MILITIA GENERAL ORDER Head Quarters, Quebee, 31st Aug., 1864. VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

The General Orders of the 12th Februn, and 9th August, 1864, are hereby cancelled.

2. His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to order the several Corps day morning.

An unofficial despatch received by thorized to be paid for under the provisions of section 4 of the Volunteer Militia Law, at such times as may be most convenient,

have been adopted : 3. An efficient Volunteer Battalion shall consist of at least six efficient companies, except in the case of such Provisional Battalions as may be sanctioned by His Excellency the Commander-in chief, and which may consist of four companies. A Squadnon of Cavalry consisting of two troops, or a Battery of Field Artillery, will be allowed

to count as a Battalion.

4. An efficient Vo'unteer Corps shall be taken to mean a company, the whole of whose members, unless prevented by illness or other reasonable or unavoidable cause, which shall be specially certified by the officer commanding the company or Battalion. shall have complied with the requirements in respect to attendance at drill and target practice hereinafter laid down, and which shall, except for some cause certified as above, parade its full and actual strength at inspection, and shall at such inspection perform the exercises- bereinafter appointed under the command of its own officers, to the satisfaction of the Inspecting Officer, and whose clothing, arms, accourrements and equipments, shall be reported to be in

5. No pay will be allowed to any individual Volunteer whose company is not efficient. DRILL.

6. Each Volunteer for whom payment is to the men a drill of 15 hour will be allowed to count for half a day's drill, at which drills not less than one half the actual strength and at least one commissioned officer of the company shall have attended.

7: When a Brigade Field day shall have been ordered it shall be allowed to count as two drills of one and a half hour each for all non-commissioned officers and privates attending; provided that not less than one half the strength of the battalion or company

shall attend. 8. Not more than two Brigade Field Days hall be allowed to count for each non-commissioned officer or man during the year. 9. Each non-commissioned officer and man who performs the course of target practice hereinafter appointed shall be allowed to count such target practice as four drills of 1! hour each.

10. In future the year for the purposes of Militia drill, and pay, shall commence on

July 1, in each year.

11. The course of drill in which each arm of the service must, in order to qualify at the Inspection, display a satisfactory amount f proficiency, will be as follows:

FOR ARTILLERY. 12. Squad and Company drill, including the Manual and Platoon Exercises and Gun to complete their portion of the work if it

Militia shall, in accordance with the General Order of October the 2nd, 1863, have expended thirty rounds per man of ball ammanition, and the Officers commanding such Battalions or Companies shall keep careful and accurate returns of all Target Practice, in accordance with forms which shall be provided from the office of the Adjutant General of Militia.

16 Pay will be allowed for 16 days drill of 3 hours each, or for 32 drills of 11 hour each for the horses of the non-commissioned officers and men and guns of the Field Batteries of Artillery and for the horses of the non-commissioned officers and men of the Troops of Cavalry, provided that at least one-half the strength of the Field Battery or Troop of Cavalry, and at least one Commissioned Officer shall attend such drill. 17. Brigade Field days when ord red to

the extent of two for each year will be allowed to count as two drills of 1½ hour each.

18. The pay for horses will be allowed at horses actually and necessarily present at the bridges at Sandtown were guarded by each drill not exceeding forty five for each detachments of cavalry, assisted by a small Field Battery of Artillery, and the number force of artillery. of horses actually and necessarily present at each such drill for each Troop of Cavalry.

19. The course of drill required of each

arm of the service by this order, will be certified according to forms which will be supplied from the office of the I djutant Gener-

AMERICAN NEWS.

War Department, Sept 6, 6 P.M.—To Major General Dix:—A despatch from Gen. Grant, just received, gives a statement from the Richmond Examiner of this morning that John Morgan was surprised and killed and his staff captured, at Greenville, yester-

department this morning from Lexington states that Gen. Gillon had officially reported the surprise of Gen. Morgan at Greenville but that John Morgan was killed, and his in respect to which the following regulations staff captured; from 50 to 100 rebels killed, 70 prisoners taken, and one gun captured, which report being confirmed by the Richmond Examiner there is no room to doubt its truth in honor of the capture of Atlanta. Nothing has been received from Atlanta, by the Department, since the 4th.

