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# The Evening Journal

3 P.M. Edition

ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1920

PRICE—TWO CENTS.

## The Whole of Turkey Is Now Under Revolution Against the Allied Powers Declares a Report

### Lloyd George Severely Arraigns United States, Saying U. S. Senators Action Has Fostered Secession

LONDON, April 1.—The United States was handled without gloves by Lloyd George and Sir Edward Grey, the Ulster leader, in the debate yesterday in the house of commons on the second reading of the bill which is taken by the United States senate in adopting the resolution that had fostered secession. Mr. Valery is putting forth the same views in the same words that Mr. Davis used. The premier added that such a movement led to civil war. "We are doing nothing more than what the United States claimed for themselves," he continued, "and will stand by it." Mr. Edward Carson said in open debate that he believed the

#### SAYS WIFE NEVER CAME TO HIM FOR KISS; JUDGE DISMISSES DIVORCE SUIT

NEWARK, N. J., April 1.—"I always did the kissing. She never came to me for a kiss." This was the answer of Robert Kollmar, manufacturing jeweler of Irvington, N. J., to his wife's charge that he never kissed her. Mrs. Edna N. Kollmar brought suit today against her husband for separate maintenance, alleging abandonment. In her petition Mrs. Kollmar stated "that his cold indifference and lack of affection caused her to suffer nervous prostration" and that she was compelled to leave him. The suit was dismissed by Vice Chancellor Fielder.

#### DALHOUSIE CITY TO OPEN SEASON MONDAY

The steamer Dalhousie City will open the season on Monday next providing weather and other conditions are favorable.

#### ATTACK DURRUS POLICE BARRACKS; TWO HURT

SKIBBEREEN, IRELAND, April 1.—More than 100 armed men attacked the police barracks at Durrus, 7 miles southwest of Bantry, County Cork, with rifles and petrol bombs last night. A portion of the building was blown up and two policemen were wounded, one seriously. After a fierce fight the raiders, of whom, two are believed to be wounded, were driven off.

### Fountain Sentenced to Be Hanged For Murder Of Wife and Children

WELLAND, April 1.—Frederick Fountain of this city was sentenced yesterday by Judge Lennox at the supreme court assize to be hanged on Wednesday June 16, for the murder of his wife and two children at their home in Culp Street, Niagara Falls, February 12, 1919. The sentence followed the verdict of guilty brought in by the jury at a second trial yesterday. Before sentence was passed Fountain was asked if he had anything to say and in a reply gave a lengthy discourse. Religious sentiment permeated his talk and he admitted having committed the crime, but claimed it was due to an uncontrollable impulse which prompted him to commit the deed. His talk made quite an impression on the court and the judge expressed sympathy for the prisoner, but said British laws did not allow murders to be committed on account of uncontrollable impulses, for if it did he said, civilization would never be secure. "The impulse over which you say you had no control to do wrong was evidently much stronger than the impulse to do right," stated the judge the law laid down is clear that the

penalty must be paid, I therefore sentence you to be hanged on June 16 and may God have mercy on your soul. Fountain did not show any signs of emotion and was led quietly out of the court room. He did not look any worse for his fifteen months of jail confinement. The victim was employed at the American Cyanamid company before the murder. He was known to be a quiet, faithful employee, but was jealous of his wife, who was an English girl, employed as a nurse at a home in the West Indies where Fountain was working as a chauffeur. His mother resides in Jamaica. The murder was committed following a party given in honor of his wife's birthday. A male guest kissed her good-bye on his departure which aroused Fountain's jealousy. Before he committed the crime he wrote a letter telling what he was doing and left orders for the disposal of the bodies. He attempted suicide but the wound inflicted by the knife was slight and he made a quick recovery. His first trial was held last October when he was found guilty and sentenced to death by the presiding judge Logie.

### Woman is Fined \$200 for Having Liquor Illegally in Her Residence, Facer Street

She was a hilarious party at the home of Tony Shevacki on Erie Avenue. The woman wanted to tell her story in the box and after several efforts were made to get her on an understandable basis she explained that she kept the liquor for their own family use. Mr. Brennan asked if one of the boarders had not emptied a keg and she said it was an empty keg. Chief Greene said he had seen the keg wet and there was liquor on the floor but the woman persisted that the keg was empty. A fine of \$200 was imposed or three months in jail. The fine was paid.

