TELEGRAMS.

THE EGYPTIAN MUDDLE.

ENGLISH MILITARY LEADERS HOLD A COUNCIL—ABYSSINIA TO INVADE SOUDAN—MUTINOUS TROOPS AT ASSOUAN.

LONDON, April 27.—A council was held in the War Office this morning. It is reported that the Duke of Cambridge, Lord Wolseley, the Marquis of Hartington and others advise against the expedition to Berber, or any advance whatever until a full force is equipped to relieve Khartoum in the autumn. The Egyptian premier is pressing the government to come to an immediate decision. Egyptian troops at Assouan and other stations in Upper Egypt declare their intention of joining the Mahdi, and numbers of them are deserting. The Khedive is constantly receiving letters warning him that he is doomed to speedy death unless he abdicates.

The King of Abyssinia has agreed to Admiral Hewitt's proposals to invade Soudan and relieve the Egyptian garrisons and assist them to withdraw through Abyssinia.

A despatch from Berber reports four brigades of Bashi Bazouks and five hundred soldiers joined the rebels.

CAIRO, April 27.—The troops at Berber have fraternized with the rebels. The condition of affairs excites the deepest concern. The inhabitants are fleeing from the place. It will be deserted in a few days.

PARIS, April 27.—The *Gaulois* says France will urge the conference to re-establish the dual control in Egypt should the powers be inclined to assent. Lord Granville has prepared a counter proposal placing the finances of Egypt under general European control. The *Republique Francaise* says that at the proposed conference of the powers concerning Egypt the whole Egyptian question, not simply the financial situation, will be *de facto* submitted to the arbitration of the powers.

CAIRO, April 28.—Recent reports of the surrender of Berber were premature. The British agent there telegraphed to-day that the position of the town was desperate, but he did not mention the surrender. Subsequently, however, he announced that all the troops were leaving town and that the rebels were entering the houses in the outskirts. The agent has left Berber for Korosko. The Egyptian officers at Assouan have received letters from El Mahdi's lieutenant ordering them to quit town within ten days, and warning them that if they do not they will be annihilated.

LONDON, April 28.—A telegram from Berber says it is impossible to communicate with Gordon. The whole country is in rebellion. The tribes threaten Berber, and everyone who can is starting for Cairo.

Advices from Berber state that Hussien Pacha has proclaimed the evacuation of the town. The inhabitants have fled and the troops have marched to join the rebels.

The *Cologne Gazette* says that Ferry will demand binding pledges of England to renounce the idea of annexing or establishing a protectorate over Egypt, and that if England refuses to give the pledges France will abstain from the Egyptian conference. Despatches from well informed correspondents indicate that Germany and Austria will probably hold aloof from conference on Egyptian affairs until France and Turkey, the most nearly interested powers next to Great Britain, decide whether to participate or not.

The *Daily News'* Cairo special states that 3,000 refugees from Khartoum succeeded in reaching Assouan and were sent to Lower Egypt. They had been furnished with lots of provisions and their pay.

THE O'CONNELL MEMORIAL CHURCH.

LONDON, April 25.—Canon Brosnan, writing to the *Tablet* on the results of his interviews at Rome with the American Bishops regarding the proposed erection of an Irish memorial church to Daniel O'Connell, says the Archbishop of Baltimore called it a great Catholic and patriotic work. The Archbishop of Chicago said, "I will send word to Chicago to my faithful and thoughtful Irish flock to give your great national project a generous reception." Bishop Fitzgerald warmly approved of the movement.

SPAIN WANTS TO DISPOSE OF CUBA.

NEW YORK, April 28.—It is reported that Spain has offered to sell Cuba to Mexico and that Mexico has agreed to take it on condition that the Cubans consent by a *plebiscite*. It is stated that Mexican bonds are to be given in lieu of the purchase money and that Spain demands that the United States shall become security for the amount. The editor of *El Separatista* says the story is in the main correct and that Minister Foster is now at Washington to see if the U. S Government will be satisfied with the arrangement; also that Gen. Aldama, formerly agent of the Cuba Junta, has gone to Havana to confer with Cubans and Spaniards on the subject.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT IN ENGLAND.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., April 28th.—The new cavalry barracks, in process of erection, suddenly fell this morning. The workmen, all of whom were convicts, were buried in the ruins. The loss of life is large.

HOLY WEEK IN ROME.

SCANDALOUS BEHAVIOUR OF ROMAN SWELLS AND AMERICAN GIRLS IN ST. PETER'S.

