

The *Inatham Planet*, a conservative paper of Upper Canada, thus enunciates the policy on the School question of its party:— "We are ready to assist the Roman Catholics in securing the best means of carrying on the Separate School system as it now stands."

And again in another place:— "The Roman Catholics may need alterations in the School system which do not clash with the principles, and they will receive Conservative support in obtaining them."

These are fair promises, and entitle the party that makes them to the support of the Catholic electors of Upper Canada, so as to give the Conservatives the chance of redeeming them. It need not be said that the *Globe*, the advocate of all despotism, is perfectly furious.

LIBERALISM.—In the rump or Yankee Senate Mr. Sumner introduced on the 6th ult., a Bill for virtually disfranchising all Catholics in the United States. This was to be effected by means of an oath, to be taken by every person before he shall accept office, or register a vote, and of which one clause is to the effect, that he, the deponent, will support a non-Catholic school system, abhorred by the Catholic Church as dangerous to faith and morals. It is not enough for the tyrant Protestant majority that they compel Catholics to pay for the support of an infamous system of State-Schoolism, more dangerous, more unjust, than the State-Churchism of Ireland, but they now desire to compel Catholics to swear that they will support that rascally system.

We copy the comments of that excellent paper the *St. Louis Guardian* upon this tyrannical proposition, worthy of the vile party from whence it originated:—

"No Catholic can say that any un-Catholic State has the right to establish public schools and tax its Catholic subjects for their support; no Catholic can be in favor of the system of common school education in actual force throughout these States.

We wonder that the Radicals do not at once introduce a bill providing that no man who does not swear that he is a member of the Radical party, and prepared to support all its measures, shall be allowed to vote or hold office in the United States. That would be the simplest way of reaching the end they have in view, and would not be one whit more lawless or oppressive than the test oaths which they at present propose.

"We are well aware that one plank of the platform of the Radical party, here and in Europe, is State education. This is Paganism revived, we know, and in direct conflict with one principle of the Bill of Rights, substantially incorporated into the Constitution of every State of the Union; but it is the Radical theory for all that. We have been expecting for some time to see a bill introduced restricting special privileges (such as admission to West Point) to graduates of the State or National schools. We have expected to find this followed by a bill inflicting penalties upon all parents refusing to send their children to the public schools, but we must confess we were not prepared for a bill disfranchising all who will not swear that they are, in their heart and conscience, favourable to State education. We made the common mistake of not giving the Radicals credit for the amount of wickedness which is really theirs.

"The Radical party claims to be the Party of Liberty; and it was the first to introduce into this country the system of test oaths. Thus words lose their original meaning, and Liberty in the Radical sense of the word will become as disreputable as Loyalty has been made to be. Mr. Sumner's test oath disfranchises not only every conscientious Catholic in the country, but also every man in it who is not opposed to infidel education; every man also who, whether opposed to infidel education of the young or not, conscientiously thinks that the State has no right to tax the whole community to support a system of education repudiated by a large minority of its citizens.

*Porro Quiritis, Libertatem perditurus!*"

THE SCHOOL OF JESUS CRUCIFIED.—From the Italian of Father Ignatius of the Side of Jesus Passionist, New York. D. \$ J. Sallier, Montreal.

A series of meditations on the Sufferings, and Passion of Our Lord, well adapted for the use of Catholics at all times, but especially in this penitential season. The work is very handsomely printed, and is to be had at the Messrs Salliers for the sum of sixty cents.

DEVOTION TO ST. JOSEPH.—This is a translation of a much esteemed work by the learned and pious P. Joseph Anthony Patrigiani, of the Society of Jesus, and enjoys the formal approbation of His Grace the Archbishop of New York. The devotion to the Great St. Joseph, the guardian of Mary, the foster Father of the Son of God Incarnate, is so widely spread throughout the Christian world, and has its roots so deep in the heart of every Catholic, that we are very confident that this little book before us will become a great favorite in Canada,—a country specially dedicated to, and placed under the patronage of the great St. Joseph.