E. M. STANTON.

Additional Details of the Movement by which Atlanta was Taken.

The recent operations of the army of the Southwest have resulted in a great success, and an attempt was made to drive and "Atlanta is ours and fairly won." the troops have gone into camp to rest from the fatigues of a four months' campaign, it will be interesting to set forth in detail the means by which the result has been achiev ed. The whole programme of Sherman's action was changed about the 18th of last month, when he ordered the concentration of certain cavalry forces under Kilpatrick to rendezvous at Sandtown, preparatory to a raid around Atlanta. It was necessary to the success of Shorman's plan that he should be acquainted "with the lay of the land" before he ventured on an expedition that would defeat. As soon as he was satisfied that he could move with fair prospects of success he demanded shall have attended since the 1st day of April, 1864, at least sixteen days drill. Each day's drill to consist of 2 drills only the plan of operation he might have made a dash upon Sherman's communicathe corps of observation, and have cut off the army of the Mississippi from its base at THE ATTACK UPON JONESBORO.—RETREAT Chattanooga. Kilpatrick having returned from his raid on the 22nd of last month, and having rested, the mevement against the Mobile Railroad was begun on the 26th. The commanders of the armies of the Ohio. (Schofield), Cumberland (Thomas) and gallantry, and after an amount of skirmishand material, and collected in their wagons to make the assault, and gallantly they

to which had been attached the best teams charged upon the works amid a storm of then with the troops—sufficient quantities grape and cannister from the rebel artillery. Nothing daunted the brave boys, they rushproperly packed near Utoy creek on the right of the main army, and the movements were carried on with the greatest speed, and 10 pieces of artillery. yet so silently as almost to be unknown out-

Campbelltown road and Slocum moved the The orders to Slocum were to hold the bridge at all hazards. Paice, with his ferry bridge, and Kossock, with his pontoon bridge, at Turner's Ferry, were to be in readiness

All having been carried out in due form, Howard withdrew his army across Utoy creek, and moved by the most direct road towards Fairburn, stopping at Camp creek. Thomas next massed the Fourth and Fourth and Fourth and Camp creek. Thomas next massed the Fourth and Fourth and Camp creek. Thomas next massed the Fourth and Fourth and Camp creek. tions. Schofield's Army of the Ohio advanced abreast of General Howard's Army of the Tennessee, keeping up communication with it as far as Camp creek, where preparations moved his large army, or armies, with rapid-

ity, and yet kept them all in hand. THE THIRD MOVEMENT. Howard with the Army of the Tennessee, in conjunction with Schofield's Army of the Ohio, then moved directly upon the West Point Railroad, with the intention of striking the road between Red Oak and Fairburn, Kilpatrick's cavalry leading the advance. The wagon trains moved next in order, Thomas' Army of the Cumberland following in two columns. Garrand's caval-ry brought up the rear, and acted under the the rate of seventy-five cents per horse for each drill of three hours, for the number of each drill of three hours, for the number of

> THE SUPPLY TRAIN. As the sustenance of the army now depended on the waggon train it was necessary that it should be well protected. Also that its extent should not be discovered by the

the armies of the Ten came to the front and formed the centre of the main army. Sherman's line was therefore eleven miles in extent, and ranged along the Macon railroad from Rough and Ready to Jonesboro, with its centre at Couch's.

The rebel forces had divided into armies, separated by an interval of twenty-two miles. One part was entrenched at Atlanta, and the other held Jonesboro, also intrenched. The cause of this separation arose from the fact that Hood had found out by Kilpatrick's raid that it was neces sary that he should protect his communications by a large force, to prevent a repetit army in the same direction, or he would not have committed such a military blunder. Sherman's army was, therefore, between the enemy's forces, and had literally cut the rebel army in two.