### MY LADY NICOTINE IN CANADA



Tobacco culture in Canada is an industry of comparatively recent date. Extensive development has taken place in the past twenty-five or thirty years, and recent seasons have proved the adaptability of widely separated sections of the Dominion to this very profitable line of agriculture. Since the protective duty of 25 cents per pound has been imposed on all foreign leaf tobaccos, the Canadian industry has received a yet greater stimulus, and interest in the culture is becoming wider and more diversified yearly. The two principal provinces where tobacco has been successfully grown for many years are Ontario and Quebec. Very successful results have been obtained also at Kilmorynne, in the Okanagan district of British Columbia, and the growing of tobacco may be said to be firmly established as an industry there. Recent experiments in the Lethbridge irrigation district in Southern Alberta, would indicate great possibilities for the growth in the prairie province. Tobacco, in Ontario, is grown in the counties of Essex, Pelee, Kent, Prince Edward, Elgin, and Lincoln. A total of 9,226 acres among these counties was devoted to the cultivation of the tobacco plant in 1919, producing a yield of 10,789,400 pounds, or an average of 1,159 pounds per acre. The Burley variety, suitable for chewing, is grown in the counties of Essex, Kent, and Lincoln. Maryland tobacco has been introduced into Prince Edward County with success. During the past few years the growing of bright tobacco (the cured leaf) has extended rapidly on the light sandy loams near the shores of Lake Ontario, and some gravelly hills with good drainage. The annual production of this variety is nearly 1,000,000 pounds, with the yearly demand increasing. A limited amount of Seed Leaf and Fire-cured leaf of the heavier type is grown in certain sections. The cost of cultivation in the province, including the labor of the grower, has been estimated to be from \$50 to \$75 per acre, and the average yield about 1,300 pounds per acre. The increased demand, and higher

### Chamber of Commerce Forum Put Itself on Record As Favoring All Clean Sport

The Chamber of Commerce last night at a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. discussed the sports situation in St. Catharines and put itself on record as being in hearty sympathy with and ready to support all kinds of clean sport. Captain A. H. Macdonald spoke on the subject of the Canadian Henley if added interest is shown in it by the regatta, an annual event which St. Catharines can make more successful. H. C. Griffiths of Ridley College also discussed the sports question in an

interesting address. The meeting passed a resolution asking the directors to petition that the marathon trial Olympic finals be as being in hearty sympathy with and race course in this city. The Olympic executive has approved of this. Another resolution passed was that a track be built on the new sports grounds. A third resolution asked the Board of directors to name a committee to go into the whole question of the athletic and sport needs of St. Catharines.

### An Arts and Crafts Exhibition to Be Held Here During Next Month

The proposed exhibition to be held in this city early in May, under the joint auspices of the Arts and Crafts Guild and Chamber of Commerce will demonstrate that art and business are much more closely allied than generally supposed. When one stops to reflect that all branches of manufacturing, except the purely mechanical and utilitarian, are dependant on the person who decides the form, color, lines and decoration of the article, it will be seen that his person who is really an artist, whether good, bad or indifferent has a large part to play in Canadian industries. Why do goods made abroad seem to have more distinction, more "style" in so many instances? It is because, as "Industrial Canada" the official organ of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association tells us: after the development of machinery, "European manufacturers" lost little time in adapting many of their artists or the requirements of trade knowing that only by the use of thoroughly trained and well-paid designers could their prestige be maintained. "We in Canada seemed to accept this condition without question allowing Europe and the United States to import the better class of manufactures. These might equally as well be made here if we had made provision for the teaching of Industrial Design in the schools, and had adapted to practical

purposes the wealth of artistic material lying close at hand. The Exhibition will include, besides manufactures in various stages, a splendid collection of modern Canadian paintings, fine articles of handicraftmanship, commercial design, and a section devoted to the arts and craft of the Home Countries, from which all our artistic talent and skill originally came from. The object of this section is to show not only what we owe along art lines to the Mother Countries of Britain and Ireland, but what beauty and inspiration there is in the native arts of more recent centuries, the Italian, the Russian, and Ruthenian, the Ukrainian, Bohemian, Roumanian, and Armenian. An exhibition of this sort, giving recognition to the finer qualities of our new neighbors, will do more toward creating a spirit of friendly co-operation among the native Canadians and foreign groups than almost anything else could do. Art, as has been often said, is a universal language. The co-operation committee now engaged in securing the interest of various individuals and organizations for the coming exhibition of Arts and Industries consists of Arthur E. Clever, E. C. Hesson, J. G. Williams, Miss Ina Larkin, Mrs. H. G. Williams, Mrs. A. Macdonald, Miss Clara Burgoyne and Mrs. J. R. Heath.

### E. Massie, the New Mechanical Superintendent of N. S. & T. R., Given Gold Watch and Chain

On severing his connection with the Goldbury-Copper Cliff Suburban Railway to come to St. Catharines a mechanical superintendent, E. Massie, was presented by the company with a handsome gold watch and chain and the following address assigned by C. Rigby, assistant supt. Mr. Massie: On the eve of your departure and on behalf of the employees of the Goldbury-Copper Cliff Suburban Railway, I have great pleasure in presenting you with a small token of our esteem, and I assure you that I am so in the knowledge that along with it goes our heartiest wishes for your future welfare and I trust that it will continue with me, to keep with you a recollection of our pleasant associations. We wish to convey also, through you, to your wife and family, our best wishes to you all for your future prosperity. We know that in your ability and your capacity you will not fail to get to the top and we will watch your advance with as great a pleasure as though it were our own. We hope that you will continue in good health, and be assured that your success in the future will ever be a source of pleasure to us. For, and on behalf of the employees of the railroad.

C. Bibby.