This work is printed in a very handsome manner, and in excellent type by the Messrs Salliers, of New York, and may be had at their book store in this City. Price, seventy-five cents.

THE CHRISTIAN ARMED AGAINST THE SEDUCTIONS OF THE WORLD.—This is a translation from the Italian of Father Ignatius, by the late Father Ignatius of St. Paul; it contains much profitable matter, and is suited to the necessities of Christians in every condition of life. For sale at Messrs Salliers' store, Montreal; price thirty-seven cents.

LA REVUE CANADIENNE—March 1867.—The contents are:—1. Nelida ou les Guerres Canadiennes de 1812. 2. De La Satres Chez Les Anciens. 3. De Quebec a Mexico. 4. Entretien sur Naples. 5. Les Evenements du Mois.

Subscribers in arrears in Toronto and vicinity will please send in the amounts of their indebtedness to Mr. P. DOYLE, ARCADE, TORONTO, AGENT FOR THE TRUE WITNESS, who is fully authorised to receive all monies due this office and grant receipts for the same.

LECTURES ON CHRISTIAN UNITY.—By the Rev. Thos. S. Preston, New York.

This is another of the Messrs Salliers' contributions to our Catholic literature. The Lectures were originally delivered in St. Ann's Church, New York, during the Advent Season of last year; and in it the necessity of Union in Christendom, and its impossibility under the Protestant system are established, and the claims of the One Catholic Church are carefully discussed, and powerfully advocated. Price—One Dollar and thirty cents, by mail.

EDINBURGH REVIEW—January, 1867.—Dawson Bros., Montreal.—The contents are heavy, not to say dull. The best article is on the Irish Question, in which the writer advocates the principle of compensation to tenants for improvements made during the term of their tenancy. The other articles treat of the following topics:—The Foreign Policy of Sir John Lawrence—Private Business of Parliament—Adam Ferguson—Rawlinson's Ancient Monarchies—Modern Glass Painting—Early English Texts—Meteoritic Showers: the whole concluding with a political article on the State of Parties.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the Annual Meeting of the St. Patrick's Society, held on Monday evening last, in the Bonaventure Building, the following officers were duly elected for the ensuing year:

President: B. Devlin, unanimously re-elected. 1st Vice-President: J. E. Mullin 2nd Vice-President: P. Jordan. Treasurer: M. Donovan. Clergo p. dia: Secretary—W. B. Lenihan. Recording Secretary—P. O'Hara, re-elected. Chaplains—Rev. P. Dowd, and the clergy of St. Patrick's Church. Physician—Dr. P. E. Brown, 81 St. Alexander Street. Assistent Secretary—Samuel Cross.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT: D. Lyons, Michael Gaddilly, Edward Woods, Patrick Carroll, Patrick Doran, Francis Dolan, Geo. Murphy, Michael Morley, P. H. McKenna, John Doherty, Thomas Mullin, Patrick Dinnahan, William Conroy, James McGready, Francis Greene, John W. Keane, Nicholas Keshella, Grand Marshal—Joseph Gloran.

ASSISTANT MARSHALS: Michael Enright, Francis O'Reilly, William Fennell, Henry Costello.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY.

At the Annual Meeting of this Society the following Gentlemen were elected to office for the ensuing year:—

P. McLaughlin, Esq.,—President. M. O'Brien, Esq.,—Vice President. Wm. Murray, Esq.,—Treasurer. John O'Brien, Esq.,—Secretary. John Moyno, Esq.,—Assistant Secretary. Thos. McGauley, Esq.,—Librarian.

COUNCIL. Messrs. R. Warren, P. Jones, Jas Lynch, P. Fagan, D. Phalen, P. Coyle, M. Redmond, John McGuire, Thos. Fox.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY IN LONDON, C.W.

To the Editor of the True Witness.

Dear Sir,—As every Irishman that is an Irishman feels bound to do honor to the Apostle of his native land on each anniversary as it comes round, so is he desirous that the world should know how he has done it.