ROME, April 13.—The French railways having sold excursion tickets at reduced rates, we have had a large influx of strangers this week. The Tenebræ services have been attended by an immense crowd at St. Peter's, where almost all fashionable Rome attended in the afternoon. St. John Lateran and St. Mark Maggiore had a more quiet lot of attendants. The bulk of the curious were in the Vatican Basilica. The behaviour of the crowd was scandalous. The most scandalous was the behavior of the young Roman swells. As the Pope is no longer the ruler of Rome, they seem to think that they are privileged to insult even the Almighty in the churches of the Vatican. These young bloods deserted the Corso and the Pincio to follow young ladies to the Basilica. There they talked as loud as if they were in the street, and kept up the most scandalous conversation, making jocular remarks about the services and the statues in the church. Some of these impudent young men indulged in pranks for which the Piazza Navona is celebrated at carnival or on Epiphany night.

St. Peter's sextons are unable to restrain the unruly boys. The temple is profaned by their presence. English and American girls flirted and carried on outrageously. They were seated on the floors and on the prie dieus and on the confessional with the same ease as though they were seated on the grass for a picnic or on a coach on race days.

The ceremonies of the morning were attended by a more reserved audience. The consecration of the holy oils took place at St. John of Lateran on Thursday, and the baptism of the Jews and the ordination of eighty clergymen on Saturday evening. Cardinal Parochi, the new vicar, officiated.

The sanctuary of Scalo Santo has been attended by lots of visitors, and the relics of Sta. Croce in Jerusalem have been visited by thousands.

The Pope officiated on Holy Thursday in his own chapel, giving communion to the prelates of his own household.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, April 28.—In the House of Commons last night the Right Hon. George J. Dodson, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, confirmed the report that fifteen head of cattle had been found in Wimpole, in Cambridgeshire, infected with the foot-and-mouth disease. These were a portion of a herd of fifty-one head recently sent into Cambridgeshire from Liverpool, and the cattle inspector at Liverpool had reported that they were from America. Mr. Dodson asserted, however, that the cattle could not have come from America, the inspector to the contrary notwithstanding, as all American cattle are slaughtered at the ports where they are landed. The last Canadian cattle, moreover, landed at Liverpool April 12, were perfectly sound. Furthermore, Mr. Dodson said he did not believe there was any foot-and-mouth disease in either the United States or Canada. He moved, therefore, to restore the Cattle Bill to the original form in which it was introduced in the House of Lords by Baron Carlingford, Lord Privy Seal. The Duke of Richmond's amendment, adopted by the lords, went further than was necessary in defending the country against the admission of diseases from abroad. If adopted as it came from the House of Lords, the measure would inevitably tend to hamper trade and increase the price of meat. It would in reality be equivalent to prosection. It is acknowledged that the government attached great importance to Mr. Dodson's motion. But in spite of this, the motion was rejected by a vote of 185 to 161. When this result was announced Mr. Dodson asked for time for the government to consider the position in which they were placed by the vote.

Sir Stafford Northcote, the leader of the Opposition, said that the government had twice this season defied the opinion of the house in matters deeply affecting the agricultural interests of the country.

Mr. Gladstone said that the bill had been discussed on party lines. The Government were therefore entitled to exercise their judgment in regard to what course they should follow. The measure will be discussed again on Friday, when the Government will state the course which it intends to pursue. The defeat of the Government was due to the fact that eighteen Parnellites voted in opposition to the Government in order to display their power by effecting a Government defeat. The cattle bill will probably be abandoned.

LONDON, April 24—In the House of Commons this evening Wm. O'Brien, member for Mallow, called attention to the arrest of Fitzgerald, the alleged Fenian, a fortnight ago, and asked if there was any precedent for the hugger-mugger system of secret arrests and secret enquiry. Thos. Sexton condemned private examinations. Mr. Trevelyan spoke in justification of the action of the authorities. Leamy referred to the ill-usage Fitzgerald had received in Waterford jail. Sir W. V. Harcourt said the matter had been referred to the prison commission for Ireland. The Home Secretary repudiated the charges of inhuman treatment brought against Mr. Trevelyan.

The budget was introduced to-night. The national debt is shown to be lower now than since 1811 and the interest lower than since 1805. The debt was reduced in 1883 by eight and a half millions. The estimated expenditure for the current financial year is £85,252,000, against £85,954,000 during the previous year. The revenue is estimated at £85,550,000, against £71,866,000 last year. It is proposed to convert the 3 per cent. consols into 2¾ per cent.

MARRYING A LIVE WIFE'S SISTER.

OTTAWA, April 26.—The Township of Gloucester has a bigamy case. On the 6th of February last a farmer of that township drove into the city with a young girl, and after obtaining a marriage license, they proceeded to New Edinburgh, and were united in marriage by the Rev. Mr. Clark, a Presbyterian minister. The farmer gave his name as David Wallace. He is an elderly man, while his bride is a young woman. It has since come to light that the name he gave was fictitious, and that his right name is John Tester, of Gloucester. The girl he married was his sister-in-law, and belonged to Osgoode. Tester, who has a family of four, is now living with his two wives.

