

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL, West Market Square, Guelph. J. MILLER, Proprietor.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has recently been opened and fitted up in a style to meet the wants of the TRAVELLING PUBLIC, and secure to its patrons all the comforts and convenience of a home.

Particular attention is paid to the Table, Which will always be furnished with all the delicacies of the season.

FIRST-CLASS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERICAL TRAVELLERS, with LIVERY STABLE

Attached to the Hotel to meet the requirement of all persons for well as transient customers. Guelph, March 5.

GLASGOW HAM CURER. The subscriber wishes to inform the inhabitants of Guelph that he has on hand

A large stock of Beef, Pork, Rolled Spiced Hams. All of which will be sold at 12 1/2 cents per lb.

A splendid lot of Smoked Hams Lard, &c. A large lot DRIED BEEF and MUTTON will be sold at from 4c to 5c per lb.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL. PROF. HERMAN'S NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER Which is known to be far superior to anything ever yet discovered for killing rats, mice, insects

which is known to be far superior to anything ever yet discovered for killing rats, mice, insects

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a silver prize medal at the International Exhibition for Victoria, Australia, of 1860, besides numerous testimonials.

Messrs. E. CARROLL & CO., Dry's Block, Wyndham-st., Guelph, May 29, dly

GARDEN TOOLS. LADIES' GARDEN TOOLS, BOYS' GARDEN TOOLS, CHILDREN'S GARDEN TOOLS,

J. HORSMAN'S Guelph, 29th May. dw

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE. House and Lot for sale on Delhi Street, Mitchell's Hill, Guelph, being Lot 23, in Division A.

CHILDREN'S GARRIAGES. In great variety, and remarkably cheap at MRS. HUNTER'S

THE PATENT CLOTHES HORSE. A most useful and convenient article. Every house should have one.

AT MRS. HUNTER'S. Something new in TOYS, at Mrs. Hunter's.

Dress Making & Straw Millinery. AT MRS. HUNTER'S

Juvenile Clothing and Patterns at Mrs. Hunter's.

REMOVAL OF GARLAND'S Hat and Cap Store.

THE Subscriber has removed to the splendid premises

Day's Block, late Petrie's Drug Store. And has now in stock an immense assortment of

Hats, Caps, Furs, &c. In all the latest and most fashionable styles and colours, which will be sold very cheap.

Being a practical hatter, he thoroughly understands the wants of customers, and invites the public to call and see his goods, as he can sell them a better article at a cheaper price than they can get elsewhere.

The highest price paid for raw Furs. F. GARLAND. Guelph, March 15, 1869. 2nd dw

BOOK CANVASSERS. TAKE NOTICE.

For one of the best Subscription Books - which has ever been published.

Highly commended by Eminent Men in Canada, United States and Europe.

Address - F. K. RANDALL, Publisher, May 21 dlm Port Hope, Ont.

HARTFORD Fire Insurance Company of Hartford Conn

INCORPORATED IN 1810. - CAPITAL, \$2,000,000. Special Rates for Dwellings and contents of terms of one to three years.

E. MORRIS, Agent Guelph, December 21.

BOOTS and SHOES. EVERY DESCRIPTION AND STYLE suitable for the

Spring & Summer Trade. Ladies and Gents' Misses and Girls' Boys and Youths'

Boots & Shoes! In great variety, all home manufactured.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE COUNTY OF WELLINGTON.

CALL AND SEE MY STOCK AT THE Wellington Boot & Shoe Manufactory

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH. JOHN A. McMILLAN, Boot and Shoemaker for the Millon, Guelph, Fergus and Elora.

Four Journeymen Shoemakers Wanted Immediately.

Undertakers! MITCHELL & TOVELL

Having bought out Mr. Nathan Tovell's Hearse horses, &c., we hope by strict attention to business to gain a share of public patronage. We will have

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF COFFINS always on hand.

Furnish unfinished if required. Carpenter work done as usual. Premises, a few doors north of Post Office, and next D. Guthrie's Law Office Douglas Street, Sign of the Hearse.