Although our little sweet city may not come within the circle of that civilisation which surrounds our future Metropolis (Toronto) still we claim to possess as warm hearts and as genuine Irish sentiment as any throughout the known world; and our feelings and sentiments are expressed as earnestly and sincerely, although quietly and without ostentation. But as no one has questioned the above facts (pity but what they would) there is no use in expatiating upon, or trying to establish what is already conceded.

Sunday being the time honoured 17th of March, our pastor, the Very Rev. Father Kelly, O.S.D., preached the patergyric on St. Patrick. I will not attempt to give a synopsis of the sermon, but merely endeavor to convey a very meagre idea of the effect it had on those who had the good fortune to have heard it.

The Church was filled to its utmost capacity by all creeds and classes, who, from different motives, were curious to hear how so delicate a subject, at this particular time would be handled. Those who knew the preacher were proud of the position he occupied on that day, and therefore was anticipated, a display of eloquence and ability which would awaken the deepest emotions of the heart, and appeal to that sense of justice which belongs to every honest and unprejudiced mind.

The preacher's manner is quiet, deliberate, and, at the same time, irresistibly impressive; his matter on this occasion, while eminently practical, was eloquent because of the truths enunciated, and the beautiful illustrations used. His base-work was Catholicity, and it was only at the conclusion that reference was made to the many evils which a most virtuous, faithful and brilliant people had been subjected to by misgovernment. While on this part of the sermon the audience, both Protestant and Catholic—not excepting the preacher personally—could scarce restrain those emotions which the portraying of the miseries and misfortunes of a whole people for centuries must arouse in every heart possessing a spark of humanity.

I have listened to many sermons, Mr. Editor, but never to one in which the head and heart were appealed to with so much consummate ability and with so great success. Purely Catholic in its conception—bringing to elucidation of the subject, a highly cultivated and well

balanced mind, with a thorough appreciation of human rights and liberties, it will not be a matter of wonder that we should never forget the sermon on St. Patrick's Day in 1867, or that we should, while memory lasts, never cease to feel grateful to Father Kelly. May he live long to gladden the hearts of all true men.

On Monday the Day was celebrated, as has been our custom for years, by a Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Music—and as usual was a great success in every sense of the word. St. Patrick's Concert is an institution without a doubt in London, in fact the only occasion on which all classes and creeds assemble in our City Hall, and whence they come away not only satisfied but really delighted, especially those who may have had the good fortune to have got a seat—for it must be borne in mind that hundreds are turned away every year for want of even standing room. The Hall was crammed so that not less than a thousand were present to listen to the best musical treat ever given to a London audience. After the audience were as comfortably disposed of as possible by the efforts of the Committee and our worthy Mayor, T. Smith, who exerted himself very much to give every man woman and child an opportunity to get full benefit of the programme, the Concert was opened by an overture from *Oberon* (Weber) by H. M. 53rd Band which was followed by our old friend, Mr. J. Egan of Hamilton, who sang "Erin the Home of my Childhood," which received a hearty encore, and "The Death of Nelson" introduced in the second part of the programme. Mr. Egan not only sustained his previous reputation of being the best amateur in Canada, but has shown a capacity for improvement, quite evident as compared with the last time we heard him last summer, proving that he possesses too very great essentials towards excellence in music—viz. natural talent and taste, with industry to develop and cultivate a magnificent voice. Miss Darby sang "The Harp That Once Thro' Tara's Hall," very nicely, which received an encore. Mr. Jno. Marshall sang "The Village Blacksmith" and "O Nannie Wilt Thou Gang With Me," in his usual happy style. Although not in as good voice on this occasion as usual, Mr. Marshall being a great favorite, and as the lamented Artemus Ward would say "a happy looking cuss all over," in fact so much so that it is not necessary to go for that fellow without a shirt to personify happiness, we have got the animal amongst us. He was well received and heartily encored. I now come to one of our Toronto citizens, Miss Peggie Hillary, who is the most sweet voiced and pleasing musical artist that ever appeared before us. Her manner is perfectly natural, she has a thorough conception of the sentiment of what she is singing, and displays exquisite taste and feeling. "Thro' the Last Glimpse of Erin," and "The Last Rose of Summer," two of the most beautiful of Moore's melodies, Miss Hillary sang them as none but a whole souled Irish girl possessing her talents could. The people of Toronto should be proud of their charming townswoman. This is her second visit, and I hope it won't be the last.