THE P.E.I. LEGISLATURE.

ST. JOHN, N.B, April 22.—The Prince Edward Island Legislature was prorogued on the 17th inst. The Lieut.-Governor's speech was as follows:—

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

It affords me great satisfaction to be able to release you from further attendance on your legislative duties. I thank you for the care and attention you have bestowed upon the public business during the session.

The domestic affliction which has befallen Her Majesty the Queen, in the death of His Royal Highness Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, has called forth your respectful expression of heartfelt sympathy. I have transmitted your address of condolence, on this melancholy event, to be laid at the foot of the throne.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

I thank you for your liberal supplies which you have asked for the public service, and beg to assure you that in their disbursement the strictest economy shall be observed.

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

I shall have much pleasure in forwarding to His Excellency the Governor-General the address which you have passed relative to the maintenance by the Federal Government of efficient and continuous steam service between this province and the mainland of the Dominion in accordance with the terms of Confederation.

In taking leave of you for the recess, I earnestly pray that God may guide you in the discharge of all your duties.

MR. O'KELLY, M.P., IN TROUBLE.

DUBLIN, April 26.—The *Express* says James O'Kelly, M.P., who went to the Soudan as correspondent of the London *News*, has been arrested by the Egyptian authorities.

Suspicious documents were found in his possession, and among them letters from a Frenchman to the Mahdi.

PARIS, April 29—Henry Rochefort says the letters found on James O'Kelly, who has been arrested in Egypt, were probably his credentials to El Mahdi as a newspaper correspondent. Rochefort's son was with O'Kelly.

Finance and Commerce

FINANCIAL.

TRUE WITNESS OFFICE,
TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1884.

In London this afternoon consols sold at 101 11-16; 4½'s 115¼; Illinois Central 127½; Canada Pacific 48; Erie 18¼.

With few exceptions New York stocks were weaker. Western Union fell to 62⅝ from 64⅝ and Central Pacific to 51⅝ from 54¼; Manitoba went from 90½ to 91 and Canada Pacific from 46⅛ to 46.

Rates of sterling are about 9½ prem. for straight sixties between banks, 9¾ over the counter, 10 and 10¼ prem. demand. Currency drafts on New York were about 1.16 to 1.32 prem. Counter rate ¼ prem. In the local money market call money on stock collateral loans at 4 to 4½ per cent. Commercial paper is 6½ to 7 per cent. as to quality.

The stock market was irregular and easier. This morning Richelieu dropped 1 per cent. to 61, and other stocks were easy, not excepting Bank of Montreal.

The local manager of the Federal Bank, Mr. Ingram, received a telegram from Toronto stating that his bank had declared a 4 per cent. dividend for the half year, and the stock in Toronto sold immediately afterwards at 124. On Saturday the stock was quoted at 131 to 132½ in this market, many expecting a 5 per cent. dividend, which was the rate last half year. Federal is thus reduced in the wisdom of the directors from a ten per cent. to a 9 per cent. stock.

Stock Sales.—100 Montreal 190½; 25 do, 190¾; 25 do (ex-div) 186; 75 do 185¾; 25 do 186; 25 do 185¼; 25 Peoples, 63½; 50 Federal 130; 25 Ontario 105¼; 75 Commerce 122½; 475 Gas 178; 25 Richelieu 62; 85 do 61½; 25 do 61¼; 25 do 61½; 200 do 61.

A lot of 125 shares of Federal sold at 125 conditionally on a 4 per cent dividend and 285 shares sold at 135 provided 5 per cent is paid.

An operator to-day said to our reporter:—"Stocks are getting scarce on the street and rumors that a premium to borrow Montreal stock will shortly be required, are circulated. Ninety per cent of the sales made every day are believed to be 'short' sales.

NEW YORK, 1 p m, April 29.—Stocks irregular. Am Ex 96½; C S 47½; D & H 104⅜; D & L 117½; Erie 18¼; pfd 48; L S 96¼; M C 83; Mo Pac 81⅝; N J C 78½; N P 21¼; pfd 47⅝; N W 112; pfd 141½; N Y C 113½; R I 117½; St P 82⅛; pfd 112; St P M & M 90¼; Tex Pac 14¼; U P 65; W U 63⅝.

COMMERCIAL.

WEEKLY REVIEW—WHOLESALE MARKETS.

