- "In Nova Scotia the dollar is rated at 5s. $2\frac{1}{2}$ d., and other coins are adjusted to that rate, calculating silver relatively to gold at the average of 5s. per ounce for standard silver.
- "In Newfoundland there is no legal rating for any coins, but a dollar is considered to be "worth 5s.
- "In Prince Edward's Island, where the greatest depreciation has taken place, a dollar is rated "at 6s. 2d., and the half dollar at 3s.
- "The discrepancies in the currencies of the different Colonies are not the only, or indeed the "most pressing inconveniences which have arisen from the present state of things. As the "denomination of account employed does not in any case correspond with the subdivisions of the "coins in circulation, there is great difficulty in adjusting the smaller coins to their propor"tional rates in reference to the larger coins; and in order to avoid inconvenient fractions, the "former frequently pass in retail transactions at a value differing from that which they bear by "law.
- "The rating of all these coins in the different Colonies is derived with more or less discrepancy "from conventional rate of 5s., or one fourth of a pound, assigned in old times to the Spanish dollar "which was then the usual medium of exchange in the British Colonies. This rate, which was originally an over-valuation of the coin, was nominally adhered to after the dollar became depreciated in value, and as is usually the case when coins are rated to a new denomination upon no fixed "principle, other coins came into circulation without due regard to their relative intrinsic value, "and that coin which was most over-valued in any Colony became for the time the measure of "its currency.
- "In Prince Edward's Island an extravagant issue of Treasury Notes and Bonds has carried the depreciation to a very much greater length.
- "These sources of error were increased by the course pursued in the United States in regard to their currency.
- "In adopting the decimal system, with the dollar as the unit of account, the Spanish dollar "was proposed as the basis of the currency of that country: but in the regulation of its coinage, "the proportion of fine silver assigned by law to the United States dollar was less than that "contained in the Spanish dollar, and the currency was further depreciated in 1834 by an "alteration of the gold coins, which diminished the quantity of pure gold in the eagle, and "reduced its value, according to the relative price of silver and gold, below the intrinsic value "of ten silver United States dollars.
- "The effect upon the currency of Canada when the dollars and eagles are both legal "tenders, has been a corresponding depreciation; for whereas formerly 50s. currency could only "be paid by ten Spanish dollars, it might have been paid for some years by ten United States "dollars, and it may now be paid by an United States eagle, which is of less intrinsic value, "not only than ten Spanish dollars, but than ten silver dollars of the United States.
- "The disproportion above adverted to between the gold and silver coins of the United States has been recently increased by the fall in the value of gold, in consequence of the large supplies of that metal from California. It is understood that some measures are in contemplation for an alteration of the Mint Laws of the United States, with a view of remedying the inconvenience which is at present felt from the want of silver coins.
- "The uncertainty which at present exists with regard to the relative value of the precious metals, while it brings under more prominent notice the inconveniences of the present system, increases the difficulty of adjusting the relative rates of gold and silver coins. It would also be very desirable to know what measures may be adopted by the United States Government upon the subject of their currency, as it would obviously be a convenience to the inhabitants of our Colonies bordering on the United States, if their currency can be made readily convertible into some denomination of that of the United States.
- "The existing circumstances also shew very strongly the evils which have arisen from par-"tial and unconnected proceedings in different Colonies, and give additional reasons against a

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