Union troops, supposing the force to be merely a raiding party. The rebels attack-ed Howard's works on the 30th of August and were easily repulsed. Meeting with so unexpected a force, the rebels fell back into their works at Jonesboro, leaving their dead and wounded in front of Howard's lines. Sherman perceived the advantages of his position, and determined to profit by Hood's blunder. Having the rebel forces separated, the principle object was to keep them so and thus conquer them in detail. He therefore ordered the advance of the left, Schofield, and centre, Thomas, rapidly to the railroad, result in a glorious triumph or a disastrous where they made a good lodgement, and during the 31st of August, nearly the whole distance between Rough and Ready and 6. Each Volunteer for whom payment is demanded shall have attended since the 1st gave up his daily custom of shelling the Jonesboro was despoiled of its railroad track mand. By this plan Sherman had inter-

> AND PURSUIT OF THE REBELS. Having placed his troops in the desiposition, Gen. Sherman, on the 1st of September, ordered a general attack at Jones boro. The movement was made with great Tennessee (Howard), had previously seut ing and artillery firing and an assault was across the Chattochee river all surplus men ordered. The Fourteenth corps was selected

> During the night the enemy finding it side of the force actually moving.
>
> The first part of the programme having the Macon Railroad in a southerly direction impossible to hold Jonesboro, retreated along been carried out, Kilpatrick's cavalry moved to Camp Creek, while Schofield covered the twenty miles from Atlanta. Here they Twentieth corps to the Chattahochee bridge. ther pursuit of our cavalry, which had folthrew up entrenchments to prevent the lowed them up to this point.

OPERATIONS AT ATLANTA-OCCUPATION BY GENERAL SLOCUM. While Sherman was engaged in his

Thomas next massed the Fourth and Fourteenth corps—under Stanley and J. C. Davis below Utoy creek, and Garrand's cavalry joined that company, so as to act with Thomas during the remainder of the Obje advance.

Thomas during the remainder of the Obje advance.

The Chicago advance of the Obje advance of the Obje advance of the Obje advance.

were made for a still further advance. It and by the earnest remarks respecting it will thus be seen how General Sherman that have appeared in the rebel journals

centre. To lose the one would be as the

loss of a limb; should we be driven from the other, it would be a terrible blow at our most vital spot. AN INCIDENT OF THE WAR IN that it should be well protected. Also that its extent should not be discovered by the enemy, as it might give them an inkling of Auckland, which promised at one time some of his own, and at the last moment, refused SNW 2EA LANU.

SNW 2EA LANU, and the price as to be described by the district of the price as the properties of the price and th

Arrival of the Scotia

tion of such a catastrophe as had taken place on the 20th inst. He had not expected so speedy a movement of Sherman's whole

whether the Republicans are any more inclined for recognition now than they were year ago.
The French Courier du Dimache has beer

suspended for two months.

The weekly returns of the Bank of France show an increase of cash of four and onethird million francs. The funeral of 8 persons killed in several riots passed off quetty. No renewal of dis-

Breadstuffs.-Flour slow of sale at late rates. Wheat quiet but firm at Tuesday's improvement. Red Western 7s 9d to 8s. 6d. Southern 8s 4d to 8s 7d. White 8s to 9s 3d per 100 lbs, Corn unchanged; Mixed 30s; White 32s. Provisions-Beef dull and drooping. Pork steady but inactive. con in retail request at previous prices to 44s. Lard in better demand and 6d to s dearer, on the week. In most cases quo-

tations are 41s 6d to 44s 6d. The Brokers circular reports Ashes steady Pots 29s 3d to 29s 6d on the spot, and 29s to arrive; Pearls 33s to 33s 6d. Sugars pened firmer and dearer, but closed dull, and the advance is partially lost.

London Markets .- Baring Bros. report breadstuffs quiet but steady. Crude Petro leum 19s; Refined 2 1½ on the spot. Beef quiet and a shade lower. Perk difficult to ell even at a considerable reduction. Bacon is in active demand and scarce, and much wanted.

Latest via Liverpool, Saturday p.m., Aug. 27th—Cotton.—The business to-day has been about 5,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet rmer rates.

London, Saturday p.m. Aug. 27th .- Con-

of Spain the accession of the Emperor Maximillian to the Mexican Throne.

CRIME IN AUSTRALIA.

