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Washington, D. C.-April 28.-Washington is on the eve of the first harvest from the sowing of the reclamation service, and the government soon will be receiving vast sums in return which may be applied to still other projects. After years of waiting, the west is about to realize its great expectations.

At the present time work is in progress in reclamation which will in the near future being 1,344,-000 acres of arid land under water from government canals. From these portions of 3,198,000 acres ultimately to be covered by these projects, the government will receive annually \$5,872,000 as the yearly payment of the settlers who take land under the ditches and who must pay the total cost of the reclamation in 10 equal annual süms.

This will bring this magnificent area into production, which heretofore has yielded little else than sage brush and jackrabbits; and in turn it will also yield to the government the \$5,372,000 which, taking out the cost of maintenance, will leave enough to construct two large projects every year.

The area referred to is only that which will be available in the coming year or thereabouts. But



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a short time after the expiration of a year the I.344,000 acres and \$5,272,000 of annual revenue will be augmented to 8,198,000 acres and a proportional increase in the annual revenues from the onetenth payments, which will be more than double. In other words, in say about two years, the annual revenues will be about \$10,-000,000 which will have come back to the irrigation fund from completed projects.

The fifth annual report of the reclamation service is the warrant for these asserttons. Persual of the plain facts thus grouped-by the officers of the reclamation service, caused a wave of enthusiasm to run through the entire force. Statistican C. J. Blanchard said:

"Certainly these are pleasing facts and this presentation has not beretofore been made. The proximity of the day of such rich returns makes us all feel good. It will at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for inspire us to harder work. and can be acquired by one individual or should occasion general rejoicing company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be in the western irrigation states."

SOME PROJECTS DELAYED.

and labor is inducing the governaccordingto capital. ment to rush to completion the projects that have already been eral in place may locate a claim 500 x 500 feet. begun. But some projects which

have been contemplated but on At least \$100 must be expended on a which work has not been claim each year or paid to the mining begun will be delayed until prices recorder in lieu thereof. When £500 has been expended or paid, the locator resume a normal level. The remay upon having a survey made, and clamation service has been urged upon complying with other requirements purchase the land at \$1 per acre. to go onward with the projects, The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2 1-2 per cent on the regardless of the cost, in order to

bring the and lands into use, but sales. PLACER mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee \$5, rethe director and other officials point out that, if they inaugurate newable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to projects with all prices at the dredge for gold of five miles each for a highest, thus making the total cost | term of twenty years, renewable at the higher and laying on the settlers discretion of the Minister of the Inter-

the burden of repaying that augmented cost in their 10 annual ation within one season from the date of payments, the recession of values the lease for each five miles. Rental \$10 per annum for each mile of river of all elements of construction leased. Royalty at the rate of 2 1-2 per would leave the set tler with high-) cent collected on the output after it exwater cost and lower water revenue

with which to pay the govern-