JOHN MITCHELL, NATHAN TOVELL, Jr Guelph, December 1 dly

PRIZE DENTISTRY. DR. R. CAMPBELL.

OFFICE next 4000 to the Advertiser's Office, Wyndham street, Guelph.

Reference: - Drs. Clarke & Orton, McGuire, Herod and McGregor, and Cowan, Guelph; Drs. Buchanan, Dr. Elliott and Meyers, Dentists, Toronto. Teeth extracted without pain.

Guelph, 13th Jan 1869 dly

Silver Creek Brewery Agency. No. 2 Day's Block, Wyndham-st., Guelph.

Also Bottled Ale and Porter. FARMERS will constantly find on hand a supply of

Also Bottled Ale and Porter. E. CARROLL & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE. The subscriber in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him in former years,

begs to announce that he has erected a NEW OPERATING ROOM at co-side, able expense, introducing all the improvements of the day, as well as

New RUSTIC Accessories. He is prepared to execute Photographs and Portraits of all kinds

From the Locket to Life Size. Equal as regards finish and life-like appearance to any that can be obtained in the Dominion.

Copying of PORTRAITS in all its branches, as usual, done in a satisfactory manner.

In Large Photographs with Frames he intends offering Special Inducements during the coming Holidays.

Parties requiring large sized Photographs with handsome frame, or any other Portrait of themselves or friends, will find it to their advantage to call and examine specimens and prices.

Rooms directly over John A. Wood's Grocery Store, Wyndham-st. Guelph December 12. WILLIAM BURGESS. dw

EDUCATIONAL. MRS. WM. BUDD,

Organist of the Congregational Church. Begs to inform her Pupils and friends that her School re-opened on MONDAY, 4th JANUARY, 1869.

she will also be prepared to give Private Lessons on the Organ, Piano and Melodicon. Residence: Norfolk Street, Guelph. December 30. dly

SPECIAL NOTICE. The subscriber, in returning thanks to his friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past eight years,

begs to announce that he has rented Still No. 4, Guelph Market, where he will sell ways keep on hand a choice assortment of

FRESH AND SALT MEAT of all kinds, which he will sell at the lowest possible prices.

JOHN TYSON, Butcher. Guelph, May 8, 1869. daw tf

MONEY TO LEND. The undersigned are requested to obtain Farm Securities for several thousand dollars, to be lent at moderate interest.

LEMON & PETERSON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc Guelph Dec. 9th, 1868 dwt

Evening Mercury. TUESDAY EV'NG, JUNE 15, 1869.

Town and County Items. Gold at noon to-day 138 1/2.

Social. - We are requested to state that the social in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Church will take place on Thursday first at the residence of Mr. Wm. Stevenson.

The smokers and non-smokers of the Maple Leaf B. B. Club will play a match on Thursday, between the G. W. Station, and the G. T. Freight Station. They are pretty well matched, and it is impossible to guess who will win, but we know where our sympathies go.

Pic-nic in Purling. - The members and adherents of the Rev. Mr. Duff's church, East Purling, will hold a picnic on the farm of John McFarlane, Esq., 2nd concession, on Dominion Day. They cordially invite the public to share their amusements, and in a quiet, innocent way to celebrate the anniversary of the Union.

FOR THE OLD COUNTRY. - Mr. Andrew Quarry, Paisley Block, his brother Mr. Wm. Quarry, of Galt, and Mr. Thomas Jackson, son of Mr. W. Jackson, Paisley Block, left this (Tuesday) morning by the Grand Trunk on a visit to the old country. We wish them a speedy voyage, a pleasant time in the old land, and a safe return to Canada.

St. Patrick's Society. - No business was transacted last night for want of a quorum. What was intended to be done was to initiate half a dozen members. - The meeting was adjourned until two weeks from to-night, when a fresh essay will be made to raise a quorum. If the number constituting the quorum were reduced from ten to five or six, there would be a prospect of fewer meetings being called in vain.