The Australian papers record several primes of the most daring character. The lath June, four men went to the Chartered lath June, four the latter of the most daring character. The latter of the most daring character. The latter of the The value of Atlanta can best be under, stood by the desperate efforts made to hold it and by the earnest remarks respecting it and by the earnest remarks respecting it which both the ruffians fired at the bank officials, but without effect. Mr Dowling's was he given the command. The orders to Hood were explicit and only one condition that he should hold the place was he given the command. The following extract from the Columbus Times of April 22 will be found interesting:

The eapture of Richmond would prove of greater importance to our enemies in a political point of view than any other sense, but as a material loss its fall would in no manner compare with the disadvantages which both the force is aspect of Mr. Ross, who heave of the free entered. One attacked the desperate efforts made to hold it have acted as a sort of sentinel. A determined that have appeared in the rebel journals which both the ruffians fired at the bank officials, but without effect. Mr Dowling's content in the roboth provided on the second was he given the command. The of ollowing extract from the Columbus Times of April 22 will be found interesting:

The eapter of Richmond would prove of greater importance to our enemies in a political point of view than any other sense, but as a material loss its fall would in no manner compare with the disadvantages which both officials, but without effect. Mr Dowling as the five driver's meerchaum to the beginning and the second with a monster choese knife. It was their intention to rob the Binalong mail was escorted by two troopers, who seem in a political point of view than any other sense, what his brother were struggling, managed to make their escape, and the police, were fired at the form the Columbus Times of April 22 will be found interesting:

The eapture of Richmond would prove of greater importance to our enemies in a political point of view than any other sense, which when the command of the ease of the truffians, with the was returned, and the except of the first point is near our reduce the other scoundrels were soon in custody. Four days after this daring outrage Mel bourne was startled by another. Two men, Harrison and Marsh, were contracting for the formation of a read to the Jordan. The plate for the fourth time. contract was completed, and Harrison had

New York, Sept. 6.
The steaming Scotia, from Liverpool on the 28th August, and Queenstown on the 28th August arrived at 5 c'eleck.
The City of Manchester and Virginia arrived at Queenstown on the 27th.
The U. S. steamer Iroquois left Havre on the 24th August, and proceeded to Boulogne.
The Daily News and Morning Post both to Georgia was legal, and the British Government cannot interfere, as a Confederate war vessel cannot be sold in a British port.
The Liverpool Courier editorially states that Mr. Bates did not purchase the Georgia, but the Customs authorized and informiged, and said You must drink that yourging the Liverpool on the 28th August, and said You must drink that yourgin between the solution and processed a self, as you may have that ready for me'

Bullogne.

Mr. Watson, the superintendent; Mr. McLean, the cattle overseer; Mr. McLean, the cattle overseer; Mr. McLean, the superintendent; Mrs. Cannon, Ross; Mrs Gemmill, Pakenham; James Dickson, R Manford, Hubble's; R Dickson, Pakenham; A Stewart, Stewwart in the state overseer; Mr. McLean, the cattle overseer; Mr. riven :- Mr. Watson, the superintendent ; Mr Evans, Litchfield ; Dr Spence, Ottawa; gia, but the Customs authorized and informed him that she should be registered as a British vessel, and she was accordingly so registered. It also publishes evidence that her charter for service by the Portuguese Government was bona fide.

