fog from their schooner for 4 days without food or water, were pickt up in their dory by a patrol boat and brot into the port of Halifax.

Mr. Gordon McDonald, of the C. F. McDonald & Co's Music Store Staff has returnd from Montreal, where he has been taking a special course in Player Piano Construction, also securing all the latest and best ideas in tuning pianos. Mr. McDonald will make a specialty of this class

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#### WHAT IS THE TUSSOCK MOTH

The Egg

In the first place there two common Tussock Moths in Truro. If the egg mass so commonly found upon the trees about Truro, are examined, the great majority will be found to be covered with a white forthy substance. These are the eggs of the White-Marked Tussock Moth. Close examination will show, here and there, an egg mass not covered by this white substance. These are the eggs of the Rusty Tussock Moth. They are not nearly so numerous as those of the former species.

The eggs of both species hatch during the month of June, the exact date depending upon the season. The eggs of the Rusty Tussock Moth hatch rather earlier than those of the other species. Those of the White-Marked Tussock Moth rarely emerge until the latter part of June.

#### Life History.

The larvae that hatch from the eggs develop into the cmmon tufted cater pillar that are destined to become ar even more familiar sight to the citizens of Truro. These feed vorac-iously upon the leaves, dropping by means of a silken thread when disturbed. In orchards they often do a great deal of harm by eating the surace of the fruit as well. Feeding continues for about six weeks, when the caterpillar selects a suitable place to transform to a pupa. This is usually in a crevice in the bark or on an old leaf, which is sewed firmly to a twig The Caterpillar first spins a loose greyish cocoon, composed of silk and hair from its body. Inside this shelter it changes to a chrysalis or pupa About two weeks later the adult moth emerges from the cocoon. It is then seen that a remarkable difference exists between the male and female moths. The former is a beautiful and delicate moth with a wing expanse of about an inch and a half. The female is a stout, clumsy, slug-like creature, greyish in color and without definite markings. She does not leave the cocoon from which she has em erged but remains upon it and deposits her eggs there. The old cocoons adhering to the bark which do not bear eggs, are those of the males. After depositing her eggs the female

#### Reasons for Outbreak.

The last outbreak occurred in East ern Canada between the years 1903 to 1911 when it was suddenly cut) short by parasites. These parasites consist for the most part of tiny four-winged flies, which live inside the egg, the caterpillar, or the chrysalis, thru out their entire life. Some, however, are true two-winged flies. When they so effectually cleaned out the pest in 1911 they destroyed their own food supply. Unable to feed on anything else the great majority perished and gave the few Tussock Moths that remained a chance to increase, which they have been gradually doing ever since. The outbreak is now approach ing a climax in Truro and before their parasites catch up to them again much harm may be done. We can assist nature to some extent by not removing those cocoons that do not bear eggs and which way harbour useful parasites. To still further encourage these tiny allies it is proposed not to destroy increase the number of their parasites the eggs collected during the school competition, but to feed the resulting caterpillars until all the parasites have

STANDARD BRED STALLION OWNED BY THE NOVA SCO-TIA GOVERNMENT.

CAPTAIN AUBREY, 2,071 the fastest speed siring son of Peter the Great 2.07 1-4. He is the fastest trotting stallion ever offered for service in the Maritime Provinces. He is enrolled as a Pure Bred Stallion. No. 27 Form 1, Class 1.

The following dates show where Captain Aubrey, will stand during the months of May, June and July,

Truro-May 1st to May 21st. New Glasgow - May 23rd to May 29th us to see that these endeavors are not Truro-May 30th to June 2nd. Kentville-June 4th to June 7th. Truro-June 9th to June 11th. New Glasgow—June 13th to June 17th Truro-June 19th to June 20th. Kentville-June 22nd to June 26th Truro-June 28th to June 30th. New Glasgow-July 2nd to July 5th Truro-July 7th to July 10th Kentville-July 12th to July 17th Truro-July 19th-

[L.S.]