New Exchange Office in Hamilton. - We beg to call attention to the advt. of Messrs Taylor & Minty, who have recently opened an Exchange and Stock Broker's Office at the corner of James and King streets, Hamilton. They are prepared to sell drafts, bills of exchange, buy and sell gold and silver coin, negotiate loans, and to do a general brokerage and agency business. Both have many years high in the estimation of the business community. Mr. Taylor having formerly been Manager of the Bank of British North America, and Mr. Minty in the Bank of Montreal, Hamilton. Parties in this section having business to transact in Hamilton may trust to their child when Herod's cruel edict had gone forth that the little ones should not be less destroyed. The mother clasps her little one to her bosom; on its face is an expression of undefended fear, while on her's love mingled with terror are distinctly legible, and a person expects every moment to see tears trickling down the canvas. A large, rough hand (evidently belonging to a body which possesses an unrelenting spirit), stretched forth to grasp the child is evidently the cause of all the fear. The conception is grand, the colouring excellent, and the picture as a whole worthy of an artist of no mean abilities.

A HANDSOME CARRIAGE. - Mr. J. B. Armstrong has now on exhibition in his carriage rooms a covered buggy, or as it is technically termed a "Rockaway," ordered by Mr. John Horsman, which is probably about the finest piece of workmanship ever turned out of that already famous shop. It is designed for a family ride, and being constructed in front for the accommodation of children, the finishing is no less than superb. In the beautiful glossy black a person can see his reflection as in a polished mirror, and the trimmings are of the richest kind. The windows which are let down from the inside by ivory handles are covered by curtains of silk, which are on spring rollers, silver mounted. Altogether the carriage is a credit to the ability of the manufacturer, and to the taste of the gentleman for whom it was built.

"Old Doctor Davis," formerly of Hamilton, but who left that city immediately after being fined \$100 at the Police Court, for practicing medicine illegally, and while a criminal prosecution was pending against him for administering drugs for an unlawful purpose, was caught napping on the night train passing by the city on Friday night, and was detained until things are squared up. People can't always foresee the interruptions their journeys may suffer.

Mr. Sprague, of Chicago, was recently mentioned in the trifling sum of \$100,000 for writing love-letters to a confiding damsel of 35 years of age. Her heart had been broken several times before by inconsistent men; but we presume \$100,000 in new and beautiful greenbacks will prove an effective cure for all her wounds, both old and new.

The assessed value of the real and personal property of New York city for the present year is one billion dollars, being an increase of ten millions since last year. The tax levies for city and county, which are in this case, we believe, identical, amount to five millions and a half.

Congregational Union. MONTREAL, June 10th. In the afternoon of the first day the Committee on membership reported in favor of receiving Rev. John Salmon, Rev. Enoch Barker, Rev. S. T. Gibbs, and the churches of Edgeworth and Fergus. The report was received and laid on the table. The Union adjourned and immediately organized the annual meeting of the Congregational Missionary Society, Rev. Dr. Wilkes then proceeded to read the Annual Report. The correspondence with the Colonial Society had been marked with much consideration and affection on the part of that Society. It had given altogether about \$550 towards the work of this Union. All the Districts except one showed an increase in their contributions over the preceding year, which together amounted to over \$300. Yet the expenses of this year exceeded those of last year by \$300. The report was received and adopted.

The Union resumed its session. Rev. Mr. Salmon was admitted into fellowship, but Rev. Mr. Barker was not received then, in consequence of his declining to state certain opinions which he held on some doctrinal points. A public missionary meeting was held in the evening

MONTREAL, June 11th. The Union met at three o'clock, and after engaging in devotional exercises proceeded to business. Rev. J. G. Manly read an essay upon the subject "Why I am a Congregationalist; or, the Congregational distinctiveness of Congregationalism." The essay was full of noble sentiments of the most advanced liberal character, asserting the supreme right of private judgment as to the meaning of the holy Scriptures, - in teaching the way of salvation, and repudiating all human authority over the mind with regard to religious matters, whether of Fathers, Synods, Councils, Church Standards, or man-made creeds of any kind.

