

Wednesday, November 7, 1866.

POLITICAL.—THE "BRIBE."

A Plot on the part of the Government.—The "Cat out of the Bag."

When the news of the \$800,000 "free gift" was first mysteriously whispered about, we were led to believe that the Colonial Secretary, in his dispatch to the subject, had recommended the proposition in such a way as to lead this Colony to accept it, or otherwise run the risk of having finally to come into the Confederation upon the terms of the Quebec plan.

In the face of these dangers Canada must hurry on Confederation; it must offer inducements to bring back our young men from the United States, and to attract British America's emigration from Europe. It must make up its mind to widen the range of the volunteer movement till it includes all the adult male population, and the recent proposal of the British Government for a new basis of union, must be given up as a dead letter.

AN "ULTIMATUM."

The New York Times—A Government organ—publishes the following telegram from Washington, 24th inst., in relation to the Alabama and Shenandoah claims:—

Mr. Adams, our Minister to the Court of St. James, was some time since instructed to make a preliminary demand for indemnity for the losses of our commercial interests. To this demand Mr. Adams received an evasive reply. He was immediately instructed to repeat the demand. He did so, but the British Government has yet to be seen. It is not to be expected that the British Government will accede to our demands, but it is to be expected that it will not refuse them.

In his recent lecture in Boston, upon the river Amazon, Professor Agassiz speaks of the rise and fall of the South American rivers, and the effects of the ice age upon the mouth of the river when mingled with the Atlantic. The water of the Amazon is of a creamy white color, which is due to the presence of a large amount of vegetable matter.

Referred to this morning plan, the Leader says it originated with the Island Government, who sent the Confederation's delegates in London to make the offer, and of course "is now prepared to entertain a proposition which it may be expected of having quietly suggested." After this, the best thing Mr. Pope can do is to throw up his portfolio, so that Mr. Palmer or some other prominent Anti-Confederate gentleman in the Legislature may have a chance of forming a Government, which will command the respect of the country.

FROM TORONTO.

Six Fenian prisoners were arraigned on the 19th, and pleaded guilty. They all appeared in excellent health, and showed a stout and decent appearance to-day, very different from the figure they cut on arriving here last June. O'Brien, the Attorney for Col. Lynch, made application to his Lordship for an order of protection for certain material witnesses on behalf of their defence, at present in Buffalo. He stated that these witnesses were the principal leaders in the affair on the 2nd June, but that for the cause of justice it was necessary that they should be present, in order to contradict the evidence of Lynch from having any participation in the late invasion. These witnesses, however, if they come over, would be liable to be arrested here on a charge of felony, and under those circumstances it was not to be expected that they would be present.

A man, stopping his paper, wrote to the editor: "I think folks ought to spend their money for papers; my dad did, and every body says he was the richest family of boys that ever dived taters."

DISASTERS BY THE LATE GALES.

Loss of Life and Property.

From various quarters we receive melancholy details of the disastrous results to life and property of the late gales. We present a condensed summary of the accounts which have come under our observation—beginning with those at home. The Islander says:—

A storm of unusual violence occurred here on Saturday last. It commenced about midnight, the wind blowing East, and towards midnight shifted more to the North, and blew with terrific violence. Numbers of trees were broken down, and others overthrown, roofs blown off houses, &c., &c. We hear the casualties on our coast will be numerous, and very serious in their character. We have heard that very serious damage was done to wharfs and bridges in all directions, and that it will take some thousands of pounds to repair them.

A brig, launched at New London, on the 27th Oct. for the West Indies, was driven ashore on the 1st inst. by the late gale. The brig, named "The West," was owned by Mr. West, and was bound for the West Indies. She was driven ashore on the 1st inst. by the late gale, and was wrecked on the beach. The crew were rescued, and the cargo was saved.

The North British Review for September contains the following interesting articles:—1. Mr. George MacDonald's Novels; 2. Sir William Rowan Hamilton; 3. Recent Humourists: Aytoun, Penock, Proust; 4. The Ethics of Aristotle; 5. The English People; 6. Meteorology, Past and Present; 7. George Eliot's Novels; 8. Keble, and the "Christian Year."

The new Catholic Church at Picou was announced to have been dedicated to the worship of God yesterday. The Archbishop of Halifax was in attendance, and the Bishop of St. John, Chatham, Arichat, and Charlottetown, were to be present.

The Lamirade extradition case is creating much noise in England. The Imperial Government have sent out for all papers connected with it, nor is it unlikely that Lord Monck will be recalled on account of it.

The Mayor begs to acknowledge the receipt of Five Pounds, from Mrs. Mary Cooke, widow of the late Major Cooke, Proprietor of part of Lot 48, in behalf of the sufferers by the fire in July last.

On Sunday, the 21st ult., a meeting was held in Antigonish, presided over by his Lordship the Bishop of Arichat, for the purpose of raising funds for the relief of the sufferers by the Quebec fire. The meeting was addressed by the Bishop and Hugh McDonald, Esq. Resolutions were passed, approving of the objects of the meeting, and a subscription list opened. The amount collected will be forwarded at once.