# **PROCLAMATION**

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A proclamation calling for reports by the men comprised in the extension of Class 1, authorized by the regulations of 20th April, 1918, under The Military Service Act, 1917.

WHEREAS by our Proclamation
bearing date the 12th day of
October, 1917, we did call out class I
under our said Military Service Act,
1917, comprising the men by our Act
and Proclamation defined or described
as to the said class belonging, on active
service in our Canadian Expeditionary
Force for the Defence of Canada
either in or beyond Canada, as we
might in the command or direction of
our military forces thereafter order or
direct;

AND WHEREAS by the regulations approved by our Governor General of Canada in Council on the 20th day of April last, in the execution of the powers conferred by our War Measures Act, 1914, it is among other things in effect provided that Class I under our said Military Service Act, 1917, shall, in addition to the men included therein as in our said Act mentioned, include all men, who are by this our proclamation required to report as hereinafter described, and that all men included in the said Class I by virtue of the regulations aforesaid, shall report to the registrar or deputy registrar under our said Military law as its such proclamation set out, and shall, in the event of their failing to report, be liable to the penalties specified in our said last mentioned Act and the regulations thereunder;

AND WHEREAS our Governor General of Canada in Council has determined to exercise the power so conferred to require the men of the age and description hereinafter specified, as authorized by the said regulations of 20th April last to report, and to subject them to military law at the time and in the manner by this our proclamation prescribed.

Now, therefore, know ye that we do hereby strictly now, therefore, know ye that we do hereby strictly command, require and enjoin that every man who is a British subject resident in Canada, not within any class of persons described in the exceptions mentioned in the schedule to our said Military Service Act, 1917, who has attained the age of nineteen years, but was born on or shine the 18th day of October, 1897, and is unmarried or a widewer without children, shall, on or before the first day of June, 1918, report in writing by registered post to the registrar or deputy registrar under our said Military Service Act, 1917, for the registry district within which he resides, his name in full, the date of his birth, and place of residence, giving his usual post office address; wherein our loving subjects affected be our command and injunction aforesaid are especially charged not to fail, since not only do their loyalty and allegiance require and impose the obligation of careful and implict obedience to these our strict commands and injunctions, but moreover, lest any of our loving subjects should be ignorant of the consequences which will ensue if they fail to report within the time limited as aforesaid, we do hereby forewarn, and admonish them that any one by this our proclamation required to report who shall without reasonable excuse fail to report as aforesaid shall thereby commit an offence for which he shall be liable, on summary conviction, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding the years with hard labour, and he shall, nevertheless, if we so require, be compelled to serve immediately in our said Expeditionary Force.

And we do hereby declare that all the men by this our proclamate the date of this our proclamation, be deemed to report as aforesaid shall, from of Canada and subject to military law for the duration of the present war and of demobilization therefore unless scoper discharged; provided that every such man shall until the first day June next be deemed to be on leave of absence without pay, and that thereafter every such man who shall have duly reported on or before the last mentioned day, as by this our preclamation required, shall be deemed to be on leave of absence without pay ustil the day upon which he shall be required to report for duty in the Canadian Expeditionary Force and be placed on active service. And we do hereby moreover notify and isserm our leaving subjects who are hereby required to report, that if, on or before the first day, of June, 1918, they report, as by this our proclamation commanded and enheised, they will not be required to report for duty, or be placed upon active service as aforesaid until a day not earlier than the list day of July, 1918, which will, by our registrar or deputy registrar for the registry district in which they are hereby required to report, be sotified to them in writing by registered addresses as they may have respectively signified to our said registrar or deputy in registrar; and we do hereby inform, forewarn and admonish the men hereby required to to report that if any of them shall, without just and sufficient cause, fall to report for duty, at the time and place required by notice in writing so posted or as otherwise by prescribed as against deserters.

Of all which Ore lowing a the sufficient cause, fall to report for a sufficient cause, fall to report for a furty, at the time and place required by notice in writing so posted or as otherwise by prescribed as against deserters.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice, rendering strict obedience to and compliance with all these our commands, directions and requirements, and governing themselves accordingly.