According to notice previously given J. G. Robertson, Esq., of Sherbrooke, a member of the Quebec Legislature, then proceeded to explain the provisions of the School Act recently passed by the Local Government. After referring to the state of the educational laws at the time of Confederation, and tracing the history of the agitation which culminated in the passage of the present Act, he said, in reference to this measure, that the great majority of the Catholic members of the Legislature were quite ready and willing to give the Protestants the law they asked for; but the Government itself was indisposed, from some reason or other, to bring down such a measure. But the feeling on the part of the Protestants became so strong, and intimations being given of the intention to appeal to the General Government, the Local Government was afterwards, reluctantly forced to take the question in hand. Mr. Robertson then took up the Act, clause by clause, and explained the difficulties which they severally overcame and the manner of practically working the provisions.

A short discussion took place on the School Act, and then the report of the Committee on Membership was read. They stated that they had conferred with Rev. E. Barker who had made perfectly satisfactory explanations with regard to his reserved opinions on certain points of doctrine, and they recommended that he be received into membership. The report, after some explanation, was adopted, and Mr. Barker admitted a member of the Union.

In the evening the ministers and a number of visitors partook of tea provided by the ladies in the basement of the church. Letters were read from a number of Rev. gentlemen appointed to represent various Congregational Associations in the States. Rev. Mr. Hardy representing the New York Association addressed the meeting. He had never been much of an annexationist, but when he went home again he thought he should vote to annex at least the Congregational Union. Since coming across the lines he had heard more of the possibility of war between England and the United States than he had ever heard in his own country. He had never heard it made the subject of conversation on the other side, because no one ever thought of it. They did not think it possible that they could go to war between England and the United States. They were too much accustomed to the unlimited Bancombe which was heard so often in the United States and in Congress to mind the speeches of Senators Sumner and Chandler. (Loud cheers.) The speeches of these men had been read ten times more widely in England and Canada than in the United States, and had caused ten times more talk and excitement. He spoke eloquently of the horrible and world-wide calamity which such a war would be, and took his seat amidst applause.

The meeting was next favored with very excellent addresses from Rev. Mr. Wilson and Mr. James Woodrow delegates from the Congregational Union of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, after which the proceedings were brought to a close.

Canada Presbyterian Church Synod. June 14th. The Synod met at 10 a. m. The Committee appointed on Saturday on the memorial and report of the Committee on the Evangelization of the French Canadians, and Prof. McVicar's motion made their report.

Moved by Rev. Prof. D. H. McVicar, 1st. That the Board of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, be authorized to make arrangements, as they may see fit, whereby the services of a duly qualified lecturer in French may be secured in connection with the college, and that French students of this Church be directed to attend his lectures and such other classes as the Senate may deem proper. 2nd. That the expenses of such arrangements, including aid rendered to French students, shall be made a first charge upon the fund realized from the annual collection taken up throughout the Church for the French Canadian Missionary Society. 3rd. That in view of the distinctive work thus to be undertaken in training French students for the ministry, the Synod urges upon congregations the importance of increasing the collection above mentioned.

The Synod called for the report of Board of management of Knox's College, which was laid on the table and read. The report entered into minute details, and was exceedingly favourable, with the exception of finances, which stood thus: - Expenditures during the year \$6,227.77; ordinary fund - income \$5,663.85;

amount of expenditure over income \$663.92; balance due to Professors \$1,444.83; total indebtedness \$2,008.75. Thirty-three congregations contributed the sum of \$1275.46 to the special fund to pay Mr. Young's salary. The Board also reported that they had considered the question of endowment of the College, but had come to no definite decision, and referred the matter to the consideration of the Synod.

A letter from Rev. Dr. Burns (Toronto) now in Scotland, was read to the Synod. He had strong hopes of being able to do more for the college than heretofore.