There have been few interesting features in the city trade the past week. The failure of the leather firm of Cassils, Stimson & Co., for nearly half a million dollars, caused rumors to be floated concerning other firms both in and out of the leather business, but they turned out to be premature, the banks interested coming to the aid of their customers. The Loan and Mortgage Company, which was involved in trouble through its manager, a brother of Thomas Craig, ex-President of the Exchange Bank, has been compelled to reduce its capital fifty per cent, and another fact which may interest country readers is that Thos. H. Hodgson, the former cheese king of Montreal, is still detained in jail at New York by the Rochelaga bank for a debt of $18,000. Though the river is clear of ice, the maritime interests of the port are not yet in full swing, as the St. Lawrence canals will not be open for some days yet. The ice barrier at Cap Rouge will be gone before the arrival of the first steamers from sea, but the attempt to destroy it by dynamite was a failure. We cannot prophecy great things for the spring and summer trade like some of our contemporaries. The prospects are not brilliant, by any means, in this quarter, and the aggregate movement of merchandise will, we think, scarcely be equal to last season. In the North-West the flood of immigrants and the expenditure on the Canada Pacific will keep things going, but in no great line of business here is there any present prospect of unusual activity, in fact we find many traders quite despondent. At the opening of navigation there is always a lull, as shipments are delayed for the first boats and lower freight rates, but we do not fail to notice the effect of this and to make the necessary allowance. A meeting of the cotton manufacturers was held when the agreement recently entered into between the mills was ratified, and the advance of 10 per cent. in certain lines of white cotton is to be firmly maintained. The iron trade is by no means active, and holders find it imperative to shade prices in order to sell. The grocery trade also adds its quota to the general quietude which usually precedes the opening of navigation.

IRON AND HARDWARE.—Scotch warrants have been on the decline all week and prices of pig iron here are down 50c to $1 per ton. There has been more doing in No. 1 Siemens, and we hear of the sale of 700 tons, delivered at Galt on p. t., but said to be about $18 75. Scotch warrants are cabled easier at 42s 4d. We quote prices here as follows:—No. 1 Coltness and Langloan, $26; No. 1 Gartsherrie, Summerlee and Calder at $18 75; No. 1 Dalmellington $18, and No. 1 Eglington, $17 25 to 17 50. Ingot tin is steady at £84 10s in London and at 20½c here for Straits. Ingot copper has advanced to £62½s in London, and here the market is steady at 16½c to 16¾c. Tin plates are strong, and a fair business has resulted during the week. The exports from England last year show an increase of 500,000 tons over those of the year previous. We quote prices here at $4 75 to 4 85 for I C charcoal and $4 25 to 4 40 for I C coke. Canada plates are steady at $2 95 for both Penn and Blaina. Bars are steady at $1 80 to 1 85, sheets at 2¼c to 2½c and plates at 2½c to 2¾c, lead $3 40 to 3 50. The general hardware trade remains quiet and steady.

GROCERIES—In the sugar market granulated is quoted at 7⅜c to 8c, and yellows at 5¾c to 7½c, which prices are unusually low, and we would not be surprised if some syndicate stepped in at unprecedentedly reduced rates now ruling in New York and at the Islands, as was the case a few years ago. It is stated that rather than accept the low bids offered for raw in the West Indies some of the largest planters will hold them over for a twelve months. It is understood that several planters are carrying stocks in New York rather than place them on the the market at present. Molasses are weak at 40c to 42c for Barbadoes, but new to arrive in June would cost 35c laid down here. In fruit there is not much change, the only sales we hear of being a round lot of off-grade Valencia raisins at 4½c, whilst fine brands are scarce and firm at 5c to 5½c. A few small lots of currants and prunes have also changed hands at 5c. In teas the market is generally quiet, although we learn there is a reviving enquiry for low grade Japans. In coffee and spices there is no important change. Rice is firm, in sympathy with strong advices from abroad, and we quote $3 50 to 3.60 at the mill. The quantity of rice now afloat to Europe is 94,000 tons, against 144,000 tons a year ago, showing the large decrease of 50,000 tons. English advices just to hand state that Burmah cargoes of rough rice are stronger and prices again dearer. Wines and spirits—A fair jobbing trade is reported and sales have been made of Henessey in cases at quotations. A few sherries and ports have also been placed at steady prices. We quote as follows:—Hennessey's brandy in cases at $10 75 to 11; Martel's in cases at $10 75. Rum $2 60 to 2 80, for Jamaica, 16 o.p. Wines at $1 30 to $4 00 for ports, and $1 60 to 6 00 for sherries, as to quality. Highwines, 90c net cash; rye, 52c net.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Western jobbers have been in town looking after fall samples, travellers have also sent in a number of sorting up orders. Leather—There is uneasiness, but no more failures were reported. Blacks have been going a trifle better. Spanish sole, No. 1, B A, 26c to 27c; do No. 2, B A, 23c to 24c, China, No. 1, 22c to 24c; do No. 2, 20c to 21c; Buffalo, No. 1, 20c to 22c; do No. 2, 18c to 19c; slaughter, No. 1, 25c to 28c; rough (light), 25c to 27c; harness, 27c to 32c; waxed upper, light, 36c to 37c; do do medium and heavy, 33c to 36c; grained upper, long, 35c to 37c; Scotch grained upper, 38c to 42c; buff, 14c to 16c; pebbled cow, 12c to 15c; splits, medium, 22c to 27c; do junior, 18c to 21c; calfskin, light, 60c to 75c; do heavy 75c to 85c; French calfskin, $1.05 to 1.35; English kidskin, 60c to 70c; patent cow, 15c to 16c.