Mr. M. Long, one of the professors of the Collegiate Institute here, sang three comic songs which brought down the house every time. The excellent Band of the 53rd Regiment contributed much to the musical character of the Concert by playing the "Kate Kearny Waltz" and selections from "Linda di Chamouni" [Donizetti] and from the "Lilly of Killarney" [Benedict] winding up a set of Quadrilles "St. Patrick's Lament."

The Concert was under the management of our able professor of music, Mr. St. John Hytenreuch, whose judgment and taste on this occasion, as upon all previous ones in getting up our St. Patrick's Concerts, were appreciated and rewarded by the applause and satisfaction of his audiences.

The Committee are also very much indebted to another Toronto lady, Miss O'Dea, whose assistance in the accompaniments was, if possible, better appreciated by the singers themselves than by the audience. This lady is an accomplished pianist, and should belong to London, where refined music is much more thought of than in Toronto; thanks to our good Convents where our young Catholic ladies are afforded facilities to excel in these arts so essential to purity and refinement of mind and taste.

PRESENT TO THE POPE.—The ladies of the Bon Pasteur, Quebec, embroidered a beautiful pair of slippers intended as a present to His Holiness. The slippers are made of white *moire antique*, having on the uppers the arms of the Pope worked in thread of gold; the sides are ornamented by a garland of maple leaves which is closed or fastened behind. The Sister here entrusted Mr. Cote, bootmaker, with the task of completing the workmanship of the present, so far as his craft is concerned. The embroidery is declared to be a complete work of art, and no doubt its excellence will be duly appreciated by His Holiness.

MILITARY.—It is rumored that the 17th Regiment has been ordered home, and that it will leave this country on the opening of the navigation.—*Toronto Telegraph*

THE GUARDS DOUBLED.—All the guards at the various posts were doubled last night; and an officers' guard was placed on the penitentiary. For some days past suspicious looking characters, of semi-yankee appearance, have been seen prowling about in the vicinity of the for a and barracks; for this as well as other cogent reasons it has become necessary to have resort to more than the usual precautions for the public safety.—*Kingston News 23rd.*

On Tuesday three lieutenants, two doctors, eight midshipmen, three engineers and 160 non commissioned officers and men of H.M.S. *Aurora* left by a special train for the West. We understand that force is intended for the equipment of the three gunboats fitted out last year for service on the Lake. The detachment was furnished with necessary war stores and provisions for the journey, and for their own service. The men were armed in the most complete manner, each carrying a breech loading carbine a cutlass and a navy revolver.

DEFENSIVE PRECAUTIONS.—On Friday a large quantity of arms of the Snider rifle pattern, with suitable ammunition, were dispatched from the Quebec Citadel for the use of the volunteer force in Upper Canada.—*Montreal Herald.*

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as agents for the TRUE WITNESS in the undermentioned localities:— Mr. P. McEvoy for Wolfe Island. Mr. Timothy Sullivan, for Fergusons Falls and vicinity. Mr. James McCraw for Burnstown and vicinity.

SANITARY PRECAUTIONS.—Dr. Muir, Inspector General of Army Hospitals in British North America, has caused a memorandum to be addressed to the commanding officers and Sanitary Boards in the different garrisons, suggesting that, in view of a possible outbreak of cholera in the spring, energetic action should be taken to guard against it, and that camping grounds should be selected and a sufficiency of camp equipment provided so as to be available on the shortest notice.

During the prevalence of cholera at Gibraltar and Malta in the summer and fall of 1865, the removal of Regiments from barracks to camping grounds was frequently resorted to with the best effect—though, strange to say, the first case of cholera in the former garrison occurred in the 22nd Regiment when it was under canvas at the North Front, while the corps was temporarily detained at Gibraltar, en route to the Mauritius.

