## Chapter 19 Panels (Anti-Dumping/Countervail Cases)

- Anti-Dumping Determination on Imported Red Raspberries: Established in March, 1989, the panel review resulted in the U.S. Department of Commerce having to recalculate the dumping margins against Canadian exporters. This recalculation resulted in a finding that there was no evidence of dumping.
- Anti-Dumping Determination on Paving Equipment: Established in March, 1989, the panel upheld the Department of Commerce finding that parts for Canadian paving equipment are covered by a dumping order, and therefore eligible for duty.
- Anti-Dumping Determination on Paving Equipment:
  Established in April, 1989, the panel upheld the Department of Commerce's adjustment for Canadian taxes in calculation of a dumping margin.
- Anti-Dumping Determination on Salted Codfish:
  Established in April, 1989, the panel review was terminated with the consent of both parties because the anti-dumping order was revoked.
- Amendment to Anti-Dumping Determination on Paving Equipment: Established in June, 1989, the panel consolidated this request with the panel review of April, 1989, regarding the same issue.
- Countervailing Duty Determination on Fresh, Chilled and Frozen Pork: Established in August, 1989, the panel resulted in the Department of Commerce recalculating its countervailing duty, lowering it from eight to three cents per kilogram.
- Countervailing Duty Determination on Imported Steel Rails: Established in September, 1989, the panel review resulted in the Department of Commerce recalculating its countervailing duty, lowering it from 112.34 per cent to 94.57 per cent.
- Anti-Dumping Duty Determination on Imported Steel Rails:
  Established in September, 1989, the panel upheld the Department of Commerce's use of "best information available" in calculating its dumping margin.
- Injury Determination in Countervailing Duty Case on Imported Steel Rails: Established in October, 1989, the panel consolidated this request with the following panel review.