OILS.—Linseed has sold very well at easier prices. Cod oil is quiet and steady, and seal oil is held with more firmness, since reports have come to hand stating that the Newfoundland seal fishery is a failure, the catch being estimated at 250,000 seals, an average catch being 400,000. Cod liver oil is lower at $1 60 to 1 70. We quote:—Linseed, boiled per imperial gallon, 58 to 60c, and raw 55 to 56c; cod, Newfoundland A, 62½ to 65c; Gaspe 62 to 63½c; seal—steam refined, 70 to 72½c; cod liver $1 60 to 1 75. Petroleum—The demand is extremely slow, and prices have undergone a further drop of ½c per gallon, car lots being offered at 12½c in store, broken lots at 13 to 13½c, and single barrels 14c. At Petrolia the price has fallen to 10c f.o.b.

HIDES.—We quote:—Green hides, 8½c, 7½c and 6½c for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respectively. Inspected hides ½c higher. Toronto hides 9c; No 1 and Hamilton, 9c; No 2, 8c; Western green salted—No 1 buff, 10½c to 10¾c; No 2, 8¾c. Dry salted, 17c No 1 and 15c No 2; sheepskins, 85c to $1. Calfskins, 12 to 13c per lb; lambskins, 18c to 20c.

SALT.—Coarse salt has been ordered to arrive at 47½c for elevens. On spot, however, there is not much change in values, and we quote as follows on spot:—Coarse, 50 to 52½c for elevens; factory-filled steady at $1 25 to 1 30; Eureka, $2 40, and Turks' Island 35c per bushel.

WOOL.—In wool there is a lack of animation, sales being limited to small parcels. A cargo of greasy Cape is being received from Port Elizabeth via Boston. In other staple lines there is no material change. Remittances are generally reported as improving.

City Breadstuffs, Dairy Produce and Provisions.

April 29.

Grain is unchanged and the upward spurt and irregularity has caused a less hopeful feeling among shippers who would have made their fortunes if they had bought wheat and held it for shipment at the low prices which ruled a week or so ago. The first vessel has arrived at Kingston with a cargo of wheat for Montreal. Receipts by rail were as follows:—Oats 3,350 bushels; flour 2,422 brls; ashes 70; butter 40 pkgs; cheese 63 boxes hides 60; leather 23 rolls; tobacco 41 cases; dressed hogs 6. We quote grain as follows:—Canadian spring wheat at $1 12 to 1 15; do red winter at $1 15 to 1 18, and white do $1 13 to 1 16; corn, 70c to 72c; oats, 40c to 41c; rye, 67½c to 71½c; barley, 55c to 65c; peas, 93c to 95c; In flour sales were as follows:—500 bbls extra sold at $5 50, 250 spring extra at $4 65, 250 medium bakers' at $5 25, 200 fine at $3 55, 125 middlings at $3 50, do at $3 35, 250 Ontario bags (spring extra) at $2 25, 250 do at $2 30. Oatmeal remains quiet at $4.55 to 4.75 for ordinary, and $5 to 5 10 for granulated. Flour—Superior extra, $5 35 to 5 40; extra superfine, $5 10 to 5 15; fancy, $4 95 to 5 00; spring extra, $4 60 to 4 80; superfine, $4 to 4 10; Canada strong bakers' $5 10 to 5 40; American strong bakers', $5 35 to 5 45; fine, $3 60 to 3 65; middlings, $3 60 to 3 65; pollards, $3 10 to 3 25. Ontario bags—Medium $2 30 to 2 40; spring extra 2 15 to 2 25; superfine $2 10 to 2 15; city bags (delivered) $2 85 to 2 90. Butter—We quote new 21c to 28½c. Old butter is dull and in larger supply than wanted. Eastern Townships, fair to fine, 18c to 20c; Morrisburg and Brockville, fair to fine, 17c to 19c; Western, 15c to 17c; low grades, 13c to 14c. Cheese has advanced to 68s in Liverpool; new make is 11½c to 12c on this market. Eggs about 15½c. Ashes, $4 20 to 4 25. Provisions quiet at following prices:—Mess pork, Western, per lb, $20 50 to 21 00; do, Canadian short cut, $21 50; hams, city cured, per lb, 13½c to 14½c; lard, Western, in pails, per lb, 12½c to 12¾c; do, Canadian, do, 11½c to 12c; bacon, per lb, 13c to 14c; tallow, common refined, per lb, 6½c to 7½c.