These precautions, so early taken by an eminent physician, ought to have their due weight with our City Fathers, and teach them to bestir themselves. In this respect we are glad to find the Citizens' Sanitary Committee already moving, as will be seen by the report we publish elsewhere. Cholera has already broken out in a village called Whitegate in the harbor of Queenstown, Ireland. From private sources, also, confirmation has been received that it is very virulent in the Island of Jersey. Out of eleven cases of attack at the date of the letter conveying the information, ten had proved fatal. There are ships loading there for Gaspe, and, probably, some for Quebec. The quarantine regulations have been published as usual by the Government, who will no doubt take prompt and efficient steps to enforce them most strictly from the day navigation opens. It is unnecessary to dwell on the importance of this, and all other possible precautions, in looking toward the protection of the Province from this terrible scourge.—*Montreal Daily News.*

A correspondent of the *Montreal Gazette* at Quebec writes us that the suffering among the poor at the Cove is much more severe than usual. Some of the oldest inhabitants state they never saw so much misery. The streets are very dirty, and unless the filth is cleared away, one may certainly look out for fevers after the spring suns. If cholera comes, it will have a fine chance. Our correspondent does not see that the spring will bring much change. The usual number of ships is not expected; and very little ship-building is being done.

DEPARTED HIS POST.—The *Kingston Whig* says: It was reported in the city yesterday that one of the guards of the Provincial Penitentiary had suddenly left his post, carrying with him to the States, it is said, his arms and also plans of the institution, and impressions of the keys. We should be happy for the sake of the good name of the officers of the Prison hold at the present time, to be able to contradict the report, and remove public suspicion if it be groundless.

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN SAYS: An early opening of navigation is expected. Boat owners are employing men for the approaching season, and numbers of engineers and stokers are leaving the city daily for Kingston, Montreal and other places on the St. Lawrence.

NEW YORK, March 28.—The *Commercial's* special says: The Judiciary Committee will probably report in favor of Senator Wilson's resolution to release Jeff. Davis. It is also believed that Congress will adopt the resolution, and Davis be released within a week.

GARROTTERS AT WORK IN TORONTO.—About half-past twelve on Saturday night a man named John Smith was attacked near the corner of Queen and Jarvis streets by four or five scamps who throttled him and robbed him of a silver watch. They were not content with robbing their victim, but amused themselves by striking him violently about the head and face. The offenders then directed their steps north along Jarvis street, and at the corner of Shuter street attacked another man named Wm. Tector and robbed him of a valuable watch and \$12 in money. Tector shouted "murder" and called for assistance, whereupon a young lad ran toward Queen street and notified a couple of civilians. The latter ran to the place and learning that the robbers had decamped in the direction of Parliament street pursued and overtook them, and succeeded in recovering one of the watches. Constable Campbell, who heard the cries proceeded in the direction of the disturbance, and fortunately stole a march upon three of the vagabonds at the corner of Parliament and Beech streets and took them into custody. The names are Hugh Maguire, of Berkeley street, Richard Kennedy, of Oak street, and James Moore of Don street. Subsequently another young man named John Harrington, of Queen street east, was also taken into custody, charged with being implicated in the outrages; and both Smith and Tector identified the four prisoners at the police station as those who had assaulted and robbed them.

THE RICHARDSON MINE.—Messrs. Lombard & Hardin, of Chicago, paid Mr. Richardson, the owner of the famous Richardson Mine, \$15,000, and Mr. Powell, who was interested with Mr. Richardson, \$12,000. The balance of the purchase money, \$5,000, has been secured to Mr. Richardson.

J. McCosh of Toronto, writes to the *Toronto Leader* denying that he ever went to see 'President' Roberts, as reported in the *Tribune*.

TORONTO, March 28.—First vessel of the season was seen this forenoon coming up the lake on the other side of the island, making for this port.

OTTAWA, March 27.—A new gold mining district is about to be established to be called the Quinte district, and to embrace the northern township of Addington, Hastings and Peterborough. It is expected that with the approach of spring there will be a large influx of gold seekers into this region.

