

War News.

Messages Received
Previous to 9 A. M.

NEW WAR ZONES.

LONDON, Oct. 16. According to news from Berlin, in a despatch received by the military press, Germany is expected shortly to declare war on the United States, Canada and Cuba as war zones.

HAGG'S REPORT.

LONDON, Oct. 16. Marshal Haig's report from the front to-night says: Our position was active during the day on the front, and brought in a few prisoners. There was considerable activity on both sides. As the weather cleared, much of the counter battery work was done by us. A small party of British troops entered the trenches last night in the neighborhood of Roux and inflicted losses on the garrison. Another raid, in which we secured prisoners, was carried out by this morning a strong hostile party, which attempted to reach our trench to the south, were repulsed with loss by our machine gun fire. During Monday morning successful artillery work was accomplished by our airplanes. Photos were taken and the enemy was harassed by machine guns at low altitudes. In the afternoon two tons of bombs were dropped by us on a large German communication dump near Courtrai in the hostile billets and hutments in the battle area. A number of bombs were dropped by night also on various targets in the enemy's forward line. In an air fight three German planes were brought down and two were shot down out of control. Three are missing.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

PARIS, Oct. 16 (Official). The Alsace front after lively bombardment the Germans launched several surprise attacks on our positions south of Courtrai. The enemy succeeded in gaining a footing in one of our advanced posts from which we immediately ejected him. An attempt south of Arras like-minded. Artillery fighting was waged in a very spirited fashion throughout the day in the region of the Ypres-Staden railway.

BRITISH RAID.

LONDON, Oct. 16. Southwest of Bullecourt early this morning British troops carried out a successful raid, says to-day's official announcement. The enemy's line showed considerable activity during the night in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Staden railway.

WAR REVIEW.

Presently there has been no cessation in the hurried programme of the Germans to seize the Russian base of Oesel, at the head of the Gulf of Finland; but although they have now taken the greater portion of the island, the aid they expected from their fleet in putting down Russian opposition in adjacent waters is meeting with considerable resistance from Russian ships. The Russians are disinclined to throw their naval vessels into a general engagement with the Germans, fearing that the superiority of the latter would result in loss to them which would leave open a pathway through the Gulf of Finland up to Petrograd; but in a small way with torpedo craft and possibly with submarines the Russians have managed to sink two German torpedo boats and to sink two others to the north of the island, while the Russians themselves lost a torpedo boat destroyed. The Germans, which were

Cotton Tweed Ends

We are showing this week magnificent value in

Ends of Cotton Tweed.

Price: 80c. a pound.

LENGTHS: From 1 1/2 to 5 or 6 yards.

AVERAGE COST: About 45 cents per yard.

QUALITY: Good decent weight, single width, in neat dark stripes.

Especially Suited for Men's Working Pants.

A. & S. RODGER'S

A Get-Your-Money-Back Sale

OF
BOYS'
SUITS.

HERE IS OUR STORY:
We have between

200 and 300 Boys' Am. Suits,
in
Tweed, Serge and Corduroy,

Mostly Norfolk style, with two pairs of pants. These must be sold within the next ten days to make room for our large stock of Boys' Overcoats.

These Suits run in sizes to fit boys from six to sixteen years, and at present would be good value at \$9.00 to \$12.00.

Our Special
Sale Price: \$8.75.

Then, as a special inducement to clear these Suits in a hurry, we offer to return your money on every tenth Suit sold.

We are safe in saying that this is the most novel offer ever tendered in the city.
HURRY UP AND GET TO THAT BUSY
LITTLE CORNER STORE—YOU
MAY BE THE TENTH.

Strictly Cash.
Absolutely
No Approval.

Smyth's
ESTABLISHED 1875

accompanied by a battleship, put to sea after the engagement. The German land forces are now driving hard against the Svorb peninsula, on the southwest portion of the island of Oesel at Serel which dominates the eastern entrance to the Gulf of Riga.

WARNING WAS NOT HEED.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 16. The landing of German troops on Oesel Island could have been averted only by risking battle under unfavorable circumstances, which would have resulted in opening the Gulf of Finland to the enemy, says Admiral Vordrest, Minister of Marine. The blow is a hard one to the Russian fleet, which apparently was not in a position to hinder the Germans. Since March 2nd, said the Admiral, I have several times drawn attention to the possibility of such a blow and discussed it with Krensky, but no one paid any attention to the warning. Political differences have been given first place in the minds of the people. The German naval power is four times greater than that of the Russian, the Admiral said. The naval force, in the cause of the country, did everything possible to prevent the landing of the Germans. He sees no immediate danger of the German intention to enter the Gulf of Finland. He expressed the belief that owing to the lateness of the season, the German operations will be localized.