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET.

There was a fair inquiry at about steady prices for choice cattle, with transactions at 5¼ to 6½c per pound live weight, as to quality. Live hogs were quiet and steady at 7c per pound. Butchers' cattle encountered a fair demand, and sales of good to choice lots were made at 5c to 6c per lb, live weight, as to quality, the top figure for extra choice. At Viger market the receipts were limited, numbering about 140 head. Quality averaged fair, and under a fairly active demand prices were steady. Choice prime beeves brought 6c per lb, live weight, while some good lots were sold at 5½c to 5¾c. Interior cattle brought 4½c to 5c per lb., live weight. There was a fair number of calves, about 100 head, offered to a very quiet demand, so that prices were lower. Sheep and lambs were in light supply, and sold readily at $7 to $10 each for lambs, as to quality, the top figures for extra choice.

MONTREAL HORSE MARKET.

For horses the demand has been fair and the supply is good. Mr. Jas. Maguire, of College street market, reports the following:—Two bay horses at $300; one brown horse at $90; one brown horse at $160; one chestnut mare at $175; one grey mare at $150; one bay pony at $130; one brown horse at $160; one chestnut mare at $91; one brown horse at $65; one bay mare at $120; and one bay horse at $165. He also has in his stables at present a fine lot of horses.

CANADA.—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC—DISTRICT OF MONTREAL:—Superior Court. Adrienne Tremblay, of St. Cunegonde, said District, wife of Joseph Bergeron, captain of barge, of same place, duly authorized to *ester en justice*, Plaintiff, vs. Joseph Bergeron, captain of barge, of St. Cunegonde, said District, Defendant. An action *en separation* as to property has been instituted in this case at Montreal, on the 29th of April instant.

Montreal, 29th April, 1884.

DEMARTIGNY & DEMARTIGNY,
88 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

THE QUEBEC MARKETS.

Beef, best quality, dressed, per 100 lbs, $10 00 to 11 00; 2nd do, $9 00 to 10 00; 3rd do, $8 00 to 9 00; Fresh pork, per 100 lbs, $9 50 to 10 00; do, per lb, 10c to 12; salt, do, 13c to 00; fresh hams, per lb, 11c; smoked do, per lb, 14c to 15; flour, Hungarian roller process, per brl, $5 80 to 7 50; superior extra, 5 70 to 6 00; extra, 5 35 to 5 50; strong bakers, 5 70 to 6 00; spring extra, 5 00 to 5 20; superfine, 4 50 to 4 75; fine 4 00 to 4 25; bag flour per 100 lbs, 2 50 to 2 65; oatmeal per brl, 5 00 to 5 25; cornmeal white per brl, 3 67 to 3 75; do yellow do 3 40 to 3 50, salmon No 1 per brl of 200 lbs, 20 00; do per lb 14c; codfish green per brl, 5 00 to 6 00; dry codfish per quintal, 5 00 to 5 25 to 5 50; cod oil per gallon, 60c to 63c; Labrador herring, No 1, per brl, 4 00 to 6 00; potatoes per bushel, 45c to 55c; oats do 34 lbs, 42c to 45c; salt butter per lb, 18c to 22c; fresh do, 22c to 23c; fresh do do prints, 25c to 28c; cheese per lb, 12½c to 13c; eggs per dozen, 20c to 22c; maple sugar per lb, 8c to 10c; lemons per case 5 50; oranges do 7 00; onions per brl 2 50 to 3 00; hay per 100 lbs, 5 50 to 7 00; straw do, 3 00 to 4 00; wood per cord 2 ft 6 in, 3 00 to 4 00; do do 8ft, 2 00 to 500.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat, fall per bush 1 00 to $1 05; wheat spring do, 1 05 to 1 12; wheat goose, do, 75c to 83c; barley do 65c to 75c; Oats do, 41c to 42c; pease do, 73c to 76c; dressed hogs per 100 lbs, 7 75 to 8 00; beef hind quarters 10 00 to 11 00; beef fore quarters 7 50 to 8 00; butter, pound rolls, 20c to 26c; do tub dairy, 18 to 21c; eggs, fresh per dozen, 15c to 16c; potatoes per bag, 75 to 85c; hay per ton, $6 00 to 15 00; straw do, $5 50 to 8 00.