In Testimony Whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to ef Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Mishael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Gowernor General and Commanderin-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this FOURTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the eighth year of Our Reign.

Thomas Muchey

Note: The men required to report by this proclamation should address their reports as follows:-

ONTARIO—To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, London, if they reside in the County of Essex, Kent, Lambton, Elgin, Middlesex, Oxford, Waterloo, Wellington, Perth, Huron, or Bruce.

To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Toronto, if they reside in the County of Lincoln, Welland, Haldimand, Norfolk, Brant, Wentworth, Halton, Peel, York, Ontario, Grey, Duffegin, Simoce, or in the Districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Algoma, and Nipismig north of the Mattawa and French Rivers including the Townships of Ferris and Bonfield.

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Kingston, if they reside in the County of Durham, Northumberland, Victoria, Peterborough, Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox, Addingtos, Frontenac, Haliburton, Carleton, Dundas, Glengarry, Renfrew, Russell, Stomont, Grenville, Lanark, Leeds, Prescott, or the District of Nipissing south of Mattawa River exclusive of the Townships of Ferris and Bonfield.

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Kingston, if they reside in the County of Wright, Labelle, and Pontiac.

NOVA SCOTIA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Kingston, if they reside in the Province of Nova Scotia.

NEW BRUNSWICK—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Charlottetown, if they reside in the Province of Prince Edward Island.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Charlottetown, if they reside in the Province of British Columbia.

SASKATCHEWAN—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Reginat

QUEBEC—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Montreal, if they reside in the County of Jacques Cartier, Hochelaga, Laval, Vaudreuil, Soulanges, Napierville, Beauharnois, Chateaugusy, Huntingdon, Laprairie, Argenteuil, Terrebonne, Two Mountains, Montcalm, L'Assomption, Joliette, Berthier, Masinongé, St. Maurice, Three Rivers, St. Johns, Iberville, Missisquoi, Brome, Shefford, Rouville, Chambly, Verchers, St. Hyacinthe, Bagot, Drummond, Richelieu, Yamaska, Nicolet, Arthabasta, Sherbrooke, and Stanstead.

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Quebec, if the verside in the County of Wolfe, Richmond, Compton, Beauce, Bellechasse, Bonsvesture, Dorchester, Gaspé, Kamouraska, Lévis, L'Islet, Champlain, Charlevoix, Chicoutini, Montmorenoy, Quebec, Portseui, Saguenay, Lotbinière, Montmagny, Matane, Megantic, Rimouski, and Temiscouata.

SASKATCHEWAN-To the Registrar under the Military Service Act; 1917; Regina; if they reside in the Province of Saskatchewan.

ALBERTA-To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Calgary, if they reside in the Province of Alberta.

MANITOBA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Winnipeg, if they reside in the Province of Manitoba.

YUKON-To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Dawson, if they reside in the Yukon Territory.

developed and emerged. After this oppression, whether the battle be wagthe unparasitized caterpillar will be ed in the trenches of Europe or upon destroyed. In this way it is hoped the industrial field at home. to reduce the number of Tussock Moths in the town and proportionaly

### ECONOMIC FREEDOM.

The importance of maintaining economic freedom at home should not be lost sight of in our endeavor to bring he Bolsheviki, ambassador to Germay broad. One is just as important as and the government according to the other. In fact, both are necessary Berlin despatch received here. to the advancement of civilization.

dictate the civil or political conditions Embassy and diplomatic etiquette i inate this long-existing evil men are giving their lives, and will continue to give, until the last flame in the fire of autocracy has been extinguished.

It is our duty as liberty-loving peo ple to aid the people of the world to improve their conditions, likewise it is our duty to continue to improve our own conditions and prevent the destruction of the work already accom plished.

Keep in mind the fact that there are selfish interests in our midst who have tried and will continue to try to destroy living standards, bring about th repeal of labor laws or any other safeguards the toiler has been able to throw around their conditions. It is an obligation we owe those who will follow successful.