In order to provide for the proper maintenance of order a mounted police force of 25 men is about to be organized. The pay of men will be \$2 per day; each man to provide his own horse. Their headquarters will be at Madoc. Should the numbers flocking to the mines not be as great as expected this force will be reduced at the end of a month or two.

Work is to be commenced on the Upper Canada Colonization roads in the month of May.—*Cor. of the Montreal Gazette*

REMITTANCES RECEIVED. East Hawkesbury, M. McCormick, \$2; Morrisburgh, A. McDonald, \$5; Douglastown, J. O'Brien, \$1; Kars, J. O'Connor, \$2; Marysville, M. Sweeney, \$2; Railton, P. O'Leary, \$2; Martintown, D. McDonald, \$2; Pictou, D. McCauley, \$2; Chamblay, P. O'Reilly, \$2; Paris, J. Maxwell, \$2; St. Hyacinth D. Hallinan, \$3; Egerton P. Buckley \$1; Oronwall A. McGillis \$6.50; Ormstown J. P. Murphy \$1.50; Hamilton W. Bates \$2; Dorchester N. B. O'Riley \$4; Carleton S. Bryerton \$2; Sherrington H. Blake \$2; Little Pabos N. Wales \$2; Indiana, Edward Kerrott, \$2; Quebec, F. Fortier \$2; Meaford J. Ward \$2; Inverness W. Carroll \$5; Cherry Valley J. Goodin \$4; Smithville T. McKeough \$1; Drummondville Miss Ployart \$2; St. Polycarpe R. McDonald \$6; St. Bridget Capt J. Maguire \$2; J. Dwyer \$3.20; Arthur E. O'Donnell \$6; New Mills N. B. Mrs. O. Hayes \$2; Joliette A. Kelly \$1.25; Point St. Charles M. Crow \$2.50; Guelph, J. Keough \$2; Asphodel P. O'Neill \$4; Point Edward P. Rielly \$2; St. Anicet P. Curran \$1; Hemmingford P. McCann \$1.50; St. Sophia J. Griffin \$2; Yankleek Hill Denis Hurley \$2; Osgoode W. Kearns \$2; Carleton Place P. Galvin \$2; Joliette A. Kel J, \$1.25; Loebiel, Rev. A. Mc onnell, \$2; Kenmore, J. Kinslar, \$2; Oatman Laing, J. Birmingham, \$2; St. Hyacinth, R. E. Corcoran \$2; Warreu, Pa. U. S. Rev. J. A. Voisard. \$3; Carleton, Lucier, \$2; Thamesville, M. Black \$4. Per P. O'Kelly, Tarleton, A. Friend, \$5. Per W. H. Mellon, West McGillivray, Self, \$2; Jas Moran, \$2; J. Doyle, \$2; M. Doyle, \$2. Per M. L. McGraith, Brechin, D. McDonald, \$1. Per Rev. K. A. Campbell, Aberly, Jas. Faheny, \$2; Subscriber, \$2. Per P. Mungovan, Peterboro., O. McGarby, Keene, \$2.50; Norwood, M. J. McCarthy, \$2; T. Murphy, \$2; P. E. Foly, \$2; T. N. Healy, \$2; J. Caranagh, California, \$2; Peterboro, J. McCabe, \$1; Thos. Suck, \$2. Per J. Glancy, Hemmingford, Self, J. Archer, J. Claven, Wm. Ryan, T. McAleer, John Fleming, and several others, \$19.50. Per J. McGuire, Oobourg, M. Geary, \$2. Per T. Oarberry, Grand River, D. Abern, Caps Despair, \$2. Per Rev. M. O'Reilly, Brock, D. O'Leary, Saint field, \$2. Per E. Kennedy, Perth, F. Malone \$2; M. Esad, Balderson's Corner, \$2. Per Rev. H. Brettburgh, Trenton, H. O'Rourke, \$2. Per Wm. Hart, Kingston, T. Thompson, Howe Island, \$2. Per Rev. D. O'Connell, South Dorco, J. Crowley, \$2; J. Allen, \$1. Per Rev. H. Gagnon, Frampton, Frampton Subscribers, \$16.52. Per Rev. P. Fitzsimmons Camden, Self, \$2; W. Cassidy, \$2. Per J. Carroll, Rindan, Rev. J. Remliff, \$2; Jas. Dal, \$2; J. D. Daly, Jr. \$2.