MARRIED.

HAYES—DUNPHY.—In this city, on the 22nd instant, at St. Ann's Church, by the Rev. Father O'Meara, Jas. Hayes to Nellie, youngest daughter of the late Peter Dunphy, all of this city. [Chicago and Philadelphia papers please copy.] 97-2

McGRATH—SHANNON.—At Lachine, on the 21st inst., by the Reverend N. Piche, P.P., John McGrath to Annie Shannon, daughter of the late Patrick Shannon, of Lachine. 96-3

JOHNSON—McCANN.—At St. Patrick's Church, on the 21st inst., by Revd. P. Dowd, P.P., R. G. Johnson to Gertrude, daughter of the late James McCann. 99-1

GIROUX—MASSE.—On Wednesday, the 23rd inst., the nuptial ceremonies were performed by the Very Rev. Canon Nadeau, at the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, Granby, between Mr. Alexander Giroux, the jeweller and optician of the village, and Miss Melina Vincenta *Masse*, the eldest daughter of Antoine Traffic *Masse*, Esq., a well known and respected citizen of Granby. After the ceremony the happy cortege proceeded to the Masse residence, where a sumptuous repast had been prepared, and where a numerous array of presents awaited the happy twain. Mr. and Mrs. Giroux departed on the morning train, and will tour to Coaticook, the home of the groom, Montreal and Caledonia in the Dominion, and Niagara Falls and Highgate in the States. The bride is well known through the suburban parishes in connection with bazaars and other benevolent works, and no doubt will receive congratulations *en masse*. 99-1

DIED.

ROWLAND.—At St. Louis, Missouri, on 18th February, 1883, Thomas Rowland, of Montreal aged 25 years. 96-2

GAHAN.—On the 21st inst., Zeta Ann, youngest and beloved daughter of M. Gahan, aged one year, 9 months and 19 days.

MOONEY.—In this city, on the 22nd instant, Maria Corooran, aged 50 years, a native of Queen's County, Ireland, relict of the late Jas. Mooney.

O'CONNELL.—In this city, on the 23rd inst., after a long and painful illness, Denis O'Connell, aged 22 years and four months, a native of Charleville, County Cork, Ireland.

GLYNN.—In this city, April 27th, Sergean Henry Glynn, aged 55 years.

WHELAN.—In this city, on Friday, April 25th, Edward, eldest son of Denis Whelan, aged 4 years, 3 months and 14 days.

NEVER EXPOSED.

Our best Mantles and Costumes are never shown in the window.

S. CARSLEY.

NEXT WEEK.

Next week we show another small shipment of new Dolmans, Mantles, Wraps, Jackets and Ulsters at from $10 up to $125 each.

S. CARSLEY.

NEW PRINTS.

Several lots of new Prints and Printed Cambrics to be shown on Monday.

S. CARSLEY.

CHEAP LINENS.

Several cases of Table Linens to be offered a bargain next week.

S. CARSLEY.

MANTLE AND COSTUME DEPARTMENTS.

NEW GOODS IN EVERY BRANCH.

New Mantles in Cashmerette,
New Mantles in Ottoman Cloths,
New Mantles in Soleil Cloths,
At S. CARSLEY'S.

New Jackets in Jersey Cloths,
New Jackets in Ottoman Cloths,
New Jackets in Soleil Cloths,
At S. CARSLEY'S.

New Mantles in Silk Ottomans,
New Mantles in Satin Ottomans,
New Mantles in Broche Ottomans,
At S. CARSLEY'S.

New Jackets in Silk Ottomans,
New Jackets in Satin Ottomans,
New Jackets in Broche Ottomans,
At S. CARSLEY'S.

New Mantles in Satin Broches,
New Mantles in Satin Soleil,
New Mantles in Velvet Grenadines,
At S. CARSLEY'S.

S. CARSLEY,

367, 369, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399

Notre Dame Street,

MONTREAL.

KNABE PIANOFORTES.
UNEQUALLED IN
Tone, Touch, Workmanship and Durability
WILLIAM KNABE & CO.
Nos. 204 and 206 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore. No. 112 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. Superior Court. No. 566. The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, Plaintiff, vs. Samuel W. Beard, Defendant. On the 9th day of May, 1884, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Victoria Skating Club, No. 96 St. Francois Xavier street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of one paid up share of the capital stock of the Victoria Skating Club. Terms cash.

G. MASSE, B. S. C.

Montreal, 26th April, 1884. 99-1

PROSPECTUS OF

The Royal Electric Co.