Medical Notices.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Painful Cures.—Sore wounds, ulcers, and other diseases affecting the skin, are amenable by this cooling and healing Ointment. It is a certain and safe remedy for persons who have suffered for years from bad legs, abscesses, and chronic ulcers, after every hope of cure had passed away. None but those who have experienced the soothing effects of this Ointment can form an idea of the comfort it bestows by restraining inflammation and allaying pain. Whenever this Ointment has been used it has established its own worth and has again been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy for all ulcersous complaints. In neuralgia, rheumatism, and gout, the same application, properly used, gives wonderful relief.

BROWN'S "VERMIFUGE COMBITS."—This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so partial to children. Be sure to obtain the "Vermifuge Combits," which have been used with good success.

EVERY MOTHER WHO REARDES THE LIFE AND HEALTH OF HER CHILD, should possess Mrs. Winslow's "Soothing Syrup." It is an old and well tried remedy. After having merited and received the gratitude of half mankind, by its remedies that cure their diseases, he is now winning the other half, by opening for them an easy road to the chaotic treasures of the hills. He has discovered and published a chemical process, which renders at little cost the hardest rocks and ores friable like chalk, so that the precious metals are loosed from their confinement, and easily gathered. Mines too poor to pay, may be worked at a profit now, and the yield of rich mines is largely increased, while the cost of extracting the metals from the ore, is diminished. Either is a great achievement to enrich mankind, or cure their diseases. But we are informed our celebrated countryman adheres to the latter, as his specialty and chief ambition.—"Buffalo Sentinel."

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND THROAT DISORDERS, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches," having proved their efficacy by a test of many years. The Troches are highly recommended and prescribed by Physicians in the Army. Those exposed to sudden changes should always be supplied with "The Troches," as they give prompt relief.

JOHN TANNER, Foreman of Wrightson & Co.'s Printing Establishment, Cincinnati, Ohio. Sold by Druggists and all Dealers in Family Medicines. THRO. DESBRISAY, General Agent for P. E. Island.

Valuable Farms, Wharves, and Fishing Station, for sale at, and near Souris, Little Harbor, Chepstow and other parts of King's County.

THE Subscriber, under the powers conferred upon her by the Will of the late Hon. DONATO BRAYTON, deceased, offers for sale the following valuable FREEHOLD PROPERTIES:—

1. A splendid Wharf and 3 Warehouses at SOURIS HARBOR. 2. Fishing Stand at CHEPSTOW, with a Store, 2 Fish Houses, Wharf, Piers, &c., the best on the South side. 3. A Mill site at BIG MARSH, Lot 43. 4. A Mill site with 2 acres of Land attached, at LITTLE HARBOR, Lot 45. 5. A splendid Farm at RED SWAMP, Lot 46, containing 106 acres of Land. 6. Fifty (50) acres of Land at the head of SOURIS, Lot 47. 7. Fifty (50) acres of Land at MILL ROAD, Lot 45. 8. Fifty-seven (57) acres of Land at GREEN VALF, Lot 45. Also, several other valuable Tracts of Land and Lots in SOURIS and vicinity.

Also, One MOVING MACHINE, complete, and one (1) COLT, two (2) MARES, six (6) years old; one (1) COLT, two (2) years old. For further particulars and terms of Sale, apply to the undersigned at Souris, or to the Honorable JOSEPH HENSLY, at his office in Charlottetown. CLEMENTINA S. BEATON, Executrix of the Will of late D. Beaton. Souris, Nov. 7, 1866.

THE CANADIAN DELEGATION TO ENGLAND.

We learn by private letters from Ottawa, that a portion of the Canadian Delegates will sail from Boston on the 17th proximo, per the China, consisting of Messrs. McDonald, McDougall and Langorin. The remainder of the Delegation (except the Hon. Mr. McGe) will follow in the Australias on the 14th. Mr. McGe remains in Canada a few weeks longer to complete the arrangements for the Paris Exhibition to which he is appointed chief Commissioner on the part of Canada, in addition to his duties as a member of the final conference on Confederation in London.—"H. Express."

The New York Express states that in spite of the protest of the French Government, the American Government has purchased the island of Melos, in the Grecian Archipelago, at a cost of \$25,000,000, and intends to erect it into a naval station. Melos has one of the finest harbors in the Mediterranean, and will be in a position to play an important part in the solution of the Eastern question, if it be true, as it has been stated, that the Federal Cabinet intends to intervene on the Russian side when it again disturbs the European equilibrium.

THE GALE IN INDIANA. Indianapolis, Oct. 22, 1866. A terrible gale of wind swept over this State last night, doing great damage in this city. Quite a number of buildings were blown down or unroofed.

FROM THE STATES. Terrible Storm at Chicago! Chicago, October 22, 1866. A violent storm passed over this city last night, during which a forty-story brick building on State street was blown down. The falling walls utterly demolished four or five two-story wooden buildings adjoining, crushing them like an egg-shell, and burying their roofs beneath the ruins. Fifty dead bodies have been taken out, and one is yet missing.—Some twelve or fifteen persons were injured.—The shock of the fall was so great that many in the city thought it was an earthquake.

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FOR THE BENEFIT OF ALL CONCERNED. TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on THURSDAY next, the 8th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, the Hall, Spars, Standing Rigging, and Running Gear of the Schooner "DESERAY," Captain HAZARD, 57 tons, and from Arichat, where she now lies stranded at McLure's Landing, Merry Harbor North.

Two good ANCHORS and CHAINS. F. F. SOKTON, Auctioneer and Broker. Georgetown, Nov. 7, 1866.