The Army and Navy Gazette admits that the Federal success at Mobile, even in its the research properties is considerable; and as a said 'You must drink that yourself, as you may have that ready for me's Dickson, Pakenham; Judge Malloch, Perth; J Supple, Pembroke; John Allin, Aylmer; Peter Lewis, Almonte; C Esplin, Ottawa; John Popour, Quebec; John Terney and Navy Gazette admits that the Federal success at Mobile, even in its one either hand, and four more in his belt. After dinner he marched them all out, and York; W Sumerville, P. D. Rort. at Jonesboro, he at once intrenched the salient angle within half a mile of the railroad. This the enemy did not approve of, and an attempt was made to drive off the Union troops, supposing the force to be He then drove them down to a little cattle-shed, and made them sit down on a bench sending Mr. Watson back for a bottle of Mr Thomas, Montreal; Mr Sims, Aylmer; sending Mr. Watson back for a bottle of gin. One of the men served round the bottle at the robber's desire, and after that another and another, until four were consumed, Morgan making every one drink it raw After this he thought he would try something else, and ordered his horse to be brought. Before mounting, without any provocation he fired one shot amongst them al & family, Bonnechere Point; Mr McGin which grazed the carpenter's head, and a nis, Montreal; Mr McGillis, Glingary. a gin bottle for himself, he rode away, but when only about fifteen yards off, Mr. Watson rashly said, 'These are the stirrupirons you stole from so and so.'
The ruffian turned round and took deliber ate aim and fired. Mr. Watson put up his hand, through which the ball passed, it only touched his scalp. The wounded man ran behind the shed but Morgan returned to the door firing right and left among the nmates. The first shot went through Heriot's lcg, between, and then hit another man's leg behind but not breaking the skin, as its force had been spent. The second hit no one. The men then all ran away the wounded young man dragging his broken leg after him he fell from exhaustion. In the meantime Morgan gallopped after another man with pistol cocked; but the fugitive escaped. Morea then gallopped back to Heriot, dismounted, and put the revolver to his head. Mrs. Watson, in the meantime, was running screaming about the yard.
Young Heriot said, 'Don't kill me, you 27th—Cotton.—The business to-day has been about 5,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet gan, don't kill any-one! The villain, who at yesterday's rates. Provisions inactive at seemed to act with the inconsistency of drunkeness, cried out, 'Where are the d- Clayton; J B Rogers, Brockville; John Rysols closed this p. m. at 891, steady; Ill. C. shares 45 to 44 discount. Erie shares 49 would blow the brains out of every man on ant. Senor Frasco, representative of the Emperor of Mexico, had arrived in Spain, a bearer of despatches announcing to the station if they did not come to Heriot's assistance. He knelt down, cut the boot off the wounded leg, and carried the unfortunate youth to the gate part to the company to the station if they did not come to Heriot's assistance. He knelt down, cut the boot off the wounded leg, and carried the unfortunate youth to the gate part to the company to the station if they did not come to Heriot's assistance. bearer of despatches announcing to the Queen of Spain the accession of the Emperor Maximillian to the Mexican Throne.

American Securities.—Baring Bros. & Two men two men—evidents and last the mexican Throne.

American Securities.—Baring Bros. & Two men two men—evidents and last the mexican Throne.

American Securities.—Baring Bros. & Throne.

An old gourmand recently remarked at a

CURE FOR DYSENTERY.

At Lewis's Hotel, Almonte, for the week ending Sept. 10th, 1864.

Monday.—J Matheson, Miss Watson, P O Butts, Brockville; J A Daniels, Pem-broke; E H Burnston, J Fitten, C Steven son, Myron Ellis, J Brooks, S Stephens, J B Rogers, Brockville; Thos Lyon, Arnprior; E Cook Merrickville; J Leechy, Toronto; Joha McMurry, do; Arthur Lionais, M Smith, Montreal; James Lochhead, Pres-

Tucsday.—Sergt Conway, W O'Brien, Brockville; R H Wright, Rev A G Waid, Lynn, J B Wickwire, G Hawkins, Miss Cook, M Dwyre, J Scott, George Bolton, J Quigley, Pakenham; Rev G Case, Dickensou's Landing; J Lochhead, Prescott Mr Hilliard, Mr Brown & sons, Pakenham W H Grant, Miss Haggart, Perth; Mr Cormack, C Place; J Blakely Napanee; A Ainesworth, New York; J Hubble, Hubble's Falls; A Cushing, Pembroke; Joseph Saw-yer, Arnprior; Peter Clase, B ckwith; Mr

an, Perth; George Hawkins, Almonte; J Hubble, Hubble's Falls; A Marsball, Ramsay; R H Wright, Lynn; James Blakely, Napanee; D Lowe, Robert Bell, Robert Brown, Pakenham; Mrs R Brown & children, do; Peter Drummond, Ramsay, Wm Smith, do; J Matheson, Perth, Wm Lyon,

