of the claim and of the locator, the date of discovery, and number of acres or feet claimed.
- 2d. By marking the surface boundaries with substantial posts sunk in the ground, one at each angle of the claim.

On each placer claim of 160 acres, not less than 100 dollars' worth of labor shall be done by the first of August each year, and upon less or more ground a sum in proportion.