Married by Mistake. A correspondent sends to the Northern Whig the following extraordinary story of a wedding: - On Saturday last a marriage ceremony, attended with very unusual circumstances, took place at a little town not twenty miles from Belfast. A youthful couple in humble circumstances

Mr. Y. and a Miss H. - had made arrangements for becoming man and wife, and attended by a due number of male and female friends, on that day presented themselves before the curate of the village at the appointed hour, to have the nuptial knot duly fastened; but whether this matter was rightly done remains to be settled. It would seem that the parties before facing such a serious ceremony, had taken the "least taste" of something to keep their courage cheery; but nothing more. When they presented themselves before the curate, who is rather a stranger in the place, to have the ceremony performed the bridegroom either through ignorance of the required form or modesty, or perhaps a mixture of both, kept rather a retiring position in the group, and his best man - Mr. P., a fine, strapping, well-looking young fellow - had to encourage him to stand forward. The intended bridegroom's modesty, however, still held him back, and he motioned to the best man to see to the matter being duly got through. The curate observing this movement and misapprehending it, desired the person motioned to stand forward and repeat after him. Mr. P. rather demurred to this appeal, but the curate went on to say, "repeat after me, I, James, do take thee, &c., and strange as the statement may appear the young man was so dumbfounded that he did actually repeat the form of the words after the curate, performed the ceremony of putting on the ring, &c., while the bride repeated after the curate as desired, until the ceremony was concluded. The astonishment of most of those present, as may be imagined, was great; but none seemed able or willing to interfere. Some of them regarded it as a 'shine,' which could be rectified afterwards; but others, and among the rest Mr. P., began to think it might prove a rather serious and unpleasant matter. The best man, however, with all due disinterestedness, at the close at once gave up the bride to the intended bridegroom. So matters remained till Monday morning, when the parties most interested had a meeting with a view to having the matter set to rights. It soon appeared, however, that more serious difficulties than they apprehended stood in the way of this, and in order to effect the end desired a visit to the Divorce Court, or even an act of Parliament, may be necessary.

Board of School Trustees. The Board met on Monday night. Present, Mr. Peterson, chairman, Messrs. Pirie, Newson, Stevenson, Mitchell, McNeil, Harvey, Fraser, Culbert, McGuire and Innes.

A communication was read from the Education Office in reference to some recent changes in the organization and working of Grammar Schools.

A report from the caretaker of schools was read, pointing out where repairs in or about the schools required to be done. Referred to School Property Committee.

The Secretary presented several accounts. - Referred to Finance Committee.

The chairman stated that Mr. Wells had spoken to him about purchasing the South Ward School and recommended the Board to take some action in the matter.

Moved by Mr. Innes, seconded by Mr. Newton, that the School Property Committee confer with Mr. Wells in reference to his offer to purchase the school, and that they be authorized to lease the same to him at a rental to be agreed on by the Board, giving to Mr. Wells the option of purchasing it at the end of the lease if the Board considers it desirable then to sell it. - Carried.

Mr. McNeil presented the report of the School Property Committee. They report that in reference to the communication from the Battalion Band Committee the Committee have granted them the use of the East Ward School instead of a room in Day's Block, as in the opinion of the Committee it will answer the purpose as well. They find that some slight repairs are required about the windows of the Central School Building, also a pump, and a temporary partition put up on the stairs across the Hall way for the convenience of the caretaker. All which they recommended to be done.

The report was adopted, and the Board thereafter adjourned.

THEIR ORIGIN. - The first leather boot probably led to the first corn, the first Bunio, the first swearing at the feet - But, notwithstanding corns were a late production, they soon became universal. They are now found in all parts of the old and new world. They are to be met with in the palace of the king, and in the cabin of the ploughman. They are found in London, Paris, and New York. They flourish on the Hudson, and yield magnificently on the Mississippi. All ailments of the feet treated in the most approved and skillful manner by Dr. J. Briggs, at his offices 208 Broadway, N. Y., and No. 6 King-st. West, Toronto, Canada. - His celebrated Modern Curative, is sold by druggists and country merchants. Sold by E. Harvey & Co., Guelph.

DR. McTAGGART. - We learn that Dr. McTaggart, of the Hamilton Infirmary, will again visit Guelph on Friday the 25th of June, and will remain until the evening of Saturday the 26th, at Coulson's Hotel, where he can be consulted by the afflicted. None should lose the opportunity of seeing him. He is highly recommended by the Press and medical men.