Be everwatchful of the attempts of corporate interests to influence legislation that throws the toiler at the mercy of the employer.

Don't form the opinion that you will be considered unpatriotic if you assist in defeating such moves, for by your opposition you will be contributing toward making our country a better pleted in three months; it will seat one and a more desirable place to live which should be the first thought of every true Canadian.

Let us show the world a true exhibit

#### BERLIN STILL BOTHERED OVER BOLSHEVIKI AMBASADOR

Geneva, May 17- Adolph Joffe. political liberty to the oppressed a- continues to defy the German Emperor

No man or family has the right to flag of Russia is still flying over the ignored by refusal to pay the usual visits of ceremony. The news papers are irritated over the fact that the ambassador confines his attention to the minority Socialist deputies and revolutionists. Several demands his expulsion as a dangerous and undesirable resident. M. Joffe is said to be more amused than affected by the German newspapers account.

> Canadian women will enlist in the Royal Air Force branches in Canada

American Steamer Neches, a cargo carrier of 7,157, has sunk by a torpedo on May 14; no loss of life.

The largest hotel in the world is to be erected on the site of the present Murray Hill hotel in New York. It will be32 stories high.

The new Strand Theater, in Sydney will cost \$60,000 and will be com-

There were but four graduates this ear from the Halifax Techinical Colof democracy, be ever ready to fight ege, C. J. Ells, Selma, was one of these. at 12.30 o'clock.

has 50,000 tomato plants for sale.

Mr Andrew Dickie, Eastville, Col Co. was in town on the 15th, and told his Home Paper an exciting bear story.

Windsor has decided to borrow \$4,000 for the Patriotic Fund; the same to be assessed at the rate of \$1,000 a year

Rev. H. H. Phinney of Stewiacke has been spending a few days with his parents at Granville, Annapolis

Prof. L. A. Forsyth has resigned his professorship at King's College, to the practised law and Prof. Hailey has resigned the chair of English to take up Parishwork.

The forward movement for King's College has now got pledged some \$60,000,about one half the required amount

Mrs. W. D. Main, long a resident of Amherst, has just celebrated her 85th birthday with her daughter in New Glasgow, with whom she resides.

Mr. Tom Chambers, Truro, has been visiting friends in his old home The Italians have made a drive a

the Austrians among the peaks of the Asiago plateau.

### BUSINESS HALF-HOLIDAY.

The Board of Trade decided last night to make Wednesday of each week, from the first Wednesday in June to the last Wednesday in August a half-holiday in the town of Truro; and this to be a permanent institution until otherwise ordered.

It was also decided that this Holi-

#### LAMENTABLE DROWNING AC-CIDENT OF FORMER BEL-MONT YOUNG LADY.

Mr. James Barnhill of Belmont on May 13 received the very sad news by telegram from California that his eldest daughter, Miss Gertrude, had been accidently drownd while bathing in a tank. There were no further particulars.

Miss Barnhill was one of a family of nine-three brothers and five sisters, all living. Mr. and Mrs. James Barnhill, well

known residents of Belmont and family have the sincere sympathy of all acquaintances in this sudden afilict-

#### CANADIAN TRAVEL RESTRICT IONS.

On May 8th, Mr. Albert Stanley, President of the Board of Trade announced in the British House of Commons the decision of the Government to pass great restrictions on travel in London, England, and vicinity, which later will be extended thruout the country. Passenger train service, he said, would he reduced forty per cent, and it will be necessary for everyone to show that his proposed trip has an adequate reason.

The issue of season tickets will be greatly restricted. This will affect a large number of aliens, who have moved to places outside of London, owing to the air raids, and travel back

and forth each day.
In Canada the C. P. R., with a view to economizing train service, and there by assisting in the most vigorous war effect, has been obliged to considerably reduce the number of passenger trains.

Mr. Sidney Youngand Mr. Ralph Schnare, Lunenburg, were in Town on the 16th, en route from New Glasgow to Halifax, where they will enlist in the Navy.