BULGARIA.

LONDON, Oct. 16. The Times, in an article headed "Bulgarian War Weariness," says: "The Radoslavoff Government is extremely unpopular. The Premier and his friends could not hold thirty of the two hundred and forty-five seats in the Sobranje if the election took place now. Bulgaria is beginning to see that Germany cannot win, and therefore Bulgaria cannot keep Macedonia and Dobrudja. To profound misgivings and dissatisfaction with the Radoslavoff policy there is the added exasperation of notorious corruption. Many persons in Bulgaria believe that Radoslavoff and Teutcheff, the Finance Minister, made large fortunes out of the war. They have it is supposed, taken their price from Germany. The Sobranje meets on Monday and it seems likely Radoslavoff will be defeated and will resign.

DESTROY ENEMY SUBS.

PARIS, Oct. 16. French warships destroyed two Teuton submarines in the western Mediterranean in the last week of September.

IN THE EARLY DAYS OF THE WAR

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16. Insults and physical torture inflicted upon helpless English men and women by their German captors in German East Africa in the early days of the war, form the subject of a special British parliamentary paper, copies of which have just reached this country. This report, embracing sworn testimony of many missionaries and native teachers, will form part of the terrible indictment against German officials, which it is expected will be brought up at the final reckoning at the end of the war. The affidavits are by British civilians, mostly missionaries, men and women who were engaged in church work among the natives, who under all rules of warfare were privileged to quit German territory in safety upon 24 hours' notice after the outbreak of war. Permission to leave was refused on the ground of "military exigencies" and the unfortunate civilians were kept as prisoners. The testimony says they were confined in crowded quarters with insufficient food, much of that unfit for consumption, and forced to do all sorts of exhausting labor, so that some were permanently injured in health. Every effort was made to degrade the prisoners in the eyes of the natives. The men were obliged to act as laborers for native masons and to perform many degrading tasks. The women are declared to have been obliged to witness the bathing of Ger-

man soldiers and submit to insults and abuse from native guards and German civilians.

SMALL BOATS SHELLED.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16. Small boats from a British steamer recently attacked by two submarines were mercilessly shelled by one of the U-boats. Two men were killed and seven wounded. The State Department was advised to-day by Consular despatches that one other man was killed before the crew abandoned the steamer which carried a number of Americans. The date and place of the attack was not disclosed.

PREMIER PAINLEVE'S REPORT.

PARIS, Oct. 16. Premier Painleve communicated to the Cabinet to-day the result of the inquiry he made into the charge against Louis L. Malvin, former Minister of the Interior, accused by Leon Daudet of having betrayed secrets to Germany. The Premier said his inquiry had showed that the accusations, whether of communicating military or diplomatic documents to the enemy, or of complicity in military disturbances, were quite unfounded.

KERENSKY RECOVERED.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 16. Premier Kerensky has recovered sufficiently from his recent indisposition to travel. He will return to Petrograd on Wednesday and open the Council of the Russian Republic on Thursday.

CONGRESS MEMBERS ON A VISIT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16. Members of Congress travelling in unofficial capacity but carrying special passports arranged for by the State Department, are on their way to Europe to visit the war fronts and fraternize with parliamentary representatives of the Allies. In the party are Representatives Dale of Vermont, Taylor and Timberlake of Colorado, Hicks of New York, Johnson, Dill and Liller of Washington, Goodwin of Arkansas, Stephens of Nebraska, and Parker of New Jersey, former Representative Skout of Montana, and Ross L. Hammond, a Freemont editor. The visit is the development of recent cabled personal invitations of representative members of the British and French Parliamentary bodies of Allied Governments through personal conferences at British, French and Italian capitals. President Wilson did not favor Congress officially accepting the invitation at this time and neither House took any action, but ten members arranged their trips informally. Other representatives are expected to follow soon. While this is not an official communication, Representative Dale wrote his constituents in explanation of the trip: "It is certified by the Secretary of State and the Speaker of the House as one that goes in the interest of our country and the relations between its Government and the Governments of Allied nations." The members of the party are armed with letters of introduction to Ambassador Sharp at Paris, to General Pershing and others. They will visit England, Belgium, France, Italy and Switzerland. They hope to be back in Washington in time for the opening of Congress in December.