TO BE ORGANIZED UNDER SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

ROOM 12, BARRON BLOCK, - - - 162 ST. JAMES STREET.

CAPITAL:

25,000 SHARES. PAR VALUE, $10 EACH. $250,000.00

FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

WALTER R. ELMENHORST, President St. Lawrence Sugar Refinery.
THOMAS DAVIDSON, Managing Director North British & Mercantile Insurance Co.
JAMES CRATHERN, of Messrs. Crathern & Caverhill.
GILBERT SCOTT, of Messrs. Wm. Daw & Co.
M. LEE ROSS.
C. F. SISE, Vice-President Bell Telephone Co.
GEORGE ROSS ROBERTSON.
H. E. IRVINE.
J. CASSIE HATTON, Q.C.

ROSS & IRVINE, - - - - - - MANAGERS.

The Royal Electric Company is to be organized for the purpose of carrying on a general Electric Manufacturing and Lighting business in all its branches throughout the Dominion of Canada.

The object of the Company is to acquire, by purchase, the already established Electric Manufacturing and Lighting business now so successfully worked by the American Electric and Illuminating Company, embracing as follows:—

PATENTS.—All of the Patents of Elihu Thomson and E. J. Houston, under which the sole right is granted to manufacture and sell throughout the Dominion of Canada Dynamos, Lamps, and all other electrical apparatus covered by said patents, and known as the Thomson-Houston System of Electric Lighting. By mutual agreement with the American Electric and Illuminating Company of Boston, this Company secures the right to all patents that they may acquire from Prof. Thomson for the United States and Canada, the Royal Electric Company agreeing to grant the same right to the American Company for any new invention perfected by it in Canada.

FACTORY.—The factory is situated at No. 32 Dowd Street, Montreal, and is fitted up with the most improved machinery, and is fully stocked with the latest improved tools and implements used in the manufacture of all kinds of electrical machines, lamps, &c., necessary for the proper conduct of an electric lighting business in the City of Montreal, and for the constructing and supplying of Sub-Lighting Companies throughout Canada.

LIGHTING STATION.—The local Lighting Station for the City of Montreal, at present situated at Nos. 12 to 22 Inspector Street, is fitted up in a most complete manner with Dynamos, Lamps, &c., having a capacity of 125 lights.

There is already run in connection with this station, 10 miles of circuit furnished with best Lake Superior insulated copper wire, with most completely fitted structures, fixtures, &c., for a 125 electric service. N.B.—Negotiations are now pending for the sale of this Station to a local organization, as it is the intention of the Royal Electric Company to confine itself to manufacturing electric light machinery and constructing electric lighting plant throughout Canada.

SUPERIORITY OF THIS SYSTEM.—The Thomson-Houston System of Electric Lighting is so well and widely known throughout the United States and Canada that it is sufficient for the Provisional Directors to state that this system is THE ONLY PERFECT AUTOMATIC REGULATING SYSTEM OF ELECTRIC ARC LIGHTING IN EXISTENCE. And it may be added that it has carried off the first prizes whenever brought into competition with other systems in the United States.

A few of the places where this system is in use in Canada:—

American Elec. & Ill. Co., Montreal, Que.
Quebec and Levis Elec. Light Co., Quebec, Que.
Belleville, Ontario.
Carrier, Lane & Co., Levis, Que.
Windsor Hotel, Montreal, Que.
St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, Que.
Victoria Skating Rink, Montreal, Que.
Crystal Skating Rink, Montreal, Que.
Royal Museum, Montreal, Que.
American House, Montreal, Que.
St. James Hotel, Montreal, Que.
S. Davis & Sons, Montreal, Que.
Z. Paquet, Quebec, Que.
Perley & Pattee, Ottawa, Ont.
J. R. Booth, Ottawa, Ont.

PROFITS.—The profits to be realised on the sale of finished Dynamos and Lamps now on hand, and from the sale of the lighting business of the City of Montreal fully warrants the management in declaring that the earnings will be such as will guarantee the subscribers to the stock of the Royal Electric Company a DIVIDEND OF 10 PER CENT. THE FIRST YEAR, with a decided prospect of largely increasing the profits each subsequent year.

CAPITAL STOCK.—The stock is offered at its

PAR VALUE OF $10 PER SHARE

to complete purchase and for working capital; 20 per cent. payable at date of subscription, balance subject to call of Directors.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS ARE NOW OPEN AT THE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, Barron Block, 162 St. James, Room 12.

Parties who are desirous of investing, or of becoming familiar with this new Electric Lighting, are cordially invited to visit our Factory or Lighting Station, for which permits will be furnished at the office of the Company.

Any further information can be obtained on application or by letter addressed P. O. 2067, Montreal.

ROSS & IRVINE, Managers.

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