

accompanied by an agreement on sealing and the conservation of the seal stocks in the North West Atlantic which came into force on December 22, 1971. The agreement with Spain is not yet in force.

Moreover, Canada negotiated a reciprocal fishing agreement with the U.S., which entered into force on April 24, 1970, whereby the nationals of either country may continue the commercial fishing activities which they have traditionally carried out up to three miles off the coasts of the other country. The agreement covers both East and West coasts of Canada and the USA and covers all the species involving commercial fisheries affecting both countries, except those specifically banned by it. This agreement was renewed on April 24, 1972, for another year.

Canada also negotiated a fishing agreement with the USSR, which entered into force on February 19, 1971, and is to be reviewed soon. This agreement is applicable to waters off Canada's West coast. Canada is engaged in negotiating an analogous agreement with the USSR covering waters off the East coast.

Continental Shelf

Canada has carried out intensive negotiations with Denmark and France concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between Canada and those countries. It is believed that these negotiations will lead to a satisfactory conclusion within a near future. Canada has also undertaken the process of negotiating the limits of its continental shelf with the U.S. These negotiations will eventually involve the delimitation of respective jurisdictions in the areas of George Bank, Juan de Fuca Strait, Dixon Entrance and Beaufort Sea.