GERMAN ALIENS CAPTURED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16. Two German aliens who escaped in a boat from the detention camp on Angel Island in San Francisco Bay to-day, were captured within a few hours after their disappearance. The men who were officers of seized merchant ships were returned to Angel Island. They were Capt. Branch and Lorenzo Lan, engineer.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

LONDON, Oct. 16. The German Emperor arrived at Constantinople to-day, according to a Reuter despatch received by way of Amsterdam. He was met at the station by the Sultan, the Imperial Princes, the Grand Vizier, Ministers, Senators, Deputies and other prominent personages, including the Ger-

man Admiral, Von Koch. The Emperor's reception was imposing. Turkish girls offering flowers. The Emperor drove with the Sultan and Enver Pasha, Minister of War, to Yildiz Kiosk, where he reviewed the guard of honor. An Exchange Telegraph despatch says that after two days' visit to Constantinople the Emperor will inspect the defences in the Dardanelles.

PROHIBITION RETURNS FAVORABLE.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 16. Returns from more than two-thirds of the State on the election of Constitutional Prohibition, held in Iowa yesterday indicates that the amendment forbidding the manufacture or sale of liquor was adopted by a majority of about ten thousand. Prohibition by statute prevails in Iowa at present.

CATTLE YARDS DESTROYED.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 16. More than half the Kansas City stock yards, the second largest in the country, was destroyed by fire early to-day. Several thousand head of cattle were destroyed, some estimates running as high as ten thousand. The origin of the fire is unknown.

THE COST OF WAR.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16. The Associated Press carries the following: The war is costing the belligerent nations of the world at the rate of \$160,000,000 a day, or \$6,500,000 an hour, and the United States is paying at least one-quarter of this staggering sum, according to estimates made to-day by the Mechanics and Metal National Bank of New York.

REPORT ENCOURAGING.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 16. An encouraging report as to military factories in the interior of Russia, comes from the Commission headed by General Germonius, of the Russian Army, and an English General, which has just finished a tour of inspection of all the factories newly erected or under erection for the manufacture of airplanes, arms and ammunition. The Associated Press correspondent talked at the Russian Legation with a man who had participated in the tour of inspection, and who accompanied the two Generals to Stockholm. He reports Russia's new factories, the erection of which became necessary through the diminution of supplies from other countries, were found to be the most modernly equipped and efficient factories of their kind in the world. The experience of their Allies according to his account has been drawn on in full measure by the Russians, and the lessons learned have been taken advantage of to such an extent that the examining Generals were surprised at what they found. The new plants include a great airplane factory now nearing completion, a large machine gun factory already working at full capacity, and artillery factories at various places. A further encouraging feature noted by the visitors was that at all factories where the electrical and mechanical side predominates over purely manual labor, the capacity of the output has diminished only negligibly despite anarchic conditions prevailing throughout the country. The capacity of the new railway, it appears, has been greatly increased, but there is still a sad shortage of rolling stock. This will be somewhat alleviated by transfer from the Archangel line when that port becomes ice-bound.

WORTH TAKING NOTE OF.

TORONTO, Oct. 16. No coal dealer will be allowed to make a profit of more than fifty cents a ton after to-morrow, when the order in council recommended by the conference presided over by Fuel Controller McGrath at Montreal, yesterday, was issued. The regulations will apply all over the Dominion. Allowance for operating expenses and all overhead charges will be made, so that dealers would get a net profit of 50 cents a ton. There will be severe penalties for infringement of the regulations.

FETCHING UP FERDIE

Oh, for Just One Wee Little Taste of the Old Life -- But It Costs Him Just 10 Bows to Put It Over!

BY CARL ED



ELD'S
shrinkable
DERWEAR

Prices.

range of STANFIELD'S
DERWEAR for Men,
saving prices.

peated when this stock
ot some time ago, since
anufacturers' prices have
t, and further advances

es are Low,

prices arranged practi-
ago.

FOOL UNDERWEAR

BLE UNDERWEAR.

ON BEHIND IT.

OR GET HARD IN THE

ME IS LOW.

ou better service. Also,

best service possible.

Blair

ETER FAT

MILK

Cream Milk, and nothing
ed sugar. PURITY is
Standard for butter fat.
"The Full Cream Milk.

ab & Co.,

BUILDING.

distributors.



ender,
er, St. John's, Nfld.

Telegram
e's Paper.