A resolution declaring it wrong to reject any printer from the National Typographical Union merely on the ground of race or color, was laid on the table, at the convention of printers at Albany, by a vote of 56 to 23, or two to one.

BY TELEGRAPH. BY ATLANTIC CABLE. Despatches to the Evening Mercury

GREAT BRITAIN. The Irish Church Bill in the House of Lords.

LONDON, June 14. - In the House of Lords, to-night, in anticipation of the debate on the Irish Church Bill, there was a full attendance of their Lordships, all the seats on the floor being occupied at the opening of the sitting. The galleries and lobbies were crowded with spectators, and on the streets in the vicinity of the Houses of Parliament a great throng of people was collected.

In the House, many petitions were presented against the Bill. Earl Grant, while then moved that the Bill pass to its second reading. He declared that he always thought the Irish Church was an anomaly, and failed to fulfil the position for which it was intended; that it was a great injustice, and should be legislated in a reasonable, wise and moderate way.

He appealed to the opposition to consider the dignity of the House, and after due protest to allow the Bill endorsed by the Voice of the country to pass. The House of Peers has great power for good; but there is one thing it does not possess - it has not more power than the House of Commons. It has not the power to thwart national will.

The Duke of Rutland opposed the Bill, because it overthrew the rights of property, violated the religion of the majority of the people of the United Kingdom, and destroyed the union of the Church and State.

Lord Stratford de Redcliffe objected to many of the details of the Bill; but warned the House not to sacrifice the substance for the shadow.

Lord Romilly regarded the idea that this Bill would prove destructive to Protestantism, as a myth. It would only deprive the Crown of the nomination of some of the Bishops, abolish ecclesiastical courts, and remove special endowments; it would not interfere with the doctrine or discipline of the Church. He warned them against opposing a national will, and reminded them that the most severe blow they had received was in their rejection of the Reform Bill, and the final compulsion they were under to pass it.

The Archbishop of Canterbury said the Bench of Bishops intended to do what, in conscience, they considered wisest and best. On the decision of the House of Lords depended the issue affecting the churches of Ireland and England, as well as the destinies of the empire. He would not agree with the blind acceptance or rejection of the Bill, and he was glad to hear that amendments to it would receive consideration. The cause of Ireland was perpetual religious and political agitation. He was not desirous of supporting either. He believed that those who urged rejection really desired to see this House powerless. He was attached to the Irish Church. He believed that a blow to it would injure England's Church. He therefore desired to give calm and serious consideration to the Bill, and to amend and make it a good measure. The earnest endeavours of the House of Peers, containing the heads of the church of the law, and of the landed interest of the nation would be of more avail than an agitation meeting at Manchester or in Ireland.

Earl Carnarvon was unable to understand how Protestants could had Ireland over bodily to the Church of Rome, but thought they were bound to recognize the merits of freedom from the State control, which had for so long a period been a kind of slavery. He repudiated the idea that the Bill would seal the fate of the English Church, and did not even think it an act of speculation, as it distinguished private from corporate property, but as to the wisdom of disendowing a corporation which was fulfilling duties of questionable character, it was right to state that it was the wisest and most prudent course that could be followed.

The House adjourned without taking any action at 12.15.

LONDON, June 14. - Letters from Dunedin, New Zealand, dated April 15th, give accounts of the massacre of three Englishmen with their wives and families, and forty friendly natives by the Maori chief. Troops were dispatched to the settlement, and on their arrival found only the ruins of a homestead which had been plundered and burned. All the settlers in the country were fleeing to the towns for protection.

LONDON, June 14. - In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Otway, said that the facts in the case of the seizure of the American brig Mary Lovell were, in dispute: The United States Government asserts that the vessel was seized in British waters, while the Spanish Government maintains she was captured on the high seas beyond British jurisdiction. Mr. Otway stated that the evidence adduced by Spain was in the hands of the law officers of the Crown, and it would be impossible to produce papers before the House at present.

A huge mass of copper ore, weighing 22,200 pounds, was raised on the Great Western Railway a few days since, per Blue Line, from Lake Superior to Boston. This is the largest and purest lump of copper ore ever sent from the North-west to the Eastern market.