S A Stephens, Almonte. Saturday.—B W Dunnet, Pakenham Dairson, Arnprior; Mr Wilson, John Eg-

Oatmeal, \$\beta\$ bbl. 196 fbs...... 4 75 5 00

Oatmeal, \$\beta\$ bbl. 196 fbs...... 4 75 5 00

Oatmeal, \$\beta\$ bbl. 196 fbs...... 4 75 5 00

At the Manse, Benfrew, C: W., on the S1st August, by the Rev. Dr. Spence, of Ottawa City, Thomas Freer, Esq., M. D., of Edinburgh University, Scotland, to Sarah eldest daughter of the Rev., George Thomson, M. A., Minister of McNab and Horton, Married.

AEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASH! CASH! CASH!

THE Highest Price paid in Cash for WOOL, SHEEP PELTS, and COW HIDES.

Also Cooking, Box, and Parlor Stoves sold chear for Cash or approved credit. Stove Ovens lined with neatness and despatch. Stove Pipes, 124 cents and all other articles cheap in proportion.

WM. TAYLOR, Tinsmith.

Carleton Place, September 12, 1864.

Land For Sale

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.

THE PROPERTY belonging to the heirs of the estate of the late Manny Nolan, is now offered for sale, being composed of a farm beatifully situated on the banks of the Missiscippi River, within half a mile of the Village of Carleton Place, containing 80 acres, more or less. Also a House and Lot on Mill street, adjoining the Mill property, and also the property formerly occupied by A McArthur as a Shingle Mill. The whole of this property will be sold without reserve, either for cash or on terms to suit the purchaser. For further particulars apply to the subscribers.

RICHARD GILHULY, GEO. McPHERSON, Jr Carleton Place, Sept. 12th, 1864.

Company, Attention.

THE Carleton Place Rifle Company will meet at the armony on Tuesday evening, the twentieth of September, at four o'clock, p. m., when the Brigade Major will be present to make his quarterly inspection.
A full attendance is requested.

JAMES POOLE, Captain.

Strayed. CAME to the premises of the subscriber on the 7th of September, a light black horse with a small white star in his forehead.

The owner can have him by proving property and paying expenses. JAMES TRODDEN. 6th line of Lanark. September 8th, 1864.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to inform those who have CUSTOM WEAV-ING to be done that he is prepared to take in all kinds of Weaving, and those who favour him with their work he will do it for

them promptly and in a workman-like manner. THOMAS SHEARD near the Almonte House, Almonte, September 12, 1864. 1-g

Notice.
THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the Pakenham Agricultural Society will be eld at the Town Hall, in the Village of Pakenham, on Wednesday, the 28th day of September, instant, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Members are reminded that a list of all Animals and Articles to be exhibited, must be entered with the Secretary on or before the day previous to the exhibition.

R. H. DAVIE, Sec. & Treas

while fine cases where Artillery corps are supplied with guns.

The Sternise and Gun diffine cases where Parages are provided, and such as the coult of the company and simple managements of the count Pakenham, 12th Sept., 1864. W 1.96 links, thence S 74°, W 1.72 links, thence S 55°, W 5.86 links, thence S 45°, W 6.85 links, thence S 60°, W 2.85 links, thence S 15°, W 5.00 links, thence S 30°, W 12.00 links, where the road terminates, the stakes planted in the open ground on said survey to be the centre of the road,

said survey to be the centre of the road which is to be of the full width of thirty feet throughout.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Council of the Township of Pakenham, intend to pass a by-law to establish the road A Dumar, Pakenham; A Ainsworth, New above described, upon Saturday, the 15th York; J Grace, Pembroke; Mr Chapman, Pembroke; J C Guthrie Smith's Falls; S Davis, D Story, Arnprior W A Doyle, To. terested are required to take notice.

JAMES CONNERY. Town Clerk. Pakenham, Sept. 9th, 1864. PLOUGHING MATCH.

THE County of Renfrew Agricultural eat—Spring, bush.....\$6 95 \$1 00 on the farm of Mr. Gregor McIntyre, Hor-

4th, \$6; 5th, \$4; 6th, \$2.