

Failing an agreement in the choice, this Administration is appointed by the International Bureau from among the members of the Union not proposed by the arbitrators.

4.—If the disagreement concerns one of the Agreements, the arbitrators may not be appointed from among Administrations which do not participate in that Agreement.

## ARTICLE 12

### **Withdrawal from the Union. Cessation of Participation in the Agreements**

Each contracting part is free to withdraw from the Union or to cease to participate in the Agreements by notice given one year in advance through the diplomatic channel to the Government of the Swiss Confederation and by that Government to the Governments of the contracting countries.

## CHAPTER II

### **Congresses. Conferences. Committees**

## ARTICLE 13

### **Congresses**

1.—Delegates of the countries of the Union meet in Congress not later than five years after the date of the entry into force of the Acts of the preceding Congress with the view of revising these Acts or of completing them as necessary.

Each country is represented at the Congress by one or several plenipotentiary delegates furnished by their Government with the necessary powers. It may, if it so desires, be represented by the delegation of another country. But it is understood that one delegation can undertake the representation of two countries only, including the country it primarily represents.

In the deliberations each country has one vote only.

2.—Each Congress settles the place of meeting of the next Congress. The Government of the country in which it is to take place is responsible, in consultation with the International Bureau, for convening the Congress, and also for notifying to all the Governments of the countries of the Union the decisions taken by the Congress.

## ARTICLE 14

### **Ratifications. Entry into Force and Duration of the Acts of Congresses**

The Acts of Congresses shall be ratified as soon as possible and the ratification shall be communicated to the Government of the country in which the Congress was held, and by that Government to the Governments of the contracting countries.

If one or more of the contracting parties do not ratify one or other of the Acts signed by them, these Acts are not less binding on the States which have ratified them.

These Acts come into force simultaneously and have the same duration.

From the date fixed for the entry into force of the Acts adopted by a Congress, all the Acts of the preceding Congress are repealed.