The Rev. Mr. Babin, it is said, has gone to Cincinnati, where he has obtained a situation as French teacher.—*Montreal Daily News.*

Birth, On the 28th ult., at 125 German street, Mrs. Henry R. Gray, of a daughter.

Died, In this city, on the 30th ult., at his residence, 28 Hermit street, Mr. John O'Brien, in his fifty-first year.

On Saturday, the 30th March, 1867, Ellen Guerin, wife of William Mackinnon, and daughter of the late Michael Guerin, of the Glen of Aherlow, Tipperary, Ireland.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Montreal, April 2, 1867. Flour—Pollards, \$4.25 to \$4.50; Middlings, \$5.75 to \$6.00; Fine, \$6.40 to \$6.50; Super, No. 2, \$7.40 to \$7.60; Superfine \$8.00 to \$8.25; Fancy \$8.00 to \$8.25; Extra, \$8.70 to \$8.90; Superior Extra \$8.90 to \$9.25; Bag Flour, \$3.90 to \$4.00 per 100 lbs. Oatmeal per bush of 200 lbs., worth \$5 to \$5.30. Wheat per bush of 60 lbs.—Range for U. C. Spring according to samples, \$1.70 to \$1.75. Peas per 60 lbs.—Market dull; the quotation of 60 lbs. is about \$2c to 8c. Oats per bush of 32 lbs.—Worth 32c in store. Barley per 48 lbs.—Market dull, at 53c to 57c. Rye per 56 lbs.—Nominal at 80c to 85c. Corn per 56 lbs.—95c asked for mixed, duty free, but no transactions. Ashes per 100 lbs.—First Pots \$5.80 to \$5.85; Seconds, \$4.95 net; Thirds, \$4.25 net. Pearls, first, \$7.75 to \$8.00. Pork per bush of 200 lbs.—Market quiet. Mess, \$19 to \$20.00. Prime Mess, \$12.50; Prime, \$13 to \$14. Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs.—A sale of four carcasses of choice carcasses, to arrive, at \$5.30 bankable funds.

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

April 2, 1867. Flour, country, per quintal, 22 0 to 22 6. Oatmeal, do 13 6 to 14 0. Indian Meal, do 0 0 to 11 3. Wheat, per min., 0 0 to 0 0. Barley, do, (new) 2 0 to 2 0. Peas, do, 4 6 to 5 6. Oats, do, 2 3 to 2 6. Butter, fresh, per lb., 1 3 to 1 6. Salt, do, 0 7 to 0 8. Bones, small white, per min., 0 0 to 0 0. Potatoes per bag, 6 0 to 6 9. Onions, per minot, 0 0 to 4 0. Lard, per lb, 0 8 to 0 9. Beef, per lb, 0 4 to 0 9. Pork, do, 0 5 to 0 6. Mutton do, 0 6 to 0 7. Lamb, per do, 0 4 to 0 6. Eggs, fresh, per dozen, 0 9 to 0 10. Hay, per 100 bundles, \$7.00 to \$9.00. Straw, \$3.00 to \$6.50. Beef, per 100 lbs, \$6.00 to \$9.00. Pork, fresh, do, \$5.50 to \$7.25. Milch Cows, \$20.00 to \$28.00. Hogs, live-weight, \$5.00 to 00.00. Dressed hogs, \$5.50 to \$6.00.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of JOSEPH L'BOUYER, Trader, St. Antoine Abbe, C.E., Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims. T. SAUVAGEAU, Official Assignee, Montreal, 26th of March 1867.

WANTED. A MALE TEACHER, with a diploma, to teach an Elementary School. Apply St. Columban, County of Two Mountains, Canada East. WILLIAM HART, Sect. Treas. WRIGHT & BROGAN, NOTARIES, Office:—55 St. Francois Xavier Street, MONTREAL.